1. Download vechile sales data -> https://github.com/shashank-mishra219/Hive-Class/blob/main/sales\_order\_data.csv

## 2. Store raw data into hdfs location

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ ls
array_data.csv
                              kerberos
cloudera-manager
cm api.py
                              map data.csv
country_wise_latest.csv Music
covid 19 clean complete.csv parcels
day wise.csv
dept data.csv
                              sales data.csv
                              sales order data.csv
Downloads
                              sampledata.csv
employee.csv
enterprise-deployment.json
                              test2.txt
express-deployment.json
                              usa county wise.csv
full grouped.csv
hive-hcatalog-core-0.14.0.jar workspace
json data.json
                              worldometer data.csv
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -put '/home/cloudera/sales order data.csv' /
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -ls /
Found 9 items
drwxrwxrwx - hdfs
                     supergroup
                                          0 2017-10-23 09:15 /benchmarks
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup
                                     0 2022-09-00 11.13 / hbase
0 2022-09-13 22:34 /hbase
0 2022-08-30 03:17 /praj
drwxr-xr-x - hbase supergroup
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup
-rw-r--r- 1 cloudera supergroup 360233 2022-09-13 22:38 /sales_order_data.csv
drwxr-xr-x - solr solr
                                       0 2022-08-27 23:22 /tmp
drwxrwxrwt - hdfs
                      supergroup
                                          0 2017-10-23 09:17 /user
drwxr-xr-x - hdfs
                     supergroup
drwxr-xr-x - hdfs
                                          0 2017-10-23 09:17 /var
                       supergroup
```

3. Create a internal hive table "sales\_order\_csv" which will store csv data sales\_order\_csv .. make sure to skip header row while creating table

## cloudera@quickstart:~

```
hive> create table sales order data csv(
   > ORDERNUMBER int,
   > QUANTITYORDERED int,
   > PRICEEACH float,
   > ORDERLINENUMBER int,
   > SALES float,
   > STATUS string,
    > QTR ID int,
   > MONTH ID int,
   > YEAR ID int,
   > PRODUCTLINE string,
    > MSRP int,
   > PRODUCTCODE string,
   > PHONE string,
   > CITY string,
    > STATE string,
   > POSTALCODE string,
   > COUNTRY string,
   > TERRITORY string,
    > CONTACTLASTNAME string,
   > CONTACTFIRSTNAME string,
   > DEALSIZE string
   > row format delimited
    > fields terminated by ','
    > tblproperties("skip.header.line.count"="1")
OK
Time taken: 6.738 seconds
hive>
```

4. Load data from hdfs path into "sales\_order\_csv"

```
hive> load data inpath '/sales_order_data.csv' into table sales_order_data_csv;
Loading data to table hive_class_b1.sales_order_data_csv
Table hive_class_b1.sales_order_data_csv stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=360233, rawDataSize=0]
OK
Time taken: 1.002 seconds
hive>
```

5. Create an internal hive table which will store data in ORC format "sales\_order\_orc"

cloudera@quickstart:~

```
hive> create table sales order data orc(
    > ORDERNUMBER int,
    > QUANTITYORDERED int,
    > PRICEEACH float,
    > ORDERLINENUMBER int,
    > SALES float,
    > STATUS string,
    > QTR ID int,
    > MONTH ID int,
    > YEAR ID int,
    > PRODUCTLINE string,
    > MSRP int,
    > PRODUCTCODE string,
    > PHONE string,
    > CITY string,
    > STATE string,
    > POSTALCODE string,
    > COUNTRY string,
    > TERRITORY string,
    > CONTACTLASTNAME string,
    > CONTACTFIRSTNAME string,
    > DEALSIZE string
    > stored as ORC
OK
Time taken: 0.17 seconds
hive>
hive>
```

## 6. Load data from "sales\_order\_csv" into "sales\_order\_orc"

```
## Control of the Co
```

Perform below menioned queries on "sales\_order\_orc" table :

## a. Calculate total sales per year

b. Find a product for which maximum orders were placed

```
cloudera@quickstart:~
```

```
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1
                         Reduce: 1
                                        Cumulative CPU: 5.13 sec
                                                                        HDFS Read: 27723 HDFS Write: 4386 SUCCESS
Stage-Stage-3: Map: 1 Reduce: 1
                                        Cumulative CPU: 3.87 sec
                                                                        HDFS Read: 27317 HDFS Write: 114 SUCCESS
Stage-Stage-4: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 10.07 sec HDFS Read: 2/317 HDFS Write: 114 SUCCESS Stage-Stage-5: Map: 1 Cumulative CPU: 1.78 sec HDFS Read: 9157 HDFS Write: 25 SUCCESS
Otal MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 20 seconds 850 msec
OK
productline
                  productcode
                  s18_3232
lassic Cars
Time taken: 111.564 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

c. Calculate the total sales for each quarter select qtr\_id,sum(Sales) Total\_Sales from sales\_order\_data\_orc group by qtr\_id;

```
cloudera@quickstart:~
```

```
d. In which quarter sales was minimum
select qtr_id,sum(sales) total_sales
from sales_order_data_orc
group by qtr_id
having sum(sales) in(
select max(Total Sales) from(
select sum(Sales) Total Sales
from sales_order_data_orc
group by qtr_id)q
);
cloudera@quickstart:~
 Ended Job = job_1663133620600_0024
Launching Job 3 out of 5
  set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
 In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
 In order to set a constant number of reducers:
   set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
 set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1663133620600_0025, Tracking URL = http://quickstart.cloudera:8088/proxy/application_1663133620600_0025/
Kill Command = /usr/lib/hadoop/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1663133620600_0025
Hadoop job information for Stage-4: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2022-09-14 03:31:37,140 Stage-4 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2022-09-14 03:31:44,687 Stage-4 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 6.97 sec
2022-09-14 03:31:54,038 Stage-4 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 8.63 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 8 seconds 630 msec
Ended Job = job_1663133620600_0025
Stage-7 is selected by condition resolver.
 Execution completed successfully
 Launching Job 5 out of 5
Number of reduce tasks is set to 0 since there's no reduce operator
 Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.63 sec HDFS Read: 36529 HDFS Write: 200 SUCCESS Stage-Stage-3: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.16 sec HDFS Read: 36612 HDFS Write: 121 SUCCESS Stage-Stage-4: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 8.63 sec HDFS Read: 4317 HDFS Write: 121 SUCCESS Stage-Stage-5: Map: 1 Cumulative CPU: 1.07 sec HDFS Read: 4821 HDFS Write: 20 SUCCESS
  Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 14 seconds 490 msec
```

```
e. In which country sales was maximum and in which country sales was minimum
Select country,sum(sales) max_sales
from sales order data orc
group by country
having sum(sales) in
(Select max(total sales) from
 (select sum(sales) total sales
 from sales_order_data_orc
 group by country
 )q
);
hive> Select country, sum(sales) max sales
      > from sales order data orc
      > group by country
       > having sum(sales) in
       > (Select max(total sales) from
             (select sum(sales) total sales
             from sales order data orc
          group by country
             ) q
       > );
 Query ID = cloudera 20220914033838 a538844c-f22d-47ec-9a01-66ba1b7f37b7
 Total jobs = 5
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.76 sec HDFS Read: 37417 HDFS Write: 716 SUCCESS Stage-Stage-3: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 12.65 sec HDFS Read: 37478 HDFS Write: 121 SUCCESS Stage-Stage-4: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 6.99 sec HDFS Read: 4317 HDFS Write: 121 SUCCESS Stage-Stage-5: Map: 1 Cumulative CPU: 0.97 sec HDFS Read: 5353 HDFS Write: 22 SUCCESS
 Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 23 seconds 370 msec
country max_sales
Time taken: 78.759 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
Select country, sum(sales) min sales
from sales order data orc
group by country
having sum(sales) in
(Select min(total_sales) from
 (select sum(sales) total_sales
 from sales order data orc
 group by country
```

)q );

```
country min_sales
Ireland 57756.43029785156
Time taken: 76.693 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```

f. Calculate quarterly sales for each city Select city,qtr\_id,sum(sales) quarterly\_sales from sales\_order\_data\_orc group by city,qtr\_id;

city	qtr_id	quarterly_sales
Aaarhus	4	100595.5498046875
Allentov	vn	2 6166.7998046875
Allentov	m	3 71930.61041259766
Allentov	m	4 44040.729736328125
Barcelor	na	2 4219.2001953125
Barcelor	na	4 74192.66003417969
Bergamo	1	56181.320068359375
Bergamo	4	81774.40008544922
Bergen	3	16363.099975585938
Bergen	4	95277.17993164062
Boras	1	31606.72021484375
Boras	3	53941.68981933594
Boras	4	48710.92053222656
Boston	2	74994.240234375

```
h. Find a month for each year in which maximum number of quantities were sold with cte as(
Select year_id,month_id,sum(QuantityOrdered) QuantityOrdered,
rank() over(partition by year_id order by sum(QuantityOrdered) desc) ranking
from sales_order_data_orc
group by year_id,month_id
)
Select year_id,month_id from cte where ranking=1;
```

```
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 9 seconds 990 msec OK
year_id month_id
2003 11
2004 11
2005 5
```