```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import datasets
(train img, train labels), (test img, test labels)=datasets.cifar10.load data()
train_img, test_img=train_img/255.0, test_img/255.0
class name=['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird','cat', 'deer', 'dog', 'frog',
'horse', 'ship', 'truck']
plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
for i in range(10):
  plt.subplot(5,5, i+1)
 plt.xticks([])
  plt.yticks([])
 plt.imshow(train img[i])
  plt.xlabel(class_name[train_labels[i][0]])
 plt.show()
from keras.models import Sequential
classifier=Sequential()
from keras.layers import Conv2D
classifier.add(Conv2D (32, (3, 3), input_shape=(32,32,3), activation = 'relu'))
from keras.layers import MaxPooling2D
classifier.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size = (2,2)))
classifier.add(Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation = 'relu'))
classifier.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
from keras.layers import Flatten
classifier.add(Flatten())
from keras.layers import Dense
classifier.add(Dense (units =64, activation = 'relu'))
classifier.add(Dense (units=10, activation='softmax'))
classifier.summary()
from tensorflow.keras.utils import plot model
plot_model(classifier, to_file='cnn_mode.png')
classifier.compile(optimizer = 'adam',loss=tf.keras.losses.
SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True), metrics=['accuracy'])
history=classifier.fit(train_img, train_labels, epochs=10,
validation_data=(test_img, test_labels))
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
image_height = 128
image_width = 128
num\_channels = 3
model = load_model('trained_model_NEW_2_2_Dataset.h5')
new_face_path = '/content/hjhhh.jpg'
new_face = Image.open(new_face_path)
display(new face)
new_face = new_face.resize((image_width, image_height))
new_face = np.array(new_face)
new_face = np.expand_dims(new_face, axis=0)
predictions = model.predict(new_face)
predicted_age_group = np.argmax(predictions)
print("predictions are ",predictions)
print("Predicted Age Group:", predicted_age_group)
age_mapping = {0: 'YOUNG', 1: 'MIDDLE', 2: 'OLD'}
predicted_age_group_label = age_mapping[predicted_age_group]
print("Predicted Age Group:", predicted_age_group_label)
```

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import cifar10
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import LearningRateScheduler
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = cifar10.load_data()
train images, test images = train images / 255.0, test images / 255.0
train_images, val_images, train_labels, val_labels =
train_test_split(train_images, train_labels, test_size=0.1, random_state=42)
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
def lr_schedule(epoch):
  initial_lr = 0.001
 if epoch >= 40:
    return initial lr * 0.1
 return initial lr
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])
datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rotation_range=15,
width shift range=0.1,
height_shift_range=0.1,
horizontal_flip=True,
fill mode='nearest')
history = model.fit(datagen.flow(train images, train labels,
batch_size=64),epochs=50,steps_per_epoch=len(train_images) //
64, validation_data=(val_images, val_labels),
callbacks=[LearningRateScheduler(lr_schedule)])
test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(test images, test labels)
print('Test accuracy:', test_acc)
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, LSTM, Dropout, GRU, Bidirectional
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import SGD
from tensorflow.random import set seed
set_seed(455)
np.random.seed(455)
dataset = pd.read_csv("/content/Mastercard_stock_history rr.csv",
index_col="Date", parse_dates=["Date"]). drop(["Dividends", "Stock Splits"],
axis=1)
print(dataset.head())
print(dataset.describe())
dataset.isna().sum()
tstart = 2016
tend = 2020
def train_test_plot(dataset, tstart, tend):
  dataset.loc[f"{tstart}":f"{tend}", "High"].plot(figsize=(16, 4), legend=True)
  dataset.loc[f"{tend+1}":, "High"].plot(figsize=(16, 4), legend=True)
  plt.legend([f"Train (Before {tend+1})", f"Test ({tend+1} and beyond)"])
  plt.title("MasterCard stock price")
 plt.show()
train_test_plot(dataset,tstart,tend)
def train test split(dataset, tstart, tend):
 train = dataset.loc[f"{tstart}":f"{tend}", "High"].values
 test = dataset.loc[f"{tend+1}":, "High"].values
  return train, test
training set, test set = train test split(dataset, tstart, tend)
sc = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0, 1))
training set = training set.reshape(-1, 1)
training_set_scaled = sc.fit_transform(training_set)
def split_sequence(sequence, n_steps):
```

```
X, y = list(), list()
  for i in range(len(sequence)):
    end_ix = i + n_steps
    if end ix > len(sequence) - 1:
      break
    seq_x, seq_y = sequence[i:end_ix], sequence[end_ix]
   X.append(seq_x)
    y.append(seq_y)
  return np.array(X), np.array(y)
n \text{ steps} = 60
features = 1
X_train, y_train = split_sequence(training_set_scaled, n_steps)
X train = X train.reshape(X train.shape[0],X train.shape[1],features)
model_lstm = Sequential()
model_lstm.add(LSTM(units=125, activation="tanh", input_shape=(n_steps,
features)))
model_lstm.add(Dense(units=1))
model_lstm.compile(optimizer="RMSprop", loss="mse")
model_lstm.summary()
dataset total = dataset.loc[:,"High"]
inputs = dataset_total[len(dataset_total) - len(test_set) - n_steps :].values
inputs = inputs.reshape(-1, 1)
inputs = sc.transform(inputs)
X_test, y_test = split_sequence(inputs, n_steps)
X_test = X_test.reshape(X_test.shape[0], X_test.shape[1], features)
predicted stock price = model lstm.predict(X test)
predicted_stock_price = sc.inverse_transform(predicted_stock_price)
def plot_predictions(test, predicted):
  plt.plot(test, color="gray", label="Real")
  plt.plot(predicted, color="red", label="Predicted")
  plt.title("MasterCard Stock Price Prediction")
  plt.xlabel("Time")
  plt.ylabel("MasterCard Stock Price")
  plt.legend()
  plt.show()
def return_rmse(test, predicted):
```

```
rmse = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(test, predicted))
print("The root mean squared error is {:.2f}.".format(rmse))
plot_predictions(test_set,predicted_stock_price)
return_rmse(test_set,predicted_stock_price)
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report,confusion_matrix
bnotes=pd.read_csv("/content/book.csv")
print(bnotes.head())
print(bnotes['Class'].unique())
bnotes.shape
bnotes.describe(include='all')
X=bnotes.drop('Class',axis=1)
y=bnotes['Class']
print(X.head(2))
print(y.head(2))
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3)
print(X_train.shape)
print(X_test.shape)
mlp=MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes=(3,2), max_iter=500, activation='relu')
mlp.fit(X_train,y_train)
pred=mlp.predict(X_test)
pred
confusion_matrix(y_test,pred)
print(classification_report(y_test,pred))
```

```
!pip install ultralytics -q
!yolo detect predict model=yolov8m.pt source="/content/INPUT VIDEO.mp4"
!ffmpeg -i {"/content/runs/detect/predict/INPUT VIDEO.avi"} -vcodec libx264
{"final.avi"}
```

```
import math
def sigmoid_func(x):
  return 1.0/(1+math.exp(-x))
sigmoid_func(100)
sigmoid_func(-100)
sigmoid_func(0)
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
x = pd.Series(np.arange(-8, 8, 0.5))
y = x.map(sigmoid func)
print(x)
print(y)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(x, y)
plt.ylim(-0.2, 1.2)
plt.xlabel("input")
plt.ylabel("sigmoid output")
plt.grid(True)
plt.axvline(x=0, ymin=0, ymax=1, ls='dashed')
plt.axhline(y=0.5, xmin=0, xmax=10, ls='dashed')
plt.axhline(y=1.0, xmin=0, xmax=10, color='r')
plt.axhline(y=0.0, xmin=0, xmax=10, color='r')
plt.title("Sigmoid")
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('/content/framingham_heart_disease.csv')
def straight line(x):
  return 1.5046*x - 4.0777
def straight line weight(weight, x):
  return weight*x - 4.0777
y_vals = df.cigsPerDay.map(straight_line).map(sigmoid_func)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.scatter(x=df.cigsPerDay, y=y_vals, color='b', label='logistic')
plt.scatter(x=df[df.male==1].cigsPerDay, y=df[df.male==1].male, color='g',
label='male')
```

```
plt.scatter(x=df[df.male==0].cigsPerDay, y=df[df.male==0].male, color='r',
label='female')
plt.title("Heart Disease prediction")
plt.xlabel("Cigarettes per day")
plt.ylabel("Male Probability")
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend()
plt.xlim((0, 7))
plt.xlim((0, 7))
plt.ylim((-0.2, 1.5))
plt.axvline(x=2.75, ymin=0, ymax=1)
plt.axhline(y=0.5, xmin=0, xmax=6, label="cutoff at 0.5", ls='dashed')
```

```
import tensorflow as tf
tf.__version__
import tensorflow.keras
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Dropout, Flatten,\
Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, BatchNormalization
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D (filters=96, input_shape=(227,227,3), kernel_size=(11,11), \
 strides=(4,4), padding= 'valid'))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2,2), strides = (2,2), padding='valid'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Conv2D (filters=256, kernel size=(11,11), strides=(1,1),
padding='valid'))
model.add(Activation ('relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2), padding='valid'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Conv2D (filters=384, kernel size=(3,3), strides=(1,1),
padding='valid'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Conv2D(filters=384, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='valid'))
model.add(Activation ('relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='valid'))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2), padding='valid'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense (4096, input_shape=(224*224*3,)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Dropout (0.4))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Dense(4096))
model.add(Activation ('relu'))
```

```
model.add(Dropout (0.4))
model.add(Dense(1000))
model.add(Activation ('relu'))
model.add(Dropout (0.4))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Dense(17))
model.add(Activation ('softmax'))
model.summary()
```

```
pip install tensorflow
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, UpSampling2D
(x_train, _), (x_test, _) = mnist.load_data()
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.0
x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255.0
noise factor = 0.5
x_train_noisy = x_train + noise_factor * np.random.normal(loc=0.0, scale=1.0,
size=x_train.shape)
x test noisy = x test + noise factor * np.random.normal(loc=0.0, scale=1.0,
size=x_test.shape)
x_train_noisy = np.clip(x_train_noisy, 0., 1.)
x test noisy = np.clip(x test noisy, 0., 1.)
input_img = Input(shape=(28, 28, 1))
x = Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(input_img)
x = MaxPooling2D((2, 2), padding='same')(x)
x = Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
encoded = MaxPooling2D((2, 2), padding='same')(x)
x = Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(encoded)
x = UpSampling2D((2, 2))(x)
x = Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = UpSampling2D((2, 2))(x)
decoded = Conv2D(1, (3, 3), activation='sigmoid', padding='same')(x)
autoencoder = Model(input_img, decoded)
autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy')
autoencoder.fit(x_train_noisy.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1),
x_train.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1),
epochs=10,
batch size=128,
shuffle=True,
validation_data=(x_test_noisy.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1), x_test.reshape(-1, 28, 28,
1)))
```

```
denoised_images = autoencoder.predict(x_test_noisy.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1))
n = 10
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 4))
for i in range(n):
  ax = plt.subplot(3, n, i + 1)
 plt.imshow(x_test[i].reshape(28, 28))
 plt.gray()
  ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
 ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
 ax = plt.subplot(3, n, i + 1 + n)
  plt.imshow(x_test_noisy[i].reshape(28, 28))
  plt.gray()
  ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
 ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
  ax = plt.subplot(3, n, i + 1 + 2 * n)
  plt.imshow(denoised_images[i].reshape(28, 28))
  plt.gray()
  ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
  ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
plt.show()
```

```
from pydrive.auth import GoogleAuth
from pydrive.drive import GoogleDrive
from google.colab import auth
from oauth2client.client import GoogleCredentials
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
first_column = torch.rand(n, 1).to(device)
second_column = 2 * first_column
third_column = 2 * second_column
data = torch.cat([first_column, second_column, third_column], dim=1)
class Generator(nn.Module):
 def __init__(self):
    super(Generator, self).__init__()
    self.model = nn.Sequential( nn.Linear(3, 50),nn.ReLU(),nn.Linear(50, 3))
 def forward(self, x):
    return self.model(x)
class Discriminator(nn.Module):
  def __init__(self):
    super(Discriminator, self).__init__()
    self.model = nn.Sequential(nn.Linear(3, 50),nn.ReLU(),nn.Linear(50, 1),
nn.Sigmoid() )
 def forward(self, x):
    return self.model(x)
generator = Generator().to(device)
discriminator = Discriminator().to(device)
criterion = nn.BCELoss()
optimizer_g = torch.optim.Adam(generator.parameters(), lr=0.001)
optimizer_d = torch.optim.Adam(discriminator.parameters(), lr=0.001)
num epochs = 5000
for epoch in range(num_epochs):
  optimizer_d.zero_grad()
  real data = data
```

```
real labels = torch.ones(n, 1).to(device)
  outputs = discriminator(real_data)
  d_loss_real = criterion(outputs, real_labels)
  noise = torch.randn(n, 3).to(device)
 fake data = generator(noise)
  fake_labels = torch.zeros(n, 1).to(device)
  outputs = discriminator(fake_data.detach())
  d_loss_fake = criterion(outputs, fake_labels)
  d_loss = d_loss_real + d_loss_fake
  d loss.backward()
  optimizer_d.step()
  optimizer_g.zero_grad()
  outputs = discriminator(fake data)
  g_loss = criterion(outputs, real_labels)
  g_loss.backward()
  optimizer_g.step()
 if (epoch+1) % 1000 == 0:
    print(f"Epoch [{epoch+1}/{num_epochs}], d_loss: {d_loss.item():.4f}, g_loss:
{g_loss.item():.4f}")
with torch.no_grad():
  test_noise = torch.randn(n, 3).to(device)
  generated_data = generator(test_noise).cpu().numpy()
print("Generated Data (First 10 rows):")
for i in range(10):
  print(generated_data[i])
print("\nValidation (For the first 10 rows):")
for i in range(10):
  print(f"First: {generated_data[i][0]:.4f}, Expected Second:
{2*generated_data[i][0]:.4f}, Actual Second: {generated_data[i][1]:.4f}")
  print(f"Second: {generated_data[i][1]:.4f}, Expected Third:
{2*generated_data[i][1]:.4f}, Actual Third: {generated_data[i][2]:.4f}\n")
```

LINK TO DOWNLOAD THE DATASETS OF WEEK-4,5,6,7

https://github.com/Prahashit4/deep-learning-lab/