Experiment No. 2

Aim:-

Experiment based on React Hooks (useEffect, useContext, custom hooks)

Prerequisites:

Before building this project, the following knowledge/tools are required:

- HTML, CSS, JavaScript for basic web development foundation.
- **React.js** Functional components, JSX, props, and state.
- **React Hooks** useState, useEffect, useContext, custom hooks.
- Node.js & npm To set up the React environment.
- Code Editor VS Code (or equivalent).

Theory:-

This experiment demonstrates how React Hooks simplify state management, side effects, context sharing, and code reusability.

Core Hooks Used:-

1. useState

Manages local state inside components like Counter (count value),
 Calculator (num1, num2), and useLocalStorage.

2. useEffect

- Handles side effects such as updating document.title when the count changes in Counter.
- Also syncs values to localStorage in the custom hook useLocalStorage.

3. useContext

- Provides and consumes theme values (light or dark) across the app through ThemeContext.
- o Used in Profile to toggle theme globally.

4. Custom Hook (useLocalStorage)

- o Encapsulates logic to persist data in localStorage.
- Improves reusability and abstraction compared to writing localStorage logic in each component.

Program Code:-

Calculator.js

Counter.js

• Profile.js

ThemeContext.js

```
import { createContext } from "react";

const ThemeContext = createContext();
export default ThemeContext;
```

• useLocalStorage.js

```
import { useState, useEffect } from "react";

function useLocalStorage(key, initialValue) {
    const [value, setValue] = useState(() => {
        const stored = localStorage.getItem(key);
        return stored ? JSON.parse(stored) : initialValue;
};

useEffect(() => {
    localStorage.setItem(key, JSON.stringify(value));
}, [key, value]);

return [value, setValue];

export default useLocalStorage;
```

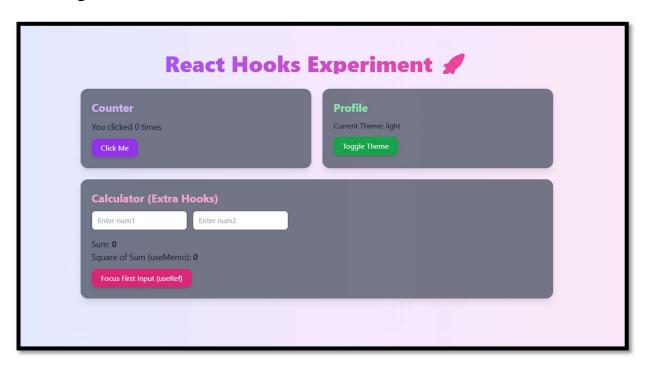
• App.js

```
import React from "react";
import Counter from "./components/fortile";
import Counter from "./components/Fortile";
import Calculator from "./components/Fortile";
import Calculator from "./components/Fortile";
import ThemcContext from "./components/Calculator";
import Themc
```

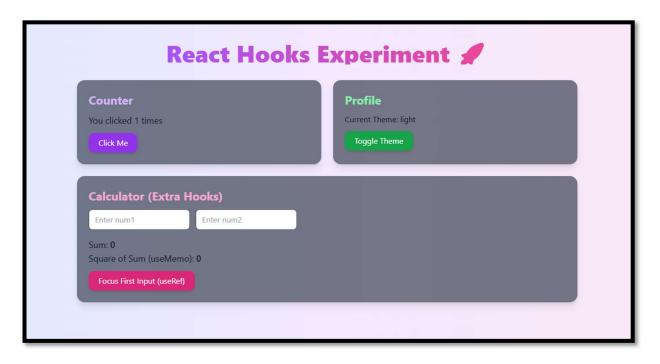
index.js

Output:-

• HomePage:-



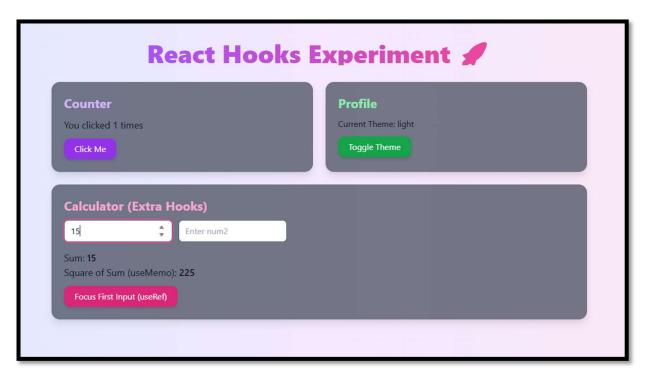
• After clicking on "Click Me" button of "Counter" section (useState & useEffect is used):-

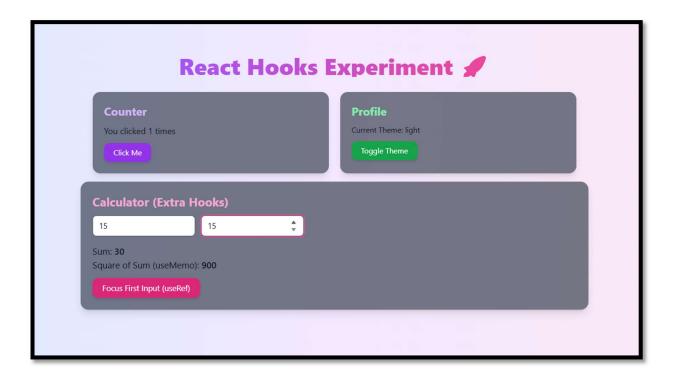


• After clicking on "Toggle Theme" button of "Profile" section (useContext is used):-

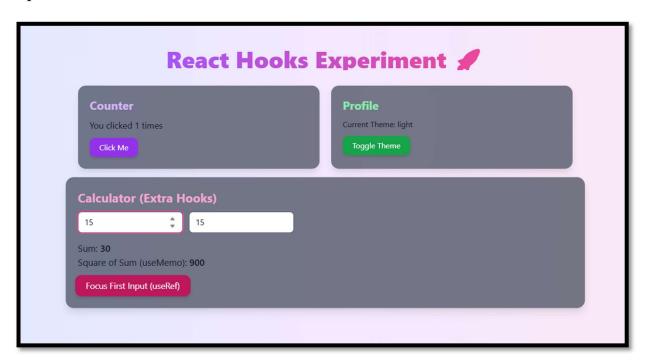
React Hooks Experiment 🖋	
Counter You clicked 1 times Click Me	Profile Current Theme: dark Toggle Theme
Calculator (Extra Hooks) Enter num1 Sum: 0 Square of Sum (useMemo): 0 Focus First Input (useRef)	n2

• Calculator Section (useMemo, useCallback, useRef, useState is used) :-





After clicking on "Focus First Input" button, it will shift the focus on first input field:-



30% Extra Content:-

Extra Hooks:-

- 1. **useMemo** (in Calculator)
 - Used to memoize expensive calculations like the squared sum of numbers.
 - Prevents unnecessary recomputation unless dependencies (num1, num2) change.
- 2. **useCallback** (in Calculator)
 - Wraps the addNumbers function to prevent function re-creation on every re-render.
 - Optimizes performance when passing functions as props or dependencies.
- 3. **useRef** (in Calculator)
 - o Provides a reference to the **first input element**.
 - Demonstrates how refs can directly manipulate DOM elements (focus handling) without causing re-renders.

Conclusion:-

This experiment successfully demonstrates:

- The core React Hooks (useState, useEffect, useContext) and their practical applications.
- How to build a **custom hook (useLocalStorage)** to encapsulate logic and improve reusability.
- Managing **global state** (theme toggling) with useContext.
- It also explores advanced hooks (useMemo, useCallback, useRef) to optimize performance and handle direct DOM interactions.