

Explicit Congestion Notification (RFC 3168)

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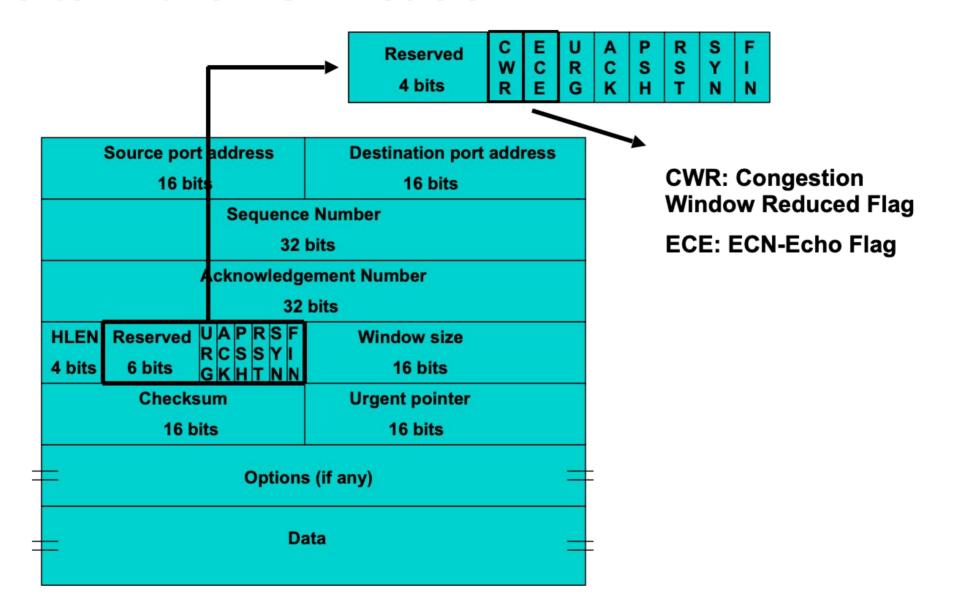
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Overview

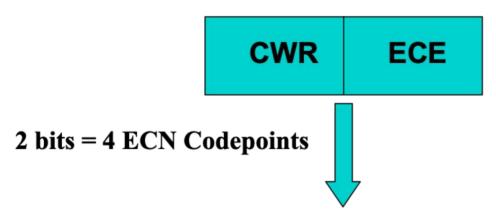
- Congestion Signaling Mechanism defined in RFC 3168
 - o It uses two bits in the TCP header and two bits in the IP header
 - It marks the packets, where marking = flipping a bit in the headers
- ECN can be used with AQM algorithms
 - Instead of 'dropping' the packets, they can be 'marked'
 - This avoids retransmissions (and hence, saves time!)
- Sender, Receiver and Router 'all' must support ECN functionality
 - Currently, ECN is implemented in all operating systems, but disabled by default
- Recommended by RFC 3168: ECN must not be applied to TCP control packets
 - SYN, SYN/ACK, ACK, FIN, RST, PSH, URG packets cannot be marked with ECN

ECN bits in the TCP header



ECN Codepoints in the TCP header



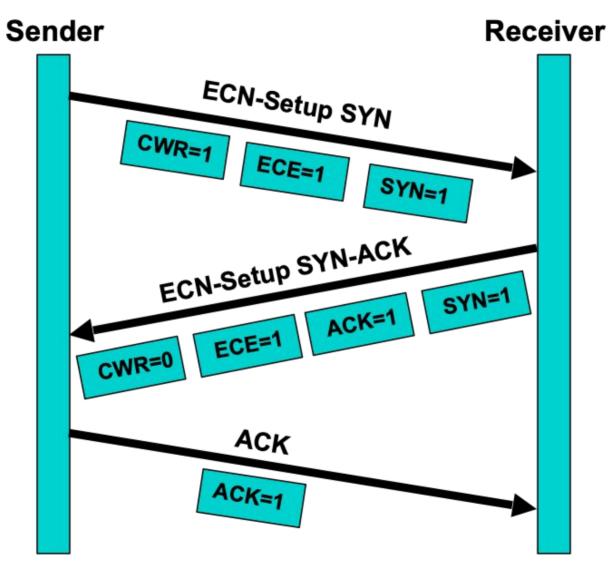


CWR: Congestion Window Reduced

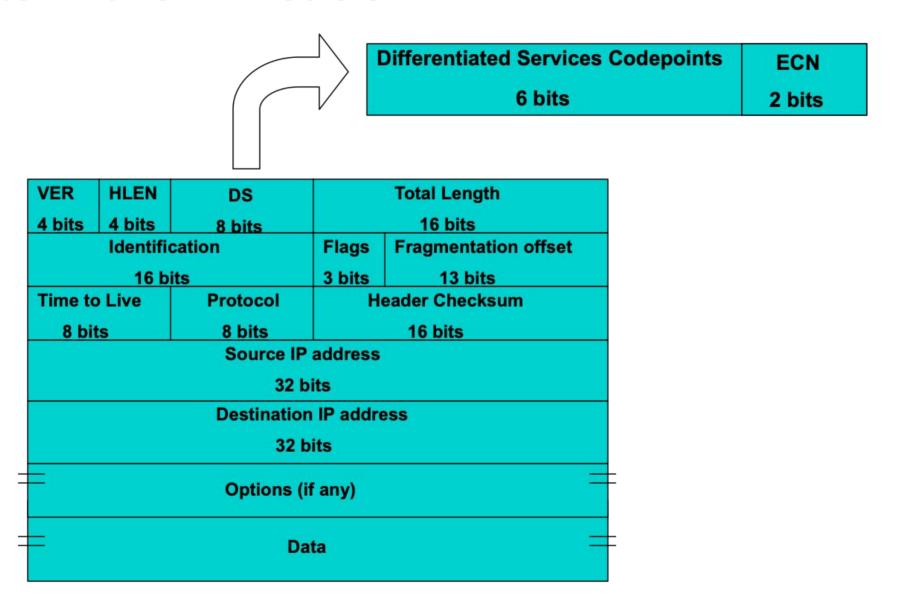
ECE: ECN Echo

CWR	ECE	Names for the ECN bits	Sent from	То
0	0	Non-ECN Setup	Any	Any
0	1	ECN Echo	Receiver	Sender
1	0	Congestion Window Reduced	Sender	Receiver
1	1	ECN Setup	Sender	Receiver

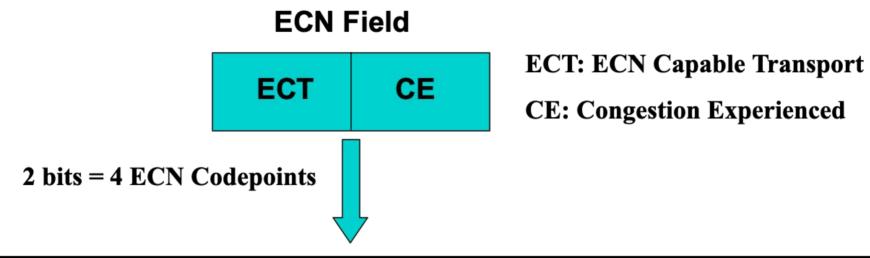
ECN Negotiation



ECN bits in the IP header



ECN Codepoints in the IP header



ECT	CE	Names for the ECN bits	Sent from	То
0	0	Not-ECT (Not ECN Capable Transport)	Any	Any
0	1	ECT(1) (ECN Capable Transport (1))	Sender	Receiver
1	0	ECT(0) (ECN Capable Transport (0))	Sender	Receiver
1	1	CE (Congestion Experienced)	Router	Receiver

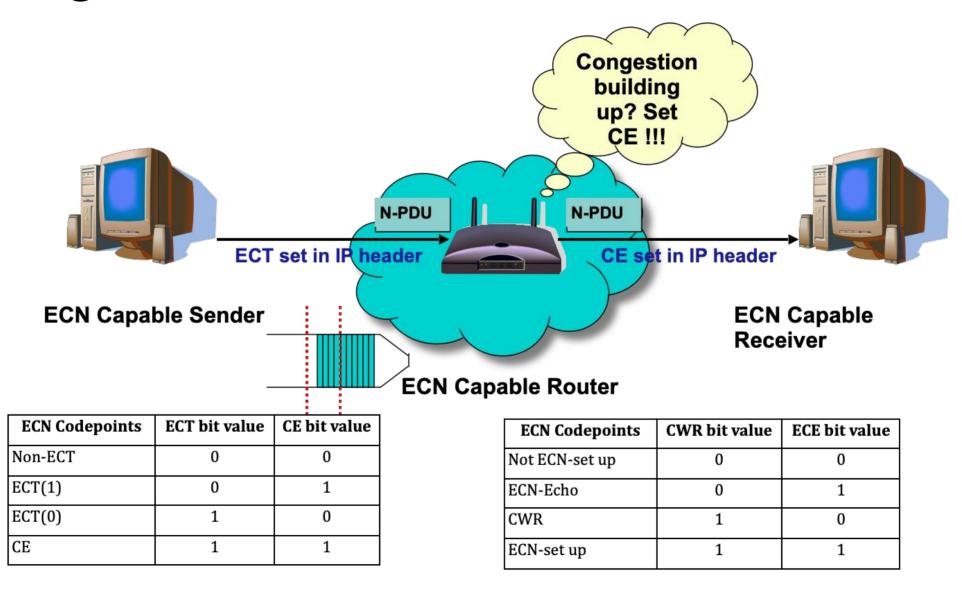
Working of ECN

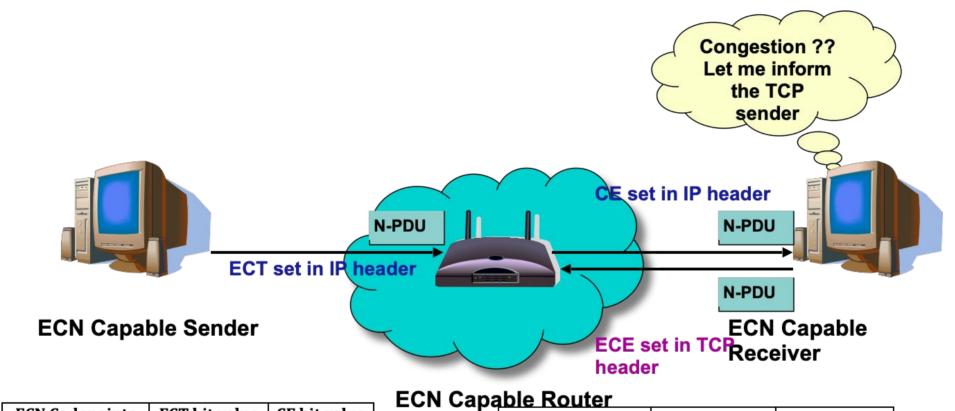
ECN Capability negotiated during Connection Establishment



ECN Codepoints	ECT bit value	CE bit value
Non-ECT	0	0
ECT(1)	0	1
ECT(0)	1	0
CE	1	1

ECN Codepoints	CWR bit value	ECE bit value
Not ECN-set up	0	0
ECN-Echo	0	1
CWR	1	0
ECN-set up	1	1





ECN Codepoints	ECT bit value	CE bit value
Non-ECT	0	0
ECT(1)	0	1
ECT(0)	1	0
CE	1	1

 ECN Codepoints
 CWR bit value
 ECE bit value

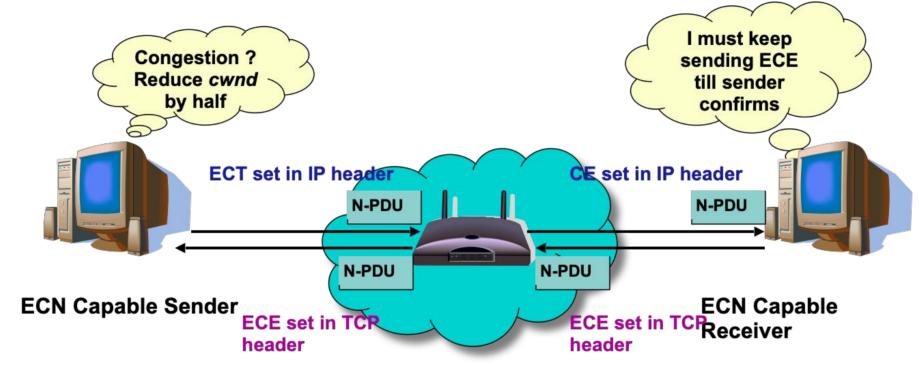
 Not ECN-set up
 0
 0

 ECN-Echo
 0
 1

 CWR
 1
 0

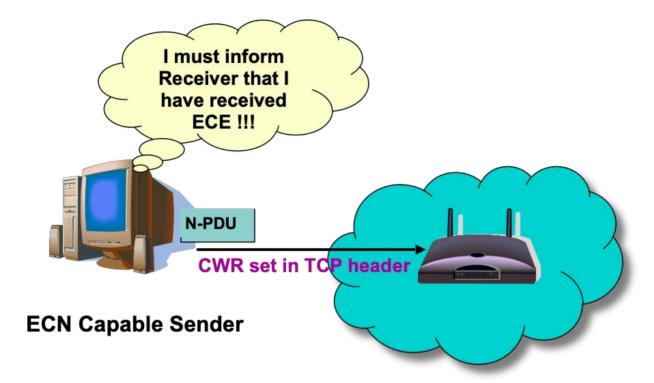
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ECN-set up



ECN Codepoints	ECT bit value	CE bit value
Non-ECT	0	0
ECT(1)	0	1
ECT(0)	1	0
CE	1	1

ECN Codepoints	CWR bit value	ECE bit value
Not ECN-set up	0	0
ECN-Echo	0	1
CWR	1	0
ECN-set up	1	1

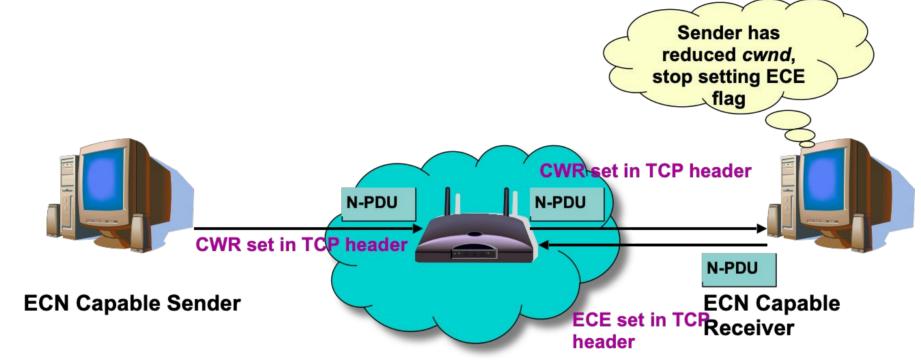




ECN Capable Receiver

ECN Codepoints	ECT bit value	CE bit value
Non-ECT	0	0
ECT(1)	0	1
ECT(0)	1	0
CE	1	1

ECN Codepoints	CWR bit value	ECE bit value
Not ECN-set up	0	0
ECN-Echo	0	1
CWR	1	0
ECN-set up	1	1



ECN Codepoints	ECT bit value	CE bit value
Non-ECT	0	0
ECT(1)	0	1
ECT(0)	1	0
CE	1	1

ECN Codepoints	CWR bit value	ECE bit value
Not ECN-set up	0	0
ECN-Echo	0	1
CWR	1	0
ECN-set up	1	1

Questions

Question 1:

What happens if a data packet arrives with CE as well as CWR at the receiver?

Question 2:

RFC 3168 recommends not to set CWR in a retransmitted packet. Why?

Question 3:

Should the sender set ECT(0) or ECT(1) on retransmitted packets?

Question 4:

How to enable ECN in the Linux kernel?

Recommended Reading

RFC 3168: The Addition of Explicit Congestion Notification (ECN) to IP

Link: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc3168