

STATISTICS WORKSHEET-1

Q1 to Q9 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

1.	Bernoulli random	variables	take	(only)	the va	alues 1	and 0.
	True						

- 2 Which of the following theorem states that the distribution of averages of iid variables, properly normalized, becomes that of a standard normal as the sample size increases?

 Central Limit Theorem
- 3. Which of the following is incorrect with respect to use of Poisson distribution? Modeling bounded count data
- 4. Point out the correct statement.
 All of the mentioned
 5. random variables are used to model rates.
 Poisson
- 6. Usually replacing the standard error by its estimated value does change the CLT. False
- 7. Which of the following testing is concerned with making decisions using data? Hypothesis
- 8. Normalized data are centered at _____ and have units equal to standard deviations of the original data.
 0
- 9. Which of the following statement is incorrect with respect to outliers? Outliers cannot conform to the regression relationship



Q10and Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them in your own words briefly.

10. What do you understand by the term Normal Distribution?

Normal distribution, also known as the Gaussian distribution, is a probability distribution that is symmetric about the mean, showing that data near the mean are more frequent in occurrence than data far from the mean. In graph form, normal distribution will appear as a bell curve.

11. How do you handle missing data? What imputation techniques do you recommend?

Use deletion methods to eliminate missing data. The deletion methods only work for certain datasets where participants have missing fields. ...

Use regression analysis to systematically eliminate data. ...

Data scientists can use data imputation techniques.

12. What is A/B testing?

A/B testing is a basic randomized control experiment. It is a way to compare the two versions of a variable to find out which performs better in a controlled environment.

13. Is mean imputation of missing data acceptable practice?

The process of replacing null values in a data collection with the data's mean is known as mean imputation. Mean imputation is typically considered terrible practice since it ignores feature correlation. Consider the following scenario: we have a table with age and fitness scores, and an eight- year-old has a missing fitne score. If we average the fitness scores of people between the ages of 15 and 80, the eighty-year-old will appear to have a significantly greater fitness level than he actually does. Second, mean imputation decreases the variance of our data while increasing bias. As a result of reduced variance, the model is less accurate and the confidence interval is narrower.

FLIP ROBO

14. What is linear regression in statistics?

Linear regression quantifies the relationship between one or more predictor variable(s) and one outcome variable. Linear regression is commonly used for predictive analysis and modeling.

15. What are the various branches of statistics?

Statistics is a study of presentation, analysis, collection, interpretation and organization of data

There are two main branches of statistics

- Inferential Statistic.
- Descriptive Statistic.

Inferential Statistics:

Inferential statistics used to make inference and describe about the population. These stats are more useful when its not easy or possible to examine each member of the population.

Descriptive Statistics:

Descriptive statistics are use to get a brief summary of data. You can have the summary of data in numerical or graphycal form.



