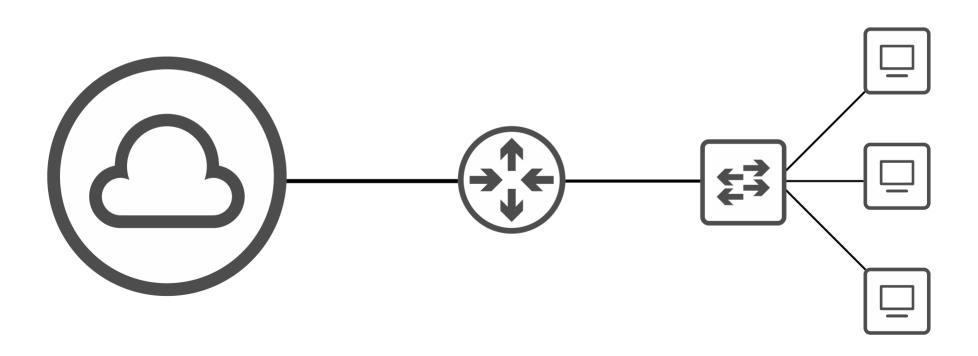


CCNA

Static Routing





Things we'll cover

- Review: Connected and Local routes
- Intro to Static Routes
- Static Route configuration
- Default Routes



R2 Connected & Local Routes

```
R2# conf t
                                                                         The following routes are automatically added to the routing table
R2(config)# interface g0/0
                                                                         for each interface with an IP address configured:
R2(config-if)# ip address 192.168.12.2 255.255.255.0
                                                                         · C - Connected
R2(config-if)# no shutdown
                                                                         → A route to the network the interface is connected to. (with the
R2(config-if)# interface g0/1
                                                                         actual netmask configured on the interface)
R2(config-if)# ip address 192.168.24.2 255.255.255.0
                                                                         · L - Local
R2(config-if)# no shutdown
                                                                         \rightarrow A route to the actual IP address configured on the interface.
                                                                         (with a /32 netmask)
R2# show ip route
!codes output omitted
                                                                                            R2 knows how to reach its own IP
                                                                                            addresses and destinations in its connected
       192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                                            networks, but it doesn't know how to reach
           192.168.12.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                            destinations in remote networks.
                                                                                            Knows:
           192.168.12.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                            192.168.12.0/24 (incl. 192.168.12.2/32)
       192.168.24.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                                            192.168.24.0/24 (incl. 192.168.24.2/32)
           192.168.24.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                                            Doesn't know:
           192.168.24.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                                            192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                            192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                            192.168.13.0/24
                                                                                            192.168.34.0/24
                                    R1
                                                                                     R3
                                      (G0/0)
                                                                              G0/0
                                                     192.168.13.0/24
                192.168.1.0/24
                                       192.168.12.0/24
                                                                      192.168.34.0/24
                                                                                             192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                 ⊿ (G0/1
                                                                              G0/0
                                                     192.168.24.0/24
```



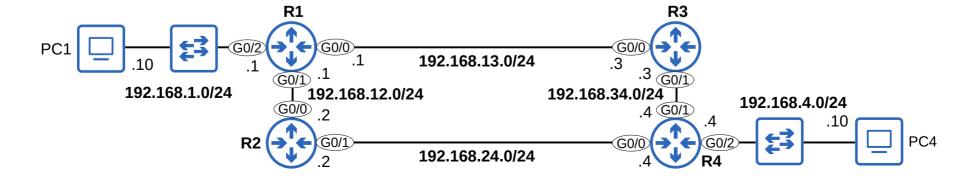
R3 Connected & Local Routes

```
R3# conf t
R3(config)# interface g0/0
R3(config-if)# ip address 192.168.13.3 255.255.255.0
   (config-if)# no shutdown
R3(config-if)# interface g0/1
R3(config-if)# ip address 192.168.34.3 255.255.255.0
R3(config-if)# no shutdown
R3# show ip route
!codes output omitted
                                                                                     R3 knows how to reach its own IP
                                                                                     addresses and destinations in its connected
       192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                                     networks, but it doesn't know how to reach
          192.168.13.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                     destinations in remote networks.
          192.168.13.3/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                     Knows:
                                                                                     192.168.13.0/24 (incl. 192.168.13.3/32)
       192.168.34.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                                     192.168.34.0/24 (incl. 192.168.34.3/32)
          192.168.34.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                                     Doesn't know:
          192.168.34.3/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                                     192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                     192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                     192.168.12.0/24
                                                                                     192.168.24.0/24
                                 R1
                                                                              R3
                           G0/2
                                   (G0/0)
                                                                        G0/0
                                                 192.168.13.0/24
               192.168.1.0/24
                                    192.168.12.0/24
                                                                192.168.34.0/24
                                                                                      192.168.4.0/24
                                 (G0/0)
                                                                           4 (G0/1)
                                                                        G0/0
                                                 192.168.24.0/24
```



R4 Connected & Local Routes

```
R4(config)# interface g0/0
R4(config-if)# ip address 192.168.24.4 255.255.255.0
R4(config-if)# no shutdown
R4(config-if)# interface g0/1
R4(config-if)# ip address 192.168.34.4 255.255.255.0
R4(config-if)# no shutdown
R4(config-if)# interface g0/2
R4(config-if)# ip address 192.168.4.4 255.255.255.0
                                                                                       R4 knows how to reach its own IP
R4(config-if)# no shutdown
                                                                                       addresses and destinations in its connected
                                                                                       networks, but it doesn't know how to reach
R4# show ip route
                                                                                       destinations in remote networks.
!codes output omitted
                                                                                       Knows:
      192.168.4.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                                       192.168.4.0/24 (incl. 192.168.4.4/32)
          192.168.4.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
                                                                                       192.168.24.0/24 (incl. 192.168.24.4/32)
          192.168.4.4/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
                                                                                       192.168.34.0/24 (incl. 192.168.34.4/32)
      192.168.24.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                                       Doesn't know:
          192.168.24.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                       192.168.1.0/24
          192.168.24.4/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                       192.168.12.0/24
      192.168.34.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                                       192.168.13.0/24
          192.168.34.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
          192.168.34.4/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
```



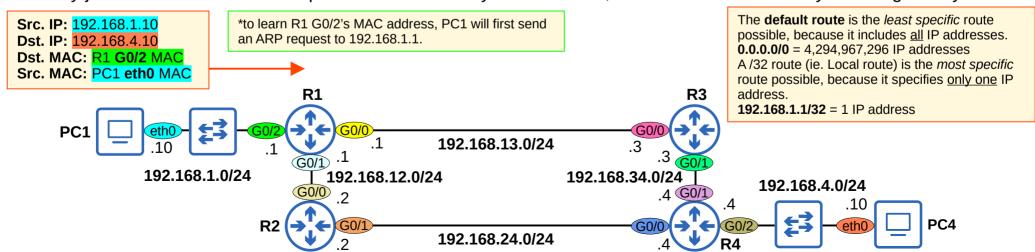


Routing Packets: Default Gateway

- End hosts like PC1 and PC4 can send packets directly to destinations in their connected network.
 - → PC1 is connected to 192.168.1.0/24, PC4 is connected to 192.168.4.0/24.
- To send packets to destinations outside of their local network, they must send the packets to their default gateway.
 PC1 (Linux) Config:

 PC4 (Linux) Config:

- The default gateway configuration is also called a default route.
 - \rightarrow It is a route to 0.0.0.0/0 = all netmask bits set to 0. Includes all addresses from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255.
- End hosts usually have no need for any more specific routes.
 - → They just need to know: to send packets outside of my local network, I should send them to my default gateway.





Routing Packets: Static Routes

- When R1 receives the frame from PC1, it will de-encapsulate it (remove L2 header/trailer) and look at the inside packet.
- It will check the routing table for the most-specific matching route:
- R1 has no matching routes in its routing table.
 - → It will drop the packet.
- To properly forward the packet, R1 needs a route to the destination network (192.168.4.0/24).
 - → Routes are instructions: To send a packet to destinations in network 192.168.4.0/24, forward the packet to next hop Y.
- There are two possible path packets from PC1 to PC4 can take:
 - **1)** PC1 → R1 → R3 → R4 → PC4
 - **2)** PC1 → R1 → R2 → R4 → PC4
- In this video, we will use the path via R3, not the path via R2.

Src. IP: 107.168.1.10

- It is possible to configure the routers to:
- → load-balance between path 1) and 2)
- → Use path 1) as the main path and path 2) as a backup path

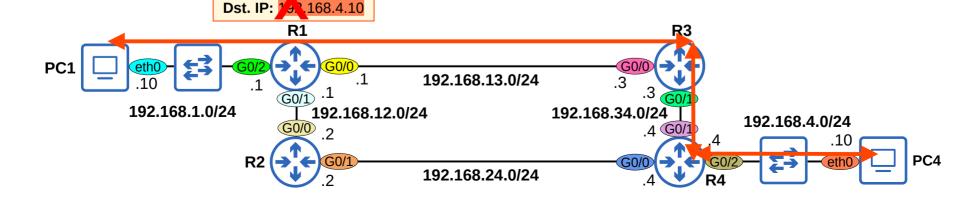
192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2

192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks 192.168.13.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0 192.168.13.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0

192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2 192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks 192.168.12.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1

192.168.12.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1

You will learn about these techniques later in the course.





Static Route Configuration

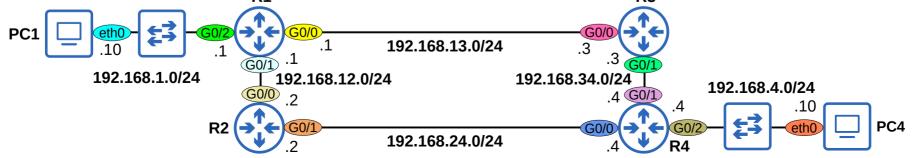
- Each router in the path needs two routes: a route to 192.168.1.0/24 and a route to 192.168.4.0/24. → This ensures **two-way reachability** (PC1 can send packets to PC4, PC4 can send packets to PC1).
- R1 already has a Connected route to 192.168.1.0/24. R4 already has a Connected route to 192.168.4.0/24. → The other routes must be manually configured (using **Static routes**).

*routers don't need routes to all networks in the path to the destination.

→ R1 doesn't need a route to 192.168.34.0/24.

→ R4 doesn't need a route to 192.168.13.0/24.

To allow PC1 and PC4 to communicate with each other over the network, let's configure these	Router	Destination	tion Next-Hop
Static routes on R1, R3, and R4.	R1	192.168.1.0/24	Connected
	KI	192.168.4.0/24	?
	D2	192.168.1.0/24	?
	R3	192.168.4.0/24	?
	R4	192.168.1.0/24	?
	Ν4	192.168.4.0/24	Connected
R1		R3	





Static Route Configuration (R1)

```
R1(config)# ip route ip-address netmask next-hop
R1(config)# ip route 192.168.4.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.13.3
R1(config)# do show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
!some code output omitted
Gateway of last resort is not set
                                                                               The [1/0] displayed in static routes means:
      192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                               [Administrative Distance/Metric]
         192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
                                                                               We will cover these concepts later in the course.
         192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
      192.168.4.0/24 [1/0] via 192.168.13.3
      192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         192.168.12.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                                             Router
                                                                                                        Destination
                                                                                                                     Next-Hop
         192.168.12.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
      192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                                                        192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                                                      Connected
         192.168.13.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                              R1
                                                                                                                     192.168.13.3
                                                                                                        192.168.4.0/24
         192.168.13.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                                        192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                                                     192.168.13.1
                                                                                              R3
                                    R1
                                                                                                        192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                                                     192.168.34.4
                                                                                                        192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                                                     192.168.34.3
                                                                             G0/0
                                                                                              R4
                                                     192.168.13.0/24
                                                                                                        192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                                                      Connected
                192.168.1.0/24
                                       192.168.12.0/24
                                                                     192.168.34.0/24
                                                                                             192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                4 G0/1
```



Static Route Configuration (R3)

```
R3(config)# ip route ip-address netmask next-hop
R3(config)# ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.13.1
R3(config)# ip route 192.168.4.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.34.4
R3(config)# do show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
!some code output omitted
Gateway of last resort is not set
      192.168.1.0/24 [1/0] via 192.168.13.1
      192.168.4.0/24 [1/0] via 192.168.34.4
      192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         192.168.13.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
         192.168.13.3/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                            Router
                                                                                                       Destination
                                                                                                                    Next-Hop
      192.168.34.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         192.168.34.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                                                       192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                                                     Connected
         192.168.34.3/32 is directly connected. GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                                              R1
                                                                                                       192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                                                    192.168.13.3
                                                                                                       192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                                                    192.168.13.1
                                                                                              R3
                                    R1
                                                                                                       192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                                                    192.168.34.4
                                                                                                       192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                                                    192.168.34.3
      PC1
                                     € G0/0
                                                                             G0/0
                                                                                              R4
                                                    192.168.13.0/24
                                                                                                       192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                                                     Connected
                192.168.1.0/24
                                       192.168.12.0/24
                                                                    192.168.34.0/24
                                                                                            192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                4 G0/1
```



Static Route Configuration (R4)

```
R4(config)# ip route ip-address netmask next-hop
R4(config)# ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.34.3
R4(config)# do show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
!some code output omitted
Gateway of last resort is not set
      192.168.1.0/24 [1/0] via 192.168.34.3
      192.168.4.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         192.168.4.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
         192.168.4.4/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
      192.168.24.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         192.168.24.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                                            Router
                                                                                                      Destination
                                                                                                                    Next-Hop
         192.168.24.4/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
      192.168.34.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                                                      192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                                                    Connected
         192.168.34.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                                             R1
                                                                                                      192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                                                    192.168.13.3
         192.168.34.4/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                                                      192.168.1.0/24
                                                                                                                   192.168.13.1
                                                                                             R3
                                   R1
                                                                                   R3
                                                                                                      192.168.4.0/24
                                                                                                                    192.168.34.4
                                                                                                                    192.168.34.3
                                                                                                       192.168.1.0/24
                                     G0/0
                                                                            G0/0
                                                                                             R4
                                                    192.168.13.0/24
                                                                                                                    Connected
                                                                                                       192.168.4.0/24
                192.168.1.0/24
                                      192.168.12.0/24
                                                                    192.168.34.0/24
                                                                                           192.168.4.0/24
                                                                               4 G0/1
```



$PC1 \Leftrightarrow PC4$

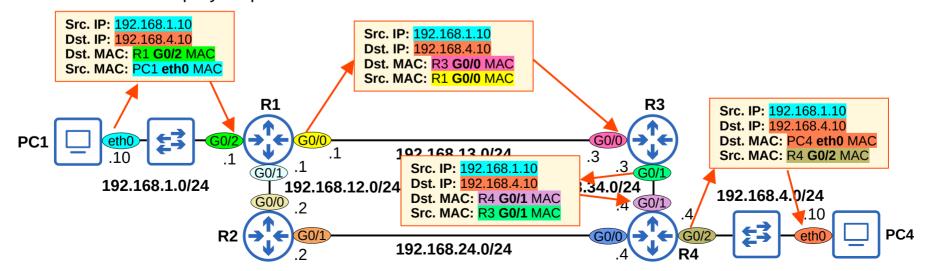
```
PC1:~$ ping 192.168.4.10
PING 192.168.4.10 (192.168.4.10): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 192.168.4.10: seq=0 ttl=42 time=8.745 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.4.10: seq=1 ttl=42 time=4.423 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.4.10: seq=2 ttl=42 time=3.428 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.4.10: seq=3 ttl=42 time=3.544 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.4.10: seq=4 ttl=42 time=3.520 ms
^C
--- 192.168.4.10 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 3.428/4.732/8.745 ms
```

If the ping is successful, that means there is two-way reachability.

PC1 can reach PC4, and PC4 can reach PC1.

Packet traveling from PC1 to PC4:

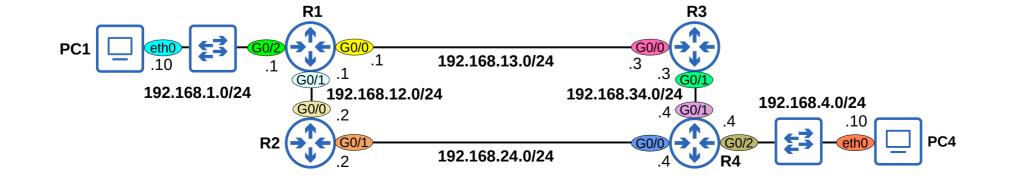
*we will examine this step-by-step in the "Life of a Packet" video





Static Route Configuration with exit-interface

```
R2(config)# ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 g0/0
R2(config)# ip route 192.168.4.0 255.255.255.0 g0/1 192.168.24.4
R2(config)# do show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
!some code output omitted
                                                                 R2(config)# ip route ip-address netmask exit-interface
                                                                 R2(config)# ip route ip-address netmask exit-interface next-hop
Gateway of last resort is not set
      192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                             Static routes in which you specify only the exit-interface
      192.168.4.0/24 [1/0] via 192.168.24.4, GigabitEthernet0/1
                                                                             rely on a feature called Proxy ARP to function.
      192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
                                                                             This is usually not a problem, but generally you can stick to
         192.168.12.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                             next-hop or exit-interface next-hop.
         192.168.12.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
                                                                             Neither is 'better' than the other: use which you prefer.
      192.168.24.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         192.168.24.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
```

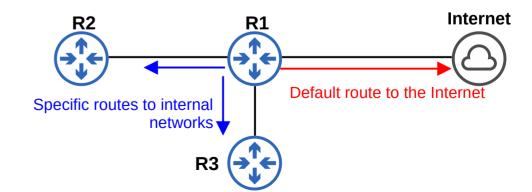


192.168.24.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1



Default Route

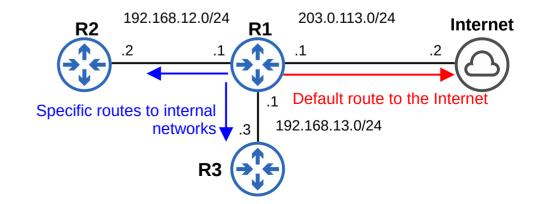
- A default route is a route to 0.0.0.0/0
 - \rightarrow 0.0.0.0/0 is the *least specific* route possible; it includes every possible destination IP address.
- If the router doesn't have any more specific routes that match a packet's destination IP address, the
 router will forward the packet using the default route.
- A default route is often used to direct traffic to the Internet.
 - → More specific routes are used for destinations in the internal corporate network.
 - → Traffic to destinations outside of the internal network is sent to the Internet.





Default Route

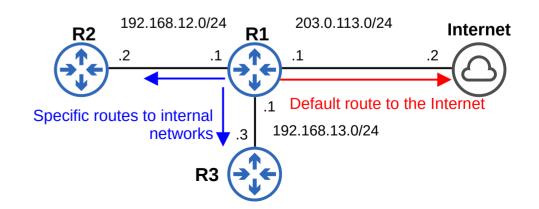
```
R1# show ip route
!codes omitted
                                     No default route has been configured yet.
Gateway of last resort is not set
     10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 192.168.12.2
S
S
     172.16.0.0/16 [1/0] via 192.168.13.3
     192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
        192.168.12.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
        192.168.12.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
     192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
        192.168.13.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
        192.168.13.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
     203.0.113.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         203.0.113.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
         203.0.113.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
```





Default Route

```
R1(config)# ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 203.0.113.2
R1(config)# do show ip route
!most codes omitted
       ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
!most codes omitted
Gateway of last resort is 203.0.113.2 to network 0.0.0.0
S*
     0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 203.0.113.2
      10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 192.168.12.2
      172.16.0.0/16 [1/0] via 192.168.13.3
      192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         192.168.12.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
         192.168.12.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
      192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         192.168.13.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
         192.168.13.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
      203.0.113.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
         203.0.113.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
         203.0.113.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
```





Things we covered

- Review: Connected and Local routes
- Intro to Static Routes
- Static Route configuration
 R1(config)# ip route ip-address netmask next-hop
 R1(config)# ip route ip-address netmask exit-interface
 R1(config)# ip route ip-address netmask exit-interface next-hop
- Default Routes



Which of the following commands configures a default route on a Cisco router?

- a) R1(config)# ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.1.1.255
- b) R1(config)# ip route 0.0.0.0/0 10.1.1.254
- c) R1(config)# ip route 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 10.1.1.255
- d) R1(config)# ip route 0.0.0/32 10.1.1.255



Examine R1's routing table. Which interface will it use to forward packets destined for 8.8.8.8?

```
S*  0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 203.0.113.2
S     10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 192.168.12.2
S     172.16.0.0/16 [1/0] via 192.168.13.3
          192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C          192.168.12.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
          192.168.12.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
          192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C          192.168.13.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
          192.168.13.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
          203.0.113.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C          203.0.113.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
L          203.0.113.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
```

- a) GigabitEthernet0/0
- b) GigabitEthernet0/1
- c) GigabitEthernet0/2
- d) It will drop the packet.



Examine the network below. Complete the graph with the static routes needed to allow PC1 and PC4 to communicate with each other.

	Router	Destination	Next-Hop		
R1	192.168.1.0/24	Connected			
	?	?			
R2	?	?			
	?	?			
R4	?	?			
	192.168.4.0/24	Connected			
PC1 G0/2 G0/2 G0/0 .1 1 192.168.13.0/24 .3 .3 G0/1					
192.168.1.0/24 192.168.12.0/24 192.168.34.0/24 192.168.4.0/24 192.168.4.0/24					
	R2 G0/1	192.168.24.0/24	G0/0 .4 G0/2 R4		



Examine the following static route in R1's routing table. What command was used to configure this route?

```
S 172.20.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
```

- a) R1(config)# ip route 172.20.0.0 255.255.255.0 g0/1
- b) R1(config)# interface g0/1 R1(config-if)# ip address 172.20.0.0 255.255.0.0
- c) R1(config)# ip route 172.20.0.0 255.255.255.0 g0/1 172.20.0.1
- d) R1(config)# ip route 172.20.0.0 255.255.0.0 g0/1



Examine the diagram below. How many static routes would you have to configure on R3 for it to know all other destination networks shown in the diagram?

- a) One route
- b) Two routes
- c) Three routes
- d) Four routes

R3 knows how to reach its own IP addresses and destinations in its connected networks, but it doesn't know how to reach destinations in remote networks.

Knows:

192.168.13.0/24 (incl. 192.168.13.3/32) 192.168.34.0/24 (incl. 192.168.34.3/32)

Doesn't know:

192.168.1.0/24

192.168.4.0/24

192.168.12.0/24

