JEE-MAINS-2020-09/01/2020-shift-1

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- 1) If C be the centroid of the triangle having vertices (3,-1), (1,3) and (2,4). Let P be the point of intersection of the lines x + 3y 1 = 0 and 3x y + 1 = 0, then the line passing through the point:
 - a) (-9, -7)
 - b) (-9, -6)
 - (7,6)
 - d) (9,7)
- 2) The product $2^{\frac{1}{4}} \times 4^{\frac{1}{16}} \times 8^{\frac{1}{48}} \times 16^{\frac{1}{128}} \cdots \infty$ to is equal to
 - a) $2^{\frac{1}{4}}$
 - b) 2
 - c) $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 - d) 1
- 3) A spherical iron ball of 10 cm radius is coated with a layer of ice of uniform thickness that melts at the rate of $50cm^3/min$. When the thickness of ice is 5cm, then the rate(cm/min.) at which the thickness of ice decreases, is:
 - a) $\frac{5}{6\pi}$
 - b) $\frac{1}{54\pi}$
 - c) $\frac{1}{36\pi}$
- 4) Let f be any function continuous on [a, b] and twice differentiable on (a, b). If for all $x \in (a, b)$, f' > 0 and f'' < 0, then for any $c \in (a, b)$, (f(c) f(a)) (f(b) f(c)) is greater than:
 - a) (b-c)/(c-a)
 - b) 1
 - c) (c-a)/(b-c)
 - d) (b+a)/(b-a)
- 5) The value of $\cos^3\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{8}\right) + \sin^3\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{8}\right)$ is:
 - a)
 - b) $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$
 - c) $\frac{1}{2}$
 - d) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$
- 6) The number of real roots of the equation, $e^{4x} + e^{3x} 4e^{2x} + e^x + 1 = 0$ is

- a) 3
- b) 4
- c) 1
- d) 2
- 7) The value of $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{x \sin^8 x}{\sin^8 x + \cos^8 x} dx$ is equal to

1

- a) 2
- b) 4
- c) 2^2
- d) π^2
- 8) If for some α and β in R, the intersection of the following three planes

$$x + 4y - 2z = 1$$

$$x + 7y - 5z = \beta$$

$$x + 5y + \alpha z = 5$$

is a line in \mathbb{R}^3 , then $\alpha + \beta$ is equal to:

- a) 0
- b) 10
- c) -10
- d) 2
- 9) If e_1 and e_2 are the eccentricities of the ellipse, $\left(\frac{x^2}{18}\right) + \left(\frac{y^2}{4}\right) = 1$ and the hyperbola, $\left(\frac{x^2}{9}\right) \left(\frac{y^2}{4}\right) = 1$ respectively and (e_1, e_2) is a point on the ellipse, $15x^2 + 3y^2 = k$. Then k is equal to:
 - a) 14
 - b) 15
 - c) 17
 - d) 18

10) If
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(a+2)x + \sin x}{x}, & x < 0 \\ b, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$
is continuous at $x = 0$ then $a + 1$

is continuous at x = 0 then a + 2b is equal to:

- a) -2
- b) 1
- c) 0
- d) 1
- 11) If the matrices

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then $B = adjA$ and $C = 3A$, then

 $\frac{|adjB|}{|C|}$ is equal to

- a) 16
- b) 2
- c) 8
- d) 72

12) A circle touches the y-axis at the point (0,4)and passes through the point (2,0). Which of the following lines is not a tangent to the circle?

- a) 4x 3y + 17 = 0
- b) 3x + 4y 6 = 0
- c) 4x + 3y 8 = 0
- d) 3x 4y 24 = 0

13) Let *Z* be a complex number such that $\left| \frac{z-i}{z+2i} \right| = 1$ and $|z| = \frac{5}{2}$. Then the value of |z + 3i| is:

- a) $\sqrt{10}$ b) $\frac{7}{2}$ c) $\frac{15}{4}$ d) $2\sqrt{3}$

14) If $f'(x) = \tan^{-1}(\sec x + \tan x), \left(\frac{-\pi}{2}\right) < x < \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, and f(0) = 0, then f(1) is equal to:

- a) $\frac{(\pi+1)}{4}$ b) $\frac{(\pi+2)}{4}$ c) $\frac{1}{4}$ d) $\frac{(\pi-1)}{4}$

15) Negation of the statement: $\sqrt{5}$ is an integer or 5 is irrational' is:

- a) $\sqrt{5}$ is irrational or 5 is an integer.
- b) $\sqrt{5}$ is not an integer or 5 is not irrational
- c) $\sqrt{5}$ is an integer and 5 is irrational
- d) $\sqrt{5}$ is not an integer and 5 is not irrational