

# Documentation

## Smart Home Energy Monitoring System

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**Date:** April 11, 2025

**Submission:** Real-time simulation of energy usage, local storage, and cloud dashboard

**Tools:** Python, Flask, SQLite/CSV, FreeRTOS-style task scheduling

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### Project Objective

To build a simulated smart embedded system that:

- Monitors energy usage of 3 appliances
  - Stores data locally
  - Sends data to a cloud server
  - Visualizes real-time energy statistics
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### Overview

This project simulates a **Smart Home Energy Monitoring System** using Python for embedded-like simulation and a Flask server for data visualization. Sensor readings are randomly generated (no physical ESP device is used). Data is logged locally and published via simulated MQTT to a server that stores, analyzes, and displays energy usage per device.

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### Project Structure

#### embedded/

```
├── main.py          # Simulates sensor data generation and MQTT communication
├── local_storage.py # Handles local CSV logging
├── mqtt_client.py   # Simulates MQTT publish to server endpoint
└── utils.py         # Helper utilities for data generation
```

#### server/

```
├── server.py        # Flask server to receive and display energy data
└── templates/
    └── dashboard.html # Dashboard UI to visualize statistics
```

## data/logs/

- └─ sensor\_log.csv # Local CSV log of generated sensor data
- └─ comm\_log.txt # Log of communication and MQTT publishing

## docs/

- └─ architecture.pdf # Architecture diagram of the system
- └─ schema.png # Flowchart/system schema
- └─ report.md # This documentation file

## demo/

- └─ demo.mp4 # (To be recorded) Walkthrough of the system in action

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## System Components

### 1. Embedded Simulation

- [main.py](#): Generates random power values for devices and sends data to server.
- [local\\_storage.py](#): Logs data in sensor\_log.csv for traceability.
- [mqtt\\_client.py](#): Mimics MQTT behavior by sending POST requests to Flask server.
- [utils.py](#): Generates device IDs, timestamps, and simulated power values.

### 2. Server & Visualization

- [server.py](#): Flask server that receives POST data on /energy, stores in memory, and renders an HTML dashboard on /dashboard.
- [dashboard.html](#): Renders a table of average, max, and min power usage by device.

### 3. Logs & Documentation

- [sensor\\_log.csv](#): CSV log file of each generated reading.
- [comm\\_log.txt](#): Logs all communication and errors.
- [schema.png](#): System flowchart.
- [architecture.pdf/png](#): High-level architecture diagram.

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## Data Flow Summary

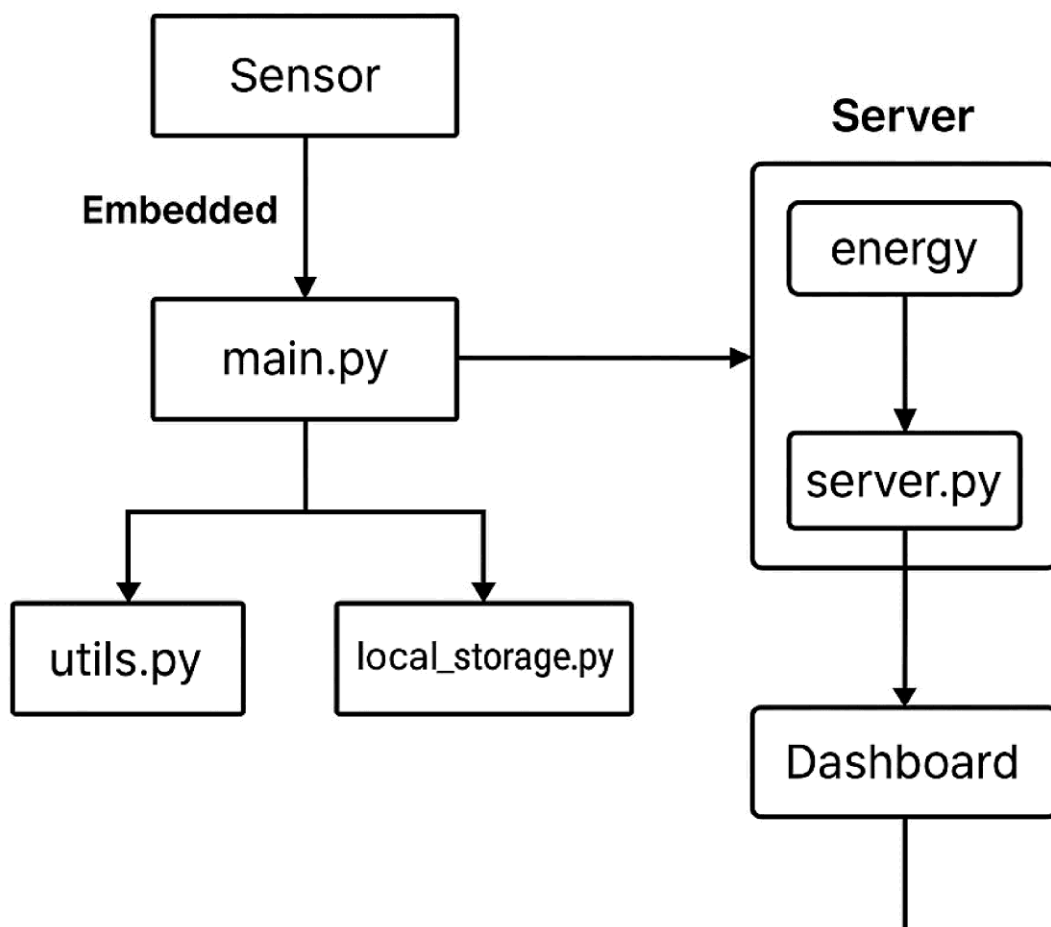
1. main.py generates synthetic readings per device every few seconds.
2. Each reading is:

- Logged locally in sensor\_log.csv
  - Sent via simulated MQTT (HTTP POST) to Flask server
3. Server receives and stores data in memory.
  4. Visiting /dashboard shows aggregated power usage per device.

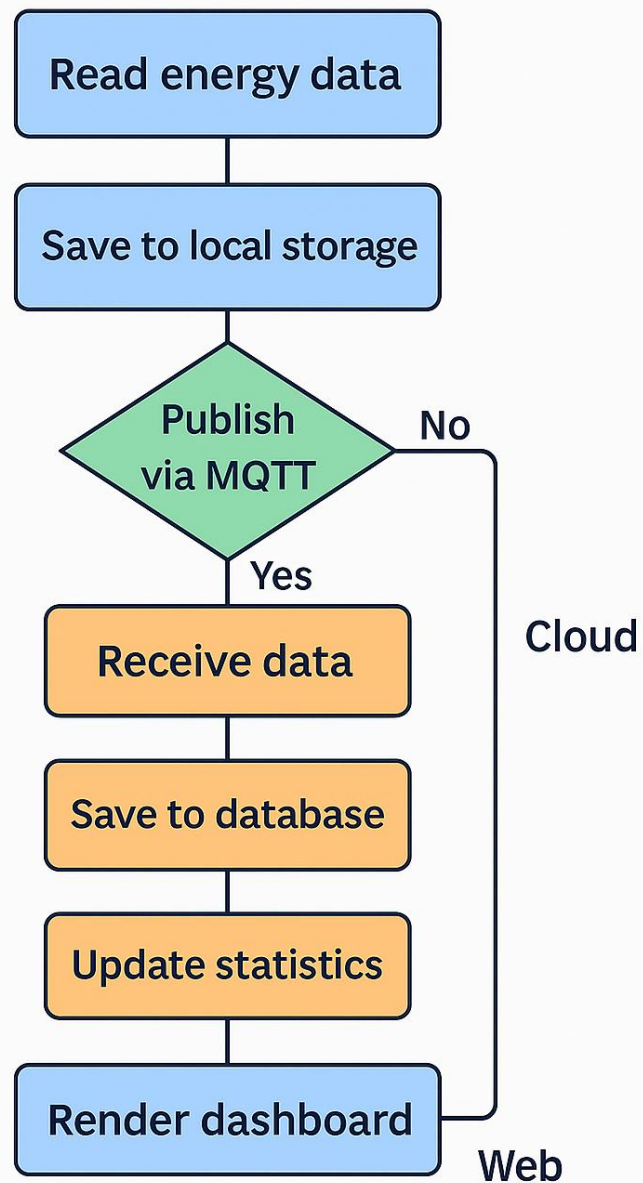
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## Architecture Diagram

# System Architecture



## System Schema (Flowchart)



Simplified System Architecture

[ Simulated Sensors ]



[ Task Scheduler ]



[ Local Storage (CSV) ]



[ HTTP POST (Client) ]



[ Flask Cloud Server ]



[ Dashboard (HTML) ]

Technologies Used

- Python: Core programming
- Flask: Cloud simulation
- CSV Files: Lightweight local storage
- Simulated Sensors: Randomized power readings

Features Implemented

Feature
1.Real-time task simulation
2.Sensor data generation
3.Local CSV file logging
4.Communication via HTTP
5.Error handling + retries
6.Flask server + dashboard

Feature
7. Dashboard stats (avg/max)

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### Database Schema (CSV Format)

Column Name	Description
device_id	Unique ID of appliance
timestamp	Date-time of reading
power	Power usage in watts

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### Problems Faced & Solutions

Problem	Solution
Flask timeouts on large payloads	Reduced batch size
Local file write errors	Added exception + logging mechanism
Network simulation delays	Used time.sleep() with retry logic
Dashboard not updating dynamically	Used in-memory list + timestamp updates

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### How to Run

#### Step 1: Start the Flask Server

```
cd server
```

```
python server.py
```

Visit: <http://localhost:5000/dashboard>

#### Step 2: Simulate Sensor Data

Open a new terminal:

```
cd embedded
```

python main.py

You will see periodic readings being sent to the server and logged locally.

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### **Demo Recording (demo.mp4)**

Record a short walkthrough showing:

- Running the server and embedded script
  - Visiting the dashboard
  - Live data updates
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### **Status**

- Local simulation without ESP
  - Local storage with CSV
  - Flask server for data collection
  - HTML dashboard with analytics
  - Diagrams and documentation complete
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### **Sample Output**

AC001,2025-04-10 12:02:00,1450.1

WM002,2025-04-10 12:02:00,700.4

FR003,2025-04-10 12:02:00,243.3

Access dashboard at: <http://localhost:5000/dashboard>