

Importing the Dependencies

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
```

Data Collection and Processing

```
In [3]: calories_data=pd.read_csv('calories.csv')
```

```
In [4]: exercise_data=pd.read_csv('exercise.csv')
```

```
In [5]: calories=pd.concat([exercise_data,calories_data['Calories']],axis=1)
```

```
In [6]: calories.head()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	User_ID	Gender	Age	Height	Weight	Duration	Heart_Rate	Body_Temp	Calories
0	14733363	male	68	190.0	94.0	29.0	105.0	40.8	231.0
1	14861698	female	20	166.0	60.0	14.0	94.0	40.3	66.0
2	11179863	male	69	179.0	79.0	5.0	88.0	38.7	26.0
3	16180408	female	34	179.0	71.0	13.0	100.0	40.5	71.0
4	17771927	female	27	154.0	58.0	10.0	81.0	39.8	35.0

```
In [7]: calories.shape
```

```
Out[7]: (15000, 9)
```

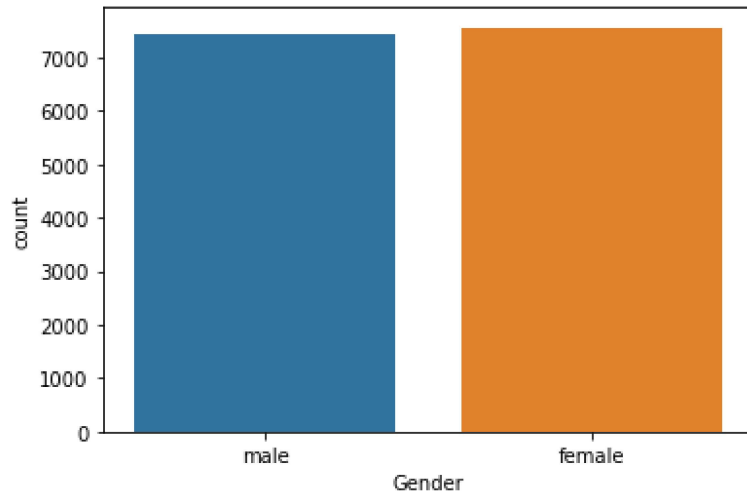
```
In [8]: calories.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[8]: User_ID      0
Gender      0
Age         0
Height      0
Weight      0
Duration    0
Heart_Rate  0
Body_Temp   0
Calories    0
dtype: int64
```

Data Visualization

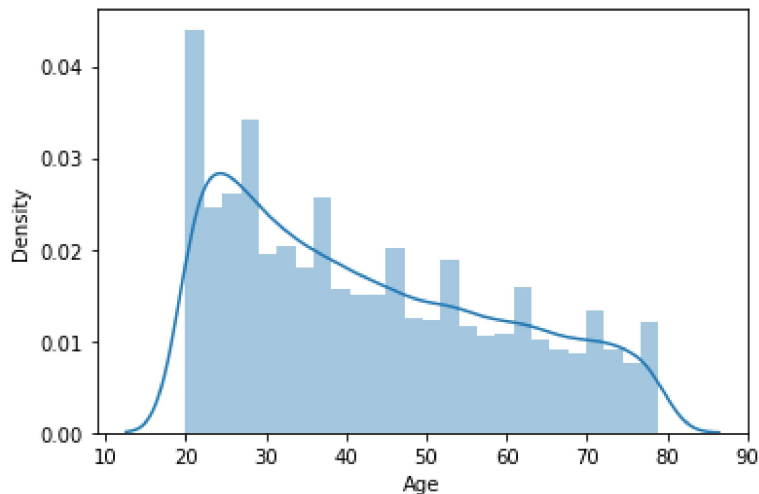
```
In [9]: sns.countplot(calories['Gender'])
```

```
C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.
  warnings.warn(
Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Gender', ylabel='count'>
```



```
In [10]: sns.distplot(calories['Age'])
```

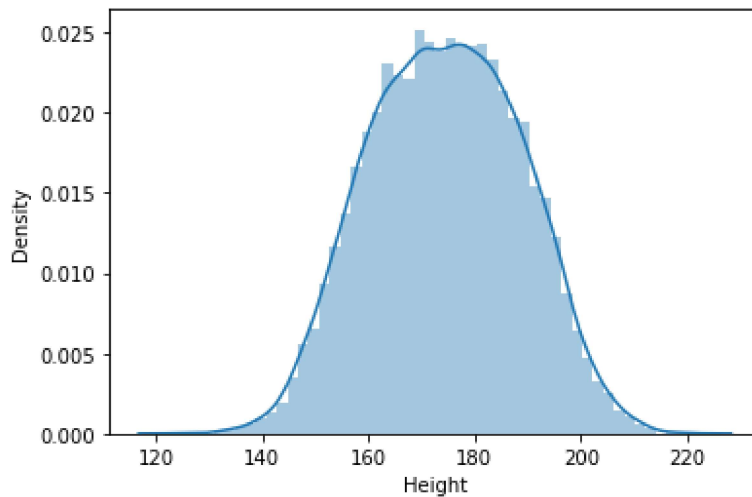
```
C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
  warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
Out[10]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Density'>
```



```
In [11]: sns.distplot(calories['Height'])
```

```
C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
  warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```

Out[11]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Height', ylabel='Density'>

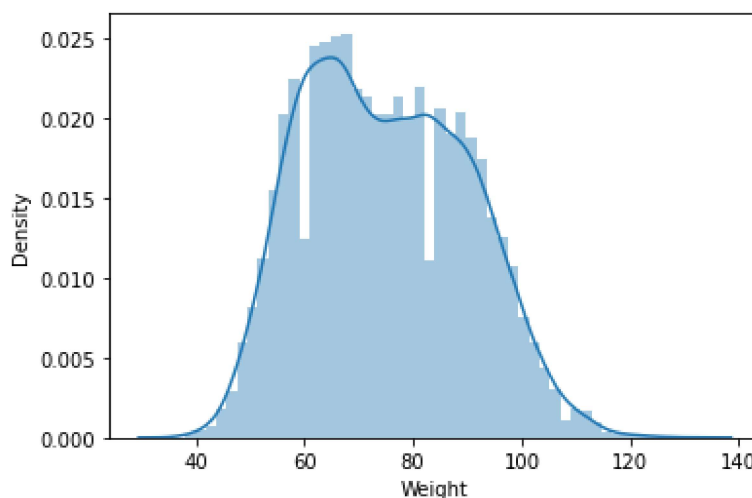


In [12]: `sns.distplot(calories['Weight'])`

C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

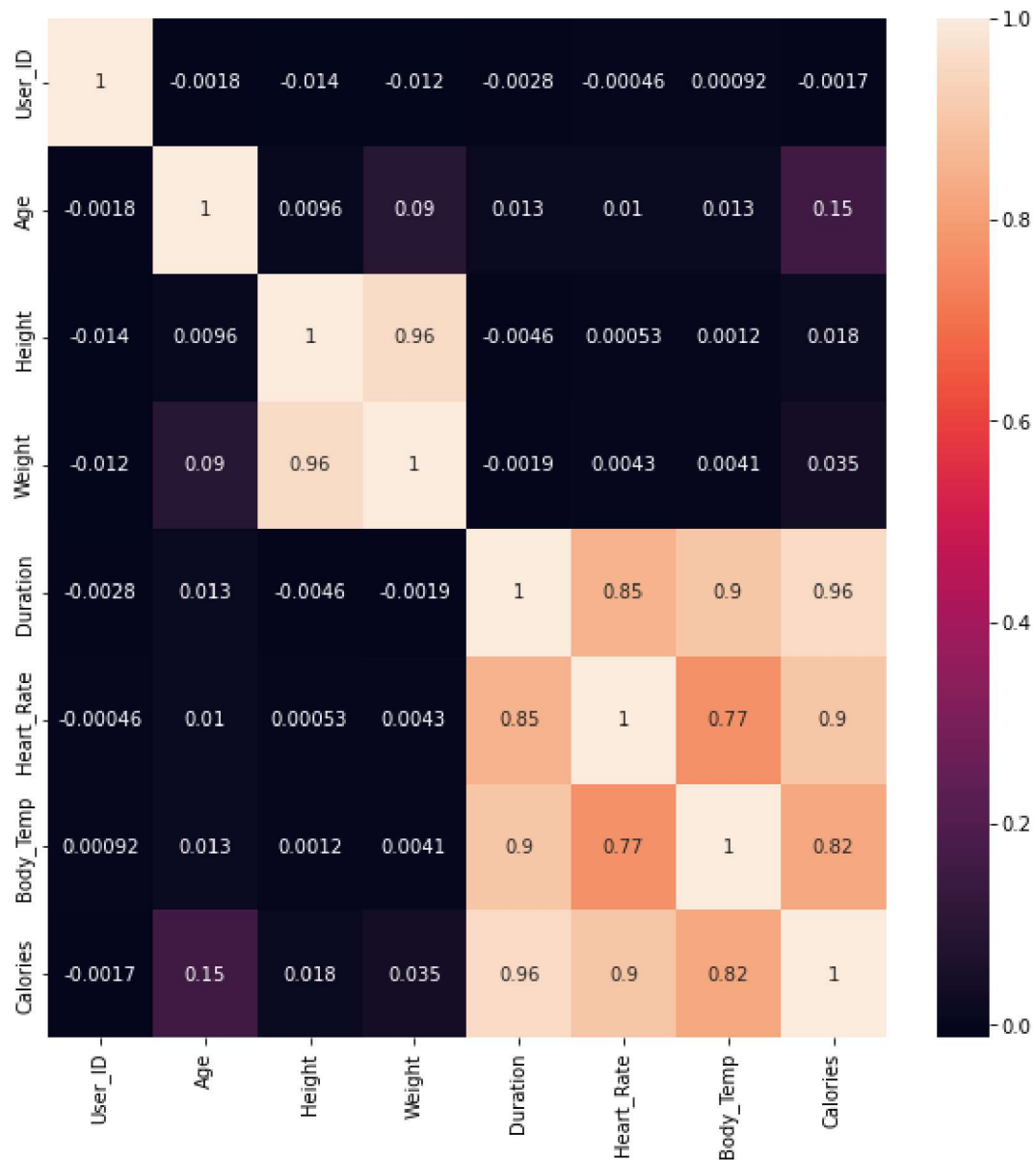
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Weight', ylabel='Density'>



In [13]: `correlation=calories.corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.heatmap(correlation,annot=True)`

Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [14]: calories.replace({"Gender":{"male":0,'female':1}},inplace=True)
```

```
In [15]: calories.head()
```

```
Out[15]:
```

	User_ID	Gender	Age	Height	Weight	Duration	Heart_Rate	Body_Temp	Calories
0	14733363	0	68	190.0	94.0	29.0	105.0	40.8	231.0
1	14861698	1	20	166.0	60.0	14.0	94.0	40.3	66.0
2	11179863	0	69	179.0	79.0	5.0	88.0	38.7	26.0
3	16180408	1	34	179.0	71.0	13.0	100.0	40.5	71.0
4	17771927	1	27	154.0	58.0	10.0	81.0	39.8	35.0

Separating features and target

```
In [16]: X=calories.drop(columns=['User_ID','Calories'],axis=1)
```

Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js

```
In [17]: print(X)
```

	Gender	Age	Height	Weight	Duration	Heart_Rate	Body_Temp
0	0	68	190.0	94.0	29.0	105.0	40.8
1	1	20	166.0	60.0	14.0	94.0	40.3
2	0	69	179.0	79.0	5.0	88.0	38.7
3	1	34	179.0	71.0	13.0	100.0	40.5
4	1	27	154.0	58.0	10.0	81.0	39.8
...
14995	1	20	193.0	86.0	11.0	92.0	40.4
14996	1	27	165.0	65.0	6.0	85.0	39.2
14997	1	43	159.0	58.0	16.0	90.0	40.1
14998	0	78	193.0	97.0	2.0	84.0	38.3
14999	0	63	173.0	79.0	18.0	92.0	40.5

[15000 rows x 7 columns]

```
In [18]: print(Y)
```

0	231.0
1	66.0
2	26.0
3	71.0
4	35.0
...	...
14995	45.0
14996	23.0
14997	75.0
14998	11.0
14999	98.0

Name: Calories, Length: 15000, dtype: float64

Splitting the data into training and testing data

```
In [19]: X_train,X_test,Y_train,Y_test=train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.2)
```

Model Training

Linear Regressor

```
In [20]: model1=LinearRegression()  
model1.fit(X_train,Y_train)  
prediction1=model1.predict(X_test)  
print(prediction1)
```

```
[ 18.90073679 112.37963061  2.12558084 ... 30.60482603 176.6454258  
182.98259929]
```

Mean Absolute Error for Linear Regressor

```
In [21]: mae=metrics.mean_absolute_error(Y_test,prediction1)  
print("Mean Absolute Error = ",mae)
```

Mean Absolute Error = 8.379646102595844

Random Forest Regressor

```
In [22]: model2=RandomForestRegressor()
model2.fit(X_train,Y_train)
prediction2=model2.predict(X_test)
print(prediction2)

[ 33.31 101.05  11.47 ...  37.42 184.96 172.61]
```

Mean Absolute Error for Random Forest Regressor

```
In [23]: mae=metrics.mean_absolute_error(Y_test,prediction2)
print("Mean Absolute Error= ",mae)

Mean Absolute Error =  1.84171
```

```
In [28]: pred = model2.predict([[1, 68, 50.0, 94.0, 90.0, 105.0, 10.8]])

pred
```

C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:450: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but RandomForestRegressor was fitted with feature names

```
warnings.warn(
array([204.28])
```

Out[28]:

In []:

In []: