# Compiler Design Lab (TCS-610)

<u>Command for installation of Lex and Yacc tools in Ubuntu</u> (when connected to internet)

# \$sudo apt -get install flex

<u>Program1:</u> Lex code for counting number of lines, spaces, tabs and rest of characters.

```
int n,m,t,c;
%%
\n n++;
\t m++;
[]t++;
. c++;
%%
main()
{ yylex();
printf("Total number of\nlines=%d \ntabs=%d\nspaces=%d\nchars=%d \n",n,m,t,c); }
/* To run the code $ lex count.l
                   $ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
                   $ ./a.out
                   mai ghar jana
                   chahta hu.
                   //Press <Enter> then <CTRL><d> to stop giving input.
                   Total number of
                   lines=2
                   tabs=1
                   spaces=3
                                */
                   char=19
```

<u>Program2:</u> Design a LEX Code to identify and print valid Identifier of C/C++ in given Input pattern.

```
%{
 int c=0;
%}
%%
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* {c++; printf("\tvalid Identifier=%s",yytext);}
.;
%%
main()
{
yylex();
printf("\nTotal number of valid Identifier = %d \n",c);
}
/*
      $ lex valid Identifier.I
      $ cc lex.yy.c -lfl
      $ ./a.out
      count ad_samsung w12
      valid Identifier = count valid Identifier = ad_samsung valid Identifier = w12
      123 3_er gh_
      valid Identifier = gh_
      //Press <Enter> then <CTRL><d> to stop giving input.
             Total number of valid Identifier = 4
      $
```

<u>Program3:</u> Design a LEX Code to identify and print integer and float value in given Input pattern.

```
%{
 int m=0,n=0;
%}
%%
-?[0-9]+ {m++; printf("\t Integer = %s",yytext);}
-?[0-9]+"."[0-9]+ {n++; printf("\t Float = %s",yytext);}
.;
%%
main()
{
yylex();
printf("\nTotal number of Integer = %d & Float = %d \n",m,n);
}
/*
      $ lex int float.l
      $ cc lex.yy.c -lfl
      $ ./a.out
      123 4.9 acd 2567 .32
      Integer = 123 Float = 4.9 Integer = 2567 Float = .32
      2 3 3_er gh_ t4.5
      Integer = 2 Integer = 3 Integer = 3 Float = 4.5
                         //Press <Enter> then <CTRL><d> to stop giving input.
      Total number of Integer = 5 & Float = 3
$
*/
```

```
Program4: Lex code for tokenizing C-code
%{
 int n=0;
%}
%%
"while"|"if"|"else" {n++; printf("\t keywords: %s",yytext);}
"int"|"float" {n++; printf("\t keywords: %s",yytext);}
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* {n++; printf("\t Identifier: %s",yytext);}
"<="|"=="|"++"|"-"|"*"|"+""("|")"|"," {n++; printf("\t operator: %s",yytext);}
"{"|"}"|";"
             {n++; printf("\t Seperators: %s",yytext);}
-?[0-9]+"."[0-9]+
                  {n++; printf("\t Float %s",yytext);}
-?[0-9]+
            {n++; printf("\t Integer: %s",yytext);}
%%
main()
{ yylex();
printf("\nTotal number of token = %d \n",n); }
       $ lex token.l
       $ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
       $ ./a.out
              int p=1,d=0,r=4;
              float m=0.0, n=200.0;
              while (p \le 3)
               \{ if(d==0) \}
              \{ m = m + n^*r + 4.5; d + +; \}
         else
                     { r++; m=m+r+1000.0; }
                p++;
```

//Press <Enter> then <CTRL><d> to get output. \*/

}

**Program 5:** Design a LEX Code to count the number of total characters, words, white spaces in given 'Input.txt' file.

```
%{
 int n,w,c;
%}
%%
[ \n\t] {n++;}
[^ \n\t]+ {w++;c=c+yyleng;}
%%
main()
{
extern FILE *yyin;
yyin=fopen("Input.txt","r");
yylex();
printf("whitespace=%d word=%d total char=%d \n",n,w,n+c);
}
/*
           // before running the prog. create "Input.txt" file using vi editor
           // write senences in it like "i am looking
           //
                                  for you" and save it.
     $ lex word-count.l
     $ cc lex.yy.c -lfl
     $ ./a.out
     line=2 word=5 total char=19
     $
*/
```

```
Program 6: Lex code for replacing multiple whitespaces by single space
%{
%}
%%
[ \n\t]+ fprintf(yyout, "");
. fprintf(yyout,"%s",yytext);
%%
main()
{ extern FILE *yyin,*yyout;
yyin=fopen("Input.txt","r");
yyout=fopen("Output.txt","w");
yylex(); }
/*
           // before running the prog. create "Input.txt" file using vi editor
           // write senences in it like "i am looking
                                         you"
           //
                                   for
                                                          and save it.
     $ lex remove-whitspace.I
     $ cc lex.yy.c -lfl
     $ ./a.out
           // output will be shown in file "Output.txt"
           // content of file will look like "i am looking for you"
     $
*/
```

```
Program 7: Lex code for removing C-comment from C-program.
```

```
%{
%}
%%
"//"[^\n]*;
"/*"([^*]|[*]+[^/])*[*]+"/" ;
. fprintf(yyout,"%s",yytext);
%%
main()
{ extern FILE *yyin, *yyout;
yyin=fopen("Input.c","r");
yyout=fopen("Out.c","w");
yylex();
}
/* Input.c
int p=1,d=0,r=4;
float m=0.0, n=200.0; // hello
while (p \le 3)
   \{ if(d==0) \}
               /*this is wrong
Method */
       { m= m+n*r+4.5; d++; }
     // haha
      p++; }
Out.c
int p=1,d=0,r=4;
float m=0.0, n=200.0;
while (p \le 3)
   \{ if(d==0) \}
       { m= m+n*r+4.5; d++; }
      p++; }
*/
```

**Program 8:** Design a LEX Code to extract all html tags in the given HTML file at run time and store into Text file given at run time

```
%{
%}
%%
"<"[^>]*">";
. fprintf(yyout,"%s",yytext);
%%
main(int args, char **argv)
{ extern FILE *yyin,*yyout;
yyin=fopen(argv[1],"r");
yyout=fopen(argv[2],"w");
yylex();
}
/* Input file:
<html> heloo </html>
<html> whatever </html>
  Output file:
<html> </html>
<html> </html>
*/
```

**Program 9:** Implementation of DFA accepting even number of a and b over input {a, b} with dead state.

```
%s A B C F
응응
<INITIAL>\n printf(" accepted\n");BEGIN INITIAL;
<INITIAL>a BEGIN A;
<INITIAL>b BEGIN B;
<A>a BEGIN INITIAL;
<A>b BEGIN C;
<a>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" not accepted\n");
<B>a BEGIN C;
<B>b BEGIN INITIAL;
<B>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" not accepted\n");
<C>a BEGIN B;
<C>b BEGIN A:
<C>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" not accepted\n");
\langle A \rangle [^ab ] BEGIN F;
\langle B \rangle [^ab ] BEGIN F;
<C>[^ab\n] BEGIN F;
<INITIAL>[^ab\n] BEGIN F;
\langle F \rangle [^n] BEGIN F;
<F>[\n] BEGIN INITIAL;printf("Invalid Input\n");
. ;
응응
main()
{ printf("Enter the String of a and b only:\n");
yylex();
/* $ lex even.l
    $ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
    $ ./a.out
    Enter the String of a and b only:
    abbbba
    accepted
    abbaa
    not accepted
    abcab
    Invalid Input */
```

**Program 10:** Design a DFA in LEX Code which accepts string containing third last element 'a' over input alphabet {a, b}.

```
%s A B C D E F G H
응응
<INITIAL>a BEGIN A;
<INITIAL>b BEGIN INITIAL;
<A>a BEGIN D;
<A>b BEGIN B;
<B>a BEGIN E;
<B>b BEGIN C;
<C>a BEGIN A;
<C>b BEGIN INITIAL;
<D>a BEGIN G;
<D>b BEGIN F;
<E>a BEGIN A;
<E>b BEGIN B;
<F>a BEGIN E:
<F>b BEGIN C;
<G>a BEGIN G;
<G>b BEGIN F;
<INITIAL>\n BEGIN INITIAL;printf("not accepted\n");
<a>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" not accepted\n");
<B>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" not accepted\n");
<C>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" accepted\n");
<D>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" not accepted\n");
<E>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" accepted\n");
<F>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" accepted\n");
<G>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf(" accepted\n");
<INITIAL>[^ab\n] BEGIN H;
\langle A \rangle [^ab ] BEGIN H;
\langle B \rangle [^ab \rangle ] BEGIN H;
\langle C \rangle [^ab \rangle ] BEGIN H;
\Delta \ [^ab\n] BEGIN H;
\langle E \rangle [^ab \rangle ] BEGIN H;
\langle F \rangle [^ab \rangle ] BEGIN H;
\langle G \rangle [^ab \rangle ] BEGIN H;
\langle H \rangle [^n] BEGIN H;
<H>[\n] BEGIN INITIAL; printf("Invalid Input\n");
응응
```

```
main()
{
printf("Enter the String of a and b only:\n");
yylex();
}
/* $ lex Program10.l
    $ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
    $ ./a.out
    Enter the String of a and b only:
    abbbba
    not accepted
    abbaba
    accepted
    abcab
    Invalid Input */
```

**Program 11:** Design a DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & Float Constants and Identifier.

```
%s A B C D Y Z
응응
<INITIAL>[A-Za-z ] BEGIN B;
<INITIAL>[0-9] BEGIN A;
<INITIAL>[.] BEGIN Y;
\langle INITIAL \rangle [^A-Za-z0-9 . n] BEGIN Z;
<INITIAL>\n BEGIN INITIAL;printf("Not accepted\n");
<a>[.] BEGIN C;
\langle A \rangle [0-9] BEGIN A;
\langle A \rangle [A - Za - z] BEGIN Y;
\langle A \rangle [^A - Za - z0 - 9 . \n] BEGIN Z;
<a>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf("Integer\n");
\langle B \rangle [A-Za-z] BEGIN B;
\langle B \rangle [0-9] BEGIN B;
<B>[.] BEGIN Y;
\langle B \rangle [^A-Za-z0-9] \cdot n] BEGIN Z;
<B>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf("Identifier\n");
\langle C \rangle [0-9] BEGIN D;
<C>[.] BEGIN Y;
<C>[A-Za-z] BEGIN Y;
\langle C \rangle [^A-Za-z0-9 . n] BEGIN Z;
<C>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf("Not Accepted\n");
\langle D \rangle [0-9] BEGIN D;
<D>[.] BEGIN Y;
\langle D \rangle [A-Za-z] BEGIN Y;
\langle D \rangle [^A-Za-z0-9 . n] BEGIN Z;
<D>\n BEGIN INITIAL; printf("Float\n");
\langle Y \rangle [A-Za-z0-9] BEGIN Y;
\langle Y \rangle [^A-Za-z0-9 . n] BEGIN Z;
<Y>[\n] BEGIN INITIAL; printf("Not Accepted\n");
\langle Z \rangle [^n] BEGIN Z;
<Z>[\n] BEGIN INITIAL; printf("Invalid Input\n");
응응
main()
{
printf("Enter the char [A-Za-z0-9 .] only:\n");
yylex(); }
```

```
/*
   $ lex Program11.1
    $ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
    $ ./a.out
   Enter the char [A-Za-z0-9_.]only:
    1568
    Integer
    0.32
   Float
   Qw 12
    Identifier
   C.32
   Not accepted
    12A
   Not accepted
   A2@cd&W
    Invalid Input
*/
```

<u>Program 12:</u> Yacc-Lex code for +, -, \* and / of integers with precedence specification explicitly.

# <u>a.y</u> %{ #include<stdio.h> int yylex(void); void yyerror(char \*); %} %token digit %left '+' '-' %left "\*' '/' %% S:S E '\n' {\$\$=\$2; printf("output=%d\n",\$\$); } | ; E:E'+'E {\$\$=\$1+\$3;} | E '-' E { \$\$=\$1-\$3; } |E '\*' E { \$\$=\$1\*\$3; } | E '/' E { \$\$=\$1/\$3; } | digit { \$\$ = \$1; } %% int main() { yyparse(); } return 0; void yyerror(char \*msg)

printf("\narithematic expression is invalid"); }

{ printf("\n%s",msg);

```
b.l
%{
#include<stdlib.h>
int yylval;
#include"y.tab.h"
%}
%%
[0-9]+ { yylval = atoi(yytext); return digit; }
[-+*/\n]
                return *yytext;
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1;
}
/*
     $ yacc -d a.y
     $ lex b.l
     $ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c
     $ ./a.out
     2+3*5
     output=17
     4*6-3+5*2-12/3
     output=27
     2++5
                           */
     Syntax error
```

<u>Program 13:</u> Yacc-Lex code for +, -, \* and / of integers with precedence specified within CFG.

```
<u>a.y</u>
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int yylex(void);
void yyerror(char *);
%}
%token digit
%%
S:S E '\n' {$$=$2; printf("output=%d\n",$$); }
 |;
E:E'+'T {$$=$1+$3;}
 |E'-'T {$$=$1-$3;}
 |T {$$ = $1;}
T:T '*' F {$$=$1*$3;}
 |T'/'F {$$=$1/$3;}
 |F {$$=$1;}
F:digit {$$=$1;}
%%
int main() {
          yyparse();
          return 0;
                         }
```

```
void yyerror(char *msg)
{ printf("\n%s",msg);
 printf("\narithematic expression is invalid"); }
b.l
%{
#include<stdlib.h>
int yylval;
#include"y.tab.h"
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {yylval = atoi(yytext);return digit;}
[-+*/\n]
                return *yytext;
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1;
}
     $ yacc -d a.y
     $ lex b.l
     $ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c
     $ ./a.out
     5+6*9-15/3
     output=54
     20++5
     Syntax error
                      */
```

**Program 14:** Yacc-Lex code for converting infix expression to postfix expression.

### itp.l

```
왕 {
#include"y.tab.h"
extern int yylval;
용}
응응
[0-9]+ {yylval=atoi(yytext); return NUM;}
       return 0;
        return *yytext;
응응
int yywrap(){
   return 1;
}
itp.y
용 {
#include<stdio.h>
용}
%token NUM
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/'
%right NEGATIVE
응응
S: E \{ printf("\n"); \}
E:
   E '+' E {printf("+");}
    | E '*' E {printf("*");}
       E '-' E {printf("-");}
       E '/' E {printf("/");}
       '(' E ')'
       '-' E %prec NEGATIVE {printf("-");}
       NUM {printf("%d", yylval);}
응응
int main(){
   yyparse();
}
int yyerror (char *msg) {
    return printf ("error YACC: %s\n", msg);
}
```

/\* \$ yacc -d itp.y

\$ lex itp.l

\$ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c

\$ ./a.out

5+6\*9-2

Output: 569\*+2-

3-9/5

Output: 395/-

20++5

Syntax error \*/

#### **Program 15:** Yacc-Lex code for Desk calculator.

```
Cal.1
  #include<stdlib.h>
  int yylval;
  #include"y.tab.h"
  용}
  응응
  [a-z] {yylval=*yytext-'a'; return id;}
  [0-9]+ {yylval=atoi(yytext); return digit;}
  [-+()=/*\n] {return *yytext;}
  [\t];
  . yyerror("invalid character");
  응응
  int yywrap(void) {
  return 1;
Cal.y
  %token id digit
  %left '+' '-'
  %left '*' '/'
  %{ #include<stdio.h>
  void yyerror(char *);
  int yylex(void);
  int sym[26];
  용}
  응응
  P: P S '\n'
  1 ;
  S: E {printf("Output: %d\n",$1);}
  | id '=' E {sym[$1]=$3;}
  E: digit {$$=$1;}
  | id { $$ = sym[$1]; }
  | E '+' E {\$\$ = \$1 + \$3;}
  \mid E \mid - \mid E \mid \$\$ = \$1 - \$3; \}
  | E '*' E {\$\$ = \$1 * \$3;}
  \mid E' / \mid E \{ \$\$ = \$1 / \$3; \}
  | '(' E ')' { $$ = $2; }
  응응
  void yyerror(char *s)
  fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", s);
  return 0;
  }
  int main(void)
  yyparse();
  return 0 }
```

/\* \$ yacc -d cal.y

\$ lex cal.l

\$ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c

\$ ./a.out

7+6\* 9-15/3

Output: 56

a=5

а

Output: 5

b=6

a\*b

Output: 30

c=a+b

С

Output: 11

2@+3

Invalid character

Output: 5

е

Output: 0

e=a+b\*c-b

Output: 65

2++3

Syntax error