

Low Level Design (LLD)

Gesture Prediction using sensors

Written By	Prakhyath Bhandary
Revision Number:	1.0
Last date of revision:	03/12/2022

Contents

Document Version Control.....	3
1 Introduction.....	4
1.2 Scope.....	4
2 Architecture	5
3 Architecture Description	6
3.1. Raw Data Collection	6
3.2. Export Data from Database	6
3.3. Data Pre-Processing	6
3.4. Data Cleaning	6
3.5. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)	7
3.6. Reporting	7
3.7. Modelling.....	7
3.8. Data Validation.....	7
3.9. Deployment	7

Document Version Control

Date Issued	Version	Description	Author
03-12-2022	V 1.0	Initial LLD – V1.0	Prakhyath Bhandary

1 Introduction

1.1 Why this Low-Level Design Document?

The goal of the Low-level design document (LLDD) is to give the internal logic design of the actual program code for Gesture Prediction. LLDD describes the class diagrams with the methods and relations between classes and programs specs. It describes the modules so that the programmer can directly code the program from the document.

1.2 Scope

Low-level design (LLD) is a component-level design process that follows a step-by-step refinement process. The process can be used for designing data structures, required software architecture, source code and ultimately, performance algorithms. Overall, the data organization may be defined during requirement analysis and then refined during data design work.

2 Architecture

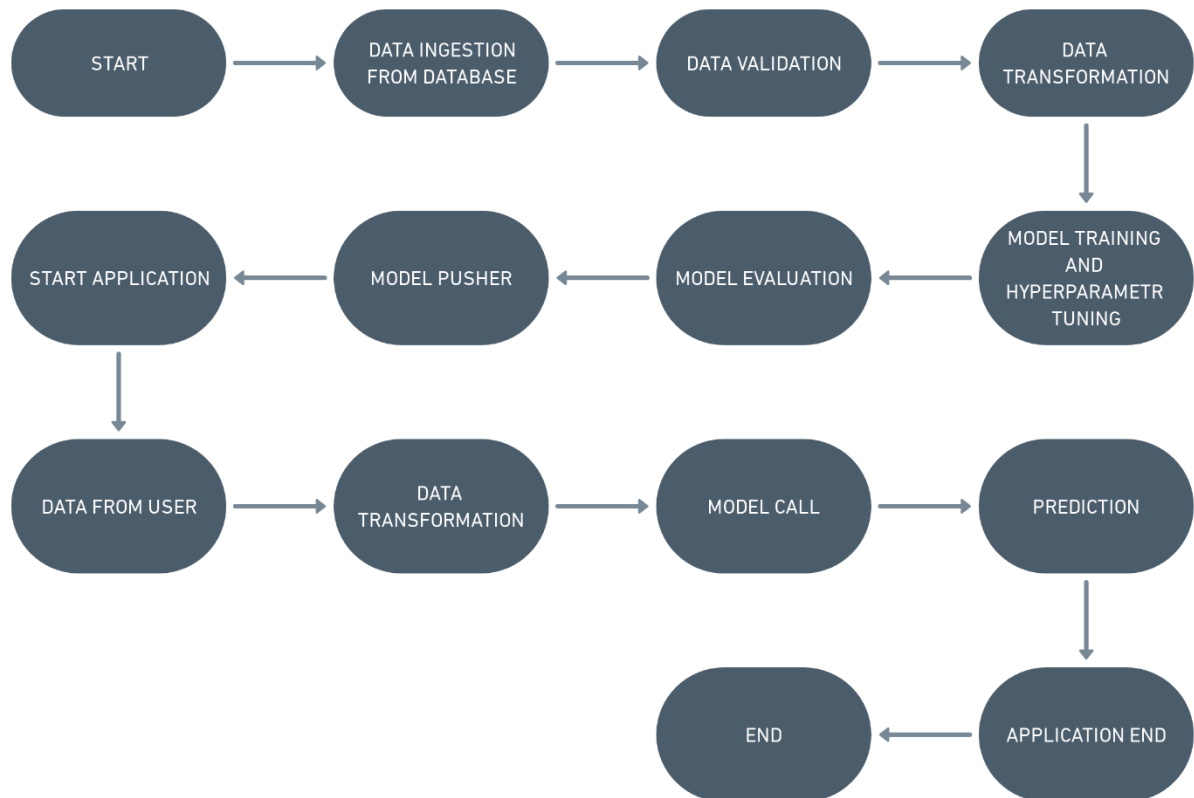


Figure 1: Process flow

3 Architecture Description

3.1. Raw Data Collection

For recording patterns, we used a MYO Thalmic bracelet worn on a user's forearm, and a PC with a Bluetooth receiver. The bracelet is equipped with eight sensors equally spaced around the forearm that simultaneously acquire myographic signals. The signals are sent through a Bluetooth interface to a PC. We present raw EMG data for 36 subjects while they performed series of static hand gestures. The subject performs two series, each of which consists of six (seven) basic gestures. Each gesture was performed for 3 seconds with a pause of 3 seconds between gestures.

3.2. Export Data from Database

Data Export from Cassandra Database - The data in a stored database is exported as a CSV file to be used for Data Pre-processing and Model Training.

3.3. Data Pre-Processing

Before building any model, it is crucial to perform data pre-processing to feed the correct data to the model to learn and predict. Model performance depends on the quality of data fed to the model to train. This Process includes.

- a) Handling Null/Missing Values
- b) Outliers Detection and Removal

3.4. Data Cleaning

Data cleaning is the process of fixing or removing incorrect, corrupted, incorrectly formatted, duplicate, or incomplete data within a data set.

- a) Validate number of columns and their types
- b) Drop columns with zero standard deviation
- c) Detect data set drift

3.5. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Exploratory Data Analysis refers to the critical process of performing initial investigations on data to discover patterns, spot anomalies, test hypothesis and to check assumptions with the help of summary statistics and graphical representations.

3.6. Reporting

Reporting is a most important and underrated skill of a data analytic field. Because being a Data Analyst you should be good in easy and self-explanatory report because your model will be used by many stakeholders who are not from technical background. a) High Level Design Document (HLD)

b) Low Level Design Document (LLD)

c) Architecture

d) Wireframe

e) Detailed Project Report

f) Power Point Presentation

3.7. Modelling

Data Modelling is the process of analyzing the data objects and their relationship to the other objects. It is used to analyze the data requirements that are required for the business processes. The data models are created for the data to be stored in a database. The Data Model's main focus is on what data is needed and how we have to organize data rather than what operations we have to perform.

3.8. Data Validation

Here Data Validation will be done on the test set.

3.9. Deployment

The final model is deployed on GCP by dockerizing using docker, and using the tool Github Actions.