

### ASSIGNMENT 3

Title : Multithreading

Problem Statement : Implement multithreading for matrix multiplication using pthreads

Theory :

What is a thread ?

A thread is a single sequence stream within in a process. Because threads have some of the properties of processes, they are sometimes called lightweight processes.

What are the differences between process and thread ?

Threads are not independent of one other like processes as a result threads shares with other threads their code section, data section and OS resources like open files and signals. But, like process, a thread has its own Program Counter (PC), a register set and a stack space.

Unlike JAVA, multithreading is not supported by the language standard. POSIX Threds (or Pthreads) is a POSIX standard for threads. Implementation of pthread is available with gcc compiler.

Why Multithreading ?

Threads are popular way to improve application through parallelism. For example, in a browser, multiple tabs can be different threads. MS word uses multiple threads, one thread to format the text, other to process input, etc.

Threads operate faster than processes due to the following reasons :

- Thread creation is much faster
- Context switching between threads is much faster
- Threads can be terminated easily
- Communication between threads is faster.

### POSIX Thread Libraries

- based thread API for C/C++
- allows to spawn a new concurrent process flow
- most effective on multi-processor or multi-core systems where the process flow can be scheduled to run on another processor thus gaining speed through parallel or distributed processing
- Threads require less overhead than "forking" or spawning a new process because the system does not initialize a new system virtual memory space and environment for the process.

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Algorithm :

- 1) Input matrix 1
- 2) Input matrix 2
- 3) Validate rows and columns for multiplication to be possible
- 4) Create  $m \times n$  threads
- 5) Call thread function to calculate one element of resultant matrix  $m \times n$  times.
- 6) Join the threads
- 7) Display the resultant multiplication matrix.

Conclusion : I have successfully implemented multithreading for matrix multiplication using POSIX threads.