```
def selectionSort(array, size):
  for ind in range(size):
    min index = ind
    for j in range(ind + 1, size):
      # select the minimum element in every iteration
      if array[j] < array[min_index]:</pre>
         min_index = j
     # swapping the elements to sort the array
    (array[ind], array[min_index]) = (array[min_index], array[ind])
arr = [-2, 45.7, 0, 11.99, -9,88.00,-97,-202,747]
size = len(arr)
selectionSort(arr, size)
print('The array after sorting in Ascending Order by selection sort is:')
print(arr)
def bubbleSort(arr):
  n = len(arr)
  # optimize code, so if the array is already sorted, it doesn't need
  # to go through the entire process
  swapped = False
  # Traverse through all array elements
  for i in range(n-1):
    # range(n) also work but outer loop will
```

```
# repeat one time more than needed.
    # Last i elements are already in place
    for j in range(0, n-i-1):
      # traverse the array from 0 to n-i-1
      # Swap if the element found is greater
      # than the next element
      if arr[j] > arr[j + 1]:
        swapped = True
        arr[j], arr[j + 1] = arr[j + 1], arr[j]
    if not swapped:
      # if we haven't needed to make a single swap, we
      # can just exit the main loop.
      return
# Driver code to test above
arr = [64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90]
bubbleSort(arr)
print("Sorted array is:")
for i in range(len(arr)):
  print("% d" % arr[i], end=" ")
# Function for Selection Sort of elements
```

```
def Selection_Sort(marks):
  for i in range(len(marks)):
    # Find the minimum element in remaining unsorted array
    min_idx = i
    for j in range(i + 1, len(marks)):
      if marks[min_idx] > marks[j]:
        min_idx = j
    # Swap the minimum element with the first element
    marks[i], marks[min_idx] = marks[min_idx], marks[i]
  print("Marks of students after performing Selection Sort on the list:")
  for i in range(len(marks)):
    print(marks[i])
#<----->
# Function for Bubble Sort of elements
def Bubble_Sort(marks):
  n = len(marks)
  # Traverse through all array elements
  for i in range(n - 1):
    # Last i elements are already in place
    for j in range(0, n - i - 1):
```

```
# Swap if the element found is greater than the next element
      if marks[j] > marks[j + 1]:
        marks[j], marks[j + 1] = marks[j + 1], marks[j]
  print("Marks of students after performing Bubble Sort on the list :")
  for i in range(len(marks)):
    print(marks[i])
#<---->
# Function for displaying top five marks
def top_five_marks(marks):
  print("Top",len(marks),"Marks are : ")
  print(*marks[::-1], sep="\n")
# Main
marks=[]
n = int(input("Enter number of students whose marks are to be displayed:"))
print("Enter marks for",n,"students (Press ENTER after every students marks): ")
for i in range(0, n):
  ele = int(input())
```

Traverse the array from 0 to n-i-1

```
marks.append(ele) # adding the element
print("The marks of",n,"students are : ")
print(marks)
flag=1;
while flag==1:
  print("\n----")
  print("1. Selection Sort of the marks")
  print("2. Bubble Sort of the marks")
  print("3. Exit")
  ch=int(input("\n\nEnter your choice (from 1 to 3) : "))
  if ch==1:
    Selection_Sort(marks)
    a=input("\nDo you want to display top marks from the list (yes/no): ")
    if a=='yes':
      top_five_marks(marks)
    else:
      print("\nThanks for using this program!")
      flag=0
  elif ch==2:
    Bubble_Sort(marks)
    a = input("\nDo you want to display top five marks from the list (yes/no): ")
    if a == 'yes':
```

top_five_marks(marks)

```
else:
     print("\nThanks for using this program!")
     flag = 0
 elif ch==3:
   print("\nThanks for using this program!!")
   flag=0
 else:
   print("\nEnter a valid choice!!")
   print("\nThanks for using this program!!")
   flag=0
def print_roll(a):
 for i in range(0, len(a)):
   print("\t", a[i], end=" ")
 print()
#<----->
```