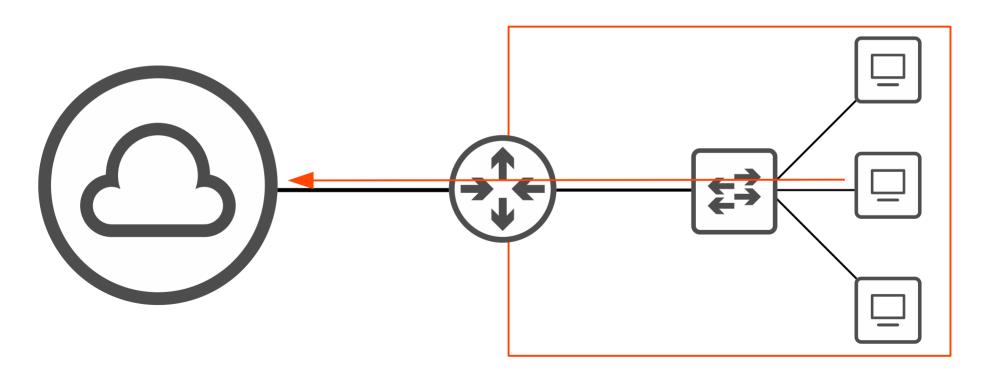


CCNA 200-301 Day 7

IPV4 Addressing



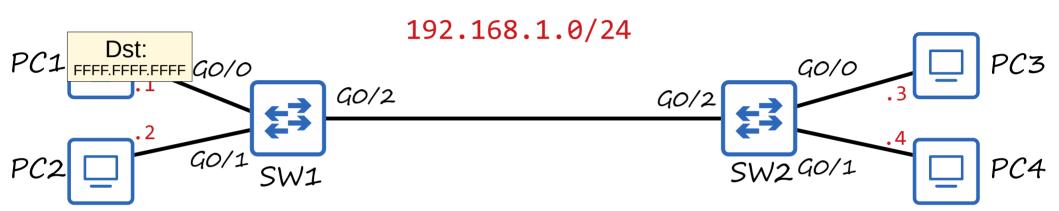


OSI Model – Network Layer

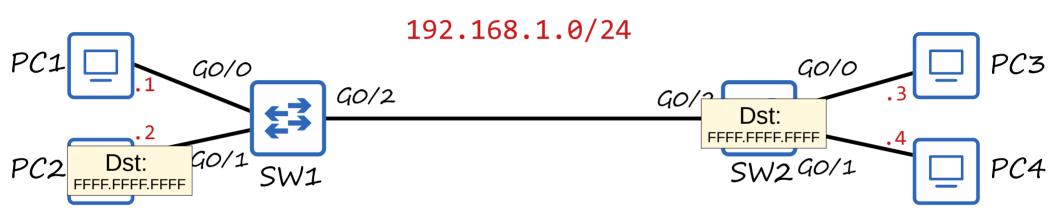
7	Application
6	Presentation
5	Session
4	Transport
3	Network
2	Data Link
1	Physical

 Provides connectivity between end hosts on different networks (ie. outside of the LAN). • Provides logical addressing (IP addresses). · Provides path selection between source and destination. • Routers operate at Layer 3.

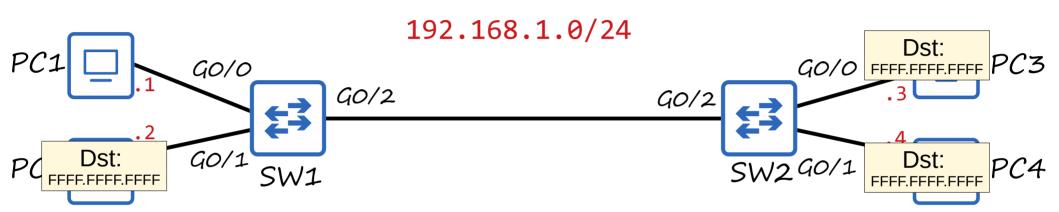




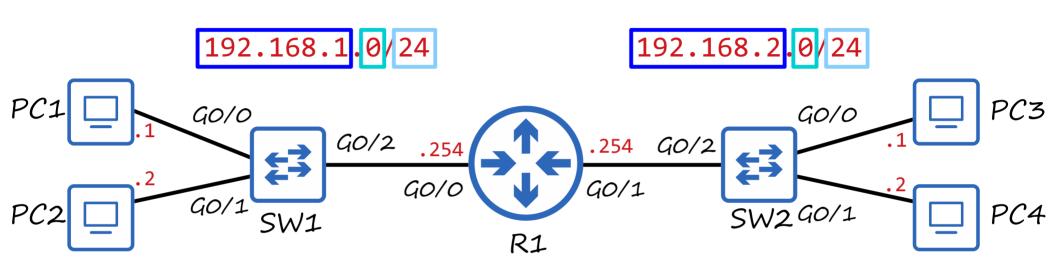




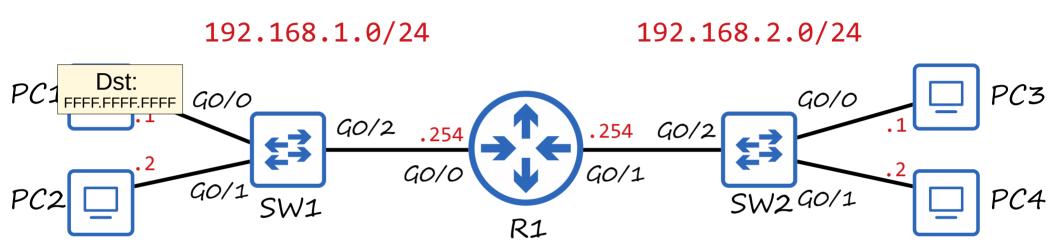




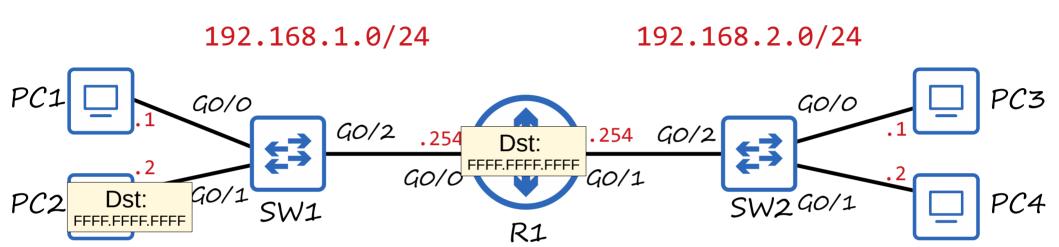












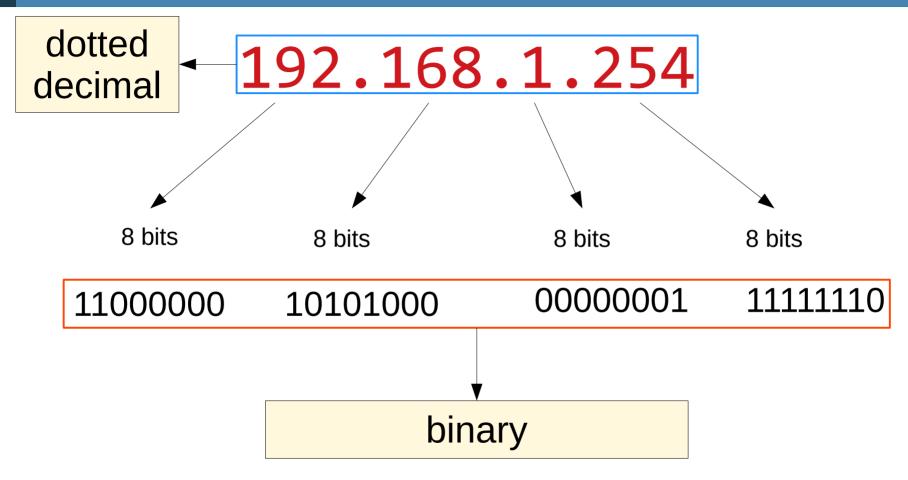


IPV4 Header

IPv4 Header Format

Offsets	Octet	0									1									2								3							
Octet	Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 26	27	28	29	30	31		
0	0	Version IHL									DSCP ECN							Total									Length								
4	32		Identification													Flags Fragment Offset																			
8	64	Time To Live									Protocol							Header Checksum																	
12	96		Source IP Address																																
16	128		Destination IP Address																																
20	160																																		
24	192																																		
28	224		Options (if I)																																
32	256			_																															

IP address are 32 bits (4 bytes) in length.

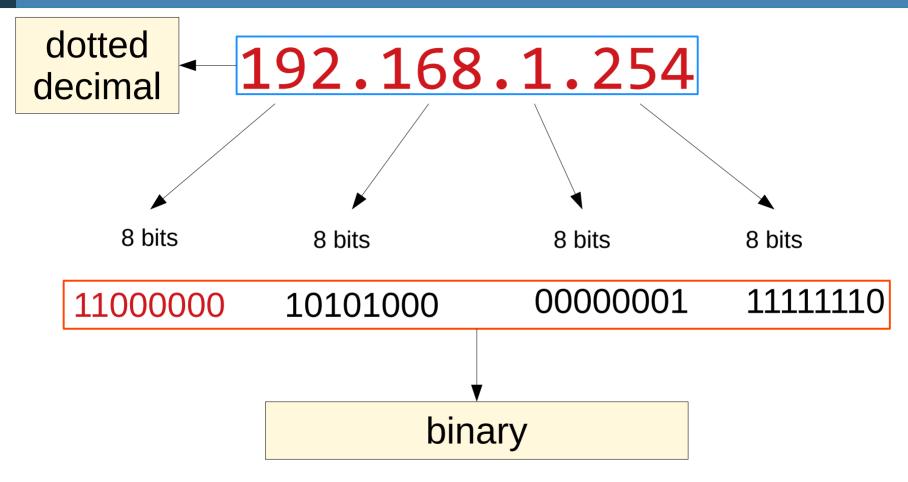


Decimal & Hexadecimal

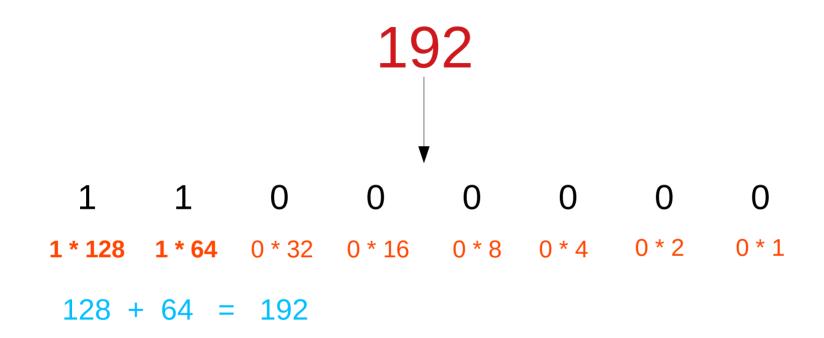
Decimal (base 10)

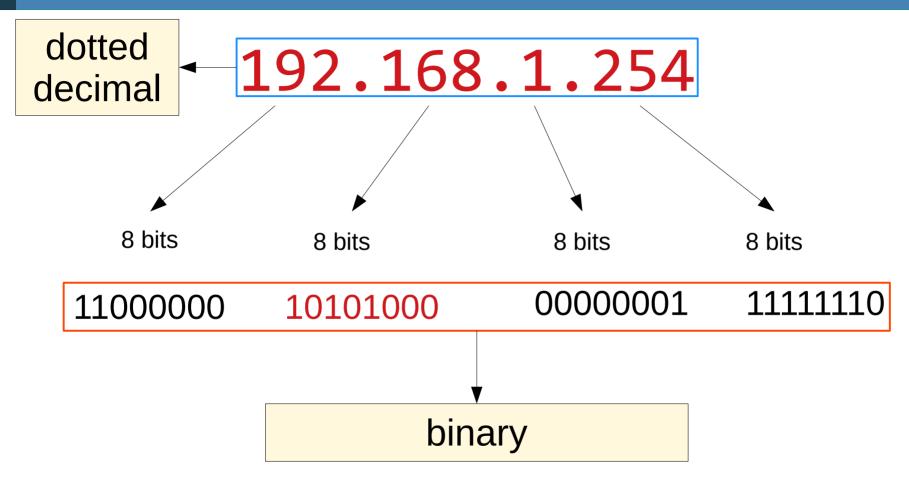
Hexadecimal (base 16)

= 3294



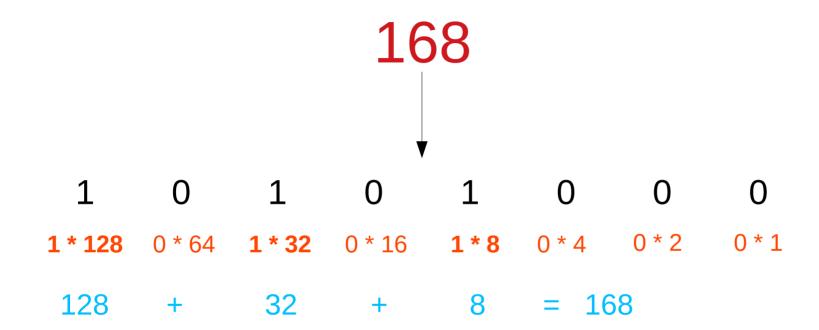
Binary (base 2)

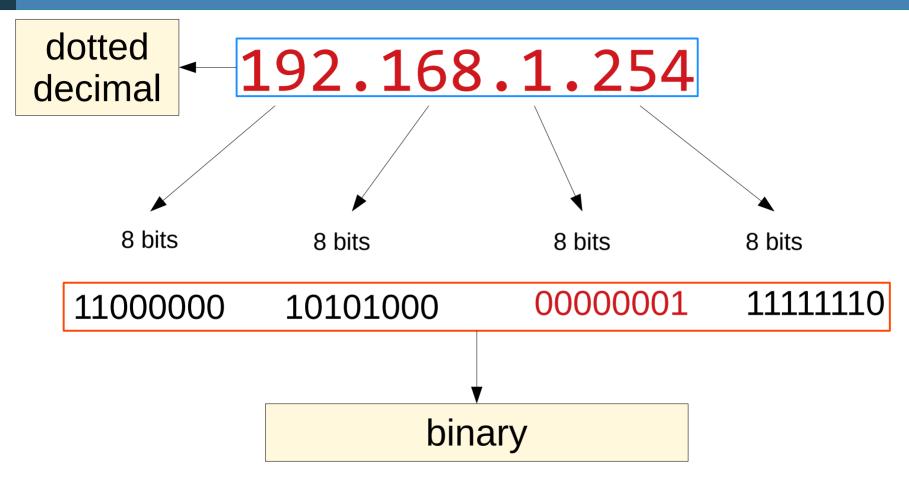






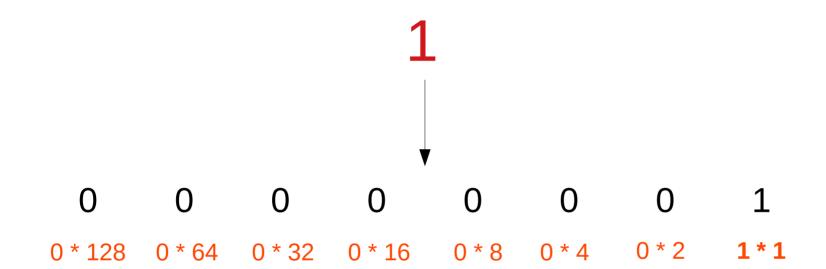
Binary (base 2)

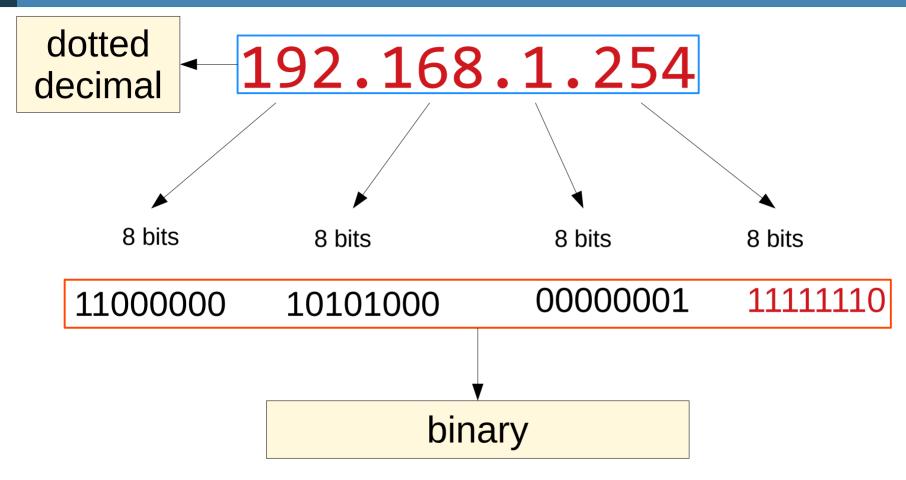






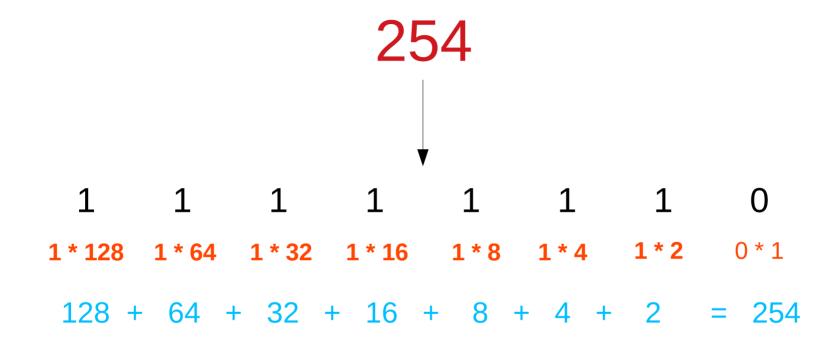
Binary (base 2)

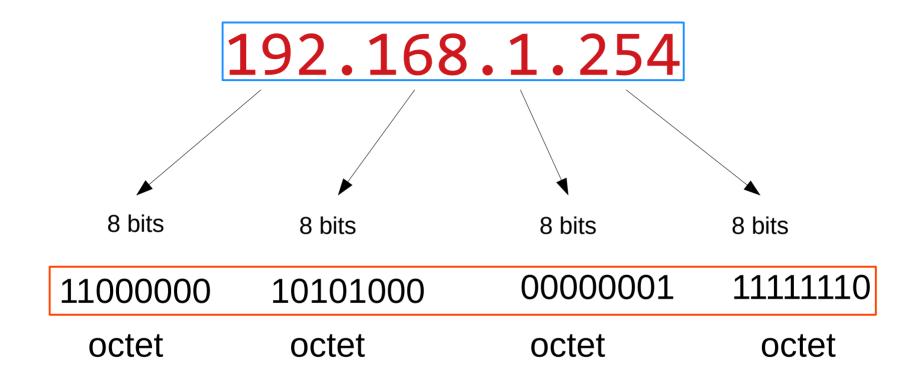






Binary (base 2)







Binary \rightarrow Decimal (1)

```
      128
      64
      32
      16
      8
      4
      2
      1

      1
      0
      0
      0
      1
      1
      1
      1

      128
      +
      8
      +
      4
      +
      2
      +
      1
```



Binary \rightarrow Decimal (2)

```
      128
      64
      32
      16
      8
      4
      2
      1

      0
      1
      1
      1
      0
      1
      1
      0

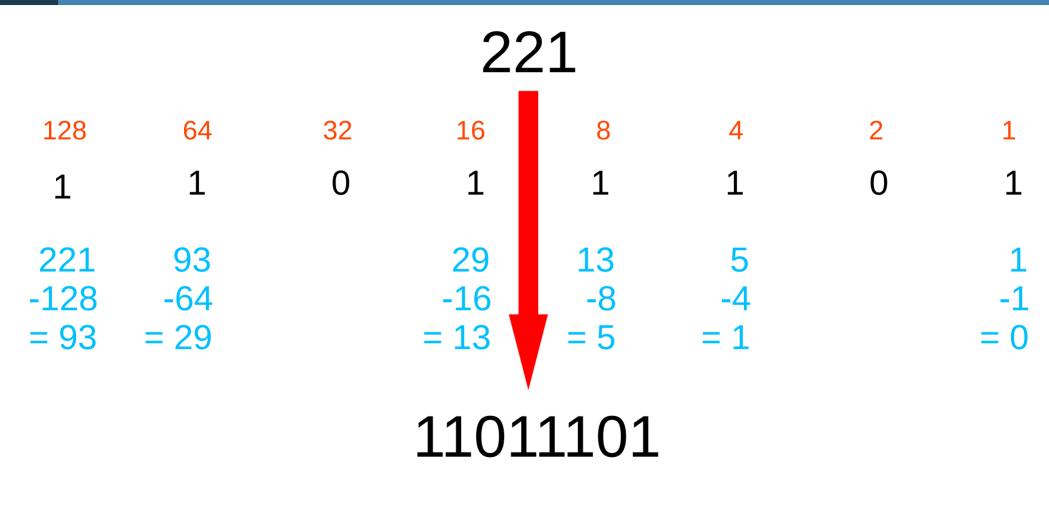
      64
      +
      32
      +
      16
      +
      4
      +
      2
```

Binary \rightarrow Decimal (3)

```
1 1 1 0 1 1 0 0
128 + 64 + 32 + 8 + 4
```

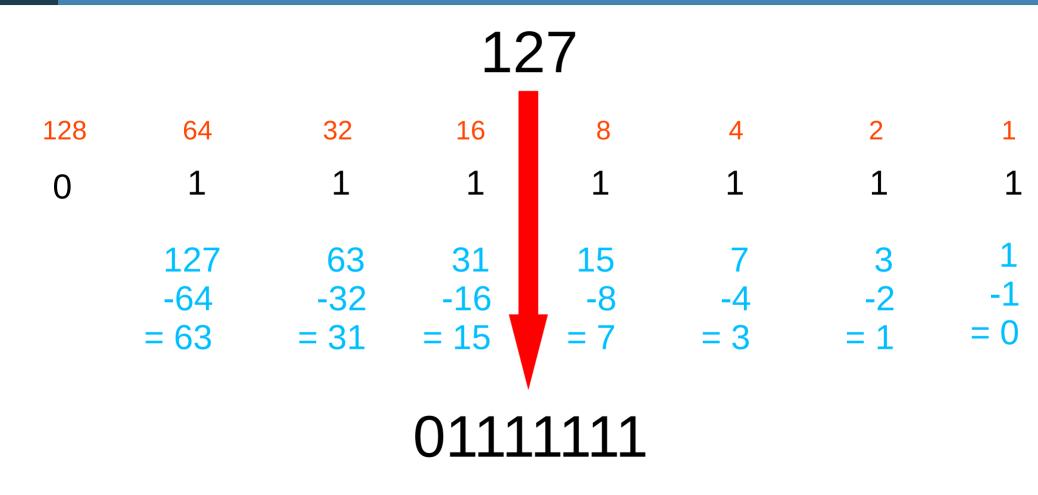


Decimal \rightarrow Binary (1)



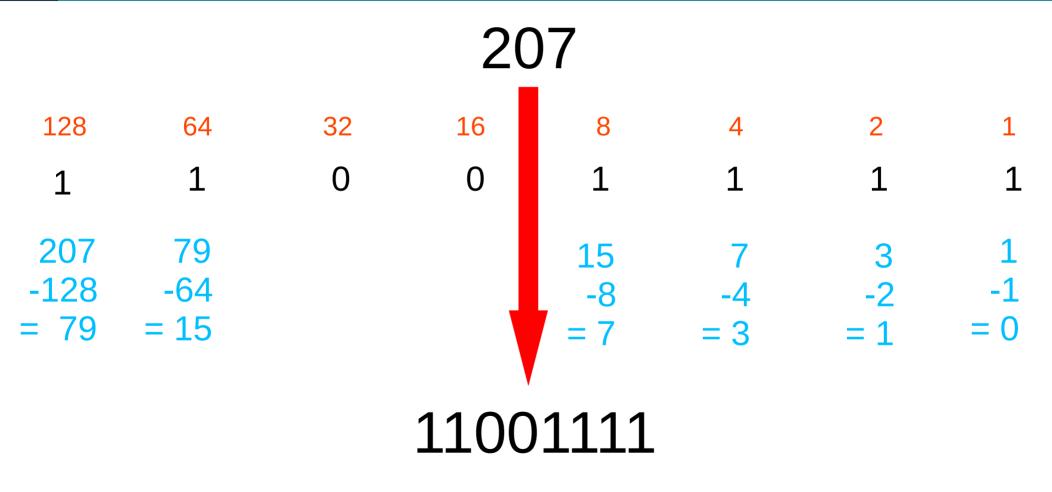


Decimal \rightarrow Binary (2)





Decimal → Binary (3)



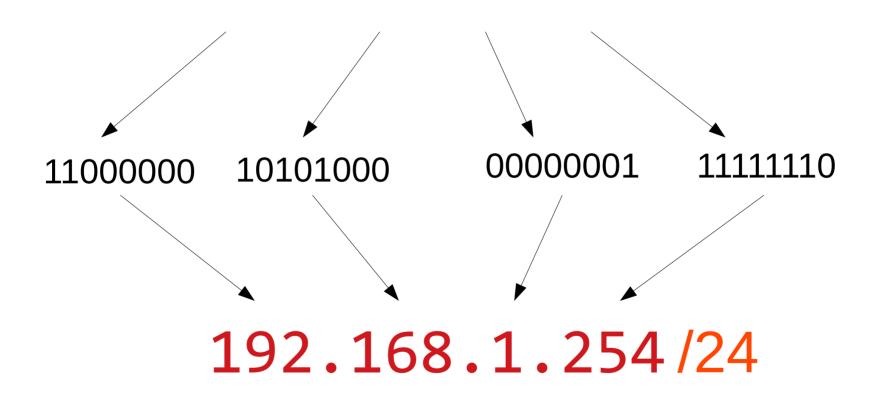


Binary

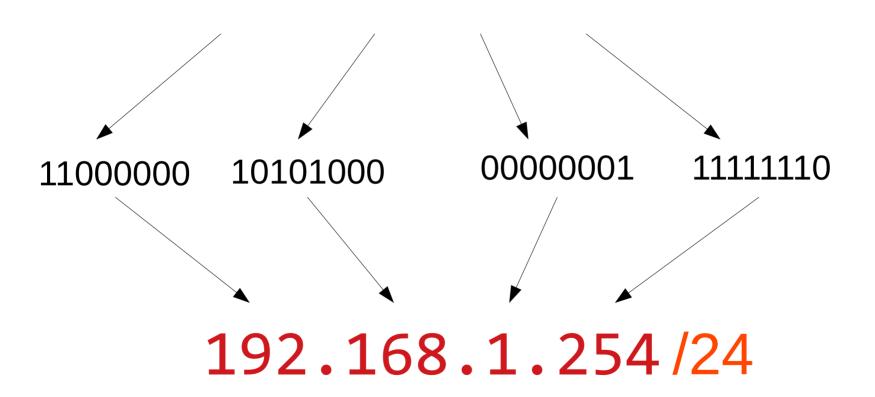
= 0

= 255

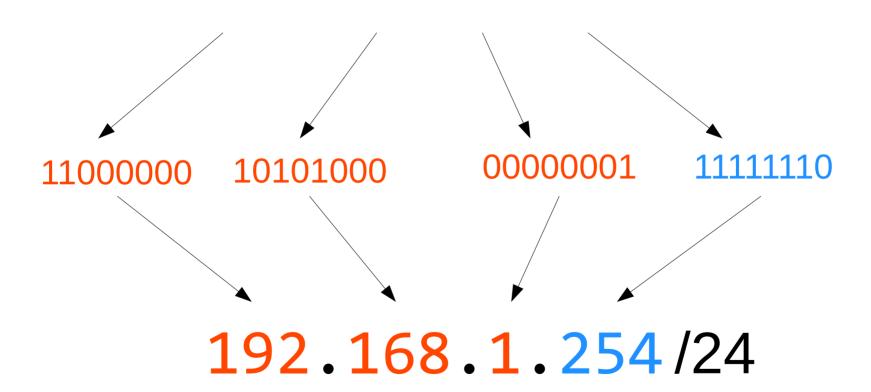


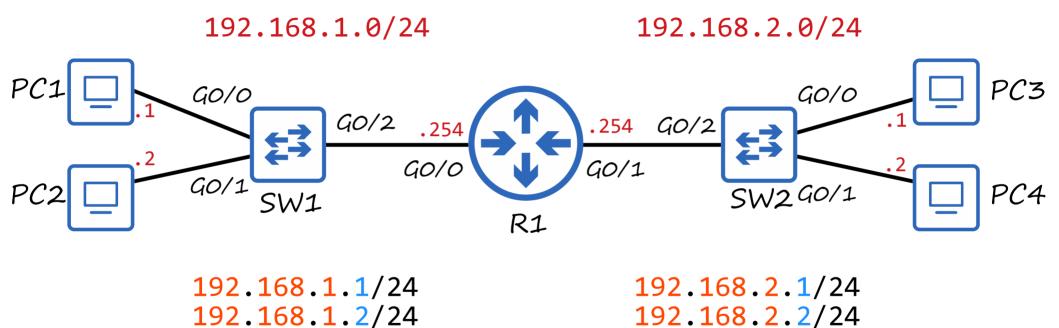








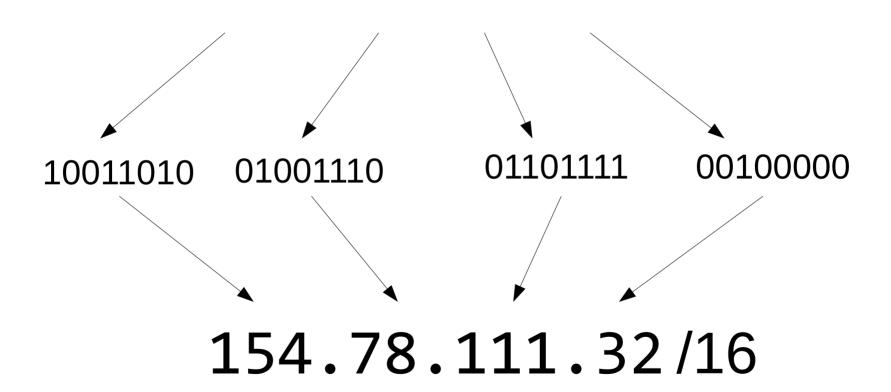




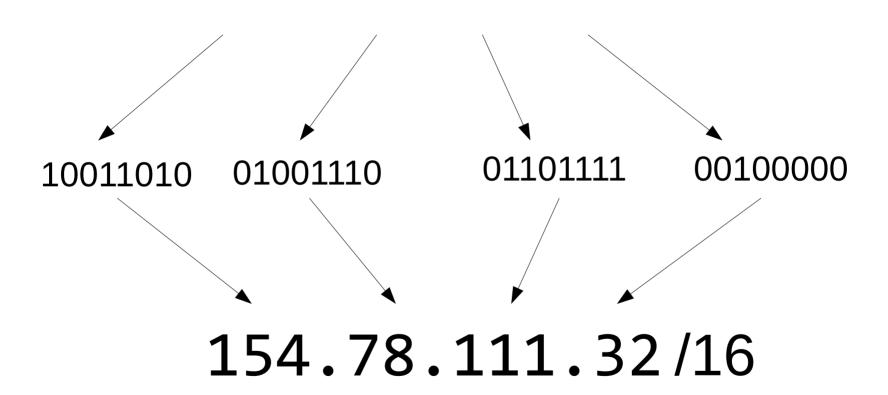
192.168.2.254/24

192.168.1.254/24

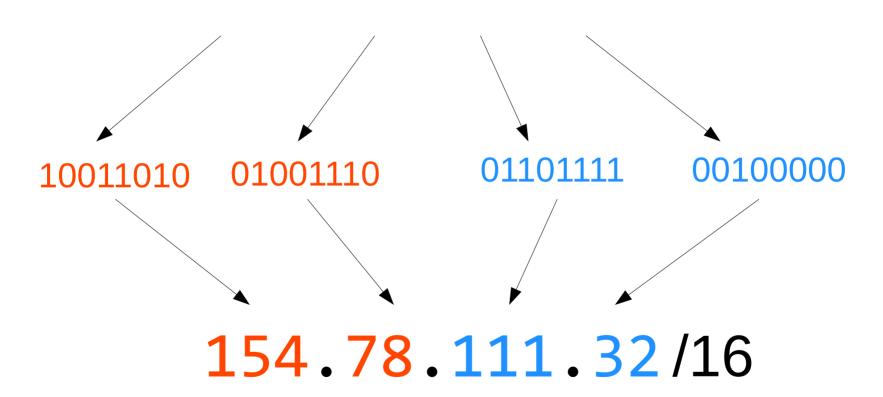




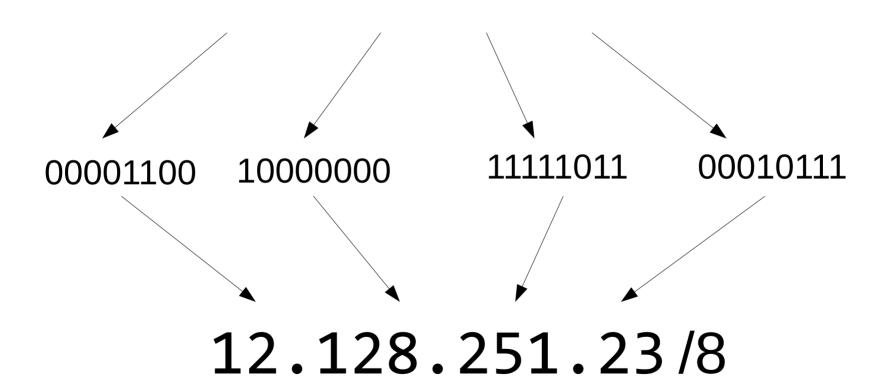




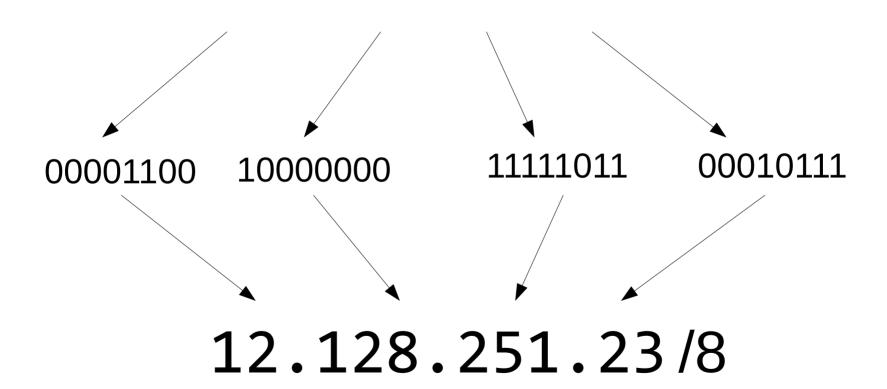








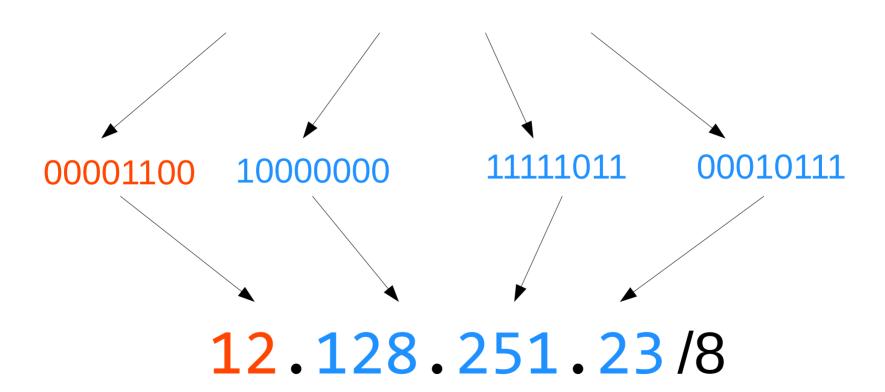






IPv4 Addresses

00001100100000001111101100010111





IPv4 Address Classes

Class	First octet	First octet numeric range	
Α	0xxxxxxx	0-127	
В	10xxxxxx	128-191	
С	110xxxxx	192-223	
D	1110xxxx	224-239	
E	1111xxxx	240-255	



IPv4 Address Classes

	Class	First octet	First octet numeric range
	Α	0xxxxxxx	0-127
	В	10xxxxxx	128-191
	С	110xxxxx	192-223
Multicast addresses	D	1110xxxx	224-239
Reserved (experimental)	E	1111xxxx	240-255



Loopback Addresses

- Address range 127.0.0.0 127.255.255.255
- Used to test the 'network stack' (think OSI, TCP/IP model) on the local device

```
C:\Users\user>ping 127.23.68.241
C:\Users\user>ping 127.0.0.1
                                                          Pinging 127.23.68.241 with 32 bytes of data:
Pinging 127.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:
                                                          Reply from 127.23.68.241: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 127.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
                                                          Reply from 127.23.68.241: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 127.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
                                                          Reply from 127.23.68.241: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 127.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
                                                          Reply from 127.23.68.241: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 127.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
                                                          Ping statistics for 127.23.68.241:
Ping statistics for 127.0.0.1:
                                                              Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Packets: Sent = 4 Received = 4 Lost = 0 (0% loss)
                                                          Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
                                                              Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
   Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```



IPv4 Address Classes

Class	First octet	First octet numeric range	Prefix Length
A	0xxxxxxx	0-127	/8
В	10xxxxxx	128-191	/16
С	110xxxxx	192-223	/24



Class A: 12.128.251.23/8

Class B: 154.78.111.32/16

Class C: 192.168.1.254/24

IPv4 Address Classes

Class	Leading bits	Size of <i>network number</i> bit field	Size of <i>rest</i> bit field	Number of networks	Addresses per network
Class A	0	8	24	128 (2 ⁷)	16,777,216 (2 ²⁴)
Class B	10	16	16	16,384 (2 ¹⁴)	65,536 (2 ¹⁶)
Class C	110	24	8	2,097,152 (2 ²¹)	256 (2 ⁸)



Netmask

Class A: 18

255.0.0.0

(1111111 00000000 00000000 00000000)

Class B: /16

255.255.0.0

(1111111 1111111 0000000 00000000)

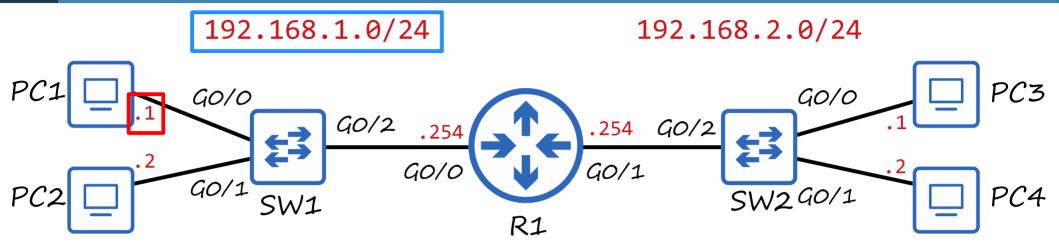
Class C: /24

255.255.255.0

(1111111 1111111 1111111 0000000)



Network Address

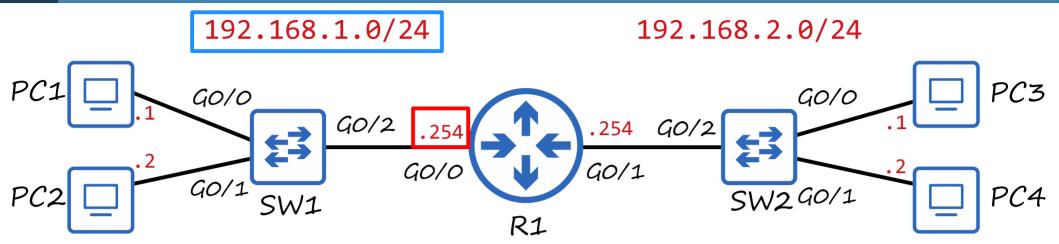


Host portion of the address is all O's = Network Address

The network address CANNOT be assigned to a host.



Broadcast Address



Host portion of the address is all $\mathbf{1}$'s = Broadcast Address

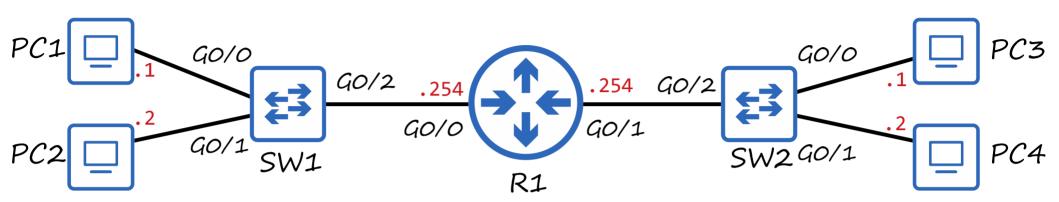
The broadcast address CANNOT be assigned to a host.



Broadcast Address

192.168.1.0/24

192.168.2.0/24



Dst. IP: 192.168.1.255

Dst. MAC: PPPPPPPPFFF

Jeremy's IT Lab

Review

- · Dotted decimal & binary
- Network portion / host portion of IPv4 addresses
- IPv4 address classes
- Prefix lengths / netmasks
- Network addresses / broadcast addresses



QUIZ



Convert the following IPv4 address to dotted decimal notation:

00111111 00111000 11100111 00010011

63.56.231.19



Convert the following IPv4 address to dotted decimal notation:

11110011 0111111 01100010 00000001

243.127.98.1



Convert the following IPv4 address to dotted decimal notation:

01101111 00000110 01011001 11000111

111.6.89.199



Convert the following IPv4 address to dotted decimal notation:

11001111 11000110 00101111 01001100

207.198.47.76



Convert the following IPv4 address to dotted decimal notation:

01100100 11001001 00100001 11111101

100.201.33.253



Convert the following IPv4 address to binary notation:

88.46.90.91

01011000 00101110 01011010 01011011



Convert the following IPv4 address to binary notation:

221.234.246.163

11011101 11101010 11110110 10100011



Convert the following IPv4 address to binary notation:

3.41.143.222

00000011 00101001 10001111 11011110



Convert the following IPv4 address to binary notation:

10.200.231.91

00001010 11001000 11100111 01011011



Convert the following IPv4 address to binary notation:

248.87.255.152

11111000 01010111 11111111 10011000