Math in JavaScript: Complete Beginner's Guide

Instructor - Pramod Kumar Jena

1. Introduction to Math in JavaScript

JavaScript supports mathematical operations using operators and the built-in Math object.

Math is used for:

- Calculations
- Geometry formulas
- Random number generation
- Data analysis
- Animation logic in games

2. Mathematical Operators

Operator	Name	Example	Result
+	Addition	5 + 2	7
-	Subtraction	5 - 2	3
*	Multiplication	5 * 2	10
/	Division	10 / 2	5
%	Remainder/Modulus	10 % 3	1
**	Exponentiation	2 ** 3	8

3. Special Math Results in JS

```
console.log(8 / 0); // Infinity
console.log(-8 / 0); // -Infinity
console.log(0 / 0); // NaN (Not a Number)
```

Infinity and NaN are special number types in JavaScript.

4. Math Object in JavaScript

JavaScript has a built-in Math object that offers constants and methods for advanced mathematical operations.

You don't need to create it. Just use: Math.method() or Math.property

5. Common Math Properties (Constants)

	Property	Description	Value
	Math.PI	Ratio of circumference to diameter	3.14159.
			• •
	Math.SQR	Square root of 2	1.414
	T2		
	Math.E	Euler's number (e)	2.718
7 7 4			
console.log(, ,	// 3.141592653589793	
console.log(Math.SQRT2	2); // 1.4142135623730951	
console.log(Math.E);	// 2.718281828459045	

6. Common Math Methods

Method	Description	Example	Result
Math.sqrt(x	Square root of x	Math.sqrt(25	5
))	

```
Math.pow(x, x to the power y)
                                                       Math.pow(2,
y)
                                                       3)
Math.floor( Rounds down to nearest integer
                                                       Math.floor(4 4
x)
                                                       .7)
Math.ceil(x Rounds up to nearest integer
                                                       Math.ceil(4. 5
                                                       1)
              Rounds to nearest integer
Math.round(
                                                       Math.round(4 5
x)
                                                       .5)
              Random number between 0 (inclusive) and 1
Math.random
                                                       Math.random(
                                                                       0.0 -
              (exclusive)
()
                                                       )
                                                                       0.999
```

7. Practical Example: Rectangle Area

```
Formula: Area = length * width

let length = 5;
let width = 3;
let area = length * width;
console.log("Area of Rectangle:", area); // 15

If either value is 0, the result is 0.

let areaZero = 0 * 10;
console.log(areaZero); // 0
```

8. Generating Random Numbers

Get a random number between 0 and 10:

```
let randomNum = Math.floor(Math.random() * 11);
console.log(randomNum);
```

Random dice roll (1 to 6):

```
let dice = Math.floor(Math.random() * 6) + 1;
```

9. Practice Time: Mini Challenges

• Task 1:

Write a program to find the square of any number using Math.pow().

• Task 2:

Write a program that:

- Generates a random number between 1 and 100.
- Checks if the number is even or odd using % operator.

• Task 3:

Find the area of a circle using:

```
Area = Math.PI * radius * radius
```

💡 Pro Tips for Beginners

- Always round numbers in UI using Math.round() or Math.floor().
- Prefer Math.pow() over ** for older browsers.
- Don't forget: Math.random() gives decimal multiply and round it for real use.