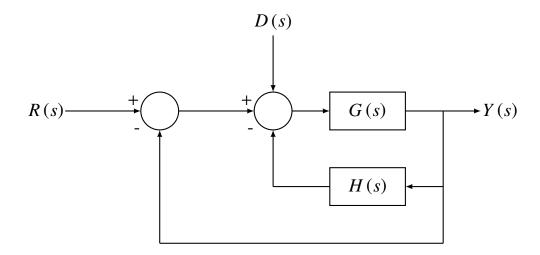
## 1

## GATE 2023 EC

## Praful Kesavadas EE23BTECH11049

**Question:** 42 In the following block diagram, R(s) and D(s) are two inputs. The output Y(s) is expressed as  $Y(s) = G_1(s)R(s) + G_2(s)D(s)$   $G_1(s)$  and  $G_2(s)$  are given by



a) 
$$G_1(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + G(s)H(s)}$$
 and  $G_2(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + G(s)H(s)}$ 

b) 
$$G_1(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + H(s)}$$
 and  $G_2(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + H(s)}$ 

c) 
$$G_1(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + H(s)}$$
 and  $G_2(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + G(s)H(s)}$ 

d) 
$$G_1(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + G(s)H(s)}$$
 and  $G_2(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + H(s)}$ 

## **Solution:**

Let  $Y(s) = Y_1(s) + Y_2(s)$ , where  $Y_1(s)$  = output considering only R(s),  $Y_2(s)$  = Output considering only D(s)

When only R(s) is present:

$$R(s) \xrightarrow{1} \underbrace{\begin{array}{c} -1 \\ G(s) \\ y_1 \end{array}}_{y_2} Y_1(s)$$

$$-H(s)$$

$$R(s) \xrightarrow{1} \xrightarrow{\frac{G(s)}{1+G(s)H(s)}} Y_1(s)$$

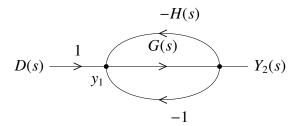
$$\frac{Y_1(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{\frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)H(s)}}{1 + \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)H(s)}}$$
(1)

$$Y_1(s) = \left[\frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + G(s)H(s)}\right] R(s) \tag{2}$$

Hence,

$$G_1(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + G(s)H(s)}$$
(3)

When only D(s) is present,



$$D(s) \xrightarrow{1} G(s)$$

$$Y_2(s)$$

$$-(1 + H(s))$$

$$\frac{Y_2(s)}{D(s)} = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)[1 + H(s)]} \tag{4}$$

$$Y_2(s) = \left[\frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)\left[1 + H(s)\right]}\right] D(s)$$
(5)

Hence,

$$G_2(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s) + G(s)H(s)}$$
(6)

Option (a) is correct