

# Introduction/Tutorial on the Linux Ecosystem

Bash scripting, SSH, POSIX Threads, BSD Sockets (part 1)

---

Alexandru Iulian Orhean  
aorhean@hawk.iit.edu

Illinois Institute of Technology  
Computer Science Department  
Data-Intensive Distributed Systems Laboratory



# Table of contents

1. Introduction
2. The Shell
3. Bash Scripting
4. Secure Shell
5. POSIX Threads
6. BSD Sockets
7. Last remarks

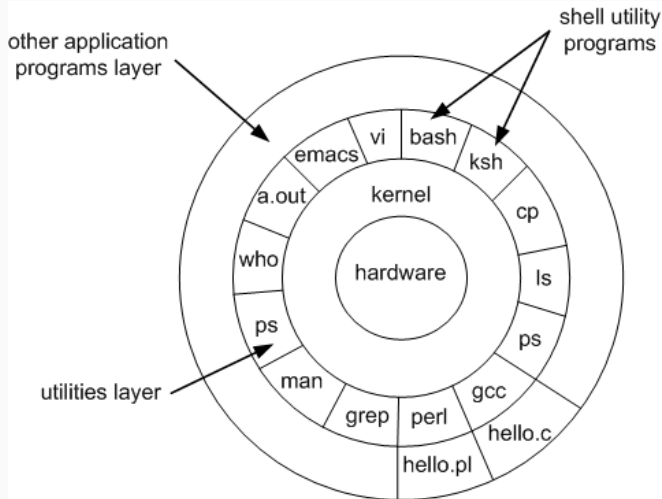
# Introduction

---

# Operating System (Overview)

- acts as an intermediary between a user and the hardware;
- manages computer hardware and software resources;
- large and complex software, implemented in layers;
- variety in purpose, design and implementation;

# Operating System (Overview)



`http://homepages.uc.edu/~thomam/Intro_Unix_Text/OS_Organization.html`

# Linux Distributions



# The Shell

---

# The Shell

- collection of utilities, text-based interface;
- allows users to communicate with the computer;
- allows programs to be started and tasks to be run;
  
- **sh** (Bourne shell) - basic shell, all UNIX systems;
- **ksh** (Korn shell) - Bourne shell enhanced;
- **csh** (C shell) - syntax similar to the C programming language;
- **bash** (Bourne Again Shell) - combines Korn Shell and C Shell, default in most Linux distributions;



# Unix/Linux commands

- file commands (ls, cd, pwd, rm, mv, cat, head);
- process management (ps, top, kill, bg, fg, jobs);
- file permissions (chmod, chown);
- system information (whoami, uname, man, du, df, free, which);
- compression (tar, gzip);
- network (ping, dig, wget, ssh);
- build and install (make, cmake, automake, dpkg, rpm, gcc);
- shortcuts (Ctrl+C, Ctrl+Z);

cheat sheet -

<https://files.fosswire.com/2007/08/fwunixref.pdf>

# Unix/Linux commands

`<cmd> --help`

`ps --help`

`du -help`

`man <cmd>`

`man tar`

`man uname`

`apropos <cmd>`

`apropos network`

`apropos disk`

search the Internet - <https://www.google.com>

cheat sheet -

<https://files.fosswire.com/2007/08/fwunixref.pdf>

# Bash Scripting

---

## Hadoop configuration - snippet

```
#!/bin/bash

export HADOOP_PREFIX=$(pwd)/download/hadoop-2.7.4
master="null"

while read line
do
    if [ "$master" == "null" ]
    then
        master=$line
        echo "$line" > $HADOOP_PREFIX/etc/hadoop/slaves
    else
        echo "$line" >> $HADOOP_PREFIX/etc/hadoop/slaves
    fi
done < hadoop-config.cfg
```

# Hadoop configuration - snippet

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
export HADOOP_PREFIX=$(pwd)/download/hadoop-2.7.4  
master="null"
```

```
head -n 24 $HADOOP_PREFIX/etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.sh > temp.txt  
echo "export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-amd64" \  
  >> temp.txt  
echo "export HADOOP_PREFIX=$(pwd)/download/hadoop-2.7.4" >> temp.txt  
head -n -25 $HADOOP_PREFIX/etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.sh >> temp.txt  
cat temp.txt > $HADOOP_PREFIX/etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.sh
```

```
rm temp.txt
```

# Iterate program - snippet

```
#!/bin/bash

function clear_cache {
    sync
    sudo sh -c 'echo 3 > /proc/sys/vm/drop_caches'
}

export CLASSPATH="lib/lucene-7.1.0/build/core/classes/java/:bin"
path_hdd="/home/loki/data/"
path_ssd="/storage/data/"
log="iteration.log"

echo -n "" > $log
for i in {1..10}
do
    file="dataset$((i * 200))MB.txt"

    clear_cache
    java XSearchData $path_hdd$file $path_hdd$terms &>> $log
done
```

- "gluing together" system calls, tools, utilities, and binary programs;
- automate configuration steps and file editing procedures;
- automate program iteration under variant arguments;
- especially suited for system administration tasks;

more resource - <http://tldp.org/LDP/abs/html/>

# Secure Shell

---



# POSIX Threads

---

## BSD Sockets

---

Last remarks

---