

*Proposed Solution to #5773 SSMJ*

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**Statement of the Problem:**

Calculate the following integral :

$$I = \int_0^1 \frac{x \ln^2(x)}{x^3 + x\sqrt{x} + 1} dx$$

**Solution of the Problem:**

$$I = \int_0^1 \frac{x \ln^2(x)}{(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^2 + x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1} dx$$

Multiplying numerator and denominator by  $(1 - x^{\frac{3}{2}})$ ,

$$I = \int_0^1 \frac{x \ln^2(x)(1 - x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{(1 - x^{\frac{9}{2}})} dx$$

Since  $|x^{\frac{9}{2}}| < 1$  as  $x$  goes from 0 to 1 , we can use infinite geometric series expansion,

$$I = \int_0^1 x \ln^2(x)(1 - x^{\frac{3}{2}}) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^{\frac{9n}{2}} dx$$

Taking constants inside the sum and interchanging sum and interval using dominated convergence theorem,

$$I = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 x \ln^2(x)(1 - x^{\frac{3}{2}}) x^{\frac{9n}{2}} dx = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \left( \ln^2(x) x^{\frac{9n}{2}+1} - \ln^2(x) x^{\frac{9n}{2}+\frac{5}{2}} \right) dx$$

Using  $\int_0^1 \ln^n(x) x^m dx = (-1)^n \frac{\Gamma(n+1)}{(m+1)^{n+1}}$  ,

$$I = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(3)}{(\frac{9n}{2} + 2)^3} - \frac{\Gamma(3)}{(\frac{9n}{2} + \frac{7}{2})^3} = \frac{8}{729} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(n + \frac{4}{9})^3} - \frac{2}{(n + \frac{7}{9})^3}$$

Using  $\psi''(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{-2}{(n+x)^3}$ ,

$$I = \frac{8}{729} \left( \psi''\left(\frac{7}{9}\right) - \psi''\left(\frac{4}{9}\right) \right) = 0.20744$$