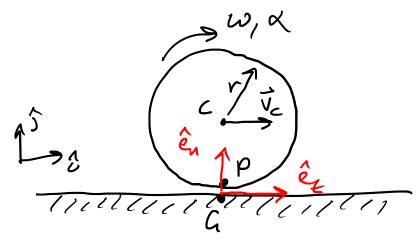
Rolling motion



$$\vec{V}_{c} = \vec{V}_{0}^{2} + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{PC}$$

$$\vec{V}_{c} = -\omega \hat{k} \times (r \hat{e}_{h})$$

$$= -\omega \hat{e}_{t}$$

$$\vec{V}_{c} = r\omega$$

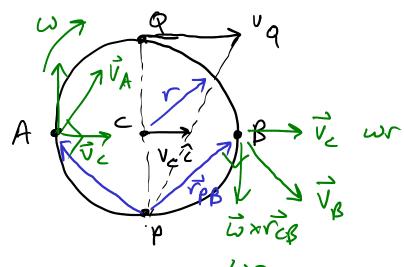
$$\vec{\omega} = -\omega \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{\lambda} = -\omega \hat{k}$$

rolling us skidding = relative motion of PaC.

rolling  $\Rightarrow$  no slip between PaC $\Rightarrow \vec{v}_p = \vec{v}_a = 0$ 

=> points of contact
have zero relative
velocity.



 $\vec{V}_{Q}$ ?  $\vec{V}_{Q}$ ?  $= \vec{V}_{C} + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{CB}$   $= \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{PB}$ 

$$\vec{\nabla}_{Q} = \vec{\nabla}_{C} + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{CQ}$$

$$\vec{\nabla}_{Q} = \vec{\nabla}_{P} + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{PQ}$$

$$0$$

