COMPUTER SCIENCE PROJECT FILE ON

Student Record Management (2023-2024)

OPG WORLD SCHOOL

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Prakhar Jha of class XII-C, OPG World School has completed his project file of Computer Science as prescribed by CBSE in the year 2023-24 under the guidance of Ms. Ankita Yadav.

Date:

Signature (Internal Examiner)

Signature (External Examiner)

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Student Record Management

Overview

The Student Record Management project is a Python-based application that facilitates the storage, retrieval, modification, and deletion of CS student records in the school The project incorporates the use of a MySQL database for data storage and manipulation. Matplotlib is used for generating graphs, providing a comprehensive solution for student data management.

Purpose

The primary purpose of this project is to provide a comprehensive solution for addressing the administrative challenges associated with student data management. By combining Python, MySQL, and Matplotlib, it offers a unified platform for record-keeping, data analysis, and data visualization in the educational sector.

Scope

The scope of the Student Record Management project encompasses the following key aspects:

- Storing student records efficiently.
- Retrieving and displaying student information.
- Updating and deleting records as needed.
- Visualizing data using Matplotlib to gain insights into student populations.

Project Structure

The project consists of a Python program that provides the following functionalities: The project consists of several sections:

- 1. Database Creation and Table Initialization:
 - The initial part of the program establishes a connection to the MySQL database server hosted locally.
 - If the connection is successful, it proceeds to create a new database named "mcs" and a table named "st" within that database. The "st" table is designed to store essential student information, including admission number, name, class, section, address, and house name.
 - After creating the database and table, the changes are committed to the database.

2. Updating Student Records:

• In this section, the program allows you to update student records. You can select a student by name and then choose the field (name, class, section, or address) that you want to change. Afterward, you input the new data, and the program updates the records accordingly.

3. Deleting Student Records:

• This section enables you to delete student records based on various criteria. You can specify a field (e.g., admission number, name, class) and the corresponding value you want to delete.

4. Graph Generation

This section uses a python library Matplotlib and mysql.connector
 Matplotlib significantly enhances the Student Record Management project by
 providing a means to visualize data effectively. In this context, it allows
 administrators to gain insights into the distribution of students among different
 house names. This visualization facilitates data analysis, aiding in decision-making
 processes and administrative tasks

LIBRARIES USED

The project report outlines the utilization of two fundamental libraries, *mysql.connector* and *Matplotlib*, in the context of a student data analysis and visualization program. These libraries serve as the backbone of the project, enabling data understanding, manipulation, analysis, and the creation ofinsightful visualizations.mysql.connector: This library is used for database connectivity and executing SQL operations.

The mysql.connector library is essential for establishing, managing, and interacting with MySQL databases in the Python code. It allows us to execute SQL queries, retrieve and manipulate data, and ensure the integrity of our database transactions. In the graph generation code, mysql.connector is used to connect to the database to fetch data from the "st" table for the graph. It retrieves the class and name information from the database, processes the data, and then creates graphs using Matplotlib to visualize the relationship between class and student names.

Matplotlib: Data visualization using Matplotlib can help project stakeholders, such as school administrators or teachers, gain insights from the data. For example, the bar chart that displays the relationship between class and student names can highlight patterns, trends, or anomalies in the student population. It can answer questions like, "How many students are in each class?" or "Are there any students with the same name in different classes?" The project's goal is to manage student records effectively. Matplotlib assists in this by providing a visual representation of data, enabling educational institutions to make informed decisions regarding class distribution, student performance, and other related aspects. This ultimately contributes to the improvement of administrative processes and educational outcomes.

PYTHON CODE:

Connecting python to sql and creating table

```
*create.py - C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\create.py (3.8.10)*
                                                                            X
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import mysql.connector
# Establish a connection to the MySQL database
con = mysql.connector.connect(user="root", password="Shambhavi@401", host="local
if con.is connected():
    # Create a cursor to execute SQL commands
    cur = con.cursor()
    # Create the 'mcs' database if it doesn't exist
    cur.execute("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS mcs")
    # Switch to the 'mcs' database
    cur.execute("USE mcs")
    # Create the 'st' table with specified columns
    table creation query = """
    CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS st (
        admno INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
        name VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
        class INT NOT NULL,
        section VARCHAR(1) NOT NULL,
        address VARCHAR (100),
        house name VARCHAR(10)
    )
    ппп
    cur.execute(table creation query)
    # Commit the changes to the database
    con.commit()
else:
    print("Sorry, can't connect to the database.")
# Close the connection
con.close()
```

Taking and inserting records

```
*inserting record.py - C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\inserting record.py (3.8.10)*
                                                                                  \times
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import mysql.connector
def get student data():
    # Prompt user for student details
    name = input("Enter name: ")
    admno = int(input("Enter admission no.: "))
    class1 = int(input("Enter class: "))
    section = input("Enter section: ")
    house = input("Enter house name: ")
    address = input("Enter address: ")
    return (admno, name, class1, section, address, house)
# Establish a connection to the MySQL database
con = mysql.connector.connect(user="root", password="Shambhavi@401", host="local
if con.is connected():
    cur = con.cursor()
    for in range (30):
        # Get student data
        student data = get student data()
        # SQL query to insert the student record
        insert query = "INSERT INTO st (admno, name, class, section, address, ho
        # Execute the query and commit the transaction
        cur.execute(insert query, student data)
        con.commit()
        print("Record accepted. Thank you!")
    con.close()
else:
    print("Sorry, can't connect to the database.")
```

Updating Records

```
*update.py - C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\update.py (3.8.10)*
                                                                            X
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import mysql.connector
# Establish a connection to the MySQL database
con = mysql.connector.connect(user="root", password="Shambhavi@401", host="local
# Check if the connection is established
if con.is connected():
    cur = con.cursor()
    # Get the name of the student whose record you want to change
    student name = input ("Whose record do you want to change: ")
    # Fetch the student records
    cur.execute("SELECT * FROM st")
    for record in cur:
        if record[1] == student name:
            print("Student Record:")
            print(f"Admission No.: {record[0]}")
            print(f"Name: {record[1]}")
            print(f"Class: {record[2]}")
            print(f"Section: {record[3]}")
            print(f"Address: {record[4]}")
    # List the fields that can be changed
    print("\nFields that can be changed:")
    print("1. Name")
    print("2. Class")
    print("3. Section")
    print("4. Address")
    # Prompt the user to choose the field to change
    field choice = input("Which field do you want to change (1/2/3/4): ")
    if field choice == "1":
        # Change the student's name
        new name = input("Enter the new name: ")
        query = "UPDATE st SET name = %s WHERE name = %s"
        params = (new name, student name)
    elif field choice == "2":
        # Change the student's class
                                                                            Ln: 63 Col: 0
```

```
*update.py - C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\update.py (3.8.10)*
                                                                           X
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
    # List the fields that can be changed
    print("\nFields that can be changed:")
    print("1. Name")
    print("2. Class")
    print("3. Section")
    print("4. Address")
    # Prompt the user to choose the field to change
    field choice = input("Which field do you want to change (1/2/3/4): ")
    if field choice == "1":
        # Change the student's name
        new name = input("Enter the new name: ")
        query = "UPDATE st SET name = %s WHERE name = %s"
        params = (new name, student name)
    elif field choice == "2":
        # Change the student's class
        new class = int(input("Enter the new class: "))
        query = "UPDATE st SET class = %s WHERE name = %s"
        params = (new class, student name)
    elif field choice == "3":
        # Change the student's section
        new section = input("Enter the new section: ")
        query = "UPDATE st SET section = %s WHERE name = %s"
        params = (new section, student name)
    elif field choice == "4":
        # Change the student's address
        new address = input("Enter the new address: ")
        query = "UPDATE st SET address = %s WHERE name = %s"
        params = (new address, student name)
    # Execute the update query
    cur.execute(query, params)
    print("Record UPDATED")
    # Commit the changes to the database
    con.commit()
else:
    print("Sorry, can't connect to the database.")
```

Display Records

```
*display.py - C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\display.py (3.8.10)*
                                                                                   X
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import mysql.connector
# Establish a connection to the MySQL database
con = mysql.connector.connect(user="root", password="Shambhavi@401", host="local
if con.is connected():
    cur = con.cursor()
    # User menu
    print("DISPLAY\n(a) All records\n(b) Specific record")
    # User's choice
    choice = input("Choose from the above: ")
    cur.execute("SELECT * FROM st")
    if choice.lower() == 'a':
        # Display all records
        for record in cur:
            print (record)
    elif choice.lower() == 'b':
        # Display a specific record by admission number
        admission no = int(input("Enter admission no.: "))
        for record in cur:
            if record[0] == admission no:
                print(record)
    con.commit()
    cur.close()
    con.close()
else:
    print("Sorry, can't connect to the database.")
```

Ln: 34 Col: 15

Delete Records

del.py - C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\del.py (3.8.10) File Edit Format Run Options Window Help import mysql.connector # Establish a connection to the MySQL database con = mysql.connector.connect(user="root", password="Shambhavi@401", host="localhost", database="mcs") if con.is_connected(): cur = con.cursor() print ("Fields to Delete:", "ADMNO.", "NAME", "CLASS", "SECTION", "ADDRESS", "HOUSE", sep="\n") field = input("Choose the field by which you want to delete a record: ").strip() value = input("Enter the value to specify the record to delete: ").strip() # Dictionary to map field names to table column names field column mapping = { "admno": "admno", "name": "name", "class": "class", "section": "section", "address": "address", "house": "house name" # Check if the specified field is valid if field.lower() in field column mapping: column name = field column mapping[field.lower()] # Create the SQL statement for deletion delete_query = f"DELETE FROM st WHERE {column name} = %s" cur.execute(delete query, (value,)) con.commit() print("Record deleted.") print ("Invalid field specified. No records were deleted.") con.close() else: print("Sorry, can't connect to the database.")

Drop Records

```
*drop.py - C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\drop.py (3.8.10)*
                                                                         X
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import mysql.connector
# Establish a connection to the MySQL database
con = mysql.connector.connect(user="root", password="Shambhavi@401", host="local
if con.is connected():
    cur = con.cursor()
    # Provide a clear message to the user
    print("Processing to delete the student table.")
    # Ask for user confirmation
    a = input("Are you sure you want to delete the student table? (yes/no): ")
    # Check user input
    if a.lower() == 'yes':
        # Drop the 'st' table
        cur.execute("DROP TABLE st")
        print("Table 'st' DELETED")
    con.commit()
else:
    print("Sorry, can't connect to the database.")
```

Using Matplotlib for Graphs

To find the number of students from each section

```
prj.py - C:/Users/ASUS/OneDrive/Desktop/Project/prj.py (3.8.10)
                                                                                                  File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import mysql.connector
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Establish a connection to the MySQL database
con = mysql.connector.connect(user="root", password="Shambhavi@401", host="localhost", database="mcs"
if con.is connected():
    cur = con.cursor()
    # Select the data from the "st" table
    cur.execute("SELECT section, COUNT(*) FROM st GROUP BY section")
    # Fetch the data
    data = cur.fetchall()
    # Separate sections and student counts into separate lists
    sections = [record[0] for record in data]
    student counts = [record[1] for record in data]
    con.close()
    # Create a line graph to visualize the data
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    plt.plot(sections, student counts, marker='o', linestyle='-', color='b', markerfacecolor='r')
    # Add labels and title
    plt.xlabel('Sections')
    plt.ylabel('Number of Students')
    plt.title('Number of Students in Each Section')
    # Show the plot
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
else:
   print("Sorry, can't connect to the database.")
```

To find the number of students from each region

```
prj.py - C:/Users/ASUS/OneDrive/Desktop/Project/prj.py (3.8.10)
                                                                                                 X
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import mysql.connector
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Establish a connection to the MySQL database
con = mysql.connector.connect(user="root", password="Shambhavi@401", host="localhost", database="mcs"
if con.is connected():
    cur = con.cursor()
    # Select the data from the "st" table
    cur.execute("SELECT address, COUNT(*) AS count FROM st GROUP BY address")
    # Fetch all the records
    data = cur.fetchall()
    # Separate addresses and student counts into separate lists
    addresses = [record[0] for record in data]
    student counts = [record[1] for record in data]
    con.close()
    # Create a bar chart to visualize the data
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    plt.bar(addresses, student counts)
    # Add labels and title
    plt.xlabel('Address')
    plt.ylabel('Number of Students')
    plt.title('Number of Students from Each Address')
    # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
    plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
    # Show the plot
    plt.tight layout()
   plt.show()
    print("Sorry, can't connect to the database.")
```

To find the no of students vs House Block

```
X
*prj.py - C:/Users/ASUS/OneDrive/Desktop/Project/prj.py (3.8.10)*
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import mysql.connector
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Establish a connection to the MySQL database
con = mysql.connector.connect(user="root", password="Shambhavi@401", host="localhost", database="mcs"
if con.is connected():
    cur = con.cursor()
    # Select the data from the "st" table
    cur.execute("SELECT house name FROM st")
    # Fetch all the records
    data = cur.fetchall()
    # Close the database connection
    # Create a dictionary to count the occurrence of house name first letters
    house letter count = {}
    # Iterate through the records and count the first letter of each house name
    for record in data:
        house name = record[0]
        first letter = house name[0].upper() # Get the first letter and convert to uppercase
        if first letter not in house letter count:
            house letter count[first letter] = 1
        else:
            house letter count[first letter] += 1
    # Extract data for plotting
    letters = list(house_letter_count.keys())
    counts = list(house_letter_count.values())
    # Create a bar chart to visualize the data
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    plt.bar(letters, counts)
    # Add labels and title
    plt.xlabel('House Name First Letter')
    plt.ylabel('Number of Students')
    plt.title('Number of Students vs. House Name First Letter')
    # Show the plot
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
    print("Sorry, can't connect to the database.")
```

OUTPUT SCREEN

Inserting Records

```
▶ IDLE Shell 3.8.10
                                                                                 X
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.8.10 (tags/v3.8.10:3d8993a, May 3 2021, 11:48:03) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (
AMD64) | on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
====== RESTART: C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\create.py ======
===== RESTART: C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\inserting record.py =====
Enter name: Akshay
Enter admission no.: 101
Enter class: 12
Enter section: A
Enter house name: A-102
Enter address: Dwarka, Delhi
Record accepted. Thank you!
Enter name: Akshat
Enter admission no.: 105
Enter class: 12
Enter section: C
Enter house name: B-403
Enter address: Dwarka, Delhi
Record accepted. Thank you!
Enter name: Ananya
Enter admission no.: 301
Enter class: 12
Enter section: C
Enter house name: A-401
Enter address: Dwarka, Delhi
Record accepted. Thank you!
Enter name: Prakhar Jha
Enter admission no.: 303
Enter class: 12
Enter section: C
Enter house name: A-401
Enter address: Dwarka, Delhi
Record accepted. Thank you!
```

Enter house name: w-111



Enter name: Riya

Enter admission no.: 419

Enter class: 12 Enter section: C

Enter house name: A-890 Enter address: Dwarka, Delhi Record accepted. Thank you!

Enter name: Ashmit

Enter admission no.: 134

Enter class: 12 Enter section: C

Enter house name: A-212 Enter address: Dwarka, Delhi Record accepted. Thank you!

Enter name: Madhur

Enter admission no.: 767

Enter class: 12 Enter section: B

Enter house name: A-313 Enter address: Dwarka, Delhi Record accepted. Thank you!

Enter name: Madhuri

Enter admission no.: 767

Enter class: 12 Enter section: B





Command Prompt - mysql -uroot -p

admno	name	class	section	address	house_name
1	Anushka	12	A	Dwarka,Delhi	A-001
101	Akshay	12	A	Dwarka,Delhi	A-102
105	Akshat	12	C	Dwarka,Delhi	B-403
121	Kashish	12	A	Dwarka,Delhi	E-404
134	Ashmit	12	C	Dwarka,Delhi	A-212
174	Saraswati	12	A	Janakpuri,Delhi	Q-105
207	Ali	12	A	Dwarka,Delhi	C-123
222	Akshita	12	В	Janakpuri,Delhi	Q-003
227	Keshav	12	В	Dwarka Mor	C-111
301	Ananya	12	С	Dwarka,Delhi	A-401
303	Prakhar Jha	12	С	Dwarka,Delhi	A-401
343	Vidur	12	С	Dwarka Mor	X-999
352	Krishna	12	A	Dwarka Mor	C-999
402	Utsmaya	12	С	Dwarka,Delhi	A-402
404	Vaishnavi	12	В	Dwarka,Delhi	A-903
419	Riya	12	С	Dwarka,Delhi	A-890
469	Rudra	12	Α	Dwarka,Delhi	B-004
498	Bharat	12	В	Janakpuri,Delhi	Z-111
511	Chehak	12	Α	Dwarka,Delhi	A-511
512	Puneet	12	В	Janakpuri,Delhi	B-512
561	Navya	12	Α	Dwarka Mor	w-111
569	Rushil	12	В	Dwarka Mor	X-769
767	Madhur	12	В	Dwarka,Delhi	A-313
768	Madhuri	12	В	Dwarka,Delhi	A-314
770	Wasim	12	Α	Dwarka,Delhi	A-401
774	Purunjay	12	Α	Dwarka,Delhi	A-103
892	Palak	12	В	Janakpuri,Delhi	L-102
894	Birbal	12	c	Dwarka Mor	C-777
991	Qudrat	12	В	Dwarka Mor	D-300
999	Vadhish	12	A	Janakpuri,Delhi	Q-918

30 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

Display Records

```
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.8.10 (tags/v3.8.10:3d8993a, May 3 2021, 11:48:03) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
                ==== RESTART: C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\display.py ========
DISPLAY
 (a) All records
 (b) Specific record
Choose from the above: b
Enter admission no.: 768
 (768, 'Madhuri', 12, 'B', 'Dwarka, Delhi', 'A-314')
 ====== RESTART: C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\display.py ========
DISPLAY
 (b) Specific record
 Choose from the above: a
(1, 'Anushka', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-001')
(101, 'Akshay', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-102')
(105, 'Akshat', 12, 'C', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'B-403')
(121, 'Kashish', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'E-404')
(134, 'Ashmit', 12, 'C', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-212')
(174, 'Saraswati', 12, 'A', 'Janakpuri, Delhi', 'Q-105')
(207, 'Ali', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka, Delhi', 'C-123')
(222, 'Akshita', 12, 'B', 'Janakpuri, Delhi', 'Q-003')
(227, 'Keshav', 12, 'B', 'Dwarka Mor', 'C-111')
(301, 'Ananya', 12, 'C', 'Dwarka, Delhi', 'A-401')
 (303, 'Prakhar Jha', 12, 'C', 'Dwarka, Delhi', 'A-401')
(343, 'Vidur', 12, 'C', 'Dwarka Mor', 'X-999')
(343, 'Vidur', 12, 'C', 'Dwarka Mor', 'X-999')
(352, 'Krishna', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka Mor', 'C-999')
(402, 'Utsmaya', 12, 'C', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-402')
(404, 'Vaishnavi', 12, 'B', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-903')
(419, 'Riya', 12, 'C', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-890')
(469, 'Rudra', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'B-004')
(498, 'Bharat', 12, 'B', 'Janakpuri,Delhi', 'Z-111')
(511, 'Chehak', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-511')
(512, 'Puneet ', 12, 'B', 'Janakpuri,Delhi', 'B-512')
(561, 'Navya', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka Mor', 'w-111')
(569, 'Rushil', 12, 'B', 'Dwarka Mor', 'X-769')
(767, 'Madhur', 12, 'B', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-313')
(768, 'Madhuri', 12, 'B', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-314')
(770, 'Wasim', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka,Delhi', 'A-401')
 (770, 'Wasim', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka, Delhi', 'A-401')
 (774, 'Purunjay', 12, 'A', 'Dwarka, Delhi', 'A-103'
(892, 'Palak', 12, 'B', 'Janakpuri, Delhi', 'L-102')

(894, 'Birbal', 12, 'C', 'Dwarka Mor', 'C-777')

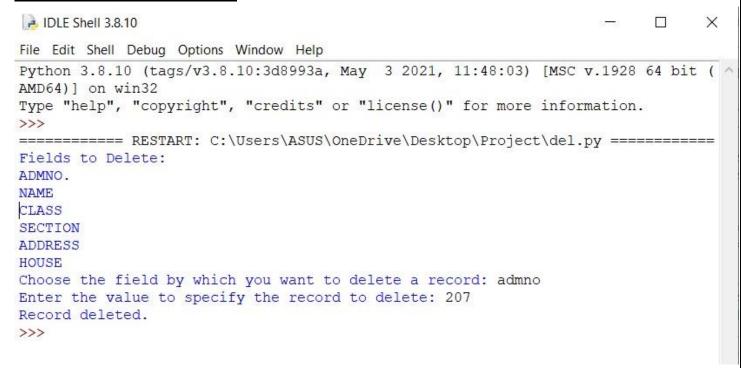
(991, 'Qudrat', 12, 'B', 'Dwarka Mor', 'D-300')

(999, 'Vadhish', 12, 'A', 'Janakpuri, Delhi', 'Q-918')
>>>
```

Update Records

```
====== RESTART: C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\Project\update.py =======
Whose record do you want to change: Anushka
Student Record:
Admission No.: 1
Name: Anushka
Class: 12
Section: A
Address: Dwarka, Delhi
Fields that can be changed:
1. Name
2. Class
3. Section
4. Address
Which field do you want to change (1/2/3/4): 3
Enter the new section: A
Record UPDATED
>>>
                                                                         In: 255 Col: 4
```

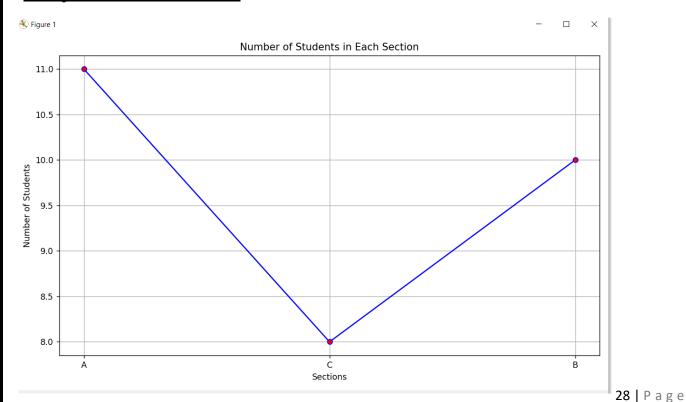
Delete Records



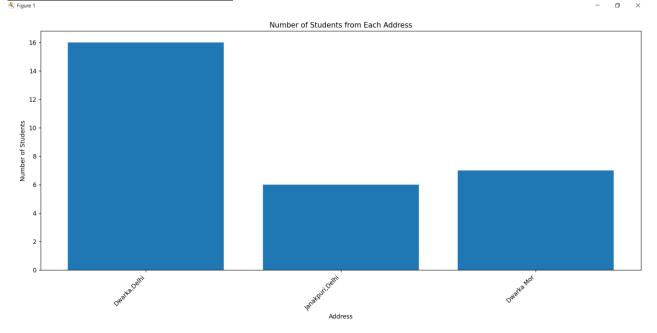
Drop Records

Matplotlib

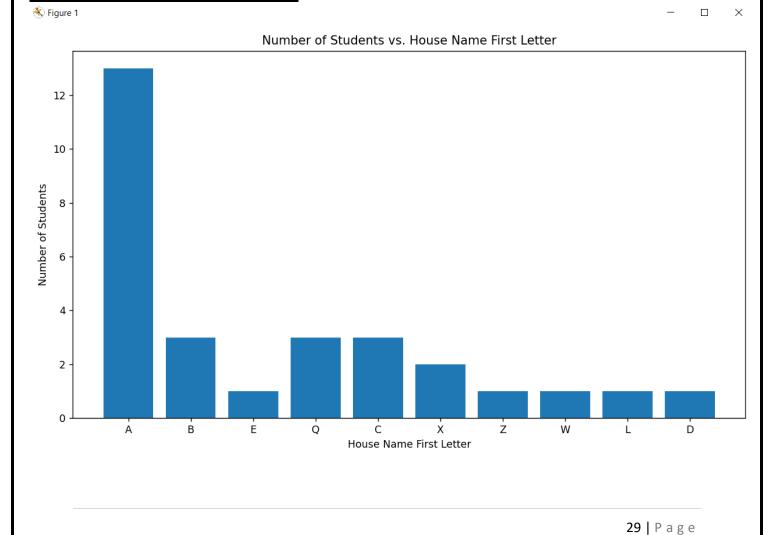
No of students vs section







No of students vs House Block



CONCLUSION

The Student Record Management project marks a significant milestone in the realm of educational administration and data management. This robust project, powered by Python, MySQL, Matplotlib, and various other tools, has been meticulously crafted to streamline the process of storing, retrieving, and visualizing student data.

The Student Record Management project is a testament to the power of technology in modern educational institutions. It stands as a comprehensive solution that addresses the administrative challenges of managing student data. As this project unfolds, it showcases how Python, MySQL, and Matplotlib can work in unison to simplify record-keeping, data analysis, and visualization. Moreover, it is a demonstration of the endless possibilities when technology and education converge.

Looking ahead, there is ample room for expansion and enhancement. With a solid foundation in place, the project can be further developed to cater to the ever-evolving needs of educational institutions. Whether it's creating more advanced data visualizations, implementing user authentication, or integrating additional features, the Student Record Management project offers an exciting platform for future growth.

In conclusion, the Student Record Management project is not just a program; it's an embodiment of progress in educational administration. It represents a commitment to accuracy, efficiency, and the ever-improving quest to provide quality education. It is a testament to the power of technology to revolutionize traditional systems and to make a significant impact in the world of education.

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