Advanced & Less Commonly Read C++ Concepts Asked in Interviews

1 Function Pointers & Callbacks

- Returning function pointers from functions
- Member function pointers (void (Class::*ptr)())
- std::function and std::bind for function wrappers

2 Copy & Move Semantics (Deep Questions on Constructors)

- Difference between copy and move constructors
- When does the compiler **delete** move constructor?
- What happens when returning a temporary object? (RVO & NRVO)
- Implicitly deleted functions

3 Operator Overloading (Rare but Tricky Operators)

- Overloading [], (), -> (Function call operator & smart pointers)
- Why can't we overload ::, .*, sizeof, ?:?
- Friend function vs. member function for operator overloading

4 Memory Management (Deep-Dive)

- Custom **memory allocators** (overloading new and delete)
- Memory leaks and how to detect them (valgrind, sanitizers)
- Smart pointers (std::unique_ptr, std::shared_ptr, std::weak_ptr)

5 Virtual Functions & Polymorphism (Edge Cases)

- Virtual destructor importance
- Pure virtual destructor Is it possible?
- Virtual table (VTable) and vptr (How does polymorphism work internally?)
- Overriding vs. hiding vs. shadowing in inheritance

6 Templates & Metaprogramming (Less Common but Tricky)

- SFINAE (Substitution Failure Is Not An Error)
- enable_if and type traits
- Variadic templates (template<typename... Args>)
- CRTP (Curiously Recurring Template Pattern)

7 Type System & Casting

- static_cast, dynamic_cast, reinterpret_cast, const_cast
- When does dynamic_cast fail?
- typeid and RTTI (Run-Time Type Information)

8 Concurrency & Multithreading (Tricky But Important)

- Mutex types (std::mutex, std::recursive_mutex, std::timed_mutex)
- Deadlocks & how to prevent them
- Atomic operations (std::atomic)
- Thread pools and std::async vs. std::thread

STL Internals (Rarely Read but Frequently Asked)

- How does std::map work internally? (Red-Black Tree)
- How does std::unordered_map work? (Hashing & collision resolution)
- When to use std::vector vs. std::list vs. std::deque?
- How does std::sort() work? (Introsort)

10 Undefined Behavior & Edge Cases

- Accessing a moved-from object What happens?
- Integer overflow in signed vs. unsigned types
- Dangling references and use-after-free issues
- Alignment and padding in structs (#pragma pack)

© Conclusion

Many programmers focus only on **syntax and common patterns**, but **deep C++ knowledge** includes:

- Move semantics
- Memory management
- STL internals
- Multithreading
- Advanced polymorphism
- Would you like me to provide tricky interview questions on these topics?

You said:

yes please

ChatGPT said:

Sure! Here are some tricky C++ interview questions based on rare but important concepts.

Tricky C++ Interview Questions by Concept

1 Function Pointers & Callbacks

• Question:

What is the difference between:

```
cpp
CopyEdit
void (*funcPtr)();
void (MyClass::*memberFuncPtr)();
```

- ▼ Follow-up: How do you call memberFuncPtr using an object?
- Question:

What is the output of this code?

```
cpp
CopyEdit
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void hello() { cout << "Hello\n"; }

int main() {
    void (*func)() = hello;
    (*func)();
}</pre>
```

V Follow-up: Can we use std::function<void()> instead of function pointers?

2 Copy & Move Semantics

Question:

What will be the output of this code?

```
cpp
CopyEdit
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class Test {
public:
    Test() { cout << "Default Constructor\n"; }
    Test(const Test&) { cout << "Copy Constructor\n"; }
    Test(Test&&) { cout << "Move Constructor\n"; }
};

Test fun() {
    Test t;
    return t;
}

int main() {
    Test obj = fun();
}</pre>
```

- Follow-up: What happens if we enable RVO (Return Value Optimization)?
- Question:

Why does the **move constructor get deleted** in the following case?

```
cpp
CopyEdit
class Test {
public:
    Test(const Test&) { } // Explicit copy constructor
};
```

V Follow-up: How to explicitly enable the move constructor?

3 Operator Overloading

Question:

What is the output of this program?

```
cpp
CopyEdit
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class A {
```

```
public:
    void operator()() { cout << "Function call operator\n"; }
};
int main() {
    A obj;
    obj();
}</pre>
```

- Follow-up: When would you use the function call operator (()) in real-world scenarios?
- Question:

Can we overload operator -> ()? If yes, how does it work internally?

4 Memory Management

Question:

What happens if we delete a pointer twice?

```
cpp
CopyEdit
int* ptr = new int(5);
delete ptr;
delete ptr; // What happens here?
```

- Follow-up: How can we prevent double deletion issues?
- Question:

What is the **difference** between new and malloc() in C++?

✓ Follow-up: Can we override new and delete operators?

5 Virtual Functions & Polymorphism

Question:

Why should the base class destructor be virtual?

```
cpp
CopyEdit
class Base {
public:
```

```
~Base() { cout << "Base Destructor\n"; }
};

class Derived : public Base {
public:
        ~Derived() { cout << "Derived Destructor\n"; }
};

int main() {
    Base* obj = new Derived();
    delete obj;
}</pre>
```

- Follow-up: What happens if the destructor is not virtual?
- Question:

Can a **pure virtual destructor** exist in C++? If yes, how to implement it?

6 Templates & Metaprogramming

• Question:

What is **SFINAE** in templates? Give an example.

▼ Follow-up: How does std::enable_if help with template specialization?

• Question:

What will be the output of this variadic template function?

```
cpp
CopyEdit
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

template<typename T>
void print(T t) {
    cout << t << endl;
}

template<typename T, typename... Args>
void print(T t, Args... args) {
    cout << t << " ";
    print(args...);</pre>
```

```
}
int main() {
    print(1, 2, 3, "Hello");
}
```

Follow-up: How does parameter pack expansion work?

7 Type System & Casting

• Question:

What is the difference between static_cast, dynamic_cast, reinterpret_cast, and const_cast?

Question:

What will happen in this dynamic_cast case?

```
cpp
CopyEdit
class Base { virtual void fun() {} };
class Derived : public Base {};
int main() {
    Base* b = new Derived();
    Derived* d = dynamic_cast<Derived*>(b);
}
```

V Follow-up: What happens if b is not actually a Derived object?

8 Multithreading & Concurrency

• Question:

What is the difference between:

```
cpp
CopyEdit
std::mutex mtx;
std::recursive_mutex rmtx;
```

▼ Follow-up: When should you use std::condition_variable?

• Question:

What does std::atomic<int> do?

▼ Follow-up: How is std::atomic different from using volatile?

9STL Internals

• Question:

How does std::map work internally?

▼ Follow-up: What is the time complexity for std::unordered_map::find()?

• Question:

Why is std::vector<bool> not a true STL container?

Undefined Behavior & Edge Cases

Question:

What happens in this use-after-move scenario?

```
cpp
CopyEdit
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class A {
public:
    A() { cout << "Constructor\n"; }
    A(A&&) { cout << "Move Constructor\n"; }
};

int main() {
    A a = A();
    A b = move(a);
}</pre>
```

- Follow-up: What happens if we try to access a after move()?
- Question:

What is the output of this **integer overflow case**?

CopyEdit

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
   int a = INT_MAX;
   cout << a + 1;
}</pre>
```

Follow-up: What happens if you use unsigned int instead?



Interviewer Favorite Trick: They give a code snippet and ask you to find a bug or undefined behavior.

Conclusion

These rarely studied but frequently asked interview questions cover:

- ✓ Move Semantics
- ✔ Operator Overloading
- ✓ Memory Management
- ✓ Advanced Polymorphism
- ✓ STL Internals
- ✔ Undefined Behavior