



**Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology**  
**Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science**

Experiment No.2	
Convert an Infix expression to Postfix expression using stack ADT.	Experiment No. 2: Conversion of Infix to postfix expression using stack ADT
Name: Pradeep Rathod	
Roll No: 49	
Date of Performance: 26/07/2023	
Date of Submission: 02/08/2023	
Marks:	
Sign:	

**Conversion of Infix to postfix expression using stack ADT**

**Aim:** To convert infix expression to postfix expression using stack ADT.

**Objective:**

- 1) Understand the use of Stack.
- 2) Understand how to import an ADT in an application program.
- 3) Understand the instantiation of Stack ADT in an application program.
- 4) Understand how the member functions of an ADT are accessed in an application program.

**Theory:**

Postfix notation is a way of representing algebraic expressions without parentheses or operator precedence rules. In this notation, expressions are evaluated by scanning them from left to right and using a stack to perform the calculations. When an operand is encountered, it is pushed onto the stack, and when an operator is encountered, the last two operands from the stack are popped and used in the operation, with the result then pushed back onto the stack. This process continues until the entire postfix expression is parsed, and the result remains in the stack.

Conversion of infix to postfix expression



**Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology**  
**Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science**

Expression	Stack	Output
2	Empty	2
*	*	2
3	*	23
/	/	23*
(	/(	23*
2	/(	23*2
-	/(-	23*2
1	/(-	23*21
)	/	23*21-
+	+	23*21-/
5	+	23*21-/5
*	+	23*21-/53
3	+	23*21-/53
	Empty	23*21-/53*+

**Algorithm:**

**Conversion of infix to postfix**

Step 1: Add ")" to the end of the infix expression

Step 2: Push "(" on to the stack

Step 3: Repeat until each character in the infix notation is scanned

IF a "(" is encountered, push it on the stack

IF an operand (whether a digit or a character) is encountered, add it to the postfix expression.

IF a ")" is encountered, then

a. Repeatedly pop from stack and add it to the postfix expression until a "(" is encountered.

b. Discard the ". That is, remove the "(" from stack and do not add it to the postfix expression

IF            an            operator            0            is            encountered,            then



# Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology

## Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

- a. Repeatedly pop from stack and add each operator (popped from the stack) to the postfix expression which has the same precedence or a higher precedence than o
  - b. Push the operator o to the stack
- [END OF IF]

Step 4: Repeatedly pop from the stack and add it to the postfix expression until the stack is empty

Step 5: EXIT

### Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<ctype.h>

char stack[100];

int top = -1;

void push(char x) {
    stack[++top] = x; }

char pop() {
    if(top == -1);
    return -1;
    else
    return stack[top--]; }

int priority(char x) {
    if(x == '(')
    return 0;
    if(x == '+' || x == '-')
    return 1;
    if(x == '*' || x == '/')
    return 2;
    return 0; }

int main() {
```



**Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology**  
**Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science**

```
char exp[100];

char *e, x;

printf("Enter the expression : ");

scanf("%s",exp); printf("\n");

e = exp;

while(*e != '\0') {

    if(isalnum(*e))

        printf("%c ",*e);

    else if(*e == '(') push(*e);

    else if(*e == ')') {

        while((x = pop()) != '(') printf("%c ", x); }

    else {

        while(priority(stack[top]) >= priority(*e)) printf("%c ",pop()); push(*e); }

    e++; }

while(top != -1) {

    printf("%c ",pop()); }

return 0;

}
```

**Output:**

```
/tmp/Uux1dFb17F.o
Enter the expression : 123-+76*
1 2 3 - 7 6 * + |
```



**Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology**  
**Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science**

**Conclusion:**

Convert the following infix expression to postfix  $(A+(C/D))*B$

scanned	stack	pe
(	(	empty
A	(	A
+	+	A
(	+(	A
C	+(	AC
/	+(/	AC
D	+(/	ACD
)	+	ACD/
)		ACD/+
*	*	ACD/+
B	*	ACD/+B
		ACD/+B*

How many push and pop operations were required for the above conversion?

In the given conversion of the infix expression " $A+(C/D)*B$ " to postfix notation

Push Operations: 9

Pop Operations: 9



## **Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology**

### **Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science**

There were a total of 9 push operations and 9 pop operations during the conversion from infix to postfix notation.

Where is the infix to postfix conversion used or applied?

Infix to postfix conversion is applied in:

1. Calculator software.
2. Programming language compilers.
3. Expression evaluation.
4. Mathematical software.
5. Spreadsheet programs.
6. Computer algebra systems.
7. Calculator hardware.
8. Query languages.
9. Expression parsing.
10. Scientific and engineering simulations.