



# STUDENT REPORT

## DETAILS

Name

A.Padmini

Roll Number

3BR21CS002

## EXPERIMENT

Title

NUMBER AND ITS HUGENESS

Description

You are given an integer **N**. You have the starting **N** natural numbers with you arranged in ascending order. It was found that the hugeness of the **i<sup>th</sup>** number is the bitwise OR of the **i-1<sup>th</sup>** number and i number. All numbers whose hugeness is a prime number are considered Huge numbers.  
Your task is to find and print the maximum hugeness among the Huge Numbers in the array.

**Input format:**

The input consists of a single lines:

- The first and only line contains an integer **N**.

**The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidate.**

**Output format:**

Print the maximum hugeness among the Huge Numbers in the array. If there is no Huge Number then print -1.

**The output will be matched to the candidate's output printed on the STDOUT.**

**Constraints:**

- 1 <= N <= 1000

**Example:**

**Input:** 8

**Output:** 7

**Explanation:** The hugeness of the numbers will be 1, 2,3, 7, 7, 7, 7 and 15. Among which 15 is the maximum but not a prime number whereas 7 is the largest prime number. So, it is the highest hugeness which is a huge number as well.

**Sample input:** 3

**Sample output:** 3

**Source Code:**

```
import math
def is_prime(n):
    if n<=1:
        return False
    for i in range(2,int(math.sqrt(n))+1):
        if n%i==0:
            return False
    return True
def find_huge(num):
    if num==1:
        return -1
    mx=-1
    for i in range(2,num+1):
        huge=(i-1)|i
        if is_prime(huge):
            mx=max(mx,huge)
    return mx if mx!=-1 else -1
num=int(input())
print(find_huge(num))
```

RESULT

4 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 80 %