

# Discrete Assignment

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**Question 11.9.5.15:** The  $p$ th,  $q$ th and  $r$ th terms of an AP are  $a, b, c$  respectively. Show that

$$(q - r)a + (r - p)b + (p - q)c = 0$$

**Solution:**

The AP has the following parameters

Term	Value	Description
$x(0)$	-	First term
$d$	-	Common Difference
$x(n - 1)$	$x(0) + (n - 1)d$	General term
$x(p - 1)$	$a$	$p$ th term
$x(q - 1)$	$b$	$q$ th term
$x(r - 1)$	$c$	$r$ th term

TABLE 0  
INPUT PARAMETERS

Now,

$$x(p - 1) = x(0) + (p - 1)d = a \quad (1)$$

$$x(q - 1) = x(0) + (q - 1)d = b \quad (2)$$

$$x(r - 1) = x(0) + (r - 1)d = c \quad (3)$$

$$p - q = \frac{a - b}{d} \quad (4)$$

$$q - r = \frac{b - c}{d} \quad (5)$$

$$r - p = \frac{c - a}{d} \quad (6)$$

Now, from (4), (5) and (6),

$$\begin{aligned} (q - r)a + (r - p)b + (p - q)c &= \frac{b - c}{d}.a + \frac{c - a}{d}.b + \frac{a - b}{d}.c \\ &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

Hence proved