

## ASSIGNMENT 4

Title : Recursive Descent Parser

Problem Statement : Study recursive descent parser

Objectives : • Understand basic principles of top-down parsing  
• To study recursive descent parser

Theory : A recursive descent parser is a top-down parser, so called because it builds a parse tree from the top-down and from left to right using input sentences as a target as it is scanned from left to right.

Perhaps the hardest part of a recursive descent parser is the scanning repeatedly fetching the next token from a scanner. It is tricky to decide when to scan and the parser doesn't work all if there is an extra scan or missing scan.

Algorithm :

- 1) Apply left recursive removal method and remove left recursion in grammar if any.
- 2) Apply left fetching
- 3) Compute 1<sup>st</sup> step

Grammar

$S \rightarrow TL$

$L \rightarrow +slc$

$T \rightarrow UM$

$M \rightarrow *T | e$

$U \rightarrow (s) | v$

$V \rightarrow 0 | 1 | \dots | 9$

- 4) Compute 1<sup>st</sup> sets

•  $\text{First}(V) = \{0, \dots, 9\}$

•  $\text{First}(U) = \text{First}(s) \cup \text{First}(v) = \{\{ \} \cup \{0, 9\}\} = \{0, \dots, 9\}$

•  $\text{First}(M) = \text{First}(*T) \cup \text{First}(e) = \{*, e\}$

- $\text{First}(T) = \text{First}(UM) = \text{First}(U) = \{ (, 0, \dots, 9 \}$
- $\text{First}(L) = \text{First}(+S) \cup \text{First}(e) = \{ +, e \}$
- 5)  $\text{First}(S) = \text{First}(TL) = \text{First}(T)$
- 6)  $\text{First}(S) = \text{First}(+L) = \text{First}(T) = \{ 0, \dots, 9 \}$

### Recursive Descent Parser

```

parse_S() {
    parse_T() ; parse_L();
}

parse_L() {
    // L → +S
    if (lookhead == "+") {
        match('+') ; parse_S();
    }
    // L
    else ...
}

parse_T() {
    // T → UM
    parse_U() ; parse_M();
}

parse_L() {
    // L → +S
    if (lookhead == "+") {
        match('+') ; parse_S();
    }
    // L
    else ...
}

parse_U() {
    if (lookhead == "(") { // U → (S)
        match("(") ; parse_S() ; match(")");
    }
}

```

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```
    else parse_v(); // U → V
}
parse_v() {
    if (lookahead == "0") { // V → 0
        match("0");
    } else if (lookahead == "1") { // V → 1
        match("1");
    } else if (lookahead == "9") { // V → 9
        match("9");
    } else error();
}
```

Conclusion: I learnt about recursive descent parser concept and implemented it.