# <u>Data Structures Assignment – 2</u>

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Subject: Data Structure

### Q1. Linear Search

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class Linear{
   public:
    int arr[10];
    int i = 0;

   Linear(){
       getData();
   }

   void getData(){
       i = 0;
       cout << "Enter Values In array : ";
       while(i != 10){
            cin >> arr[i];
            i++;
       }
   }

   int getNumber(){
       int n;
       cout << "Enter Values You want to Search : ";
       cin >> n;
   }
}
```

```
int linearsearch(int n) {
        i = 0;
        while(i != 10){
            if(arr[i] == n) {
        i++;
};
int main(){
   char ch;
   while(1){
        int search = 1.getNumber();
        int result = 1.linearsearch(search);
        if(result < 0) cout << "Value Not Present in Array List." << endl;</pre>
        else cout << "Search Value Located At " << result << " index of the array" << end
1;
        cout << "Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exi</pre>
t the Program) : ";
        cin >> ch;
        if(ch != 'c')
            exit(0);
```

PS E:\MCA\MCA SEM 3\DS\40%> .\linear.exe

Enter Values In array: 21

12

34

8

5

40

```
39
```

20

11

1

Enter Values You want to Search: 12

Search Value Located At 1 index of the array

Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exit the Program) : c

Enter Values You want to Search: 34

Search Value Located At 2 index of the array

Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exit the Program) : c

Enter Values You want to Search: 21

Search Value Located At 0 index of the array

Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exit the Program) : c

Enter Values You want to Search: 1

Search Value Located At 9 index of the array

Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exit the Program) : c

Enter Values You want to Search: 5

Search Value Located At 4 index of the array

Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exit the Program) : z

#### Q 2 . Binary Search

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Binary{
    int arr[10];
    int i = 0;
    Binary(){
        getData();
    void getData(){
        i = 0;
        cout << "Enter Values In array : ";</pre>
        while(i != 10){
            cin >> arr[i];
            i++;
    int getNumber(){
        cout << "Enter Values You want to Search : ";</pre>
    int binarySearch(int n) {
        i = 0;
        while(j >= i){
            int k = (i+j)/2;
            if(arr[k] < n){
            else if (arr[k] > n) {
            else{
```

```
int main(){
    Binary l;
    char ch;
    while(1){

        int search = l.getNumber();
        int result = l.binarySearch(search);
        if(result < 0) cout << "Value Not Present in Array List." << endl;
        else cout << "Search Value Located At " << result << " index of the array" << end
l;
        cout << "Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exi
t the Program) : ";
        cin >> ch;
        if(ch != 'c')
              exit(0);
    }
}
```

PS E:\MCA\MCA SEM 3\DS\40%> .\Binary.exe

Enter Values In array: 10

12

14

18

19

22

\_\_

47

49

62

81

Enter Values You want to Search: 12

Search Value Located At 1 index of the array

Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exit the Program) : c

Enter Values You want to Search: 31

Value Not Present in Array List.

Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exit the Program) : c

Enter Values You want to Search: 62

Search Value Located At 8 index of the array

Press /'c/' for continue search (Any other character than /'c/' will exit the Program) : m

# Q3. Expression Tree

```
#include<iostream>
#include<cstring>
using namespace std;
class Stack {
       string data;
       Value *Next;
       Value(char n) {
           data = n;
           Next = NULL;
    Value *top;
    int size, count;
    Stack(int size)
       if (size < 1)
           size = 5;
       this->size = size;
        count = 0;
        top = NULL;
    bool isFull(){
       return (count >= size);
    bool isEmpty(){
       return !top;
    void push(char n){
        if(isFull()){
           cout << "Overflowed" << endl;</pre>
       Value *val = new Value(n);
```

```
val->Next = top;
        top = val;
        count++;
    void edit(char n){
        if(isEmpty()) {
            cout << "UnderFlowed" << endl;</pre>
        top->Next->data += n;
        string poped = pop();
        top->data += poped;
    string pop() {
        string lastdelete = top->data;
        top = top->Next;
        count--;
        return lastdelete;
    void display() {
        if(isEmpty())
            cout << "Empty" << endl;</pre>
            cout << top->data << endl;</pre>
    bool isOperator(char c)
};
int main(){
    char Post_Expresion[] = "ab+cd/+efg*-*";
    int i = 0,length = strlen(Post_Expresion);
    Stack s(length);
    while(Post_Expresion[i] != '\0') {
        if(s.isOperator(Post_Expresion[i])){
            s.edit(Post_Expresion[i]);
        else {
            s.push(Post_Expresion[i]);
        i++;
```

```
s.display();
return 0;
```

PS E:\MCA\MCA SEM 3\DS\40%> .\Expression.exe a+b+c/d\*e-f\*g

#### Q 4 . Binary Search Tree

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
struct tree{
   int data;
    tree *left,*right;
};
void menu(struct tree *);
struct tree * construct(struct tree *);
void preorder(struct tree *);
void postorder(struct tree *);
void inorder(struct tree *);
void minmax(struct tree *,int []);
void searching(struct tree *);
bool advancesearch(struct tree *,int);
struct tree * insert(struct tree *);
struct tree * deleteNode(struct tree *,int);
struct tree * minfromRight(struct tree * );
int main(){
    struct tree *head = NULL;
    menu(head);
    return 0;
void menu(struct tree *head) {
   int listen = 0;
    while(1){
        cout << endl << "1. Create Tree" << endl << "2. PreOrder Traversal" << endl << "3</pre>
 PostOrder Traversal" << endl << "4. InOrder Traversal" << endl << "5. Insertion" << end
1 << "6. Searching" << endl << "7. Find Minimum & Maximum" << endl << "8. Deletion" << en
dl << "9. Exit" << endl << "Enter Your Choice : ";</pre>
        cin >> listen;
        switch (listen)
            head = construct(head);
            break;
        case 2:
            preorder(head);
            break;
        case 3:
            postorder(head);
            break;
```

```
case 4:
            inorder(head);
            break;
            head = insert(head);
            break;
        case 6:
            searching(head);
            break;
            int m[2] = {head->data};
            minmax(head,m);
            cout << "Minimum From Tree is : " << m[0] << endl;</pre>
            cout << "Maximum From Tree is : " << m[1] << endl;</pre>
        break;
        case 8:
                int value;
                cout << "Enter The Number You want to delete : ";</pre>
                cin >> value;
                head = deleteNode(head, value);
            break;
        case 9:
            exit(0);
        default:
            cout << "Select Valid Options." << endl;</pre>
            menu(head);
void preorder(struct tree *head) {
   struct tree *temp;
   temp = head;
   if(temp == NULL)
   cout << temp->data << " ";</pre>
   preorder(temp->left);
   preorder(temp->right);
void postorder(struct tree *head) {
   struct tree *temp;
   temp = head;
   if(temp == NULL)
       return;
```

```
postorder(temp->left);
    postorder(temp->right);
    cout << temp->data << " ";</pre>
void inorder(struct tree *head) {
    struct tree *temp;
    temp = head;
    if(temp == NULL)
        return;
    inorder(temp->left);
    cout << temp->data << " ";</pre>
    inorder(temp->right);
void minmax(struct tree *head,int m[]) {
    struct tree *temp;
    temp = head;
    if(temp == NULL)
    preorder(temp->left);
    if(temp->data < m[0])</pre>
        m[0] = temp->data;
    if(temp->data > m[1])
        m[1] = temp->data;
    preorder(temp->right);
void searching(struct tree *head) {
    bool found = false;
    int getNum;
    cout << "Enter the Number You want to find from tree : ";</pre>
    cin >> getNum;
    if(head == NULL) {
        cout << "The Tree is Empty." << endl;</pre>
        return;
    found = advancesearch(head,getNum);
    if(found)
        cout << "The Number You searching is present in the tree" << endl;</pre>
    else
        cout << "The Number You searching is not present in the tree" << endl;</pre>
bool advancesearch(struct tree *head,int getNum) {
    struct tree *temp;
```

```
temp = head;
   bool found = false;
   if(temp == NULL)
        return false;
   advancesearch(temp->left,getNum);
   if(temp->data == getNum) {
   advancesearch(temp->right,getNum);
struct tree * construct(struct tree *head) {
   int i = 0;
   cout << "Total Data You Want : ";</pre>
   cin \gg i;
   while(i > 0) {
       head = insert(head);
   return head;
struct tree * insert(struct tree *head) {
   bool target = false;
   int input;
   struct tree *n,*temp;
   temp = head;
   cout << "Enter Value : ";</pre>
   cin >> input;
   n = (struct tree *)malloc(sizeof(struct tree));
   if(head == NULL){
       head = n;
       while(!target) {
           if(temp->data > input && temp->left != NULL){
                temp = temp->left;
           else if(temp->data < input && temp->right != NULL ) {
                temp = temp->right;
            if((temp->data < input && temp->right == NULL) || (temp-
>data > input && temp->left == NULL)) {
                target = true;
```

```
if(temp->data < input) {</pre>
           temp->right = n;
           temp->left = n;
   n->data = input;
   n->left = n->right = NULL;
   return head;
struct tree * deleteNode(struct tree* head, int deletethis) {
   struct tree *temp;
   temp = head;
   if (temp == NULL)
       return temp;
   if (deletethis < temp->data)
       temp->left = deleteNode(temp->left, deletethis);
   else if (deletethis > temp->data)
       temp->right = deleteNode(temp->right, deletethis);
       if (temp->left == NULL)
           struct tree *temp2 = temp->right;
           free(temp);
           return temp2;
       else if (temp->right == NULL)
           struct tree *temp2 = temp->left;
           free(temp);
           return temp2;
       struct tree* temp2 = minfromRight(temp->right);
       temp->data = temp2->data;
       temp->right = deleteNode(temp->right, temp2->data);
   return temp;
struct tree * minfromRight(struct tree* temp) {
   struct tree* current = temp;
```

```
while (current && current->left != NULL)
        current = current->left;
return current;
}
```

PS E:\MCA\MCA SEM 3\DS\40%> .\BST.exe

```
1. Create Tree
```

- 2. PreOrder Traversal
- 3. PostOrder Traversal
- 4. InOrder Traversal
- 5. Insertion
- 6. Searching
- 7. Find Minimum & Maximum
- 8. Deletion
- 9. Exit

Enter Your Choice: 1

Total Data You Want: 5

Enter Value: 4

Enter Value: 2

Enter Value: 3

Enter Value: 7

Enter Value: 5

1. Create Tree

5. Insertion
6. Searching
7. Find Minimum & Maximum
8. Deletion
9. Exit
Enter Your Choice: 2
42375
1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal
5. Insertion
6. Searching
7. Find Minimum & Maximum
8. Deletion
9. Exit
Enter Your Choice : 3
3 2 5 7 4
1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal

2. PreOrder Traversal

3. PostOrder Traversal

4. InOrder Traversal

2 3 4 5 7
1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal
5. Insertion
6. Searching
7. Find Minimum & Maximum
8. Deletion
9. Exit
Enter Your Choice : 5
Enter Value : 6
1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal
5. Insertion
6. Searching

5. Insertion

6. Searching

8. Deletion

Enter Your Choice: 4

9. Exit

7. Find Minimum & Maximum

8. Deletion
9. Exit
Enter Your Choice : 4
2 3 4 5 6 7
1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal
5. Insertion
6. Searching
7. Find Minimum & Maximum
8. Deletion
9. Exit
Enter Your Choice : 6
Enter the Number You want to find from tree : 5
The Number You searching is present in the tree
1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal
5. Insertion
6. Searching
7. Find Minimum & Maximum

7. Find Minimum & Maximum

1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal
5. Insertion
6. Searching
7. Find Minimum & Maximum
8. Deletion
9. Exit
Enter Your Choice : 8
Enter The Number You want to delete : 5
1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal
5. Insertion
6. Searching
7. Find Minimum & Maximum

8. Deletion

Enter Your Choice: 7

Minimum From Tree is: 2

Maximum From Tree is: 7

9. Exit

8. Deletion
9. Exit
Enter Your Choice : 4
23467
1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal
5. Insertion
6. Searching
7. Find Minimum & Maximum
8. Deletion
9. Exit
Enter Your Choice : 2
42376
1. Create Tree
2. PreOrder Traversal
3. PostOrder Traversal
4. InOrder Traversal
5. Insertion
6. Searching
7. Find Minimum & Maximum
8. Deletion
9. Exit
Enter Your Choice : 9