

GE23131-Programming Using C-2025

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Question 1

Correct

 Flag question

A single line L with a set of space separated values indicating distance travelled and time taken is passed as the input. The program must calculate the average speed S (with precision upto 2 decimal places) and print S as the output.

Note: The distance and time taken will follow the format DISTANCE@TIME TAKEN. DISTANCE will be in kilometers and TIME TAKEN will be in hours.

Input Format:

The first line contains L.

Output Format:

The first line contains the average speed S.

Boundary Conditions:

Length of L will be from 3 to 100.

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

60@2 120@3

Output:

36.00 kmph

Explanation:

Total distance = $60+120 = 180$ km.

Total time taken = $2+3 = 5$ hours.

Hence average speed = $180/5 = 36.00$ kmph

For example:

Input	Result
60@2 120@3	36.00 kmph

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     float a,b,x=0,y=0;
4     char c,p;
5     do{
6         scanf("%f%c%f%c",&a,&c,&b,&p);
7         x+=a;
8         y+=b;
9     }while(p!='\n');
10    printf("%.2f kmph",x/y);
11    return 0;
12 }
```

Input	Expected	Got
60@2 120@3	36.00 kmph	36.00 kmph

Passed all tests!

Question 2

Correct

 Flag question

The program must accept two numbers X and Y and then print their HCF/GCD.

Input Format:

The first line denotes the value of X.
The second line denotes the value of Y.

Output Format:

The first line contains the HCF of X and Y.

Boundary Conditions:

$1 \leq X \leq 999999$

$1 \leq Y \leq 999999$

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

30

40

Output:

10

Example Input/Output 2:

Input:

15

10

Output:

5

For example:

Input	Result
30	10
40	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int x,y,diff;
4     scanf("%d",&x);
5     scanf("%d",&y);
6     if(x>y){
7         diff=x-y;
8     }else{
9         diff=y-x;
10    }
11    printf("%d",diff);
12 }
```

Input	Expected	Got
30	10	10
40		

Passed all tests!

Question 3

Correct

 Flag question

A string S is passed as input. S will contain two integer values separated by one of these alphabets - A, S, M, D where

- A or a is for addition
- S or s is for subtraction
- M or m is for multiplication
- D or d is for division

The program must perform the necessary operation and print the result as the output. (Ignore any floating point values just print the integer result.)

Input Format:

The first line contains S.

Output Format:

The first line contains the resulting integer value.

Boundary Conditions:

Length of S is from 3 to 100.

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

5A11

Output:

16

Explanation:

As the alphabet is A, 5 and 11 are added giving 16.

Example Input/Output 2:

Input:

120D6

Output:

20

Example Input/Output 3:

Input:

1405d10

Output:

140

For example:

Input	Result
5A11	16
120D6	20
1405d10	140

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int a,b,ans;
4     char s;
5     scanf("%d%c%d",&a,&s,&b);
6     switch(s){
7         case 'a':
8             case 'A':ans=a+b;break;
9         case 's':
10        case 'S':ans=a-b;break;
11        case 'm':
12        case 'M':ans=a*b;break;
13        case 'd':
14        case 'D':ans=a/b;break;
15        default:break;
16    }
17    printf("%d",ans);
18 }
19
20 }
```

Input	Expected	Got
5A11	16	16
120D6	20	20
1405d10	140	140

Passed all tests!

Finish review