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Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI 2021-22

Advanced Database System Lab

Assignment submission

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Batch: T2

Assignment: 3

**Title of assignment: Installation, configuration & testing of
Oracle 12c EE/18c XE**

1. Download / get setup CD of Oracle Server & Client (Win/Linux).
2. Read and follow the prerequisite for installation and accordingly set the system.
3. If oracle already installed, uninstall it.
4. Install Oracle Server on one machine.
5. Install Oracle Client on another machine.
6. Check the connectivity from Web client and SQL command line. (Note use the hr demo schema)
7. Create new schema/user by your PRN e.g. 2019BTECS00001.
8. Create sample tables in newly created schema / user.
9. Repeat the step 6 for this new schema.
10. Demonstrate the DML on new tables.
11. Create GUI desktop application in Python which will connect to schema created in step 7. Allows to choose available tables. Demonstrate the CRUD operations on selected table.

12. Demonstrate the above program on another machine configured in step 5.

Introduction:

A **database management system (DBMS)** is software that controls the storage, organization, and retrieval of data.

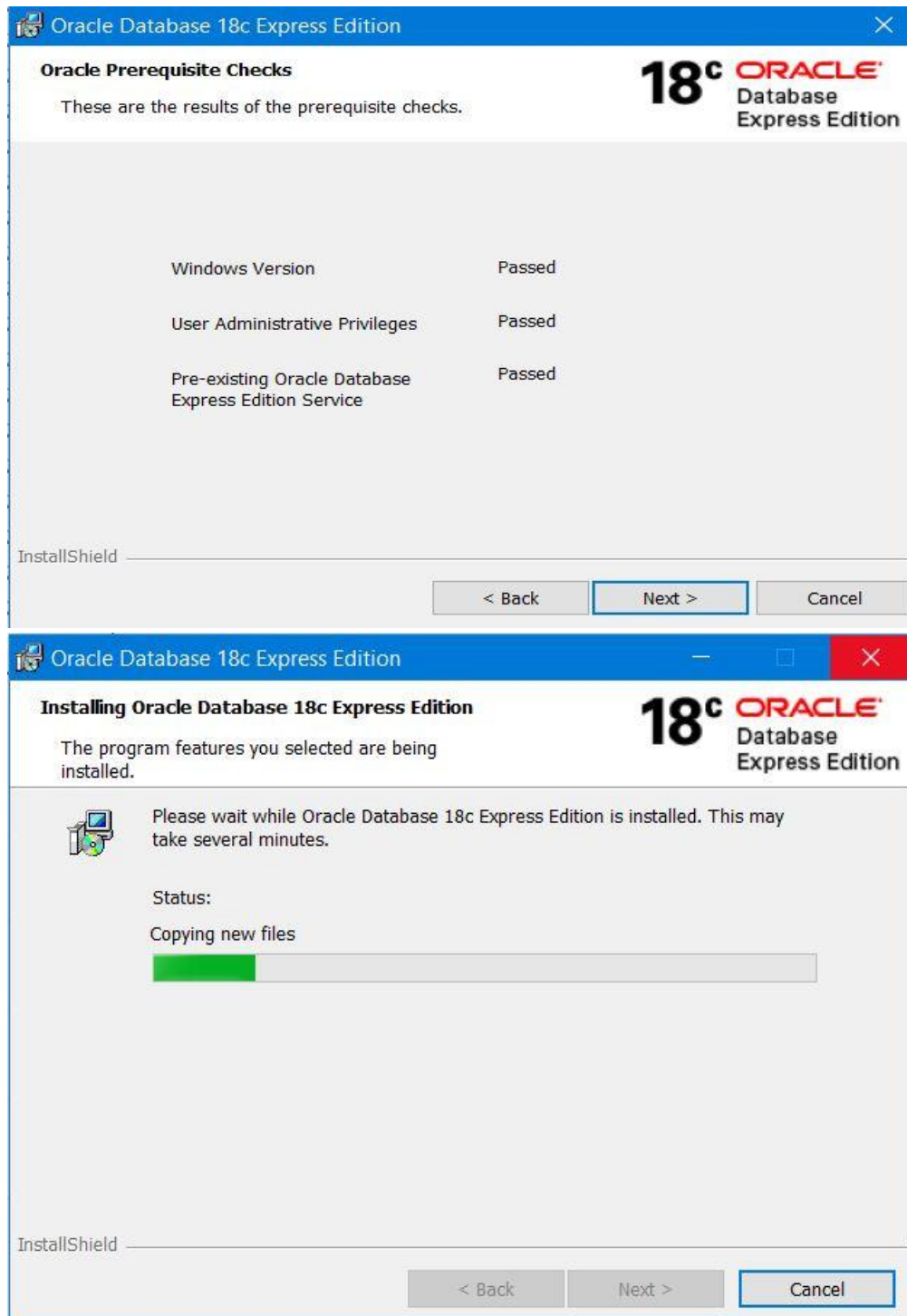
The relational model is the basis for a **relational database management system (RDBMS)**. An RDBMS moves data into a database, stores the data, and retrieves it so that applications can manipulate it.

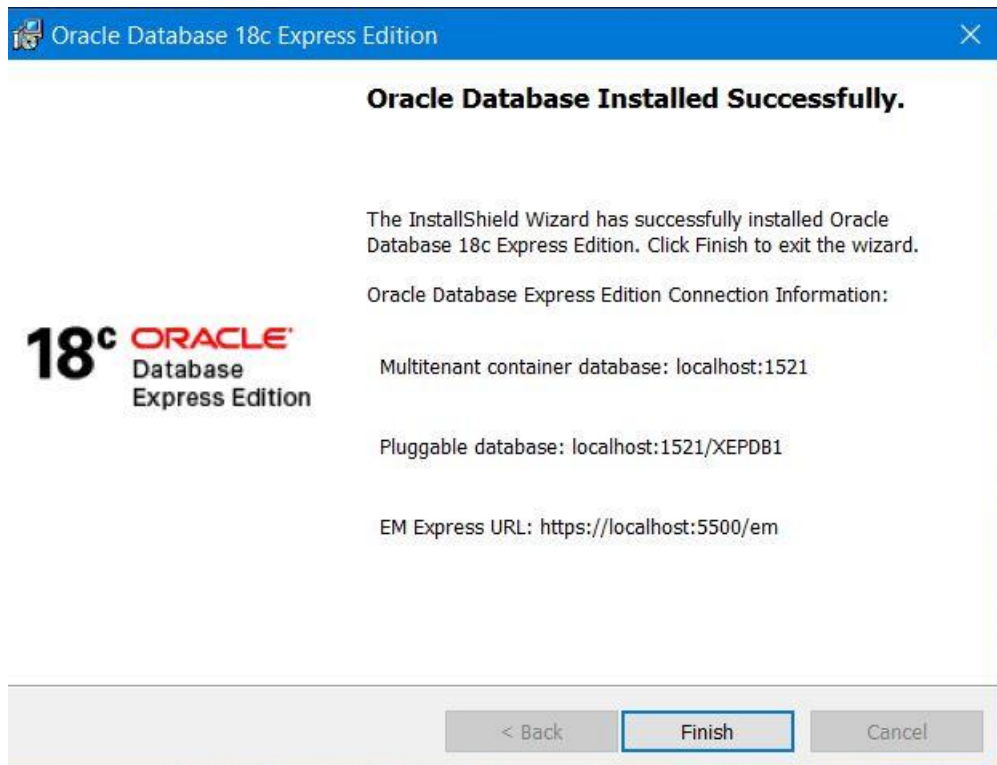
In Oracle Database, a database [schema](#) is a collection of logical data structures, or schema objects. A database user owns a database schema, which has the same name as the [user name](#).

MySQL is released under an open-source license. So you have nothing to pay to use it. MySQL is a very powerful program in its own right. It handles a large subset of the functionality of the most expensive and powerful database packages. MySQL uses a standard form of the well-known SQL data language. MySQL works on many operating systems and with many languages including PHP, PERL, C, C++, JAVA, etc. MySQL works very quickly and works well even with large data sets.

Procedure:

Installation of Oracle 18XC steps:





MySQL Command Line Client

The screenshot shows the 'MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client' window. The prompt is 'mysql>'. The user has entered the command 'show databases;', and the output is a table of databases:

Database
information_schema
mysql
performance_schema
sakila
sys
world

6 rows in set (0.37 sec)

The user then enters 'use world;', and the output is 'Database changed'.

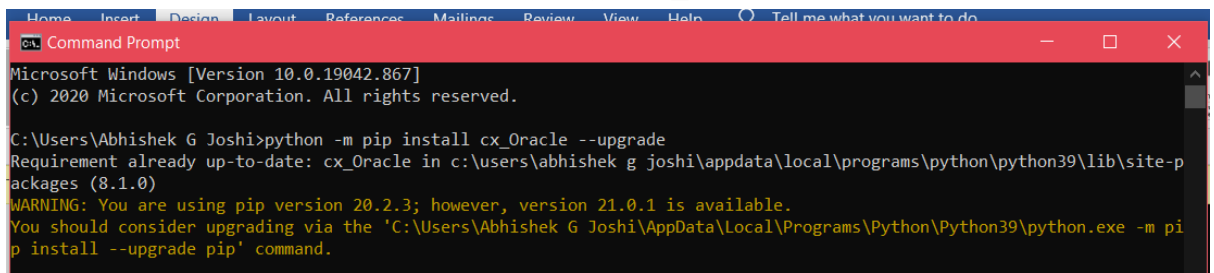
Next, the user enters 'show tables;', and the output is a table of tables in the 'world' database:

Tables_in_world
city
country
countrylanguage

3 rows in set (0.25 sec)

The prompt 'mysql>' is visible at the bottom.

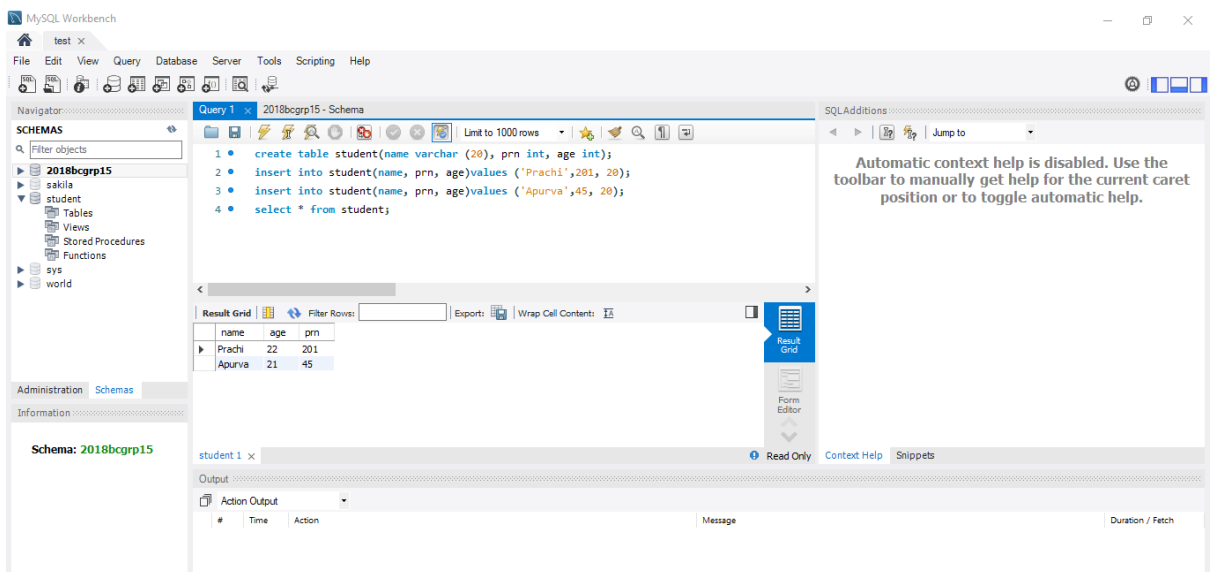
Oracle Connection with python through XC_oracle



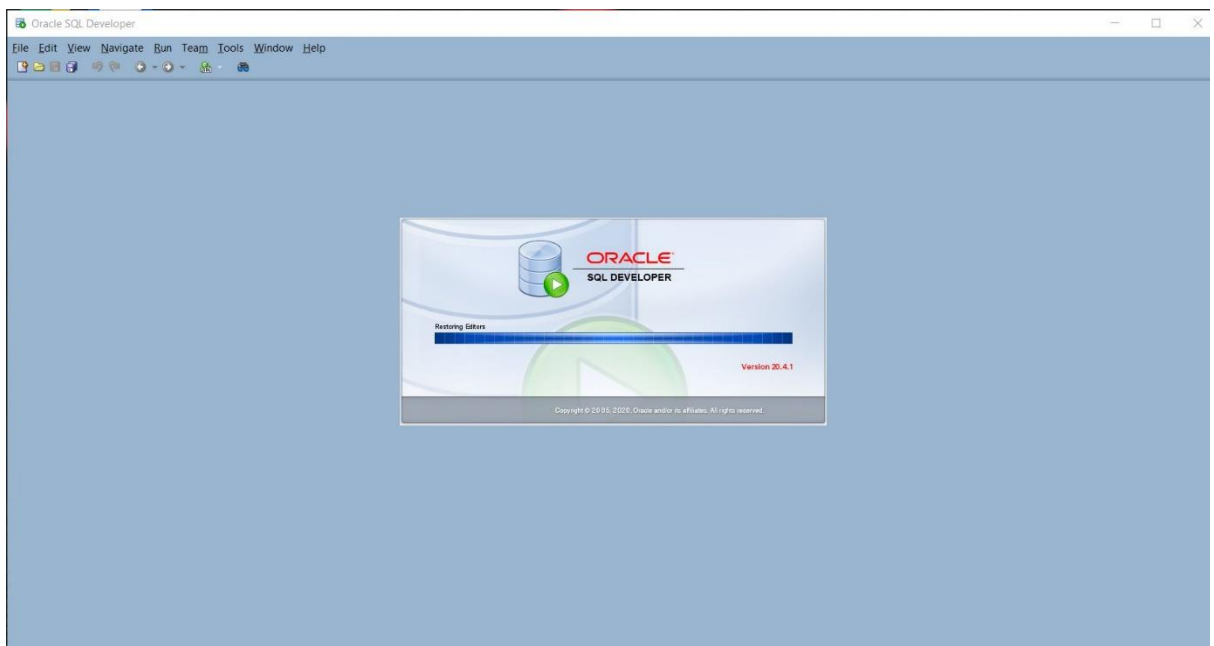
```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.867]
(c) 2020 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Abhishek G Joshi>python -m pip install cx_Oracle --upgrade
Requirement already up-to-date: cx_Oracle in c:\users\abhishek g joshi\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages (8.1.0)
WARNING: You are using pip version 20.2.3; however, version 21.0.1 is available.
You should consider upgrading via the 'C:\Users\Abhishek G Joshi\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python39\python.exe -m pip install --upgrade pip' command.
```

MySQL Workbench



ORACLE Workspace



2. Data Insertion:

The screenshot shows a desktop application with two windows. The main window, titled 'Course registration system', has a light gray background and contains four buttons: 'Add New COURSE', 'Update COURSE Info', 'Delete COURSE Entry', and 'Show COURSE Details'. The second window, titled 'Add New Course' with a red header, is open on top of the main window. It contains two text input fields: 'COURSE NAME' with the value 'AI' and 'COURSE ID' with the value '4CS0005'. Below these fields is a 'Submit' button. The title bar of the 'Add New Course' window includes standard minimize, maximize, and close icons.

3. Data Deletion:

The screenshot shows the same desktop application as before, but with a different window open. The main window, titled 'Course registration system', remains the same with its four buttons. The second window, titled 'Delete COURSE', has a light gray background and contains a text input field labeled 'COURSEID' with the value '4CS0002'. Below this field is a 'Delete Entry' button. The title bar of the 'Delete COURSE' window includes standard minimize, maximize, and close icons.

4. Data Updation:

The screenshot shows a software interface with two windows. The left window, titled 'Course registration system', contains four buttons: 'Add New COURSE', 'Update COURSE Info', 'Delete COURSE Entry', and 'Show COURSE Details'. The right window, titled 'Add New COURSE', contains two text input fields. The first field is labeled 'COURSE Name' and contains the text 'AI'. The second field is labeled 'COURSE ID' and contains the text '4CS0006'. Below these fields is an 'Update' button.

Field	Value
COURSE Name	AI
COURSE ID	4CS0006

5. Data Display

The screenshot shows the same 'Course registration system' window on the left. The right window, titled 'COURSE Details', displays a table of course information.

COURSENAME	COURSEID
ADS Lab	4CS0001
Cloud Computing	4CS0002
AI	4CS0005

Making GUI of python with MySQL:

MySQL connection:

```
from tkinter import *
from tkinter import messagebox

import mysql.connector
expression = ""

con=mysql.connector.connect(host="localhost",user="root",passwd="Rop1122msq!",database="2018BCGRP05")

cur = con.cursor()
cur = con.cursor()
```

In shell:

```
MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> create table COURSES(coursename varchar(30),courseid varchar(10));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (5.17 sec)

mysql> select * from courses
-> ;
+-----+-----+
| coursename | courseid |
+-----+-----+
| ADS Lab    | CS40001  |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.81 sec)

mysql>
```

GUI:

```
MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> create table COURSES(coursename varchar(30),courseid varchar(10));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (5.17 sec)

mysql> select * from courses
-> ;
+-----+-----+
| coursename | courseid |
+-----+-----+
| ADS Lab    | CS40001  |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.81 sec)

mysql>
```

Course registration system

Add New COURSE

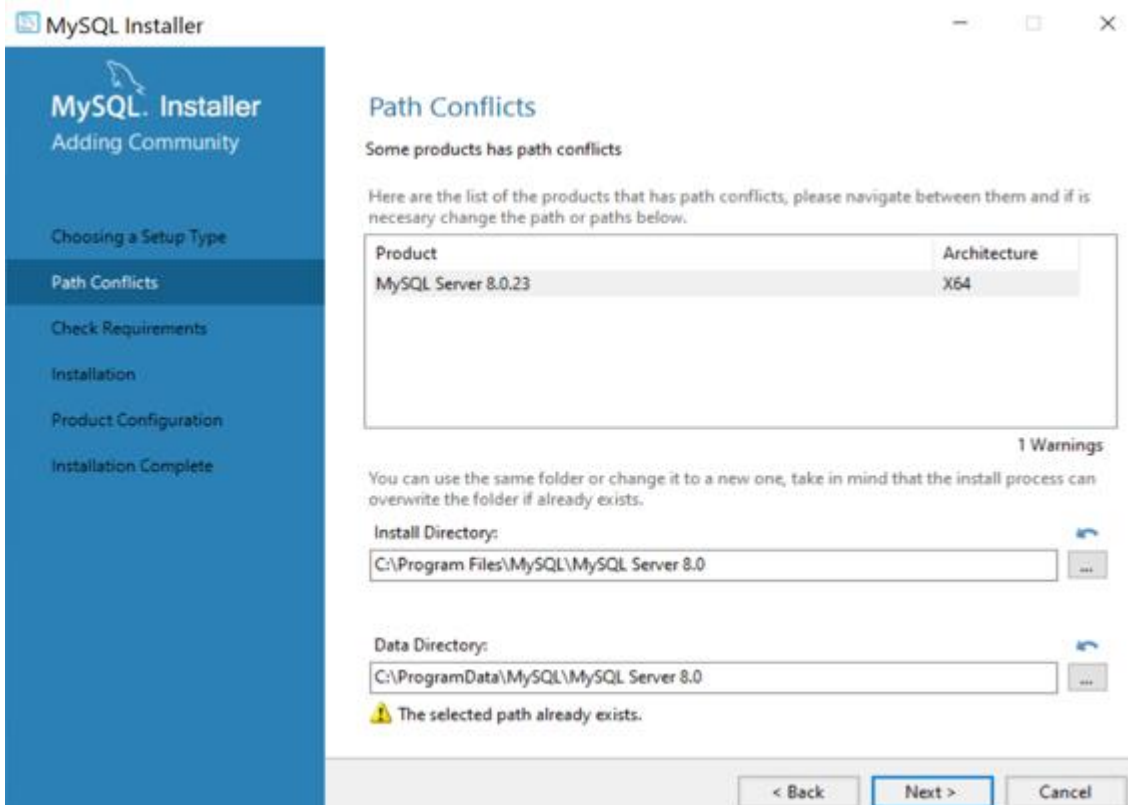
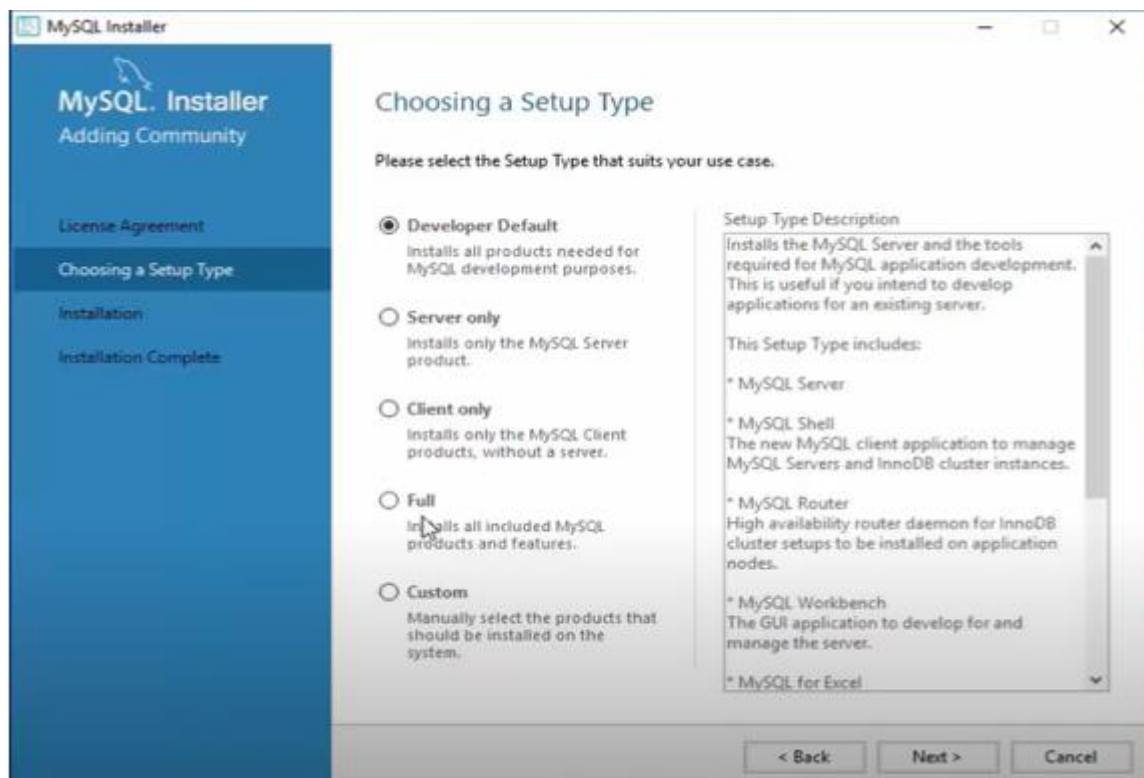
Update COURSE Info

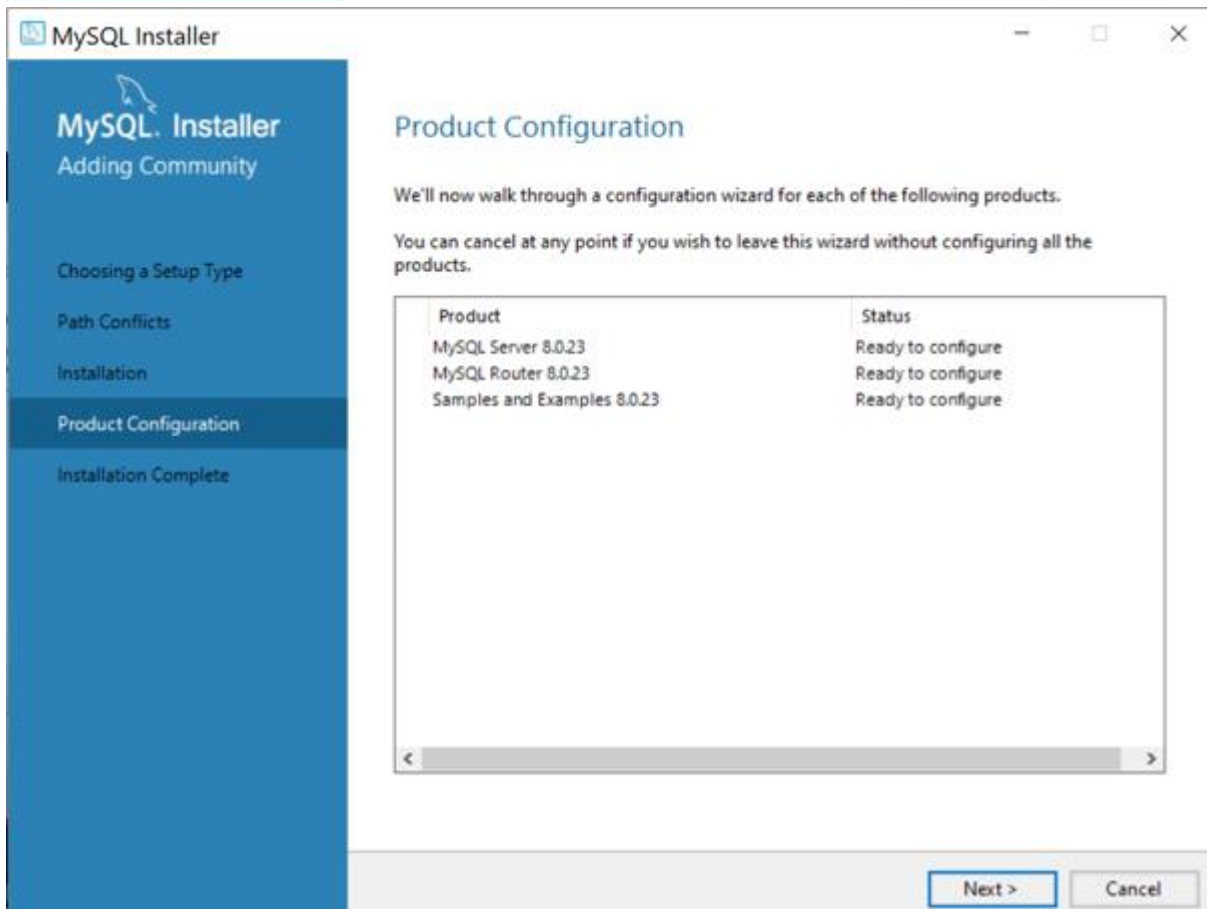
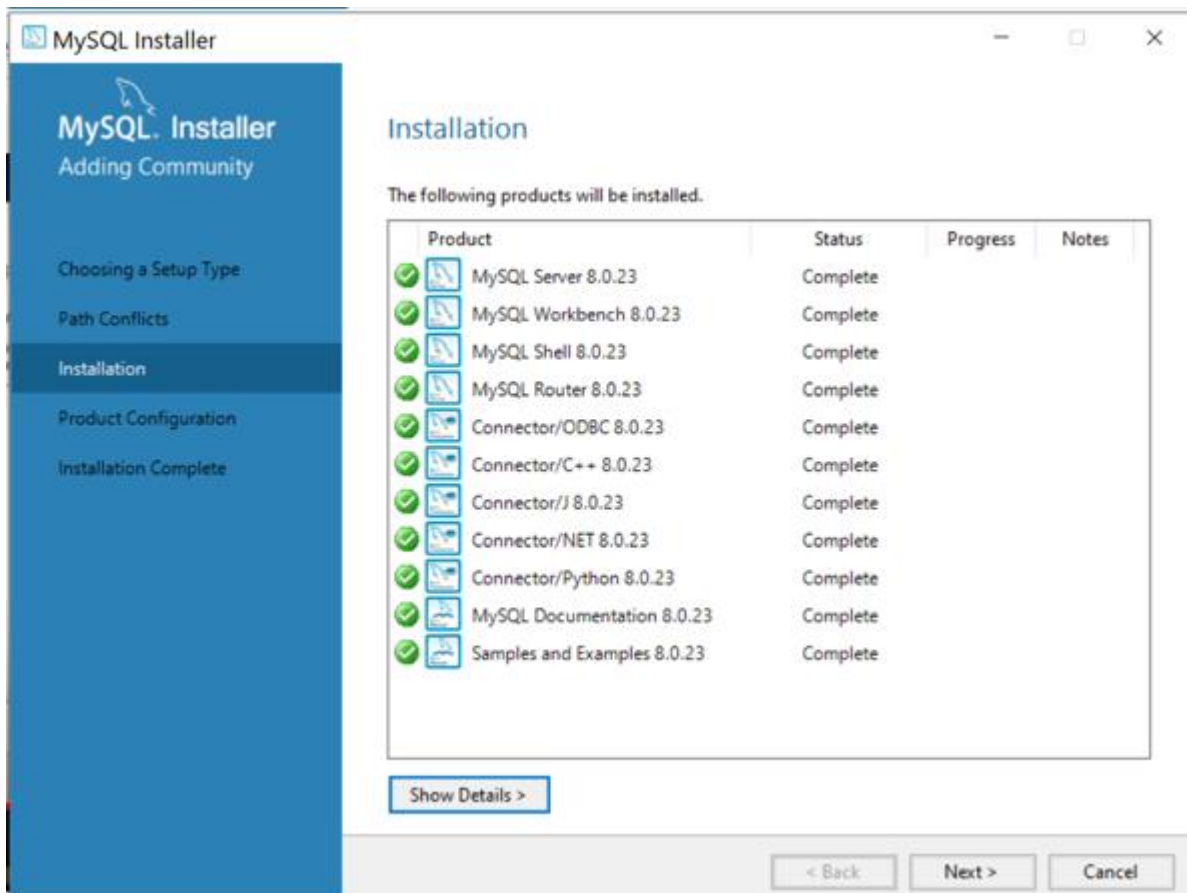
Delete COURSE Entry

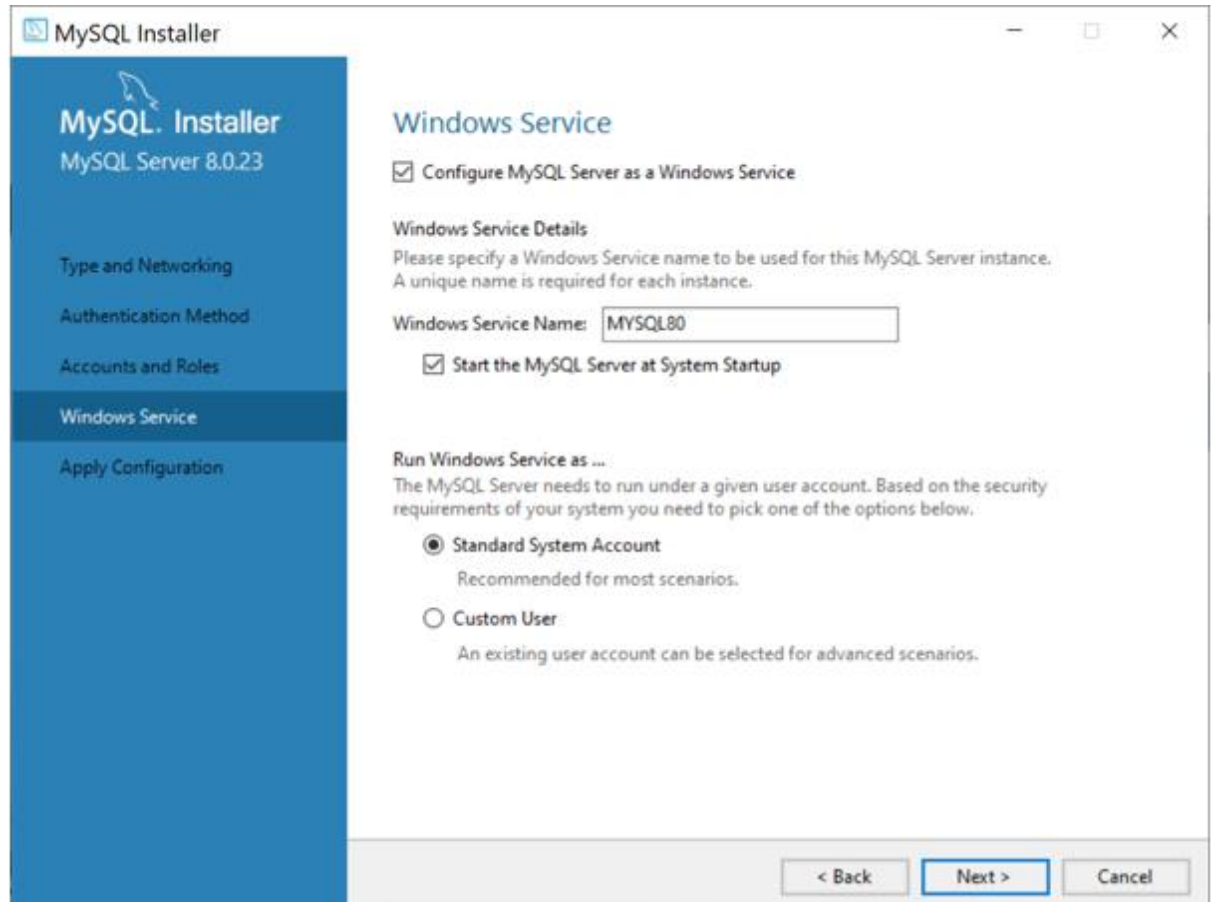
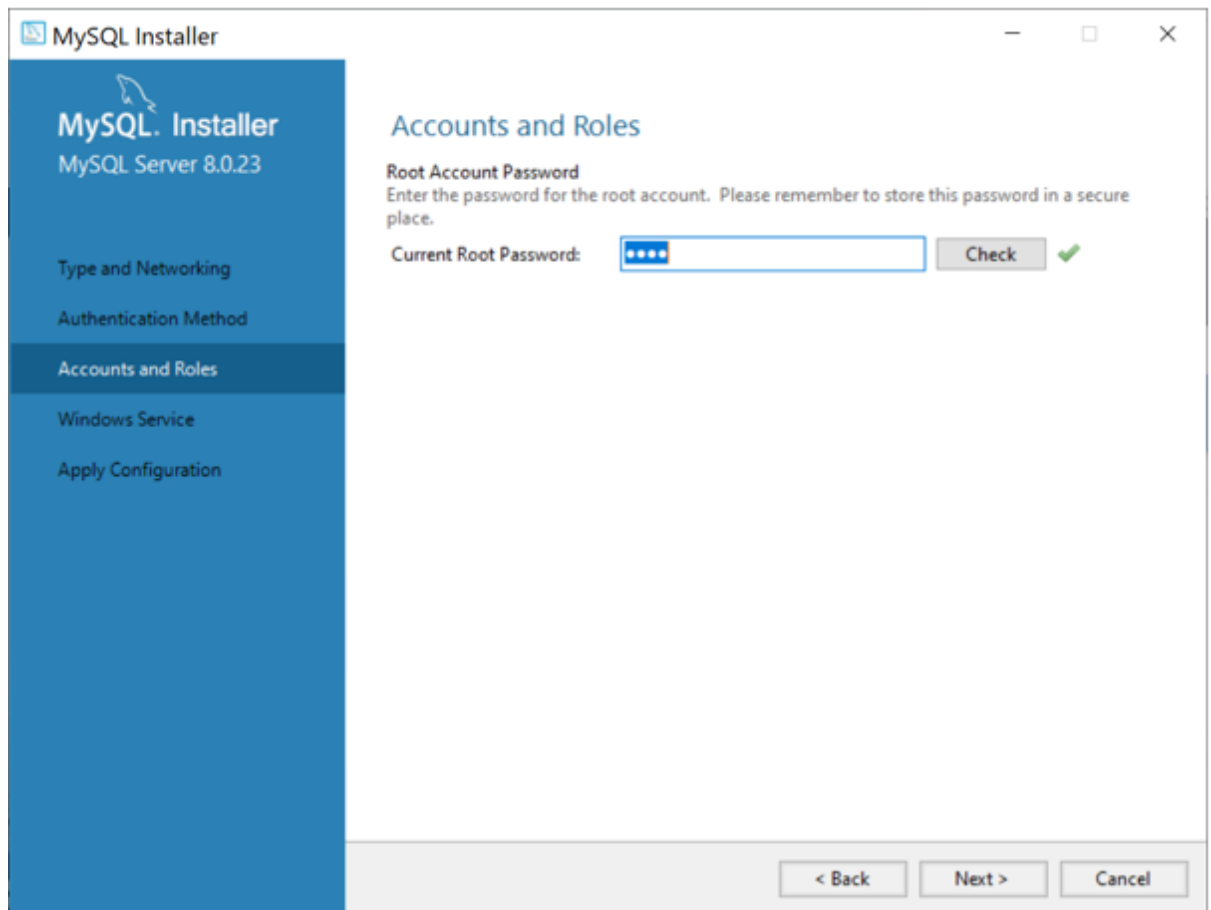
Show COURSE Details

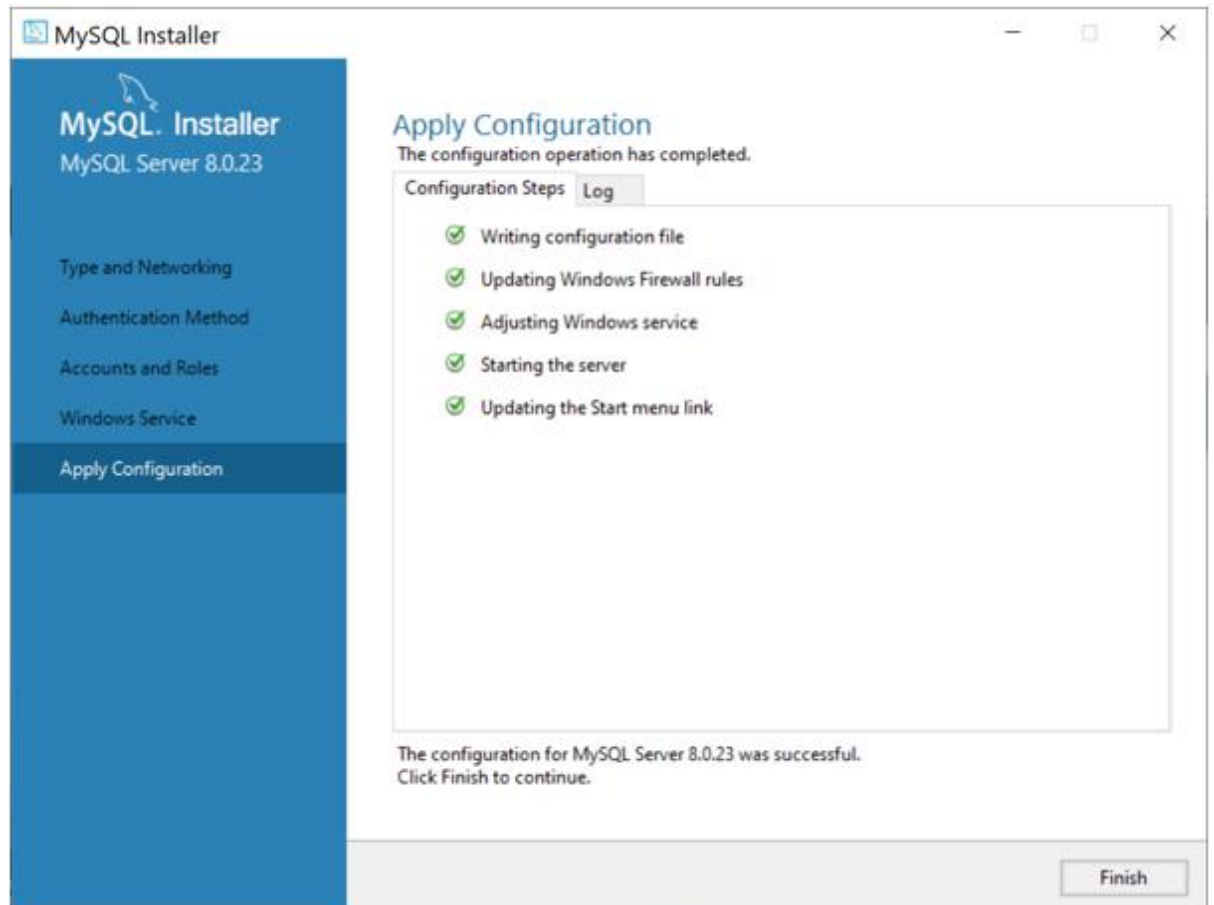
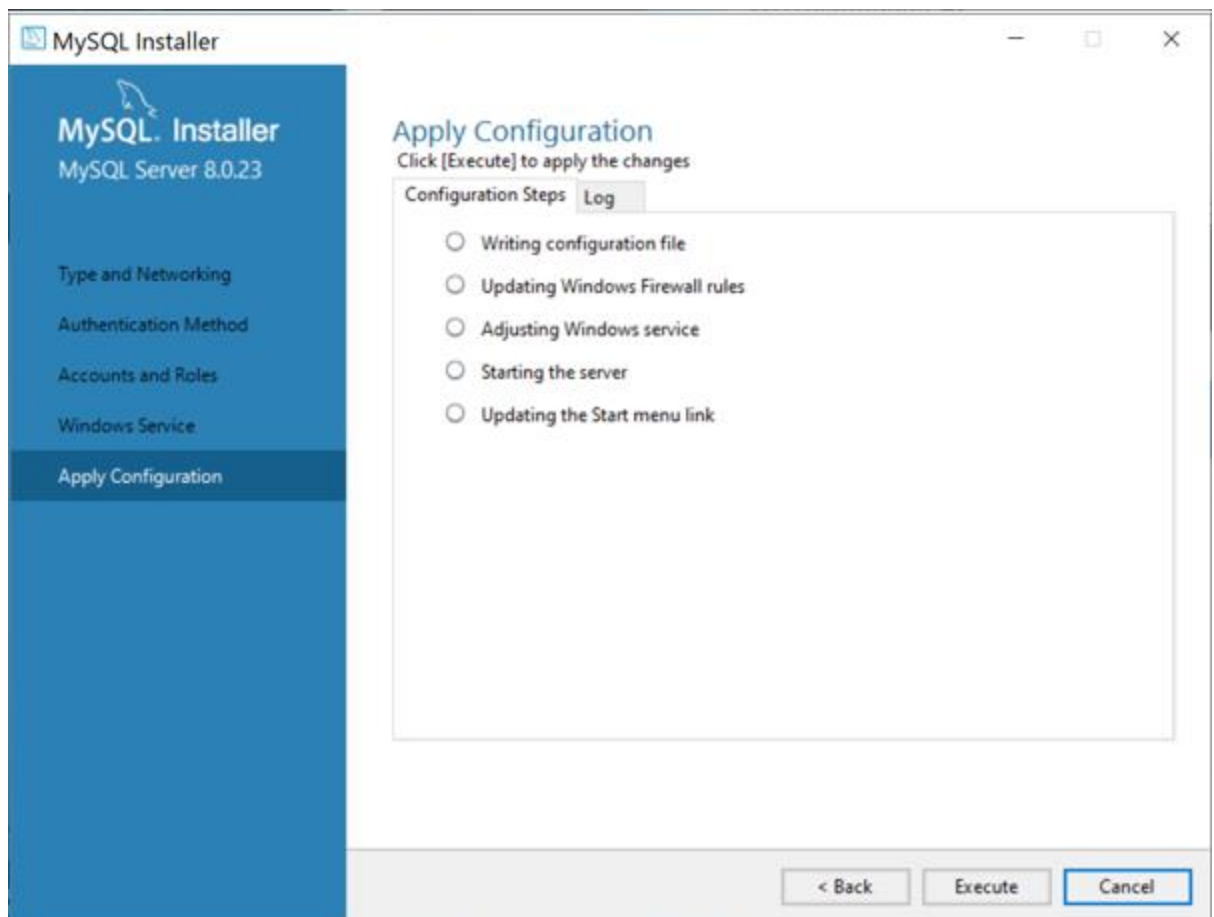
Display Data

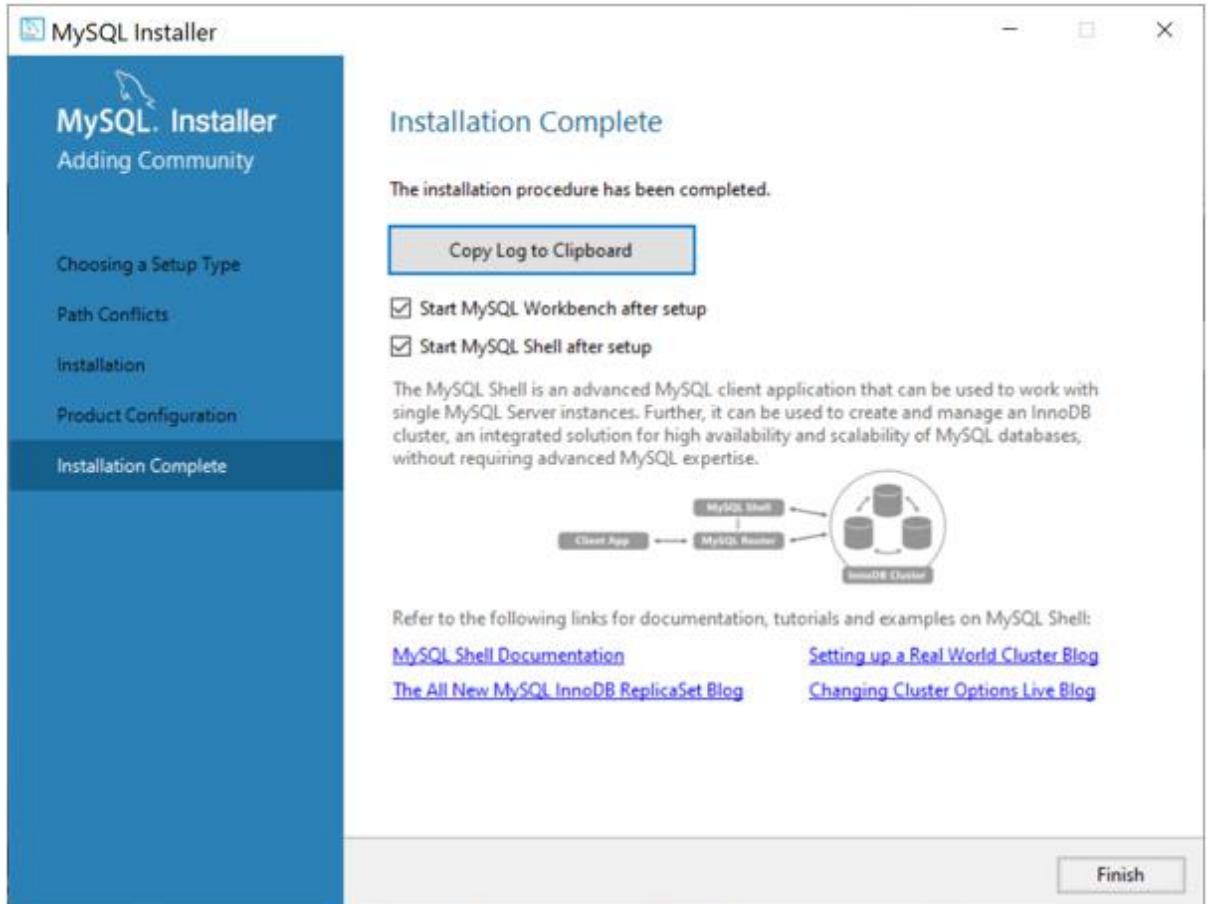
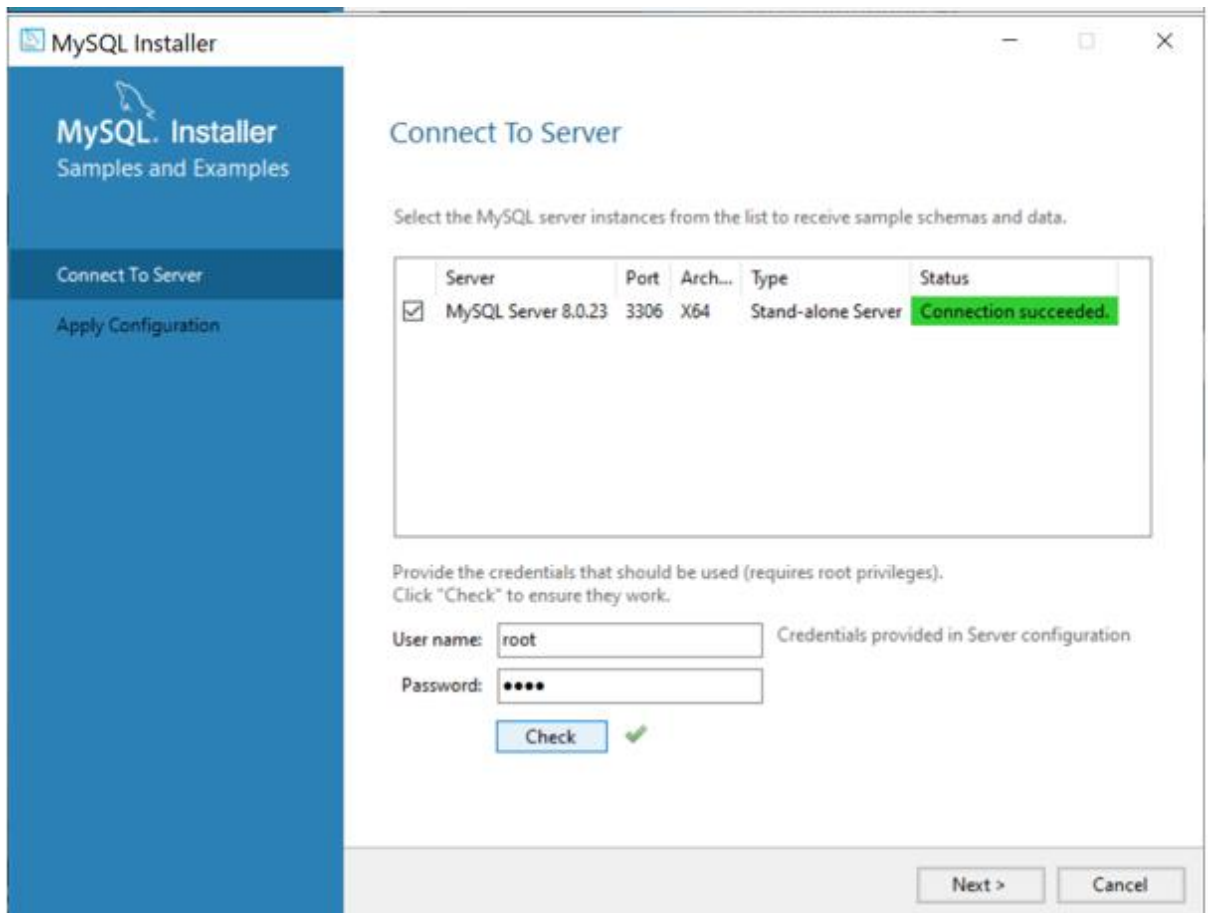
Installation of MySQL 8.0 Steps











Conclusion:

In this assignment, we saw how to use MySQL Connector and Oracle connector /Python to integrate a MySQL database and Oracle database with our Python application. Along the way, we learned some programming best practices that are worth considering when it comes to establishing a connection, creating tables, and inserting and updating records in a database application.

References:

1. <https://www.oracle.com/tools/downloads/sqldev-downloads.html>
2. <https://www.oracle.com/in/database/technologies/xe-downloads.html>