

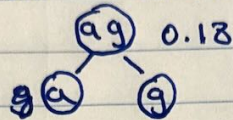
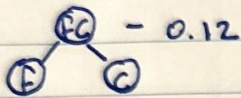
## Part 2

1. use Huffman Coding to encode these symbols with given freq.

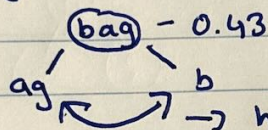
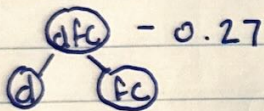
a) 0.10    b) 0.25    c) 0.05    d) 0.15    e) 0.30    f) 0.07    g) 0.08

ordered:

c) 0.05    f) 0.07    g) 0.08    a) 0.10    d) 0.15    b) 0.25    e) 0.30

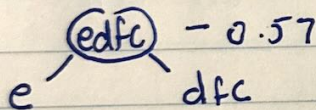


fc) 0.12    d) 0.15    ag) 0.18    b) 0.25    e) 0.3

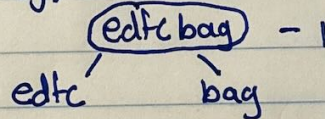


→ higher freq. goes on the left.

dfc) 0.27    e) 0.3



bag) 0.43



0

edfc bag

0/ \ 1

1

edfc

bag

0/ \ 1

0/ \ 1

2

e dfc

b ag

0/ \ 1

0/ \ 1

3

d fc

a g

0/ \ 1

f c

4

Avg. Code length

$$\begin{aligned}
 & e \text{ lvl } b \text{ lvl } d \text{ lvl } a \text{ lvl } g \\
 & (0.3) 2 + (0.25) 2 + (0.15) 3 + (0.10) 3 + (0.08) 3 \\
 & + (0.07) 4 + (0.05) 4 = \underline{2.57 \text{ bits/char}}
 \end{aligned}$$

e: 00

b: 10

d: 010

a: 110

f: 0110

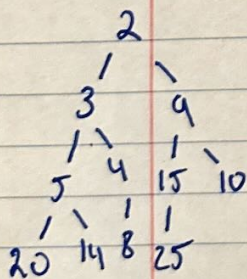
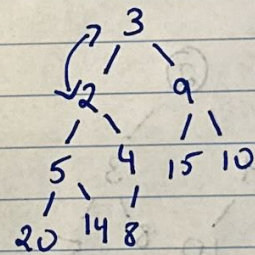
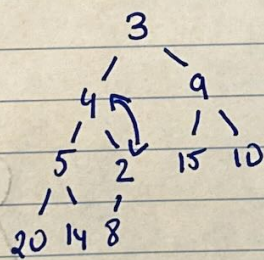
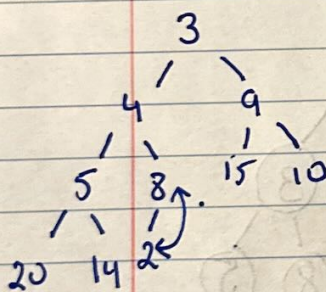
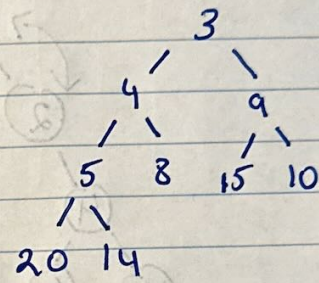
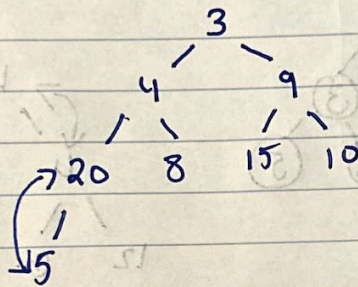
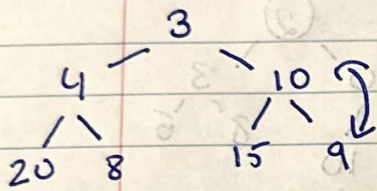
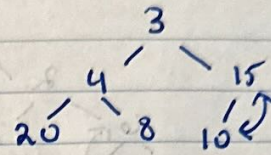
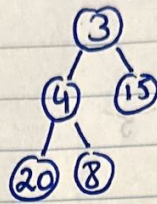
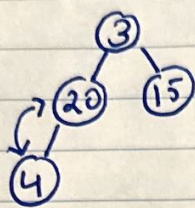
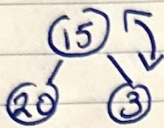
g: 111

c: 0111

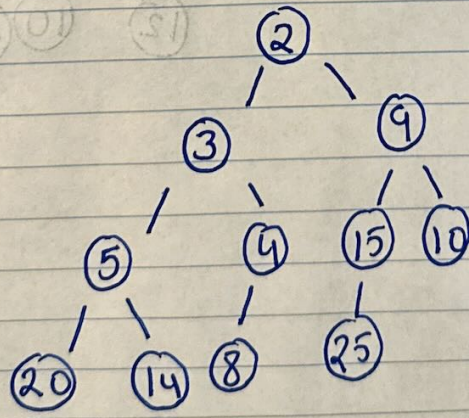


2. build (draw) a heap (minheap, smallest value at root) by inserting one item at a time, w/ the values.

15 20 3 4 8 10 9 5 14 2 25



=>

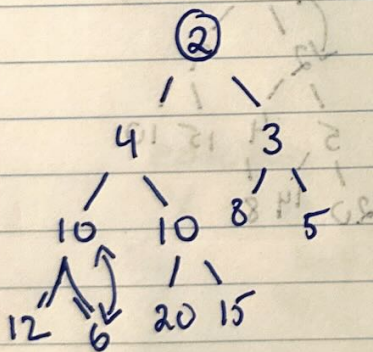
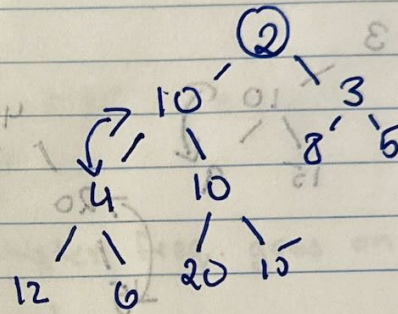
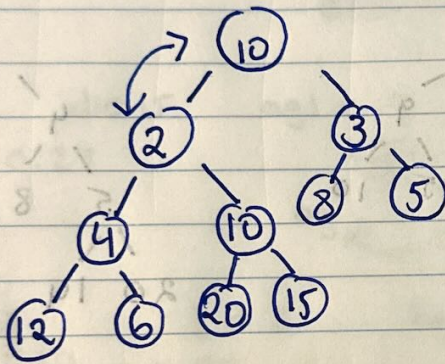
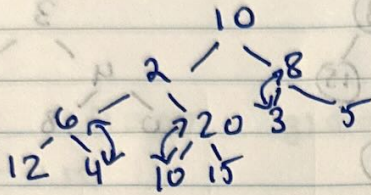




Smallest value at root

3. build (draw) a heap (min heap) using the linear algorithm with the values:

10 2 8 6 20 3 5 12 4 10 15



=>

