```
#python
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
# Import the numpy and pandas package
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
# Data Visualisation
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# Correct URL for raw CSV data on GitHub
url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PragadishTRS/HOUSING_PRICE/main/Housing.csv"
housing = pd.read_csv(url)
housing = pd.DataFrame(housing) # Convert to DataFrame if needed
print(housing.head())
₹
           price
                 area
                       bedrooms
                                 bathrooms stories mainroad guestroom basement \
     0 13300000
                 7420
                               4
                                          2
                                                   3
                                                          yes
                                                                     no
                                                                              no
       12250000
     1
                  8960
                               4
                                          4
                                                   4
                                                          yes
                                                                     no
                                                                              no
     2 12250000
                  9960
                                          2
                                                          yes
                                                                     no
                                                                              yes
     3
       12215000
                 7500
                               4
                                          2
                                                   2
                                                          ves
                                                                     no
                                                                             ves
     4 11410000 7420
                               4
                                          1
                                                   2
                                                          yes
                                                                    yes
                                                                              yes
       hotwaterheating airconditioning parking prefarea furnishingstatus
     0
                                                                 furnished
                    no
                                   yes
                                              2
                                                     yes
                                   yes
     1
                    no
                                              3
                                                      no
                                                                 furnished
     2
                                                           semi-furnished
                    no
                                   no
                                              2
                                                     yes
                                                                 furnished
     3
                                   yes
                                                     yes
                    no
                                              3
     4
                    no
                                   yes
                                              2
                                                      no
                                                                 furnished
```

housing.head()



housing.shape

→ (545, 13)

housing.info()

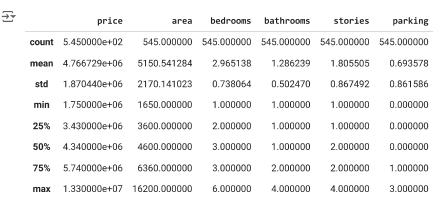
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 545 entries, 0 to 544 Data columns (total 13 columns): Non-Null Count Dtype # Column -----545 non-null 0 price int64 545 non-null int64 area 545 non-null int64 2 bedrooms int64 3 bathrooms 545 non-null 4 stories 545 non-null int64 mainroad 545 non-null object 545 non-null 6 guestroom object basement 545 non-null object hotwaterheating 545 non-null object airconditioning 545 non-null object 545 non-null 10 parking int64 11 prefarea 545 non-null object

12 furnishingstatus 545 non-null

dtypes: int64(6), object(7)
memory usage: 55.5+ KB

object

housing.describe()



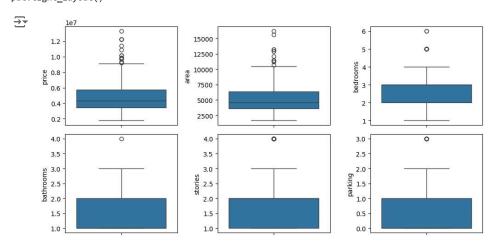
Checking Null values

housing.isnull().sum()*100/housing.shape[0]

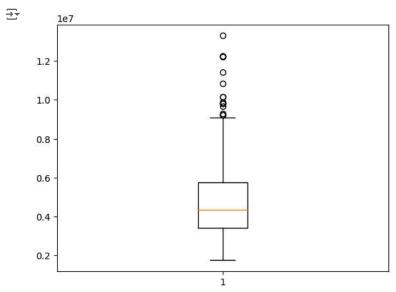


Outlier Analysis

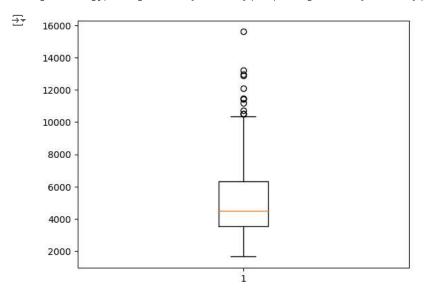
```
fig, axs = plt.subplots(2,3, figsize = (10,5))
plt1 = sns.boxplot(housing['price'], ax = axs[0,0])
plt2 = sns.boxplot(housing['area'], ax = axs[0,1])
plt3 = sns.boxplot(housing['bedrooms'], ax = axs[0,2])
plt1 = sns.boxplot(housing['bathrooms'], ax = axs[1,0])
plt2 = sns.boxplot(housing['stories'], ax = axs[1,1])
plt3 = sns.boxplot(housing['parking'], ax = axs[1,2])
plt.tight_layout()
```



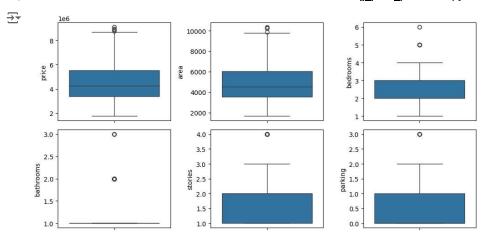
```
# outlier treatment for price
plt.boxplot(housing.price)
Q1 = housing.price.quantile(0.25)
Q3 = housing.price.quantile(0.75)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
housing = housing[(housing.price >= Q1 - 1.5*IQR) & (housing.price <= Q3 + 1.5*IQR)]</pre>
```



```
# outlier treatment for area
plt.boxplot(housing.area)
Q1 = housing.area.quantile(0.25)
Q3 = housing.area.quantile(0.75)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
housing = housing[(housing.area >= Q1 - 1.5*IQR) & (housing.area <= Q3 + 1.5*IQR)]</pre>
```



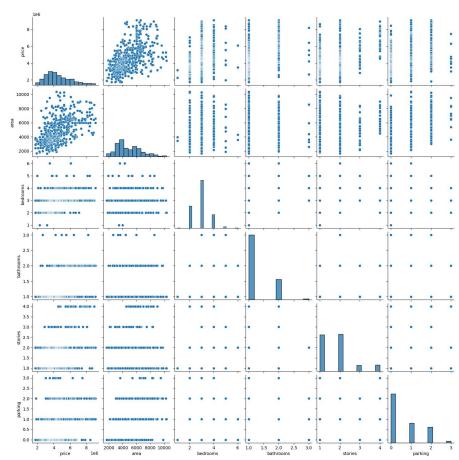
```
# Outlier Analysis
fig, axs = plt.subplots(2,3, figsize = (10,5))
plt1 = sns.boxplot(housing['price'], ax = axs[0,0])
plt2 = sns.boxplot(housing['area'], ax = axs[0,1])
plt3 = sns.boxplot(housing['bedrooms'], ax = axs[0,2])
plt1 = sns.boxplot(housing['bathrooms'], ax = axs[1,0])
plt2 = sns.boxplot(housing['stories'], ax = axs[1,1])
plt3 = sns.boxplot(housing['parking'], ax = axs[1,2])
plt.tight_layout()
```



sns.pairplot(housing)

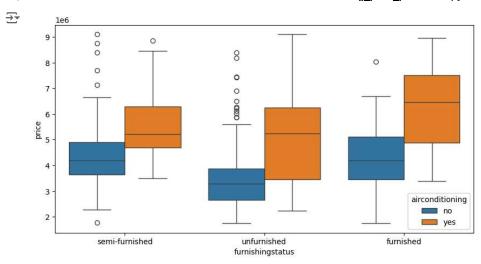
plt.show()





```
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 12))
plt.subplot(2,3,1)
sns.boxplot(x = 'mainroad', y = 'price', data = housing)
plt.subplot(2,3,2)
sns.boxplot(x = 'guestroom', y = 'price', data = housing)
plt.subplot(2,3,3)
sns.boxplot(x = 'basement', y = 'price', data = housing)
plt.subplot(2,3,4)
sns.boxplot(x = 'hotwaterheating', y = 'price', data = housing)
plt.subplot(2,3,5)
sns.boxplot(x = 'airconditioning', y = 'price', data = housing)
plt.subplot(2,3,6)
sns.boxplot(x = 'furnishingstatus', y = 'price', data = housing)
plt.show()
₹
     brice
```

```
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 5))
sns.boxplot(x = 'furnishingstatus', y = 'price', hue = 'airconditioning', data = housing)
plt.show()
```



```
varlist = ['mainroad', 'guestroom', 'basement', 'hotwaterheating', 'airconditioning', 'prefarea']

# Defining the map function
def binary_map(x):
    return x.map({'yes': 1, "no": 0})

# Applying the function to the housing list
housing[varlist] = housing[varlist].apply(binary_map)
```

housing.head()

₹		price	area	bedrooms	bathrooms	stories	mainroad	guestroom	basement	hotwater
	15	9100000	6000	4	1	2	1	0	1	
	16	9100000	6600	4	2	2	1	1	1	
	17	8960000	8500	3	2	4	1	0	0	
	18	8890000	4600	3	2	2	1	1	0	
	19	8855000	6420	3	2	2	1	0	0	
	4									

Get the dummy variables for the feature 'furnishingstatus' and store it in a new variable - 'status'
status = pd.get_dummies(housing['furnishingstatus'])
Check what the dataset 'status' looks like
status.head()

₹		furnished	semi-furnished	unfurnished
	15	False	True	False
	16	False	False	True
	17	True	False	False
	18	True	False	False
	19	False	True	False

status = pd.get_dummies(housing['furnishingstatus'], drop_first = True)
Add the results to original housing dataframe

housing = pd.concat([housing, status], axis = 1)

housing.head()



	price	area	bedrooms	bathrooms	stories	mainroad	guestroom	basement	hotwater
15	9100000	6000	4	1	2	1	0	1	
16	9100000	6600	4	2	2	1	1	1	
17	8960000	8500	3	2	4	1	0	0	
18	8890000	4600	3	2	2	1	1	0	
4									>

housing.drop(['furnishingstatus'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
housing.head()



	price	area	bedrooms	bathrooms	stories	mainroad	guestroom	basement	hotwater
15	9100000	6000	4	1	2	1	0	1	
16	9100000	6600	4	2	2	1	1	1	
17	8960000	8500	3	2	4	1	0	0	
18	8890000	4600	3	2	2	1	1	0	
4									>

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

```
np.random.seed(0)
df_train, df_test = train_test_split(housing, train_size = 0.7, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 100)
```

from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()

```
num_vars = ['area', 'bedrooms', 'bathrooms', 'stories', 'parking','price']
```

 $\label{eq:df_train[num_vars]} = scaler.fit_transform(df_train[num_vars])$

df_train.head()



	price	area	bedrooms	bathrooms	stories	mainroad	guestroom	basement	ho [.]
148	0.523810	0.526907	0.4	0.0	0.666667	1	0	0	
236	0.390476	0.114134	0.2	0.0	0.333333	1	1	1	
356	0.275238	0.072738	0.8	0.5	0.000000	0	0	1	
425	0.219048	0.151390	0.2	0.0	0.000000	1	0	1	
4									•

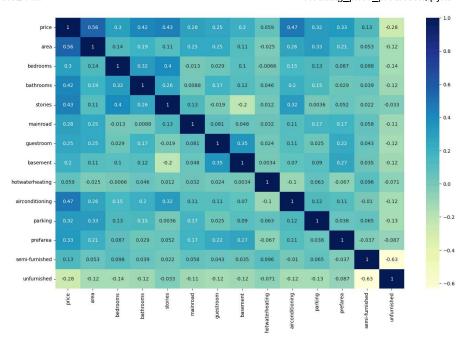
df_train.describe()



	price	area	bedrooms	bathrooms	stories	mainroad	guestroom
count	361.000000	361.000000	361.000000	361.000000	361.000000	361.000000	361.000000
mean	0.383701	0.350081	0.390582	0.127424	0.268698	0.875346	0.168975
std	0.209712	0.207184	0.149146	0.224465	0.287833	0.330784	0.375250
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.237143	0.189829	0.200000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000
50%	0.338095	0.295092	0.400000	0.000000	0.333333	1.000000	0.000000
75%	0.514286	0.491425	0.400000	0.000000	0.333333	1.000000	0.000000
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000

```
plt.figure(figsize = (16, 10))
sns.heatmap(df_train.corr(), annot = True, cmap="YlGnBu")
plt.show()
```





```
y_train = df_train.pop('price')
X_train = df_train
from sklearn.feature_selection import RFE
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
# Running RFE with the output number of the variable equal to 10
lm = LinearRegression()
lm.fit(X_train, y_train)
     ▼ LinearRegression
     LinearRegression()
rfe = RFE(lm, n_features_to_select=6)
rfe = rfe.fit(X_train, y_train)
list(zip(X_train.columns,rfe.support_,rfe.ranking_))
    [('area', True, 1),
      ('bedrooms', False, 7),
      ('bathrooms', True, 1),
      ('stories', True, 1), ('mainroad', False, 5),
```

```
('guestroom', False, 6),
      ('basement', False, 4),
     ('hotwaterheating', False, 2),
     ('airconditioning', True, 1),
     ('parking', True, 1),
     ('prefarea', True, 1),
     ('semi-furnished', False, 8),
     ('unfurnished', False, 3)]
col = X_train.columns[rfe.support_]
col
→ Index(['area', 'bathrooms', 'stories', 'airconditioning', 'parking',
           'prefarea'],
          dtype='object')
X_train.columns[~rfe.support_]
Index(['bedrooms', 'mainroad', 'guestroom', 'basement', 'hotwaterheating',
           'semi-furnished', 'unfurnished'],
          dtype='object')
X_train_rfe = X_train[col]
import statsmodels.api as sm
X_train_rfe = sm.add_constant(X_train_rfe)
lm = sm.OLS(y_train,X_train_rfe).fit()
print(lm.summary())
                             OLS Regression Results
    ______
    Dep. Variable: price R-squared:
Model: OLS Adj. R-squared:
Method: Least Squares F-statistic:
    Method:
                                                                      0.605
                                                                     92.83
    Date: Fri, 28 Jun 2024
Time: 11.13.35
                                        Prob (F-statistic):
                                                                 1.31e-69
    No. Observations: 361
Df Residuals: 354
Df Model:
                                        Log-Likelihood:
                                                                     222.77
                                  361 AIC:
                                        BIC:
                                                                     -404.3
    Covariance Type: nonrobust
    _______
                      coef std err t P>|t| [0.025 0.975]
    _____
    const 0.1097 0.015 7.442 0.000 0.081 area 0.3502 0.037 9.361 0.000 0.277 bathrooms 0.2012 0.033 6.134 0.000 0.137 stories 0.1884 0.026 7.219 0.000 0.137 airconditioning 0.0965 0.016 5.890 0.000 0.064 parking 0.1009 0.262 3.016 0.000 0.064
                                                                          0.424
                                                                          0.266
                                                                          0.240
                                                                          0.129

    0.026
    3.916
    0.000
    0.050

    0.018
    6.288
    0.000
    0.076

    parking 0.1009
prefarea 0.1102
                                                                      0.152
0.145
    ______
                54.330 Durbin-Watson:
: 0.000 Jarque-Bera (JB):
                                                                     2.060
    Omnibus:
    Prob(Omnibus):
                                                                    125 403
                               0.762 Prob(JB):
                                5.453 Cond. No.
    Kurtosis:
                                                                      6.98
    ______
    [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
from statsmodels.stats.outliers_influence import variance_inflation_factor
vif = pd.DataFrame()
X = X_train_rfe
vif['Features'] = X.columns
vif['VIF'] = [variance_inflation_factor(X.values, i) for i in range(X.shape[1])]
vif['VIF'] = round(vif['VIF'], 2)
vif = vif.sort_values(by = "VIF", ascending = False)
vif
```

```
Features VIF

0 const 4.51

1 area 1.24

4 airconditioning 1.20

3 stories 1.17

5 parking 1.14

2 bathrooms 1.12

6 prefarea 1.05
```

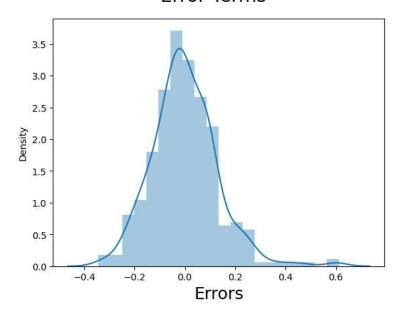
```
y_train_price = lm.predict(X_train_rfe)
res = (y_train_price - y_train)

# Importing the required libraries for plots.
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline

# Plot the histogram
fig = plt.figure()
sns.distplot((y_train - y_train_price), bins = 20)
fig.suptitle('Error Terms', fontsize = 20)
plt.xlabel('Errors', fontsize = 18)

Text(0.5, 0, 'Errors')
```

Error Terms



plt.scatter(y_train,res)
plt.show()