

Setting up AM

1. Download and extract the wso2am-2.5.0.zip.
2. Download the mysql-connector-java-5.1.44.tar.gz mysql connector jar and copy into {API-M_HOME}/repository/components/lib directory
3. Set lower_case_table_names = 1 in /etc/mysql/my.cnf

Database configurations

4. If Db is remotely setup please check the connectivity `mysql -uroot -p -h <ip>`
5. You need to run the database scripts to setup the required databases as follows

a). AM Database setup

```
mysql> create database apimgtdb;
```

```
mysql> use apimgtdb;
```

```
mysql> source <API-M_HOME>/dbscripts/apimgt/mysql5.7.sql;
```

```
mysql> grant all on apimgtdb.* TO 'wso2user'@'%' identified by 'wso2123';
```

```
mysql> create database userdb;
```

```
mysql> use userdb;
```

```
mysql> source <API-M_HOME>/dbscripts/mysql5.7.sql;
```

```
mysql> grant all on userdb.* TO 'wso2user'@'%' identified by 'wso2123';
```

```
mysql> create database regdb;
```

```
mysql> use regdb;
```

```
mysql> source <API-M_HOME>/dbscripts/mysql5.7.sql;
```

```
mysql> grant all on regdb.* TO 'wso2user'@'%' identified by 'wso2123';
```

```
mysql> create database statdb;
```

```
mysql> use statdb;
```

```
mysql> source wso2telcohub-3.1.1-SNAPSHOT/dbscripts/dep-hub/mysql/stats_db.sql;
```

```
mysql> grant all on statdb.* TO 'wso2user'@'%' identified by 'wso2123';
```

```
mysql> create database mbstoredb;
```

```
mysql> use mbstoredb;
```

```
mysql> source <API-M_HOME>/dbscripts/mb-store/mysql-mb.sql;
```

```
mysql> grant all on mbstoredb.* TO 'wso2user'@'%' identified by 'wso2123';
```

7. The databases are defined in <API-M_HOME>/repository/conf/datasources/master-datacontentsource.xml file. Change the Username, password and databases names. Change host and port names of dbs.

Change configuration files

8. Go to <API-M_HOME>/repository/conf folder and add the following files from that of the previous built pack.

- Workflow.properties
- workflow-configuration.xml
- spendLimit.xml
- Oneapi-validation-conf.properties
- MobileCountryConfig.xml

Deploying Artifacts (Jars) on APIM 2.5.0

Go to <API-M_HOME>/repository/components/plugins folder of the previous built pack and filter the jar files with the “com.wso2telco.” prefix. Add those to the <API-M_HOME>/repository/components/dropins folder of the new pack.

- com.wso2telco.core.dbutils_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.core.mnc-resolver_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.core.msisdn-validator_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.core.user-profile_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.billing-extension_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.billing-service_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.logging-extension_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.mediator_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.nashorn-mediator_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.oneapi-validation_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.operator-service_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.reporting-service_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.server.startup.observer_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.subscription-validator_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.verification-handler_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar
- com.wso2telco.dep.workflow.extensions_2.4.5.SNAPSHOT.jar

Deploying Webapps on APIM 2.5.0

Go to <API-M_HOME>/repository/deployment/server/webapps folder of the previous built pack and add the following war files to the new pack.

- activiti-explorer.war
- activiti-rest.war
- aggregator-blacklist.war
- blacklist-whitelist-service.war
- manage-service.war
- quota-service.war
- ratecard-service.war
- workflow-service.war

□

Errors :

[2018-12-27 09:51:23,959] ERROR - ApplicationContext StandardWrapper.Throwable

java.lang.NoSuchMethodError:

org.springframework.web.context.support.XmlWebApplicationContext.getEnvironment()Lorg/springframework/core/env/ConfigurableEnvironment;

[2018-12-27 09:51:23,960] ERROR - StandardContext Servlet [cxf] in web application [/aggregator-blacklist] threw load() exception

java.lang.NoSuchMethodError:

org.springframework.web.context.support.XmlWebApplicationContext.getEnvironment()Lorg/springframework/core/env/ConfigurableEnvironment;

[2018-12-27 09:51:33,681] ERROR - ApplicationContext StandardWrapper.Throwable

java.lang.NoSuchMethodError:

org.springframework.web.context.support.XmlWebApplicationContext.getEnvironment()Lorg/springframework/core/env/ConfigurableEnvironment;

[2018-12-27 09:51:33,681] ERROR - StandardContext Servlet [cxf] in web application [/blacklist-whitelist-service] threw load() exception

java.lang.NoSuchMethodError:

org.springframework.web.context.support.XmlWebApplicationContext.getEnvironment()Lorg/springframework/core/env/ConfigurableEnvironment;

[2018-12-27 09:51:39,730] ERROR - ApplicationContext StandardWrapper.Throwable

java.lang.NoSuchMethodError:

org.springframework.web.context.support.XmlWebApplicationContext.getEnvironment()Lorg/springframework/core/env/ConfigurableEnvironment;

[2018-12-27 09:51:39,734] ERROR - StandardContext Servlet [cxf] in web application [/quota-service] threw load() exception

java.lang.NoSuchMethodError:

org.springframework.web.context.support.XmlWebApplicationContext.getEnvironment()Lorg/springframework/core/env/ConfigurableEnvironment;

at

org.springframework.web.context.support.XmlWebApplicationContext.loadBeanDefinitions(Xml

WebApplicationContext.java:87)

Error encountered while deploying

- quota-service.war
- aggregator-blacklist.war
- blacklist-whitelist-service.war

Take a pull from <https://github.com/Rajithkonara/component-dep/commit/2833298f4cfb536c42073f71d5d605c025dc1aa2>

Build component-dep.

1)

replace the following war files to `/home/chamani/Documents/APIM25/wso2am-2.5.0/repository/deployment/server/webapps`

`/home/chamani/Documents/projects/component-dep/components/webapps/blacklist-whitelist-service/target/blacklist-whitelist-service.war`

`/home/chamani/Documents/projects/component-dep/components/webapps/aggregator-blacklist/target/aggregator-blacklist.war`

`/home/chamani/Documents/projects/component-dep/components/webapps/quota-service/target/quota-service.war`

2) Replace `/home/chamani/Documents/APIM25/wso2am-2.5.0/repository/deployment/server/webapps` with

`/home/chamani/Documents/projects/component-dep/components/webapps/aggregator-blacklist/target/aggregator-blacklist-2.4.5-SNAPSHOT` and rename as `aggregator-blacklist`. Do the same for the other 3 war files

Getting Jaggery changes to APIM 2.5.0

Jaggery files changed:

1) **Related to Store:**

Add the changes of following files of `wso2telcohub-3.1.1-SNAPSHOT` pack to that of the

new pack

- store/jaggery.conf
- store/modules/manager/manager.jag and
- store/modules/manager/module.jag and
- store/modules/user/module.jag
- store/modules/user/user.jag
- store/site/blocks/api/api-info/block.jag
- store/site/blocks/api-doc/ajax/get.jag
- store/site/blocks/subscription/subscription-list/ajax/subscription-list.jag
- store/site/blocks/subscription/subscription-remove/ajax/subscription-remove.jag
- store/site/blocks/user/user-info/block.jag
- store/site/conf/locales/jaggery/locale_default.json
- store/site/conf/locales/jaggery/locale_en.json
- store/site/themes/wso2/css/custom.css and
- store/site/themes/wso2/js/applications.js
- store/site/themes/wso2/js/script.js
- store/site/themes/wso2/libs/theme-wso2_1.0/css/theme-wso2.css
- store/site/themes/wso2/libs/theme-wso2_1.0/images/logo-inverse.svg
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/api/api-info/js/api-info.js and
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/api/api-info/template.jag and
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/application/application-add/template.jag
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/application/application-edit/template.jag
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/application/application-list/template.jag
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/menu/header/template.jag
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/menu/primary/template.jag
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/page/base/template.jag
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/sso/filter/template.jag
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/sso/logout/template.jag and
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/subscription/subscribed-apis/template.jag
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/user/login/template.jag
- store/site/themes/wso2/templates/user/user-info/template.jag

Add the following files of wso2telcohub-3.1.1-SNAPSHOT pack to that of the new pack

- Add store/modules: approval-history
- Add store/site/blocks: footer-page
- Add store/site/blocks: home
- Add store/site/blocks/workflow: workflow-operator
- Add store/site/pages: footer-page.jag
- Add store/site/pages: home.jag
- Add store/site/themes/wso2/templates: footer-page
- Add store/site/themes/wso2/templates: home
- Add store/site/themes/wso2/templates/page/base/js: jssor.js
- Add store/site/themes/wso2/templates/page/base/js: jssor.slider.js
-

Copy following images from
wso2telcohub-3.1.1-SNAPSHOT/repository/deployment/server/jaggeryapps/store/site/themes/
wso2/images to that of the new pack

- A-Radica-Open-Source-Digital-Enablement-Platform.png
- BizBannerWeb2.png
- Breakthrough-Technology.png
- Connected-Ecosystem.png
- facebook_16.png
- GSMA-Mobile-Connect-Accelerator.png
- home-btn-back.png
- linkedin_16.png
- logo-inverse.svg
- logo-white-custom.png
- logo-white.png (Replace the existing image with this image)
- poweredBy.png
- Telco-micro-slider-left-arrow.png
- Telco-micro-slider-right-arrow.png
- The-Perfect-Hybrid.png
- twitter_16.png

2) Related to Publisher:

Add the changes of following files of wso2telcohub-3.1.1-SNAPSHOT pack to that of the new pack

- publisher/site/themes/wso2/css/custom.css
- publisher/site/themes/wso2/images: logo-white-custom.png
- publisher/site/themes/wso2/images/logo-white.png
- publisher/site/themes/wso2/libs/theme-wso2_1.0/css/theme-wso2.css
- publisher/site/themes/wso2/libs/theme-wso2_1.0/images/logo-inverse.svg
- publisher/site/themes/wso2/templates/footer/template.jag
- publisher/site/themes/wso2/templates/listing/template.jag
- publisher/site/themes/wso2/templates/menu/actions/template.jag
- publisher/site/themes/wso2/templates/sso/filter/template.jag
- publisher/site/themes/wso2/templates/sso/logout/template.jag

Add the following files of wso2telcohub-3.1.1-SNAPSHOT pack to that of the new pack

- Add publisher/site/blocks: branding
- Add publisher/site/pages: branding.jag
- Add publisher/site/themes/wso2/images: logo-inverse.svg
- Add publisher/site/themes/wso2/images: poweredBy.png
- Add publisher/site/themes/wso2/templates: branding

Adding Claims

Navigate to <https://192.168.2.96:9443/carbon>

Go to Claims

Go to Add local claims

- Have to add Department, Operator name, OperatorID
- In APIM 2.5 version Department will be already there. Have to edit it
- Claim uri as follows.

<http://wso2.org/claims/operatorName>

<http://wso2.org/claims/operatorID>

<http://wso2.org/claims/department>

- For display Name, description use, Mapped attribute Department, Operator name, OperatorID
- Tick as below

| | |
|----------------------|-------|
| Supported by Default | true |
| Required | false |
| Read-only | false |

Creating users and roles

Navigate to <https://192.168.2.96:9443/carbon>

Go to Users and Roles

Create new Role

Ex: hub-dia-publisher

Note : dia is the department.

Set manage permissions of this role as :

- Subscription→ Tiers, Visible
- Admin permission→ Login
- Manage→ API → Create, Publish, Subscribe

Create new user

Ex:publisher

Assign role to hub-dia-publisher

Change user profile as :

operatorName - operator1

operatorID - 1

Department - dia

Assign ui module permission of manage-app-admin

- UI Module Permission → application → tiers,visible
- Admin permissions → login

Steps to create an application in store

Create new user account and login to store.

Click add new application.

WSO2 API Store

APPLICATIONS APPLICATION LIST

HOME APIS FORUM STATISTICS MANAGE ALERTS

Add Application

An application is a logical collection of APIs. Applications allow you to use a single access token to invoke a collection of APIs and to subscribe to one API multiple times with different SLA levels. The DefaultApplication is pre-created and allows unlimited access by default.

Name* newapplication1
Characters left: 55

Description done

Add Cancel

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Status display as :INACTIVE (Waiting for approval)

WSO2 API Store

APPLICATIONS APPLICATION LIST EDIT

HOME APIS FORUM STATISTICS MANAGE ALERTS

newapplication1

Details

Status **INACTIVE (Waiting for approval)**

Per Token Quota **Default** Allows 20 request(s) per minute.
This feature allows you to assign an API request quota per access token. The allocated quota will be shared among all the subscribed APIs of the application.

Description done

Token Type OAuth

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Application Approval

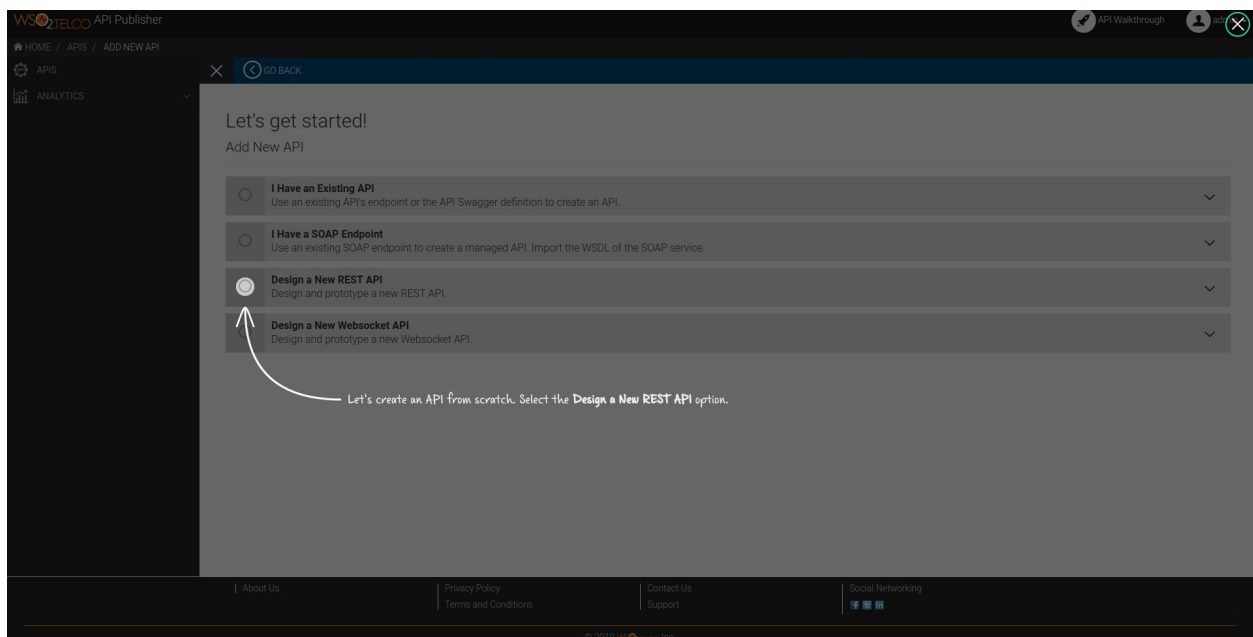
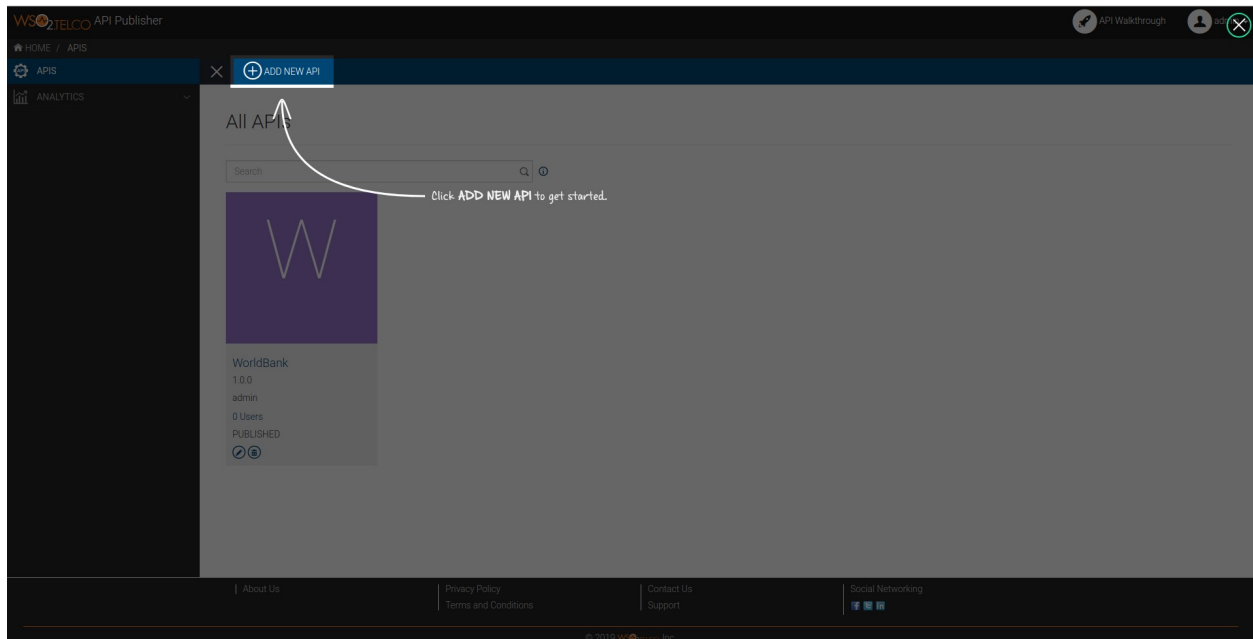
Go to <https://192.168.2.96:9443/manage-service>

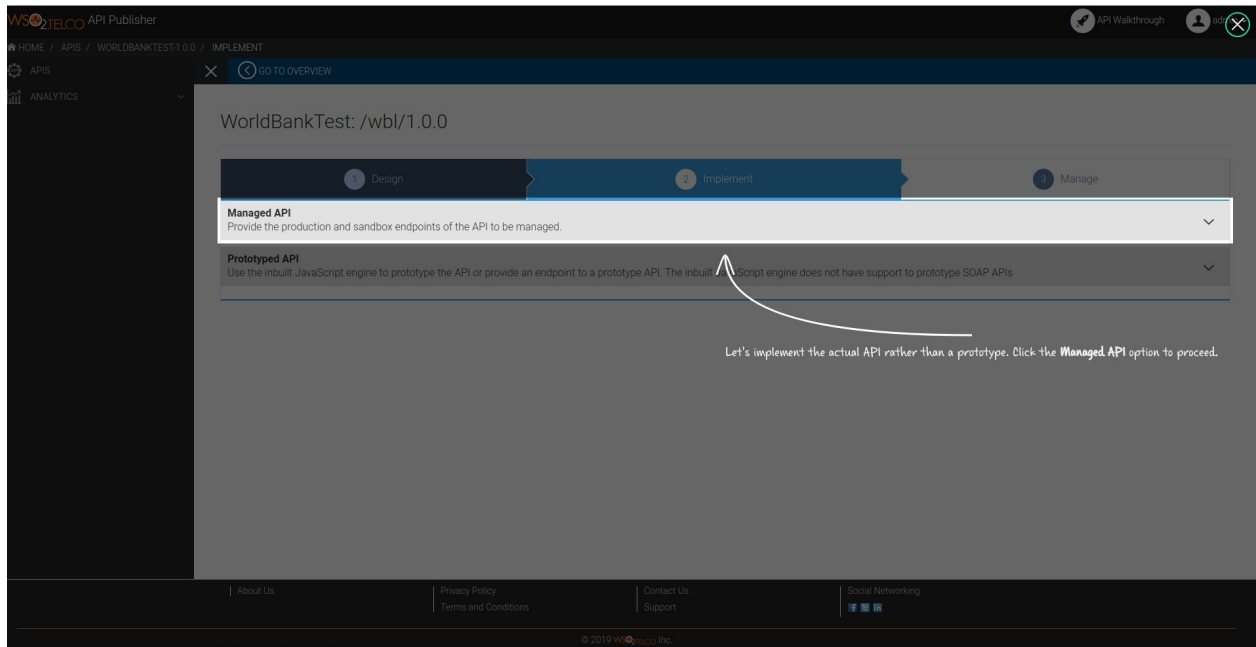
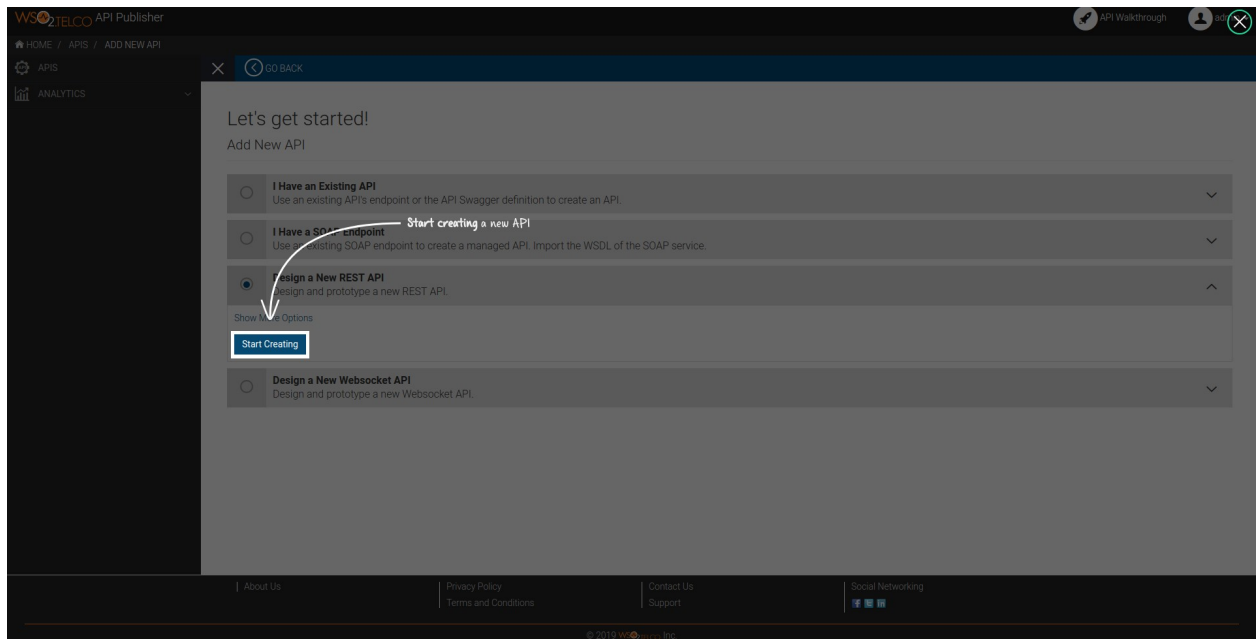
Login with admin,admin credentials

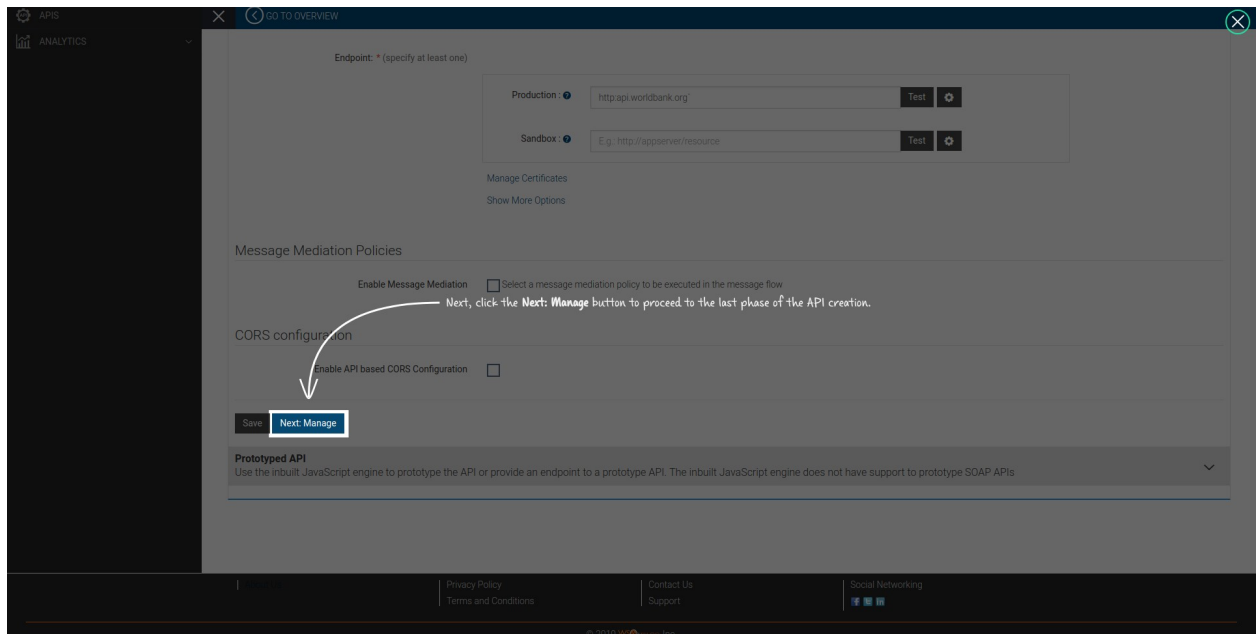
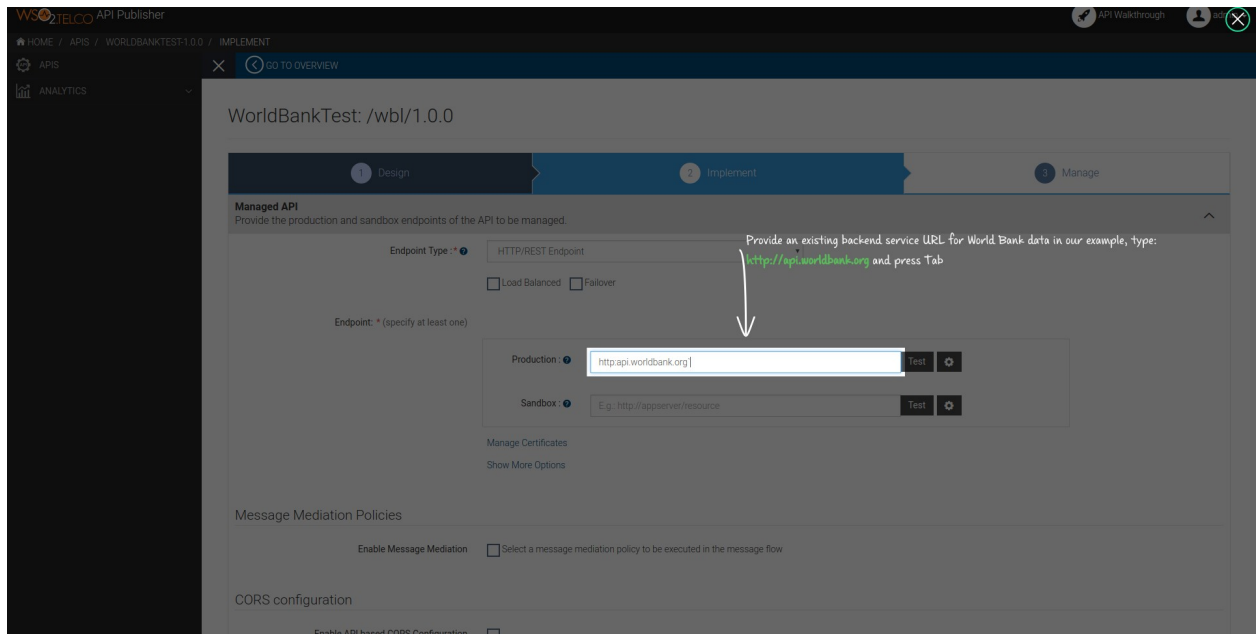
Approve the application

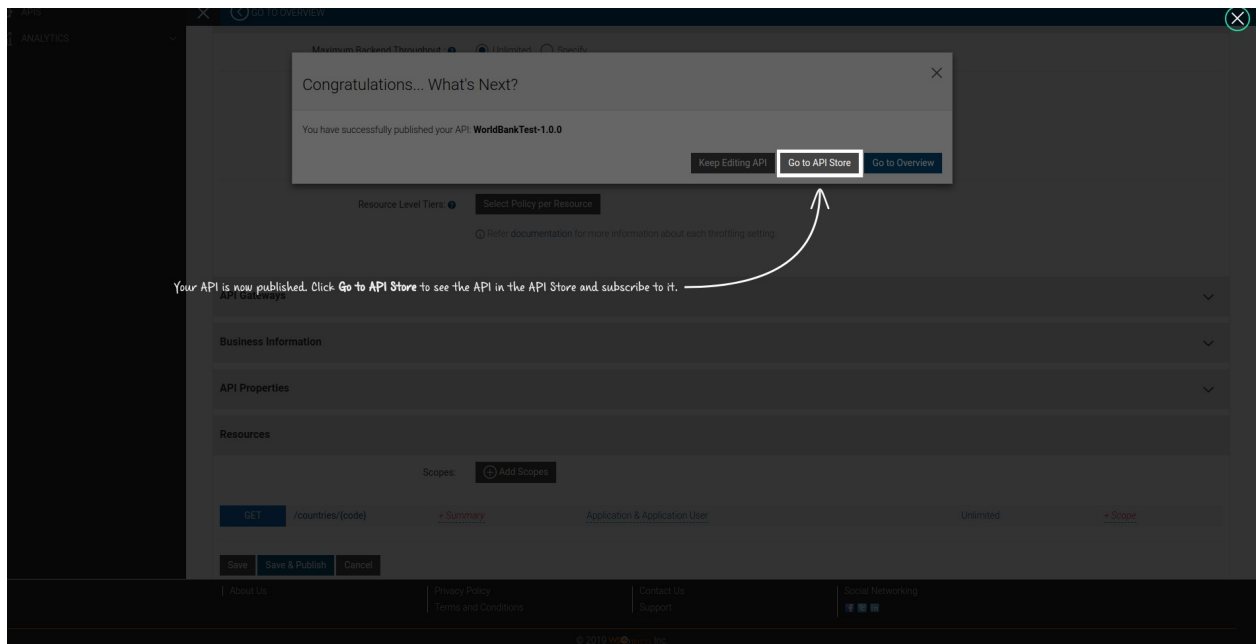
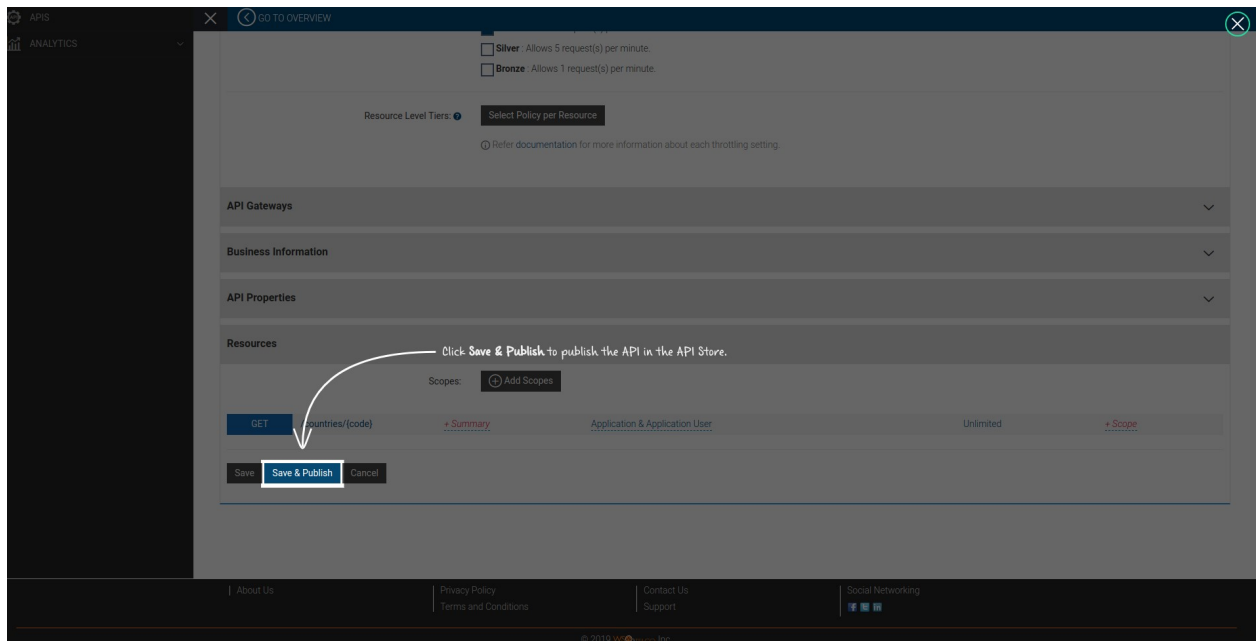
Steps to create an api in publisher

Login to publisher with publisher credentials
Create new API



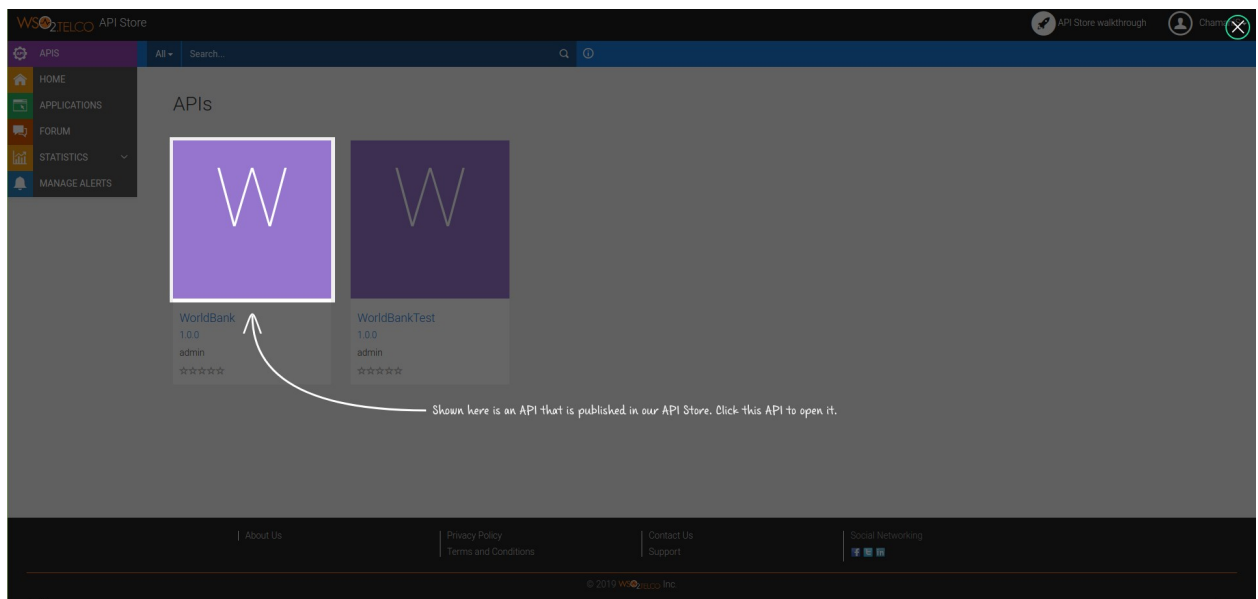
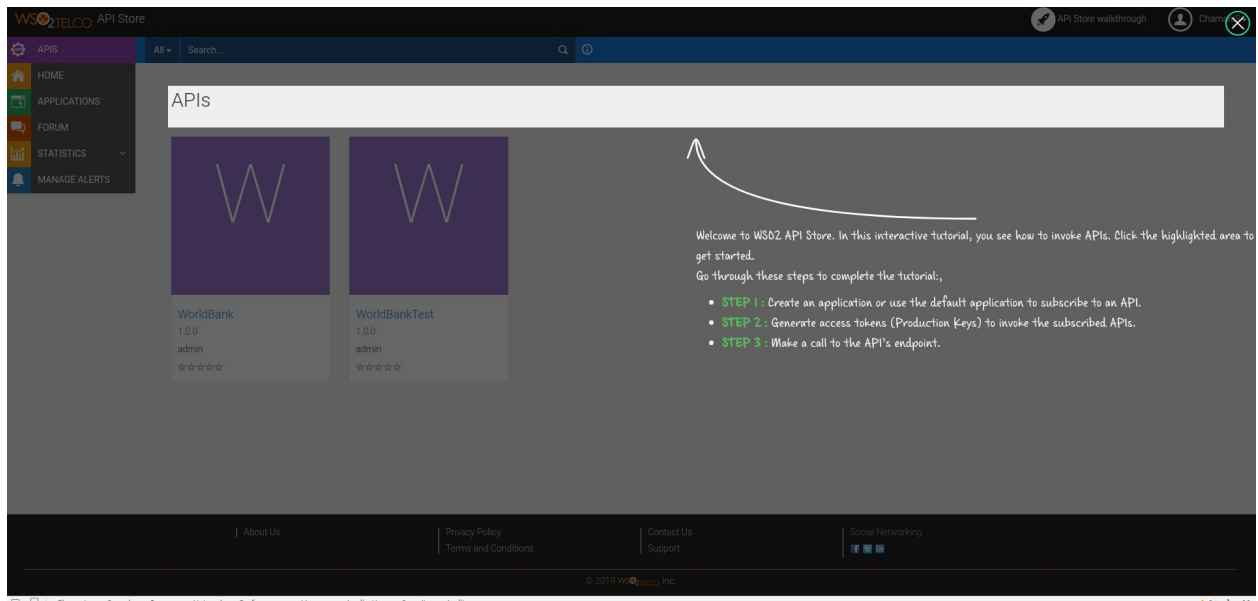


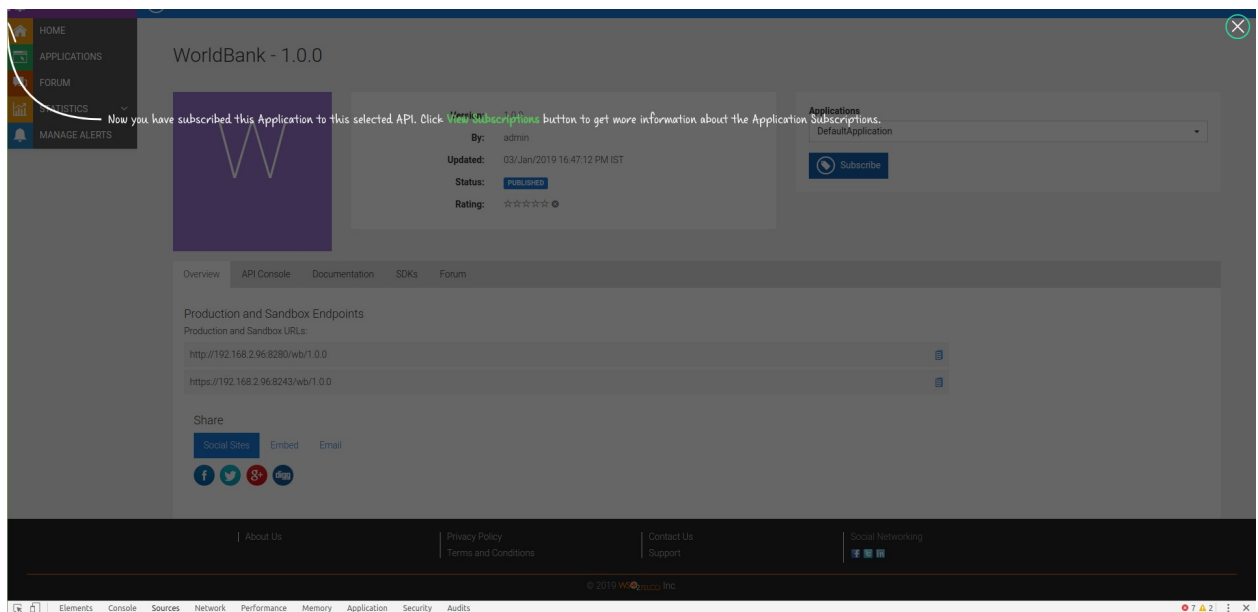
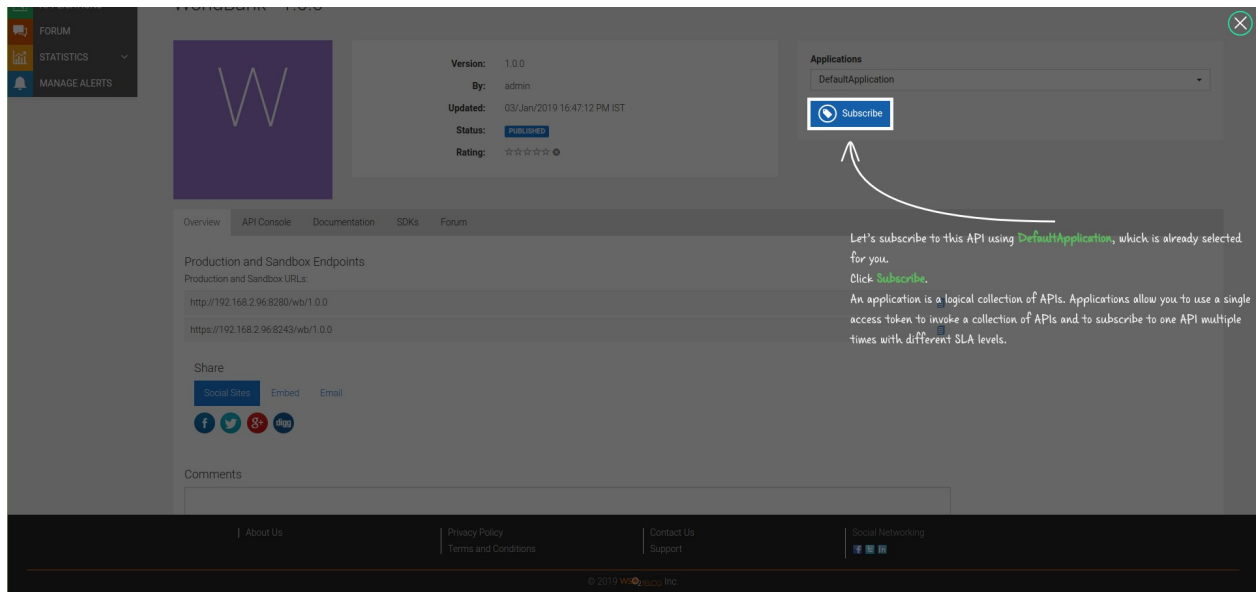


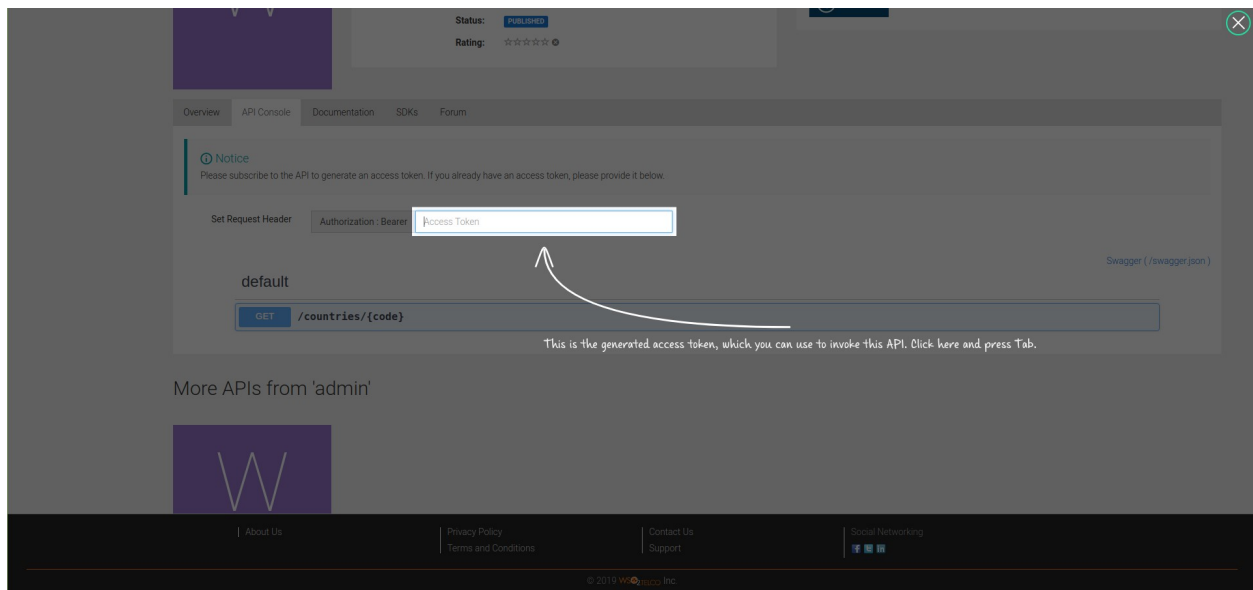
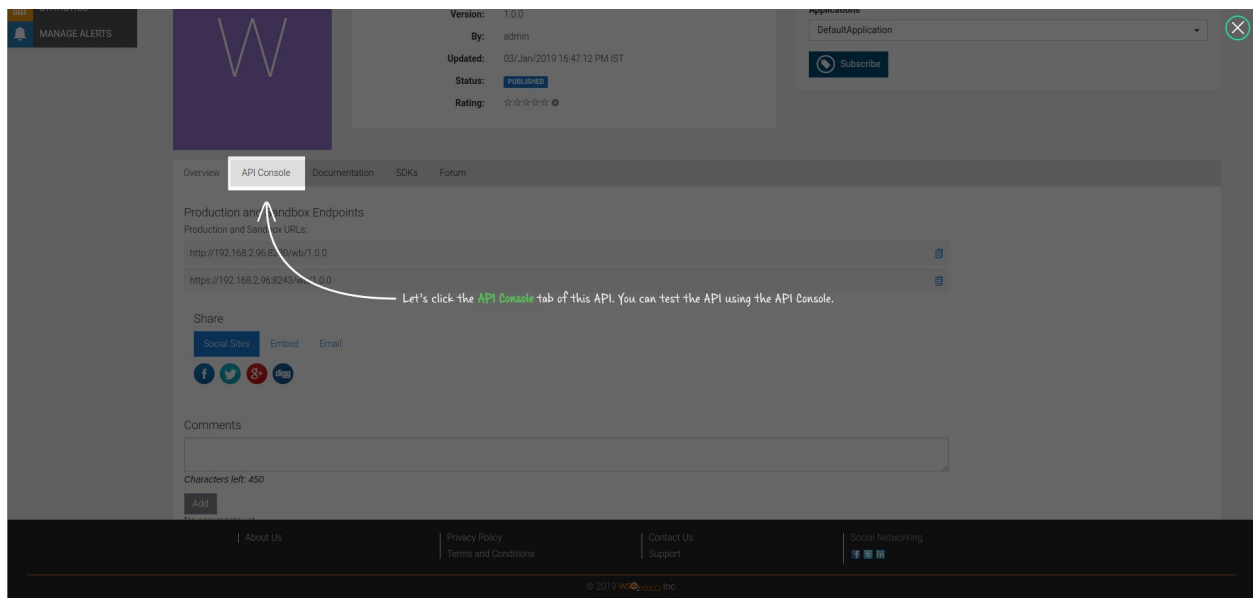


STORE

Invoking APIs





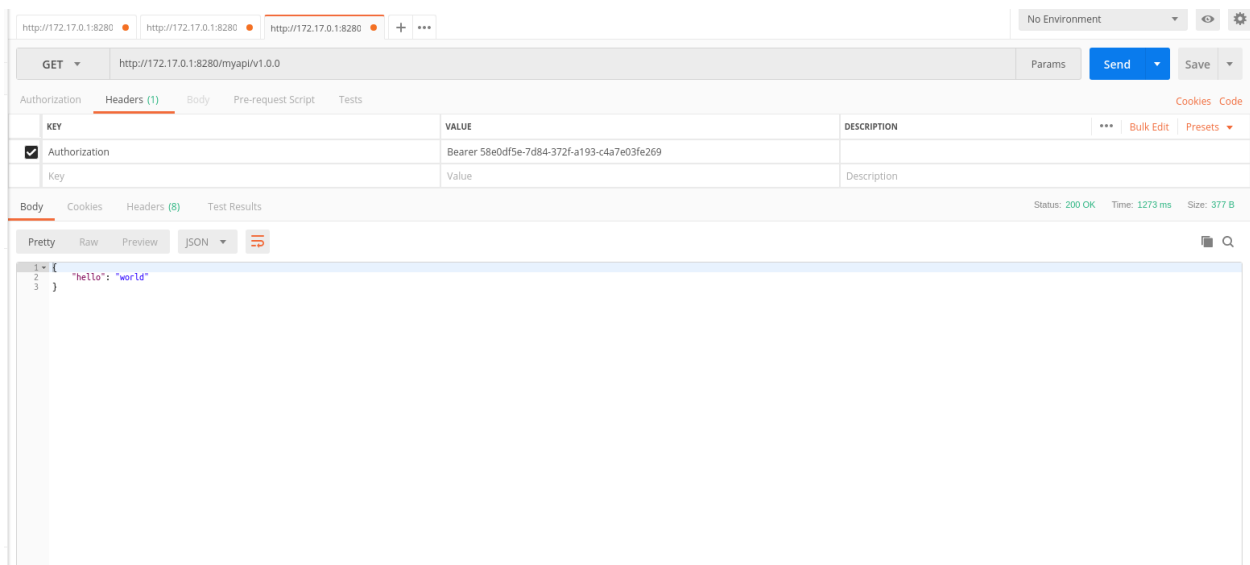


Subscription Approval

Go to <https://192.168.2.96:9443/manage-service>
Login with publisher credentials
Approve the subscription

GO to the created application
Go to production keys
Generate a token

Check it with postman



Setting up IS

Step 1 - Download the prepackaged WSO2 IS as the Key Manager

Download the prepackaged WSO2 IS as the Key Manager from the location:
<https://product-dist.wso2.com/products/api-manager/2.5.0/wum-updated-packs/wso2is-km-5.6.0.zip>

Step 2 - Optionally, configure port offset for WSO2 IS

Open the <IS_HOME>/repository/conf/carbon.xml file and change the offset to 1.
<Offset>1</Offset>

Step 3 - Install and configure the databases

Since we have already created the databases, we need to only configure the data source configurations. = add the data

Step 4 - Configure the Key Manager (WSO2 IS) with WSO2 API-M

1. Open the <IS_HOME>/repository/conf/api-manager.xml [<ServerURL> element that appears under the <APIGateway> section.]

```
<ServerURL>https://localhost:8243/services/</ServerURL>
<RevokeAPIURL>https://localhost:8243/revoke</RevokeAPIURL>
```

2. Change the datasource in the <IS_HOME>/repository/conf/user-mgt.xml file to point to the WSO2UM_DB datasource

```
<UserManager>
  <Realm>
    <Configuration>
      ...
      <Property name="dataSource">jdbc/WSO2UM_DB</Property>
    </Configuration>
    ...
  </Realm>
</UserManager>
```

3. Change the datasource in the <IS_HOME>/repository/conf/identity/identity.xml file to point to the WSO2AM_DB datasource.

```
<JDBCPersistenceManager>
  <DataSource>
    <Name>jdbc/WSO2AM_DB</Name>
  </DataSource>
  ...
</JDBCPersistenceManager>
```

Step 5 - Configure WSO2 API-M with the Key Manager (WSO2 IS)

1. Change the ServerURL of the **AuthManager** and the ServerURL of the **APIKeyValidator** to point to WSO2 IS in the <API-M_HOME>/repository/conf/api-manager.xml file.

```
<AuthManager>
  <ServerURL>https://localhost:9444/services/</ServerURL>
</AuthManager>
```

```
<APIKeyValidator>
  <ServerURL>https://localhost:9444/services/</ServerURL>
</APIKeyValidator>
```

2. Enable WS Client and disable the Thrift Client.

```
<APIKeyValidator>
  <KeyValidatorClientType>WSClient</KeyValidatorClientType>
  <EnableThriftServer>>false</EnableThriftServer>
</APIKeyValidator>
```

3. Change the data source name in **JDBCPersistenceManager** is jdbc/WSO2AM_DB in the <API-M_HOME>/repository/conf/identity/identity.xml file.

```
<JDBCPersistenceManager>
  <DataSource>
    <Name>jdbc/WSO2AM_DB</Name>
  </DataSource>
</JDBCPersistenceManager>
```

Step 6 - Configuring the Databases for IS as the Key Manager

1. Add the mysql-connector-java-5.1.44.tar.gz mysql connector jar into {IS_HOME}/repository/components/lib directory

2. Copy the db configurations related to WSO2AM_DB, WSO2UM_DB, WSO2REG_DB from <API-M_HOME>/../datasource.xml to that of <IS_HOME>/../datasource.xml

3. Change below in the <IS_HOME>/repository/conf/user-mgt.xml file.

a)

```
<configuration>
  <Property name="dataSource">jdbc/WSO2UM_DB</Property>
</configuration>
```

b)

Add the user store configuration correctly so that both the WSO2 Identity Server and WSO2 API Manager server point to the same user store.

```
<UserStoreManager      class="org.wso2.carbon.user.core.jdbc.JDBCUserStoreManager">
                                                                <Property
name="TenantManager">org.wso2.carbon.user.core.tenant.JDBCTenantManager</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="ReadOnly">false</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="MaxUserNameListLength">100</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="IsEmailUserName">false</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="DomainCalculation">default</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="PasswordDigest">SHA-256</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="StoreSaltedPassword">true</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="ReadGroups">true</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="WriteGroups">true</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="UserNameUniqueAcrossTenants">false</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="PasswordJavaRegEx">^[a-zA-Z0-9]{5,30}$</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="PasswordJavaScriptRegEx">^[a-zA-Z0-9]{5,30}$</Property>
                                                                <Property name="UsernameJavaRegEx">^[a-zA-Z0-9_!#$%&'+=-{}|~\.\&lt;&gt;,\\"{3,30}$</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="UsernameJavaScriptRegEx">^[a-zA-Z0-9_!#$%&'+=-{}|~\.\&lt;&gt;,\\"{3,30}$</Property>
                                                                <Property name="RoleNameJavaRegEx">^[a-zA-Z0-9_!#$%&'+=-{}|~\.\&lt;&gt;,\\"{3,30}$</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="RoleNameJavaScriptRegEx">^[a-zA-Z0-9_!#$%&'+=-{}|~\.\&lt;&gt;,\\"{3,30}$</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="UserRolesCacheEnabled">true</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="MaxRoleNameListLength">100</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="MaxUserNameListLength">100</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="SharedGroupEnabled">false</Property>
                                                                <Property
name="SCIMEnabled">false</Property>
</UserStoreManager>
```

4.To enable the Key Manager to access to the registry database, open the **<IS_HOME>/repository/conf/registry.xml** file in the Key Manager node and add or modify the dataSource attribute of the <dbConfig name="govregistry"> element as follows in order to mount the Key Manager to the governance registry space. Do the same for that of **api-manager.xml** file of **<API-M_HOME>**

Comment following in registry.xml

```
<!-- <dbConfig name="sharedregistry">
  <dataSource>jdbc/WSO2REG_DB</dataSource>
</dbConfig> -->
```

```

<!-- <dbConfig name="govregistry">
  <dataSource>jdbc/WSO2REG_DB</dataSource>
</dbConfig> -->

<!-- <remoteInstance url="https://localhost:9443/registry">
  <id>mount</id>
  <dbConfig>sharedregistry</dbConfig>
  <readOnly>false</readOnly>
  <enableCache>true</enableCache>
  <registryRoot></registryRoot>
</remoteInstance> -->

```

Add follwing

```

<dbConfig name="govregistry">
  <dataSource>jdbc/WSO2REG_DB</dataSource>
</dbConfig>
<remoteInstance url="https://localhost:9443/registry">
  <id>gov</id>
  <cacheId>user@jdbc:mysql://db.mysql-wso2.com:3306/regdb</cacheId>
  <dbConfig>govregistry</dbConfig>
  <readOnly>false</readOnly>
  <enableCache>true</enableCache>
  <registryRoot></registryRoot>
</remoteInstance>
<mount path="/_system/governance" overwrite="true">
  <instanceId>gov</instanceId>
  <targetPath>/_system/governance</targetPath>
</mount>
<mount path="/_system/config" overwrite="true">
  <instanceId>gov</instanceId>
  <targetPath>/_system/config</targetPath>
</mount>

```

Step 7: Start the IS

References :

- <https://docs.wso2.com/display/AM250/Configuring+the+Databases+for+IS+as+the+Key+Manager>

- <https://docs.wso2.com/display/AM250/Configuring+WSO2+Identity+Server+as+a+Key+Manager#ConfiguringWSO2IdentityServerasaKeyManager-Step1-DownloadtheprepackagedWSO2ISastheKeyManager>

Step 8: change URLs as

<http uri-template="https://localhost:9444/oauth2/authorize">

In /wso2am-2.5.0/repository/deployment/server/synapse-configs/default/api

- _AuthorizeAPI_.xml
 - _RevokeAPI_.xml
 - _TokenAPI_.xml

Component-dep

Add jaggery changes to component-dep

Product-hub

Managing Throttling

Throttling allows you to limit the number of successful hits to an API during a given period of time, for situations like below.

- To protect your APIs from common types of security attacks such as denial of service (DOS)

- To regulate traffic according to infrastructure availability.

There are 5 main throttling policies implemented in wso2AM Admin portal.

1. Advanced policies
2. Blacklist policies
3. Custom policies
4. Application policies
5. Subscription policies

Policy 1 : Advanced policies

Advanced Throttling : Advanced throttling policies allow an API Publisher to control access to his API resources using advanced rules. Advanced policies include the ability to apply limits by filtering requests based on the following properties and their combinations.

1. IP address and address range
2. HTTP request headers
3. JWT claims
4. Query parameters

Enable advanced Throttling in api-manager.xml

<EnableAdvanceThrottling>true</EnableAdvanceThrottling>

1. **IP address and address range**

Control/restrict access to your API or its selected resources for a given IP address or address range

Ex:- IP Whitelisting (have described below)

IP Whitelisting

Way of configuring a filter to extract a particular set of known IP addresses and grant the access to the given assets for requests comes from those IPs only.

- 1.Login to the admin portal of WSO2 API Manager](https://<ip_address>:9443/admin).
- 2.Open Throttling Policies tab and navigate to Advanced Throttling.
- 3.Click ADD NEW POLICY to add a new Throttling tier.

Creating the Advanced Throttling policy

Add Advanced Throttle Policy

General Details

Name: *

Description:

Default Limits

☒ Request Count ☐ Request Bandwidth

Request Count: *

Unit Time: * Minutes(s)

4. Open the Conditional Group added and fill the details.

[+ Add Conditional Group](#)

0 **Condition Group**
Sample description about condition group

☒ IP Condition ☒

☐ Header Condition ☐

☐ Query Param Condition ☐

☐ JWT Claim Condition ☐

IP Condition Policy On

This configuration is used to throttle by IP address.

IP Condition Type: *

IP Address: *

Invert Condition: ☒

Execution Policy

Request Count:

Request Count: *

Time: * Minute(s)

5. Create a new API and select advanced throttling policies and select the policy created.


```
<amt:description>You have exceeded your quota</amt:description>
<amt:nextAccessTime>2019-Jan-25 10:47:00+0000 UTC</amt:nextAccessTime>
</amt:fault>
```

If we changed the network/ip we are able to send as much as requests.

2. HTTP request headers

Allow you to apply limits to APIs by filtering requests based on HTTP headers.

Enable HeaderConditions in api-manager.xml

```
<EnableHeaderConditions>true</EnableHeaderConditions>
```

Add Advanced Throttle Policy with following condition group for an example.

The screenshot shows the 'Condition Group' configuration page in the API Manager console. The 'Header Condition' is selected and marked with a green checkmark. The 'Header Condition Policy' section is active, showing a configuration for 'Content-Type' with a 'Param Value' of 'application/json'. The 'Add' button is visible. The 'Invert Condition' toggle is off. The 'Execution Policy' section shows 'Request Count' set to 5 and 'Time' set to 1 minute.

Here we need to apply a special limit for JSON requests. There we can filter JSON messages by using a policy that inspects the HTTP request headers and checks if the Content-Type header is application/json and apply a special limit for those requests while allowing a default value for the rest.

When we send requests of type application/json, following throttle out error comes when requests are greater than 5.

```
code=900800&message=Message%20throttled%20out&description=You%20have%20exceeded%20your%20quota&nextAccessTime=2019-Jan-28%2012%3A23%3A00%2B0000%20UTC
```

3. JWT claims

A JWT claim contains meta information of an API request. It can include application details, API details, user claims. Advanced throttling policies based on JWT claims allow you to filter requests by JWT claim values and apply limits for requests.

Enable EnableJWTClaimConditions in api-manager.xml

<EnableJWTClaimConditions>true</EnableJWTClaimConditions>

Generate a JWT Token

JWT PAYLOAD:DATA

```
{
  "http://wso2.org/claims/applicationtier": "100PerMin",
  "http://wso2.org/claims/keytype": "PRODUCTION",
  "http://wso2.org/claims/version": "V1",
  "iss": "wso2.org/products/am",
  "http://wso2.org/claims/applicationname": "newapp",
  "http://wso2.org/claims/enduser": "ChamaniNew@carbon.super",
  "http://wso2.org/claims/enduserTenantId": "-1234",
  "http://wso2.org/claims/subscriber": "ChamaniNew",
  "http://wso2.org/claims/tier": "Unlimited",
  "exp": 1548748400,
  "http://wso2.org/claims/applicationid": "9",
  "http://wso2.org/claims/usertype": "APPLICATION",
  "http://wso2.org/claims/apicontext": "/NEWAPI1/V1"
}
```

Use above claim names and claim values to generate a restriction.

0

Condition Group
Sample description about condition group

IP Condition

Header Condition

Query Param Condition

JWT Claim Condition

✓

JWT Condition Policy

On

This configuration is used to define JWT claims conditions

Claim Name: *

http://wso2.org/claims/version

Claim Value: *

V1

Add

| Claim | Value | Action |
|--------------------------------|-------|--------|
| http://wso2.org/claims/version | V1 | Delete |

Invert Condition: ☐

When the limit(5) exceed it will give below error.

code=900800&message=Message%20throttled%20out&description=You%20have%20exceeded%20your%20quota&nextAccessTime=2019-Jan-29%2008%3A19%3A00%2B0000%20UTC

4. Query parameters

Filtering based on query parameters almost always apply to HTTP GET requests when doing search type of operations.

Enable QueryParamConditions in api-manager.xml

<EnableQueryParamConditions>true</EnableQueryParamConditions>

Ex: Search API

We can have Param Name : category, Param value: sales

0 Condition Group
Sample description about condition group

IP Condition ☐

Header Condition ☐

Query Param Condition ☒

JWT Claim Condition ☐

Query Param Condition Policy On ☒

This configuration is used to throttle based on query parameters.

Param Name: *

Param Value: *

| Query Param | Value | Action |
|-------------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| category | sales | <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |

Invert Condition: ☐

Send a request as :

<http://192.168.1.194:8280/NEWAPI1/V1?category=sales>

Policy 2 : Blacklist policies

By blacklisting requests, we can protect servers from common attacks and abuse by users. For example, if a malicious user misuses the system, all requests received from that particular user can be completely blocked.

- Block calls to specific APIs
- Block all calls from a given application

- Block requests coming from a specific IP address
- Block a specific user from accessing APIs

1. Log in to the Admin Portal using the URL <https://localhost:9443/admin> and your admin credentials.
2. Click BlackList under the Throttle Policies section and click Add Item.

Here we can black list API Context / API / IP address or User.

● Blocking a API Context

Click **API Context**

Add the resource as **/APINAME/VERSION**

Click Blacklist

The screenshot shows the 'Select Item to Blacklist' dialog in the Admin Portal. On the left is a dark sidebar with a menu containing: TASKS, SETTINGS, MICROGATEWAY, THROTTLING POLICIES (expanded), ADVANCED POLICIES, APPLICATION POLICIES, SUBSCRIPTION POLICIES, CUSTOM POLICIES, BLACK LIST POLICIES (highlighted), and ANALYTICS. The main area has a title bar with a close button and a 'GO BACK' button. The dialog title is 'Select Item to Blacklist'. Below the title, there are four radio buttons for 'Select Condition Type': 'API Context' (selected), 'Application', 'IP Address', and 'User'. A 'Value' field with a red asterisk contains the text '/APINewTest/V1'. Below this field, it displays 'Format: \${context}' and an example 'Eg: /test/1.0.0'. At the bottom of the dialog are two buttons: 'Blacklist' and 'Cancel'.

X
+
ADD BLACKLIST POLICY

Blacklisted Items

| Condition ID | Condition Type | Condition Value | Condition Status | Actions |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|
| 1 | API | /API/NEWTEST/V1 | | |

Show
10
entries
Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries

3.Login to API Store using the URL <https://localhost:9443/store> and invoke the API.
You will see the following response

Response Body

```
{
  "fault": {
    "code": 900805,
    "message": "Message blocked",
    "description": "You have been blocked from accessing the resource"
  }
}
```

Response Code

403

Response Headers

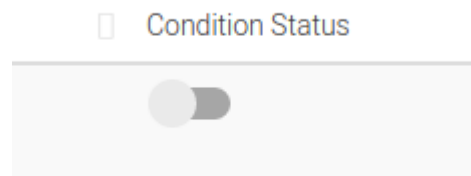
```
{
  "content-type": "application/json; charset=UTF-8"
}
```

4.Check the workflow by sending a request.
It will display as follows.

```
<amt:fault xmlns:amt="http://wso2.org/apimanager/throttling">
```

```
<amt:code>900805</amt:code>
<amt:message>Message blocked</amt:message>
<amt:description>You have been blocked from accessing the resource</amt:description>
</amt:fault>
```

To disable this untick **condition status**.



● Blocking an IP address

A screenshot of a web application window titled 'Select Item to Blacklist'. The window has a dark blue header bar with a close button (X) and a 'GO BACK' button. Below the header, the title 'Select Item to Blacklist' is displayed. Underneath, there is a section 'Select Condition Type*' with four radio buttons: 'API Context', 'Application', 'IP Address' (which is selected), and 'User'. Below this, there is a 'Value : *' label followed by a text input field containing '192.168.1.194'. Below the input field, there is a hint text 'Format : \$(ip)' and 'Eg : 127.0.0.1'. At the bottom left, there are two buttons: 'Blacklist' and 'Cancel'.

4. Check the workflow by sending a request.

It will display as follows.

```
<amt:fault xmlns:amt="http://wso2.org/apimanager/throttling">
  <amt:code>900805</amt:code>
  <amt:message>Message blocked</amt:message>
  <amt:description>You have been blocked from accessing the resource</amt:description>
</amt:fault>
```

Likewise can blacklist application and user also.

Blacklisted Items

| Condition ID | Condition Type | Condition Value | Condition Status | Actions |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| 1 | API | /APINewTEST/V1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 4 | IP | 192.168.1.194 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 5 | USER | ChamaniNew@carbon.super | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 6 | APPLICATION | ChamaniNew.testapp | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |

Show entries Showing 1 to 4 of 4 entries

Policy 3 : Custom policies

- Custom throttling allows system administrators to define dynamic rules for specific use cases, which are applied globally across all tenants.
- uses the Siddhi query language

The following keys can be used to create custom throttling policies:

resourceKey, userId, apiContext, apiVersion, appTenant, apiTenant, appId

Key template:

\$userId:\$apiContext:\$apiVersion

Siddhi Query:

FROM RequestStream

SELECT userId, (userId == 'ChamaniNew@carbon.super' and apiContext == '/newapi/V1' and apiVersion == 'V1') AS isEligible ,

str:concat('ChamaniNew@carbon.super','/newapi/V1:V1') as throttleKey

INSERT INTO EligibilityStream;

FROM EligibilityStream[isEligible==true]#throttler:timeBatch(15sec)

SELECT throttleKey, (count(throttleKey) >= 5) as isThrottled, expiryTimeStamp group by throttleKey

INSERT ALL EVENTS into ResultStream;

Edit Custom Policy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Name * | <input type="text" value="CustomPolicy1"/> |
| Description | <input type="text" value="CustomPolicy1"/> |
| Key Template * ? | <input type="text" value="\$userId:\$apiContext:\$apiVersion"/> |
| Siddhi Query * | <pre>FROM RequestStream SELECT userId, (userId == 'ChamaniNew@carbon.super' and apiContext == '/newapi/V1' and apiVersion == 'V1') AS isEligible , str.concat('ChamaniNew@carbon.super','/newapi/V1:V1') as throttleKey INSERT INTO EligibilityStream; FROM EligibilityStream[isEligible==true]#throttler:timeBatch(10sec) SELECT throttleKey, (count(throttleKey) >= 2) as isThrottled, expiryTimeStamp group by throttleKey INSERT ALL EVENTS into ResultStream;</pre> |

[Show Sample](#)

[Apply Rule](#) [Cancel](#)

Here in each 10 seconds when we send requests, 2 will be given 200 response while others will give 429 responses.

Error logs as this :

```
[2019-01-28 16:24:29,431] INFO - ConnectionStartOkMethodHandler SASL Mechanism selected: PLAIN
[2019-01-28 16:24:29,431] INFO - ConnectionStartOkMethodHandler Locale selected: en_US
[2019-01-28 16:24:29,433] INFO - ConnectionStartOkMethodHandler Connected as: admin
[2019-01-28 16:24:29,433] INFO - ConnectionStartOkMethodHandler Framesize set to 65535
[2019-01-28 16:24:29,455] INFO - ChannelOpenHandler Connecting to: carbon
[2019-01-28 16:24:29,455] INFO - AndesChannel Channel created (ID: 127.0.0.1:48480)
```

Policy 4 : Application policies

Policy 5 : Subscription policies

Application-level throttling tiers are defined at the time an application is created.

Note: If error comes when creating application as “Specified application tier not exists”, go to admin portal and “Application Throttling Policies” and add Default tier.

Adding application level tiers and subscription level tiers

1. Sign in to the Admin Portal using the URL `https://localhost:9443/admin` and your admin credentials (admin/admin by default).
2. Click Application Tiers under the Throttle Policies section to see the set of existing throttling tiers.
3. To add a new tier, click Add New Policy. (Ex: 100PerMin)

Similarly go to Subscription Tiers and add a new policy. (Ex: Platinum)

Then go to manage module and select the **created application tier** when approving the application.

Similarly when subscribing the application to api select the **created subscription tier**.

Send requests and check if the throttling policies work as expected.