

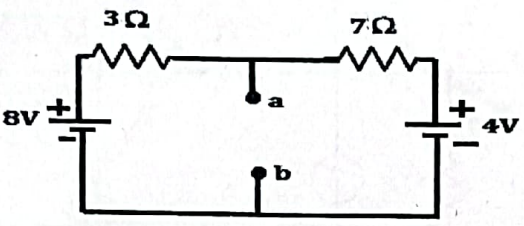
**College of Engineering, Pune**  
(An Autonomous Institute of Government of Maharashtra)  
Department of Electrical Engineering  
**T-1 Examination-2022**  
Course:-Basic Electrical Engineering (E-Group)

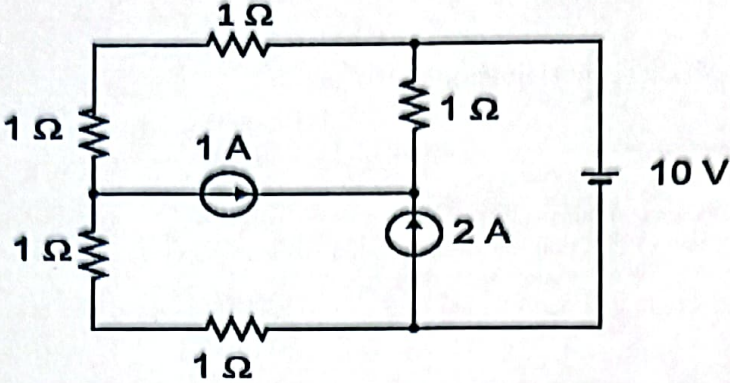
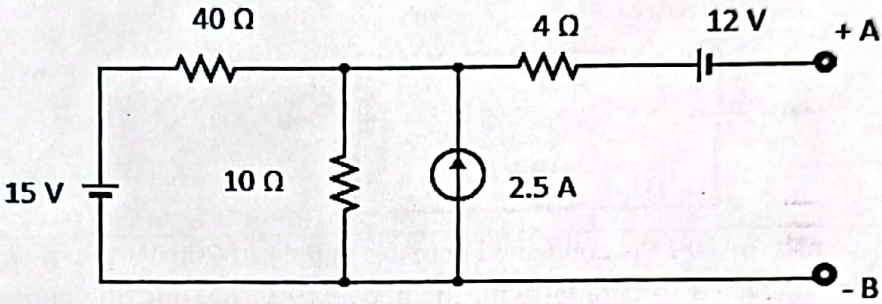
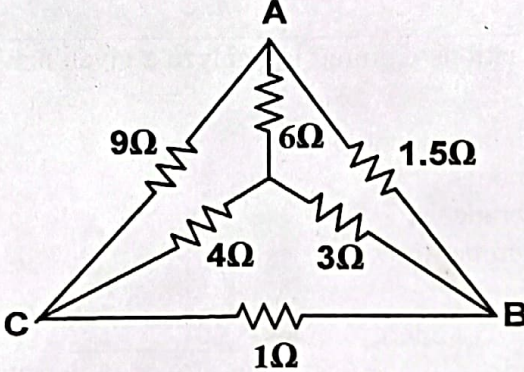
Programme: F. Y. B. Tech. (Division 6-10)  
Max. Marks: 20

Date: 18.06.2022  
Time: 2 -3 pm

**Instructions:-**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Make necessary assumptions and assume suitable data wherever required.
3. Non programmable calculator is allowed.
4. Figures to the right indicate full marks

<b>Q. 1</b>	<b>Rewrite the following with correct answer.</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>i.</b>	<p>Voltage appearing across terminals a and b in the following circuit is _____</p> <p>a) 10 V                      b) 2.1 V                      c) 5 V                      d) 6.8 V</p> 	
<b>ii.</b>	<p>A resistance of <math>10\ \Omega</math> is connected across a supply of 200 V. When another resistance of <math>R\ \Omega</math> is connected in parallel with the above <math>10\ \Omega</math> resistor, the current drawn from the supply doubles. The value of R is _____.</p> <p>a) <math>5\ \Omega</math>                      b) <math>10\ \Omega</math>                      c) <math>20\ \Omega</math>                      d) <math>40\ \Omega</math></p>	
<b>iii.</b>	<p>The superposition theorem is essentially based on the concept of _____.</p> <p>a) duality                      b) reciprocity                      c) linearity                      d) non-linearity</p>	
<b>iv.</b>	<p>The number of equations required to analyze a given network by nodal analysis is equal to _____.</p> <p>a) the number of independent loops b) the number of nodes c) the number of branches d) one less than number of nodes</p>	
<b>v</b>	<p>One commercial unit of energy equals _____</p> <p>a) 500 watt seconds                      b) one watt hour                      c) one kilowatt hour                      d) ten kilowatt hour</p>	

Q. 2	Solve the following problems:	
(i)	<p>In the circuit shown below, find the power supplied by the voltage source. (Do not use source transformation)</p> 	5
(ii)	<p>Use superposition theorem to find the voltage across terminals A &amp; B in the Fig below. (Do not use source transformation)</p> 	5
(iii)	<p>A network of resistors is shown in Fig below. Find the resistances (a) between terminals A &amp; B, (b) between terminals B &amp; C and (c) between terminals C &amp; A.</p> 	5