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ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

AKSHAT SHRIVASTAVA
21BCM0068
Email ID: Akshat.shrivastava2021@vitstudent.ac.in

What is Artificial Intelligence?

It is the technology and engineering of creating clever machines, especially clever pc programs. It is associated with the same venture of the use of computer systems to apprehend human intelligence, however, AI does now no longer ought to confine itself to techniques that can be biologically observable.[1]

ARTIFICIAL intelligence (AI) is outlined as intelligence exhibited by a man-made entity to unravel complicated issues and such a system is usually assumed to be a laptop or machine. AI is an integration of computer science and physiology Intelligence in easy language is that the procedure is a part of the power to attain goals within the world. Intelligence is the ability to assume to imagine making memorizing and understanding, recognizing patterns, creating selections adapting to vary, and learning from experience. AI is involved with making computers behave like humans in a lot of human-like fashion and in a lot of less time than an individual takes. thus it's referred to as Artificial Intelligence.[2]

History of AI

Two of the participants, Herbert Simon and Allen Newell, proposed more specifically that human minds and modern digital computers are “like-kind”, that is, systems for processing symbolic information; both take symbolic information as input, manipulate it according to a formal set of rules, and in doing so can solve problems, make judgments and make decisions (CrowtherHeyck, 2008; Heyck, 2005; Newell and Simon, 1972). workshop, it became the dominant approach, and as a result, artificial intelligence researchers decided to identify the formal processes that made up intelligent human behavior in medical diagnosis, chess, math, language processing, etc., in the hope of reproducing this behavior by automated means.[3]

- In finding out computer science, it's extraordinarily helpful to know the background of philosophy, linguistics, biology, and psychology.
- Philosophers, from Plato and Aristotle to Searle and Dennett, have asked queries and provided opinions regarding the character of intelligence and {also the} ability to outline it in an exceedingly means that might change North American country to program a pc with real intelligence.
- The Fifties were a time of nice optimism in Artificial Intelligence and also a time of great progress within the field.

Turing' check could be thanks to determining if a pc is really intelligent, by seeing if it might fool a person's in spoken language into thinking that it too was human. it's wide believed nowadays that notwithstanding a computer could pass the mathematician test, it might still not truly be conscious or intelligent within the means that humans are.

In 1956 the term computer science was coined by John McCarthy.

- Since the 1950s, the study of computer science has been seasoned with an excellent deal of realism. The progress in recent years has been phenomenal. [4]

AI is, therefore, a part of laptop science. Its history may be a comparatively short one - as an associate degree freelance field of study, it dates back to the mid-1950s. The AI approach contrasts with an older methodology of finding out cognition, that of experimental psychology. science has long had intelligence among its central concerns, intelligence not even as measured in IQ tests, however within the broader sense within which it's needed for thinking, reasoning, and learning, and in their conditions high-level sensory activity skills, the representation of data and also the ability to use language.[5]

AI in India

The government of the Republic of India is sharply attempting to extend human capital on a national scale, with selected stress on its younger population through the talent India initiative, whereas seeking to draw in international production to India via its create in India program. the opposite part of this modernizing triad is that the Digital India initiative: a determined push to expand digital access nationwide. AI can have a right away impact on every of those flagship initiatives of Prime Minister Narendra Modi within the immediate future, creating it all the additional imperative for policymakers in India to require seriously AI's potential for national ways and to get on the line in developing AI technology. For the Republic of India to maximally take pleasure in the AI revolution, it should adopt a deliberate policy to drive AI innovation, adaptation, and proliferation in sectors on the far side simply goods and knowledge technology (IT) services. AI's fast diffusion begets distinctive opportunities and challenges for India: establishing policies specifically designed for the short term and crafting the Modi policies to include and emphasize AI, in addition to for the medium and long terms, can enable India to understand the technology's full potential. whereas India has beyond question been a good person of AI's rapid ascent, AI has however to capture the imagination of the country's policymakers. In preceding the chance to inaugurate national ways regarding AI, the Republic of India runs the chance of falling behind the U. S. and China. AI technology has monumental potential to form India's economic and national security future; within the absence of a selected policy regime, however, India can notice it tough to understand the total power of AI whereas doubtless falling prey to the prejudicial effects of AI proliferation.[6]

The development, introduction, and promotion of AI are conspicuously high on the Indian government's list of priorities, an approach based on the premise that AI has the potential to make life easier and society more egalitarian. In 2018, it provided significant funding for research, education, and training in new technologies such as AI, a 100 percent increase over previous investments.

This prioritization of digital technology is not new. The Union Government's Digital India initiative aims to transform India into a "digitally empowered knowledge society and economy". Digital India plans to provide a digital infrastructure as a basic service for all citizens, to incorporate such digitization into governance, and ultimately to strengthen citizens. The Digital India program is increasing funding for research, education, and training in new technologies such as AI. The Government has also begun to work towards ensuring that AI technology is made in India, and made to work for India as well, fitting squarely within its Make In India program (http://www.makeinindia.com/about), a government initiative to promote India as a global manufacturing hub.

While AI has featured as an important consideration in digital technologies broadly, several initiatives focused solely on AI have also emerged. This section will offer an analysis of certain salient features of each initiative in the scope of this article and does not intend to be an exhaustive analysis of each.[7]

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AI in Healthcare Appliances

Robotic surgery, pc-assisted surgery, and conjointly robotically-assisted surgery are terms for technological enhancements that utilize the robotic systems to help in surgical procedures[42]. Robotically-assisted surgery was created to overcome the constraints of preceding minimally-invasive surgical procedures and to enhance the capability of medicos activity open surgery [43]. within the case of robotically-assisted minimally-invasive surgery, rather than straight moving the instruments, the surgeon uses one in all 2 ways to manage the instruments; either an on-the-spot tele manipulator or through computer control [44]. A tele manipulator could be a remote controller that permits the surgeon to execute the normal activities connected with the surgery in the meanwhile the mechanistic arms complete those movements victimisation end-effectors and manipulators to try to to the $64000 surgery on the patient[45, 46]. In pc-controlled systems, the medico utilizes a computer to upset the robotic arms and its end-effectors, but these systems still utilize tele manipulators for his or her data [47]. One useful use of the computerised technique is that the surgeon doesn't ought to be out there throughout the surgery, however rather is any place within the world, high to the probability for remote surgery [48]. the foremost acquainted surgical robot is that the engineer Surgical System [49]. Recently, Google has reported that it commenced operating with the pharmaceutical large Johnson& Johnson is planning a replacement surgical mechanism system[50]. they're not the sole revivals, though. With their AXSIS robot, Cambridge advisers are after to overcome the constraints of the Vinci, it is of big size and incapability to figure with very careful and delicate tissues[51]. Their robot somewhat depends on versatile parts and small, worm-like arms. The computer programmer| engineer|applied scientist| technologist| computer user} contemplate it is applied later in ophthalmology, e.g. in cataract surgery .

Computer science is a growing science that has applications in varied fields further as a healthful services framework. Studies demonstrate that AI could be an essentially developing market within the field of health care. it's a wide range of applications during this field love knowledge management, drug discovery, diabetic management, digital consultation etcetera

There are some established proof that medical AI will play a vital role in serving the doctors and patients to deliver healthcare way more professionally in the twenty-first century.[8]

Artificial Intelligence (AI) can facilitate in business and science and progressively each facet of our society together with tending. AI was made-up by McCarthy in 1955 and is outlined by “the science and engineering of making intelligent machine”.AI works with minimal human interventions. AI solutions that help front healthcare employees discover and monitor illness efficiency. In the Covid-19 pandemic, AI will do a wonderful job for us like Robots aren’t suspected with the virus so as that they're being deployed to complete several tasks like cleaning, delivering food packets in suspected areas, drugs to reduce the human interventions. AI has been applied {to several|to several} areas like program translation systems and intelligent personal assistants. AI conjointly found many utilised within the medical field at the side of widespread use of electronic health records (EHRs) and fast development natural science together with neuroscience. AI can facilitate the discovery of the patterns, heartbeats, and it'll continually police investigation our blood heat, pulse.

Early detection of chronic illness using AI treatments offers higher improves the standard of designation and provides treatments on it. AI will improve the patient's quality of life, additional life living chances. it's important to the event of those ways that gives the accuracy within the analysis of chronic disease.AI has been recently promoted mutually of the leading options in healthcare.

With the assistance of AI, machines provide very correct results than humans. The results of comparatively easy tasks, similar to tumour detection, carcinoma detection is incredibly satisfactory, with United Self-Defense Force of Colombia around 0.9 whereas the additional result's difficult 2task like mutations transcription standing prediction are less satisfactory. AI can save abundant life, with the help of AI we will manufacture the drugs. AI may be an important issue in human life as a result of it'll accuracy in each part of life in medical, healthcare. In healthcare, AI can do a good job.[9]

The virtual branch includes science approaches from deep learning info management to manage of health management systems, as well as electronic health records, and active steering of physicians in their treatment decisions. The physical branch is best delineated by robots wont to assist the senior patient or the attending surgeon. additionally embodied during this branch are targeted nanorobots, a novel new drug delivery system. The social and moral complexities of those applications need additional reflection, proof of their medical utility, economic value, and development of knowledge base ways for his or her wider application.[10]

AI in Manufacturing and Production

Modern producing and supply systems are supported by progressively} omnipresent and powerful computing networks. inside these networks, oceans of information are ceaselessly being generated by sensors, machines, systems, good devices, and people. along with side rising process capabilities, this huge knowledge is being analysed faster, more broadly, and more deeply than ever before. These advances have redefined the worth of computing (AI) technologies and opened a replacement age referred to as business 4.0 or the good Factory.

Advanced psychological feature computing and deep learning ways have begun to search out the application in manufacturing systems for automatic visual inspections, fault detection, and maintenance. There are active efforts to use reinforcement learning ways to material handling systems and production schedules. Industries hoping to convert time knowledge into unjust choices look for opportunities to integrate AI methods with ancient Operational analysis approaches, the ideas and technologies of the net of Things (IoT), and cyber-physical systems.[11]

Technical means by which new information and communication technologies, intelligent science and technology, major manufacturing technologies (including design, production, management, testing, and integration), technology Engineering, and related product technology are integrated into the entire system and product development lifecycle. The manufacturing lifecycle then uses autonomous sensing, interconnection, collaboration, learning, analysis, cognition, decision-making, control, and execution of human, mechanical, material, and information. environment to enable the integration and optimization of various aspects of a business or manufacturing group, which includes three elements (people/organizations, operational management and equipment, and technology) and five flows (information flows, flow of logistics, flow of capital, knowledge, and flow of services). This facilitates production and provides high-efficiency, high-quality, convenient, and environmentally friendly service for our use, and thereby improves the market competitiveness of the company or manufacturing group.[12]

Additive manufacturing (AM) is increasingly used in manufacturing. Due to its rapid growth, the efficiency and robustness of AM-based product development processes should be improved. Artificial intelligence (AI) is a powerful tool that has surpassed humans in many complex tasks. Intelligent agents can reduce the manpower required to increase AM production and achieve greater

resource efficiency. This study offers an introduction to artificial intelligence techniques. Next, the current development of AI-enabled AM product development is investigated. Existing intelligent agents are used for product design, process design, and manufacturing step issues. Based on the review, current research gaps and future research directions are identified. more efficient and complete intelligent agents, an intelligent AM framework based on cloud edge computing is proposed. Global consideration can be achieved in the cloud environment and rapid response can be achieved at edge nodes.[13]

AI in Security and Surveillance

There are many direct AI applications relevant for national security purposes, both in the United States and elsewhere. Kevin Kelly notes that in the private sector, "The business plans for the next 10,000 startups are easily predictable - take X and add AI. "1 There is also a wide range of applications for artificial intelligence in national security. Here are some examples from cybersecurity, information security, cutting-edge financial and economic tools, defense, intelligence, national security, diplomacy, and development. It is meant to be a comprehensive list of all the possible uses of AI in these areas but is merely illustrative examples to help members of the Homeland Security community ponder some uses of this evolving technology. (The next section looks at how broader AI-driven economic and social change could impact international security.)[14]

Recent developments in artificial intelligence (AI) suggest that this emerging technology will have a deterministic and potentially transformative influence on military might, strategic competition, and global politics in general. After the initial wave of in-depth speculation in the AI literature, this article provides much-needed detail for the debate. He argues that left unchecked, the uncertainties and vulnerabilities created by the rapid proliferation and spread of AI could become a major potential source of instability and major strategic rivalry. The article identifies several innovations and technological developments related to AI that are likely to have real consequences for military applications from the point of view of the tactical battlefield at the strategic level.[15]

Recently, unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs) are improving connectivity and accessibility for civil and military applications. A group of UAVs with cameras onboard usually monitor or collect information about designated areas. Drones can build a distributed network to share/exchange and process the collected data before sending it to a data processing center. Huge data transmission between them can cause latency and high-power consumption. This article uses artificial intelligence (AI) techniques to process the flow of video data between drones. Therefore, each deployed drone only needs to send certain requested information to itself. Each drone processes data using artificial intelligence and sends only the data that matters to others. Drones, formed as a connected network, communicate within a short communication range and share their data. The convolutional neural network (CNN) technique automatically extracts from images the characteristic that drones send only moving objects rather than entire images. This greatly reduces redundant information for each drone or the entire network and saves huge power consumption for the network.[16]

AI in Education

The field of AI in Education is bothered with the development of AI school for the study of human teaching and for the engineering of systems that facilitate human learning, the sphere addresses queries that are semipermanent in nature: however, will systems facilitate learning and change the

mensuration of learning progress (Lesgold, 1988). The term 'intelligent tutoring system' (ITS) is often used regarding the engineering aspect of the discipline. process ways are utilized in support of AI activities akin to planning, control, data illustration and acquisition, explanation, psychological feature modeling, and dialog management. process models are used to explore and assess various theories regarding learning. An analysis is actuated by the promise of building captive erful teaching systems with larger data a couple of domains, enlarged ability to form inferences about student behavior, and increased reasoning ability about topic choice and response generation. This entry reviews this state of the sphere and discusses the history of the field. It addresses basic approaches to putting together teaching systems, recent developments within the field, and open research issues.[17]

However, whereas Al may need the potential to support the action of the property Development Goals (SDGs) of the United Nations, the speedy technological developments inevitably bring multiple risks and challenges, that have to date outpaced policy debates and regulative frameworks. And, while the most worries would possibly involve AI overwhelming human agency, a lot of impending issues involve AI social and moral implications adore the misuse of private knowledge additionally the} risk that Al might truly exacerbate instead of cut back existing inequalities.

Nonetheless, Al has also entered the world of education. "Intelligent, 'adaptive' associate degreed 'personalized learning systems are progressively being developed by the personal sector for reading in colleges and universities around the planet, making a market expected to be price US$6 billion in 2024 (Bhutani and Wadhwani, 2018). Inescapably, the applying of Al in instructional contexts raises profound queries - to Illustrate concerning what ought to be schooled and how, the evolving role of teachers, and Al' social and moral implications. There are various challenges, as well as problems adore educational equity and access. there's also a rising accord that the terrible foundations of teaching and learning are also reshaped by the readying of Al in education.

All of those problems are more difficult by the large shift to online learning thanks to the COVID-19 faculty closures.

Accordingly, this UN agency steerage seeks to assist policy manufacturers in higher perceiving the probabilities and implications of Al for teaching and learning, so its application in instructional contexts genuinely helps succeed SDG 4: guarantee inclusive and equitable quality education and promote long learning opportunities for all.[18]

Advantages of Artificial Intelligence

In a corporation wherein human intelligence is tied to a specific individual or a collection of people, AI programs can offer permanency that forestalls the know-how from being misplaced while the man or woman or the institution participants retire or are not to be had to the corporation. The lifestyles of the know-how encapsulated in an AI framework can be so long as the relevance of the issues and choice situations continue to be unchanged. AI additionally allows the improvement of a mastering functionality which may be applied to in addition extend the lifestyles and relevance of the utility. Learning from real-international fulfillment and failure is an allowing function of AI equipment regarded as “reinforcement mastering” and is effective in that it will increase the reliability of the equipment with their accelerated use in programs (2). The extensive utility of any device best takes place while its reliability has been mounted, and AI has already demonstrated to be pretty dependable in lots of unique programs due to its capacity to simulate human intelligence in a reasoning process. Like many automation, AI helps fee minimization because it allows discounts at the want of employees' time. An organisation can lessen sizable workforce time via way of means of

adopting suitable AI programs withinside the choice-making process, therefore decreasing operational costs. As selections ought to regularly be made below apparent uncertainties (i.e., with incomplete and unsure know-how), AI techniques are appropriate while a right away mathematical dating can not be mounted among reason and impact. AI fashions seize the uncertainty among real-lifestyles reason and impact situations via way of means of incorporating to be had know-how with chances and chance inference computations (3). AI techniques also can manage each qualitative in addition to quantitative records, a function that maximum strictly analytical techniques lack. Depending upon the computational time in phrases of algorithmic complexity and processor capacity, AI equipment can facilitate quicker choice-making via way of means of automating the decision-making process. Through records collecting and screening, processing, and choice-making, AI can assist quicker answers to complicated issues. A Chowdhury and Sadek 7 In transportation, several studies and programs have confirmed some of the above benefits of AI in general, and sizable studies have supplied proof of the benefits of particular AI equipment. Some examples of AI generation presently in use encompass changing site visitors sensors into smart retailers that could mechanically hit upon and record site visitors' injuries or are expecting site visitors' conditions (4). More recently, researchers have located AI to be extra dependable in assessing and predicting site visitors conditions, primarily based totally on microscopic site visitor records accumulated from motors on their path, as expected withinside the car–infrastructure integration or the related car program, in comparison to many different current algorithms. Utilizing microscopic site visitors records, transportation protection is some other realm wherein AI may be of sizable use (5). Here, AI equipment may be implemented to the identity of protection breaches, and withinside the improvement and control of the computerized reaction and management plans. The famous benefits and efficacies of AI cause them to be especially beneficial withinside the improvement and control of transportation systems. Specifically, in smart transportation systems, real-time sensing, detection, reaction, and management are of paramount importance, and AI may be applied efficiently in all of those programs. Indeed, a disbursed site visitors sensor and manage community is possibly the destiny of real-time site visitors control and manage. Here, disbursed sensor networks, comprised of various degrees of smart sensor networks, mechanically hit upon and reply to incidents and manage roadway communities as needed. Such a smart sensor community made from AI equipment can assist the improvement of the following era site visitors control system. With the numerous benefits of AI equipment, we anticipate their wider adoption in unique regions of transportation.[19]

One of the main advantages of Artificial Intelligence is that its decisions are based on facts and not emotions. It is known that human decisions are always negatively influenced by our emotions, even with our best efforts Unlike humans, machines with Artificial Intelligence do not need to sleep and thus overcome the inherent disadvantage of fatigue in humans

Easier dissemination of knowledge Once an artificial mind has been trained for something, it can very easily be copied onto others, which reduces the time lost in imparting knowledge to other people through training. [20]

Challenges or Disadvantages of Artificial

The principle behind Weak AI is solely the very fact that machines may be created to act as if they're intelligent. Weak AI simply states that thinking like options can be simply added to a computer to form them more helpful tools and this has already begun to happen. For example, once a personality player plays chess against a computer, the human player could feel as if the pc is truly creating spectacular moves. however, the chess application isn't thinking and coming up with at all.

All the moves it makes are antecedently fed into the computer by a human which is however it's ensured that the computer code can build the proper moves at the right times. a lot of samples of Weak AI are witness skilled systems, drive-by wires cars, and speech recognisation systems computer science (abbreviated as AI) is that the capability of a tool to perform activities, which might otherwise solely be expected of the human brain. These activities embody the capability for data and {also the} ability to accumulate it. It also includes the power to judge, perceive relationships and last however not least turn out original thoughts.

Lack of creativeness in responses

Inability to clarify the logic and reasoning behind a precise call

Current development is at a stage wherever the AI cannot grasp once there's no answer to a particular downside

Any defective can cause the AI manufacturing wrong solutions and since it cannot explain the reasoning behind its answer, blind reliance on AI can lead to issues

Lack of wisdom in reasoning may cause major problems

It may be wont to cause mass-scale destruction if given within the wrong hands All this being said, one amongst of} the foremost regarding downside with the event of AI is that it'll shortly begin work humans in every field so inflicting a high rate of unemployment, which might cause depression, crime, and poverty. Also, some fields need the human bit and there's a growing sense of belief that machines will quite probably ne'er be able to replace humans. The caring behavior of nurses in hospitals is one example of employment that humans feel machines will never be ready to do justice to.[21]

Disadvantages

It is not easy to develop the machines because the hardware is also expensive. but it will cost additional money and resources.

Robots, which replace jobs, can cause severe unemployment unless humans can solve the unemployment problem with jobs AI cannot do or seriously turn government into communism.

Machines can easily destroy if placed in the wrong hands. That is a minimum of fear of various humans.

Artificial intelligence makes humans lazy with its applications that automate most of the work. Humans tend to get addicted to these inventions which can put a damper on future generations.

As artificial intelligence replaces most repetitive and other tasks with robots, human interference decreases, which can be a significant problem in usage standards. Every organization tries to swap low-skilled individuals for artificial intelligence robots capable of doing similar work with greater efficiency.

There is no doubt that machines are much better when they involve efficient work, but they cannot replace the human bond that creates the team.[22]

Disadvantages embody its “black box” nature, larger process burden, disposition to overfitting, and also the empirical nature of model development. a summary of the options of neural networks and logistics regression is presented, and the benefits and disadvantages of exploitation of this modeling technique are discussed.[23]

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