# **CSC 510 SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**

#### PROJ 1C1

## **Group 17 Team Members:**

- 1. Pradyumna Chacham, pchacha2
- 2. Sai Mahathi Suryadevara, ssuryad6
- 3. Sai Sumedh Kaveti, skaveti
- 4. Sadana Ragoor, sragoor

#### 10 New MVP Use Cases

# **UC-MVP-1: Register and Log In (Customer)**

- **Preconditions:** Customer has internet access; system is operational.
- Main Flow:
  - Customer accesses the application.
  - o Customer selects "Register" or "Login."
  - If registering, customer provides essential details (e.g., username, password, email). System validates inputs.
  - If logging in, customer provides existing credentials.
  - o System verifies credentials and grants access, creating a user session.

#### Subflows:

• **SF-1.1: Password Reset:** User requests password reset; system sends reset link to registered email; user creates new password.

# Alternative Flows:

- **AF-1.1: Invalid Registration Input:** System displays specific error messages (e.g., "Username already exists," "Invalid email format"). Customer corrects input.
- AF-1.2: Invalid Login Credentials: System displays "Invalid username or password."
   Customer retries or initiates password reset.
- **AF-1.3: Multiple Failed Login Attempts:** System temporarily locks the account and notifies the customer via email.

## **UC-MVP-2: Browse Menu (Customer)**

- **Preconditions:** Customer is logged in; items exist in the system and are available.
- Main Flow:
  - Customer opens the application and views a list of available restaurants.
  - Customer selects a restaurant to browse its menu.
  - System displays menu items, typically grouped by category.
  - Customer views item details (name, price, description).
- Subflows:
  - SF-2.1: Search Menu: Customer enters keywords to search for specific items within a restaurant's menu.
- Alternative Flows:
  - AF-2.1: No Restaurants Available: System displays "No restaurants delivering to your area currently."

• AF-2.2: No Menu Items Available: If a selected restaurant has no active menu items, the system displays "Menu unavailable".

## **UC-MVP-3: Place Order (Customer)**

• **Preconditions:** Customer is logged in; desired items are available from an active restaurant; customer has a valid payment method configured.

#### Main Flow:

- Customer, after browsing, selects desired items and adds them to a cart.
- Customer proceeds to checkout, confirming delivery address and selected payment method.
- Customer submits payment (referring to UC-MVP-9).
- System processes the order and sends a confirmation notification (referring to UC-MVP-10).

#### • Subflows:

• **SF-3.1: Adjust Item Quantity:** Customer can increase or decrease the quantity of an item in the cart.

#### • Alternative Flows:

- **AF-3.1: Item Out of Stock:** System notifies customer that an item is unavailable at checkout. Customer can remove or replace the item.
- **AF-3.2: Payment Fails:** System displays an error message ("Payment Failed"). Customer is prompted to retry payment or select another method.
- **AF-3.3: Restaurant Closes During Order:** System notifies customer that the restaurant is no longer accepting orders.

#### **UC-MVP-4: Manage Menu Items (Staff)**

• **Preconditions:** Staff is logged into the restaurant portal with appropriate permissions.

#### • Main Flow:

- Staff logs into the restaurant portal.
- o Staff selects "Menu Management."
- Staff can choose to create a new item, edit an existing item, or update an item's availability.
- If creating, staff enters item details (name, price, description).
- If editing, staff modifies selected item details.
- o If updating availability, staff marks an item as "In Stock" or "Sold Out".
- System saves changes and immediately updates the customer-facing menu.

#### Subflows:

• **SF-4.1: Validate Item Details:** System validates that required fields (e.g., item name, price) are not empty and price is a positive number.

#### • Alternative Flows:

- o **AF-4.1: Invalid Input:** System displays a specific error message (e.g., "Item name cannot be empty," "Price must be greater than zero"). Staff corrects input.
- **AF-4.2: Error Updating Menu:** System logs the error and retries updating the menu, or alerts an administrator if persistent.

# **UC-MVP-5: Fulfill Order (Staff)**

- **Preconditions:** An order has been placed by a customer and received by the restaurant.
- Main Flow:
  - Staff views pending orders on the kitchen display or tablet.
  - Staff selects an order and marks it as "In Preparation."
  - Staff prepares the food items for the order.
  - Once all items are prepared, Staff marks the order as "Ready for Pickup/Delivery".
  - System updates the order status and queues it for driver assignment, notifying the customer and relevant driver (referring to UC-MVP-10).

#### • Subflows:

• SF-5.1: Review Order Details: Staff can view specific item quantities, special instructions, and customer notes for an order.

## • Alternative Flows:

- AF-5.1: Ingredient Shortage: Staff marks individual items or the entire order as canceled due to unavailability. System notifies customer and processes a partial/full refund/credit.
- **AF-5.2: Display Failure:** If the digital kitchen display fails, staff can switch to a manual backup (e.g., printed tickets).

## **UC-MVP-6: Accept and Deliver Order (Driver)**

• **Preconditions:** Driver is logged in and marked as "Available"; an order is "Ready for Pickup".

#### • Main Flow:

- System sends a new order request to an available driver.
- o Driver reviews order details (pickup/delivery locations, estimated earnings).
- o Driver selects "Accept" for the order.
- System updates order status to "Driver Assigned" and provides pickup instructions to the driver
- Driver navigates to the restaurant, picks up the order, and confirms pickup in the app.
- o Driver navigates to the customer's location and delivers the order.
- Driver marks the order as "Delivered." System updates status and triggers notification (referring to UC-MVP-10).

#### • Subflows:

• **SF-6.1: Basic Navigation:** System provides a link to an external mapping service for directions.

#### • Alternative Flows:

- **AF-6.1: Driver Rejects Order:** System sends the order to the next available driver.
- **AF-6.2: Customer Unavailable:** Driver attempts to contact the customer (referring to UC-MVP-10). If unsuccessful, driver follows a pre-defined protocol (e.g., wait period, return to restaurant).
- **AF-6.3: Traffic/Delay:** Driver can manually update their estimated arrival time if experiencing a significant delay, and the system notifies the customer.

#### **UC-MVP-7: Track Order Status (Customer)**

• **Preconditions:** Customer is logged in; customer has one or more active orders.

#### Main Flow:

- Customer logs in and navigates to the "My Orders" section.
- System displays a list of current and recent orders with their current status (e.g., "Pending," "In Preparation," "On the Way," "Delivered").
- Customer selects a specific order to view more detailed status updates (e.g., "Restaurant preparing," "Driver picking up," "Driver 5 mins away").

## • Subflows:

• SF-7.1: View Order Summary: Customer can view the items ordered and total cost for any past or current order.

#### • Alternative Flows:

- **AF-7.1: Order Not Found:** If a specific order cannot be retrieved, the system displays "Order not found".
- **AF-7.2: No Active Orders:** If no current orders, the system displays "You have no active orders."

# **UC-MVP-8: Report an Issue with an Order (Customer)**

• **Preconditions:** Customer is logged in; customer has received an order or has an issue with an ongoing order.

#### • Main Flow:

- Customer navigates to their "My Orders" and selects the order with an issue.
- o Customer selects "Report an Issue."
- Customer chooses a reason from a predefined list (e.g., "Missing item," "Incorrect item," "Cold food," "Late delivery") and provides a brief description.
- Customer submits the report.
- System logs the report and notifies the restaurant and/or a support administrator.

#### • Subflows:

• SF-8.1: Attach Photo (Optional): Customer can optionally attach a photo to the report for visual evidence.

## • Alternative Flows:

- AF-8.1: Issue Not Valid for Immediate Refund: System explains the policy regarding
  the chosen issue and may offer a credit for future orders, if applicable, based on basic
  rules.
- **AF-8.2: Report Submission Failure:** System displays an error if the report cannot be submitted (e.g., no internet connection) and prompts the customer to retry.

## **UC-MVP-9: Process a Payment (System)**

• **Preconditions:** Customer has submitted valid payment details during checkout; system is connected to an external payment processor.

## • Main Flow:

- System receives a payment request from a customer's order.
- System sends the payment request, including amount and tokenized payment details, to the external payment processor.
- The payment processor authorizes the transaction.
- System receives authorization confirmation from the payment processor and finalizes the order.

#### • Subflows:

• **SF-9.1: Payment Tokenization:** Payment details are tokenized securely before being sent to the processor to minimize sensitive data handling within the core system.

#### • Alternative Flows:

- **AF-9.1: Payment Declined:** System receives a decline message from the processor. An error is displayed to the customer, and retry options are provided.
- AF-9.2: Payment Processor Unavailable: System logs the error and attempts to queue the transaction for a retry after a short delay, or alerts an administrator if the issue persists.

# **UC-MVP-10: Send Basic Notification (System)**

• **Preconditions:** A significant event has occurred within the system (e.g., order confirmed, order ready, driver assigned, order delivered, account created).

#### • Main Flow:

- An event within the system triggers a request to send a notification.
- System identifies the recipient (customer, staff, driver) and the type of notification (e.g., in-app message, SMS, email).
- System composes the notification content based on the event.
- System sends the notification content via the appropriate external notification service.
- Notification is delivered to the recipient.

#### • Subflows:

• **SF-10.1: Basic User Preferences:** System respects basic user notification preferences (e.g., enable/disable all notifications).

#### • Alternative Flows:

- **AF-10.1: Notification Service Unavailable:** System queues the notification for later delivery once the service is available, or attempts a retry after a delay.
- **AF-10.2: Recipient Opt-Out:** System checks for user opt-out status and does not send notifications to those who have opted out.

**MVP Success Metric:** Can 100 orders flow through this system in one day without any manual intervention or major customer complaints?

Everything else is a luxury until you hit this baseline reliability

#### REFLECTION DOCUMENT

#### **USECASES THAT WERE DISCARDED**

# Common Properties among the Use Cases that were decided to NOT be used in the MVP

- Advanced Customer Experience & Personalization: Features that offer highly tailored, social, or specialized user interactions, such as dynamic promotions, group ordering, or detailed health-conscious filtering [UC-1, UC-2, UC-3]. These add complexity not critical for initial user validation
- Sophisticated Operational & Logistics Optimization: Complex systems designed for high efficiency, flexibility, or detailed management for restaurants and drivers, including advanced scheduling, route optimization, and granular earnings transparency [UC-7, UC-10, UC-11, UC-12, UC-13]. An MVP streamlines these to core functions.
- Business Intelligence, Analytics, and Predictive Capabilities: Features requiring significant data collection, deep analysis, and often Machine Learning (ML) for forecasting, proactive monitoring, and performance optimization [UC-7, UC-17, UC-18, UC-21]. These introduce substantial development overhead for initial product launch.
- Platform Governance & Strategic Growth: Use cases focused on the long-term strategic direction, scalability, complex stakeholder management, or market expansion [UC-19, UC-22, UC-26, UC-27, UC-28]. These address mature platform concerns, not initial functionality.
- Extensive Third-Party Integrations: Beyond essential integrations (like basic payment), these involve deep or broad efforts to connect with diverse external systems, adding considerable technical complexity [UC-29, UC-30]. An MVP would minimize external dependencies to essential ones.
- **Proactive System Management & Crisis Response**: Features for handling system disruptions or preventing them through automated detection and coordination, indicating a level of system maturity and resilience beyond an MVP's focus [UC-16, UC-17].

How did we decide what NOT to do?

We used two tests to decide what to cut:

- 1. **Make-or-Break Test** If this fails, does the platform die?
- 2. Core Value Test Does this help deliver a single meal?

From 30 use cases, we kept 10 on the critical path: order  $\rightarrow$  prepare  $\rightarrow$  deliver  $\rightarrow$  receive & pay.

**Approach:** Instead of half-building many weak features, we fully built the essentials. For example, a reliable manual order system was prioritized over a buggy POS integration.

**Result:** A simple, functional platform that delivers food reliably today, with room to add advanced features tomorrow.

## NEGATIVE IMPACTS/DISAPPOINTMENTS TO THE STAKEHOLDERS

The MVP's focused, minimal scope, will result in the omission of advanced features, optimizations, and comprehensive management tools, leading to operational inefficiencies and a less sophisticated experience across various stakeholders.

## 1. For Customers:

- Limited Personalization & Incentives
- No Social/Group Ordering
- Reduced Convenience Features

# 2. For Staff (Restaurant Personnel):

- Operational Inefficiencies
- Manual Order Handling

# 3. For Delivery Drivers:

- Lack of Flexibility & Autonomy
- Inefficient Routes
- Limited Earnings Transparency

#### 4. For Administrators:

- Reduced Strategic Oversight
- Manual Crisis & Growth Management
- Complex Partner & Integration Management

## **5. For Project Sponsors / Product Owners / Managers**:

- Less Feature-Rich Product
- Limited Strategic Insights
- No Cooperative Governance

# 6. For Accessibility Users:

• Deferred Accessibility Features

## ADJUSTMENTS MADE TO MVP USE CASES TO SATISFY STAKEHOLDERS

To make the reduced set of MVP use cases acceptable to different stakeholders, small but meaningful adjustments were introduced:

#### Customers

- *Place Order*: added a simple discount option (e.g., first-order promotion) to partially replace advanced personalization and loyalty features.
- Track Order Status: expanded to include past order details, making it easier for customers to manually reorder.

## • Restaurant Staff

• *Manage Menu Items*: allowed staff to instantly mark items as "Sold Out," compensating for the lack of advanced inventory and alerts.

• Fulfill Order: ensured orders appear on a digital kitchen display/tablet, providing a smoother workflow without full POS integration.

# Delivery Drivers

- Accept and Deliver Order: added estimated earnings visibility before acceptance and a basic navigation link to external mapping tools, partially substituting advanced routing and earnings transparency.
- *Notifications*: included the ability to contact dispatcher/support if issues arise, covering for the absence of automated crisis handling.

## Administrators

- Process a Payment: extended to include basic user roles and settings management, ensuring minimal administrative control in the absence of advanced governance and analytics.
- Report an Issue: ensured that all issues are logged and routed to staff/admins, providing incident visibility in place of proactive monitoring.

# • Project Sponsors / Product Owners

• Report an Issue: also serves as a validated learning tool by capturing customer pain points and generating qualitative data to guide future development.

# **PROMPT HISTORY:**

Used Gemini NotebookLM, ChatGPT

https://g.co/gemini/share/7de211fd041f

https://claude.ai/share/21330d7b-a042-4dee-9dae-f9660a8601e6