

0-1 KnapSack Problem

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Knapsack {

    static int knapSack(int capacity, int[] weights, int[] values, int n) {

        if (n == 0 || capacity == 0)

            return 0;

        if (weights[n - 1] > capacity)

            return knapSack(capacity, weights, values, n - 1);

        else

            return Math.max(knapSack(capacity, weights, values, n - 1),

                values[n - 1] + knapSack(capacity - weights[n - 1], weights, values, n - 1));

    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter the number of items: ");

        int n = sc.nextInt();

        int[] values = new int[n];

        int[] weights = new int[n];

        System.out.println("Enter the values");

        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

            values[i] = sc.nextInt();

        }

    }

}
```

```

System.out.println("Enter the values");

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    weights[i] = sc.nextInt();
}

System.out.print("Enter the capacity of the knapsack: ");

int capacity = sc.nextInt();

System.out.println( knapSack(capacity, weights, values, n));
}
}

```

```

Enter the number of items: 3
Enter the values
1
2
3
Enter the Weights
4
5
1
Enter the capacity of the knapsack: 4
3

```

Time Complexity : $O(2^n)$

Space Complexity: $O(n)$

2)Floor in Sorted Array

```
import java.util.*;

public class FloorArray{

    public static void main(String args[]){

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int n = sc.nextInt();

        int[] arr = new int[n];

        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){

            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();

        }

        int x = sc.nextInt();

        System.out.println(array(n,arr,x));

    }

    public static int array(int n,int[] arr,int x){

        if(arr[0]>x) return -1;

        if(arr[n-1]<x) return arr[n-1];

        for(int i=1;i<arr.length;i++){

            if(arr[i]>x){

                return i-1;

            }

        }

        return -1;

    }

}
```

```
Enter the no.of values
6
Enter the arr values
1
2
8
8
10
12
Enter the X value
9
8
```

Time Complexity : $O(n)$

Space Complexity: $O(n)$

3)Equals Array

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class EqualArray{
```

```
    public static void main(String args[]){
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.println("Enter the n values");
```

```
        int n = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        int[] arr1 = new int[n];
```

```
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```
            arr1[i] = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        }
```

```
        System.out.println("Enter the m values");
```

```

        int m = sc.nextInt();

        int[] arr2 = new int[m];
        for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
            arr2[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.println(Array(arr1,arr2));

    }

    public static Boolean Array(int[] arr1,int[] arr2){

        Arrays.sort(arr1);
        Arrays.sort(arr2);
        if(arr1.length!=arr2.length) return false;
        return Arrays.equals(arr1,arr2);
    }
}

```

```

Enter the n values
3
1
2
1
Enter the m values
3
1
2
1
true

```

Time Complexity : $O(n)$

Space Complexity : $O(n)$

4)Palindrome Linked list

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
class Node {
```

```
    int val;
```

```
    Node next;
```

```
    Node() {}
```

```
    Node(int val) { this.val = val; }
```

```
    Node(int val, Node next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }
```

```
}
```

```
public class LinkedList {
```

```
    public static Node createLinkedlist(int n, Scanner sc) {
```

```
        Node head = null;
```

```
        Node current = null;
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
            int a = sc.nextInt();
```

```
            if (head == null) {
```

```
                head = new Node(a);
```

```
                current = head;
```

```
            } else {
```

```
                current.next = new Node(a);
```

```
                current = current.next;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    return head;
}
```

```
public static boolean palindrome(Node head){
    Stack<Integer>a = new Stack<>();
    Node cur = head;
    while(head!=null){
        a.push(head.val);
        head = head.next;
    }
    while(cur!=null){
        if(a.isEmpty()|| cur.val!=a.peek()){
            return false;
        }
        cur = cur.next;
        a.pop();
    }
    return true;
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

    System.out.print("Enter the number of nodes: ");
    int n = sc.nextInt();
```

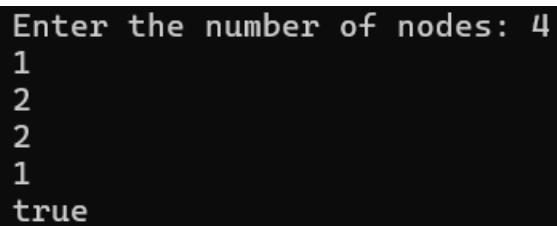
```

Node head = createLinkedList(n, sc);

System.out.println(palindrome(head));

    sc.close();
}
}

```



A terminal window with a black background and white text. It shows the following sequence of input and output: "Enter the number of nodes: 4", followed by four lines of input "1", "2", "2", "1", and finally the output "true".

```

Enter the number of nodes: 4
1
2
2
1
true

```

Time Complexity : $O(n)$

Space Complexity: $O(n)$

5)Balanced Tree Check

```

class Node {
    int data;
    Node left, right;
    Node(int d) {
        data = d;
        left = right = null;
    }
}

```

```

class BinaryTree {
    Node root;
}

```



```
boolean isBalanced(Node node) {  
    int l;  
    int r;  
  
    if (node == null)  
        return true;  
  
    l = height(node.left);  
    r = height(node.right);  
  
    if (Math.abs(l - r) <= 1 && isBalanced(node.left) && isBalanced(node.right))  
        return true;  
  
    return false;  
}
```

```
int height(Node node) {  
    if (node == null)  
        return 0;  
  
    return 1 + Math.max(height(node.left), height(node.right));  
}
```

```
public static void main(String args[]) {  
    BinaryTree tree = new BinaryTree();  
    tree.root = new Node(1);  
    tree.root.left = new Node(2);  
}
```

```

tree.root.right = new Node(3);

tree.root.left.left = new Node(4);

tree.root.left.right = new Node(5);

tree.root.left.left.left = new Node(8);


if (tree.isBalanced(tree.root))

    System.out.println("Balanced");

else

    System.out.println("Not Balanced");

}

}

```

Not Balanced

Time Complexity : $O(n^2)$

Space Complexity : $O(n)$

6)Triplet Sum

```

import java.util.Arrays;

import java.util.Scanner;


public class Triplet {

    static boolean find3Numbers(int[] arr, int sum) {

        int n = arr.length;

        Arrays.sort(arr);

        for (int i = 0; i < n - 2; i++) {

            int l = i + 1;

            int r = n - 1;

            while (l < r) {

```

```
    int curr = arr[i] + arr[l] + arr[r];  
    if (curr == sum) {  
  
        return true;  
    } else if (curr < sum) {  
        l++;  
    } else {  
        r--;  
    }  
    }  
}  
return false;  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
    int n = sc.nextInt();
```

```
    int[] arr = new int[n];
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        arr[i] = sc.nextInt();  
    }
```

```
    int sum = sc.nextInt();
```

```
System.out.println(find3Numbers(arr, sum));
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
5  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
true
```

Time Complexity : $O(n^2)$

Space Complexity: $O(n)$