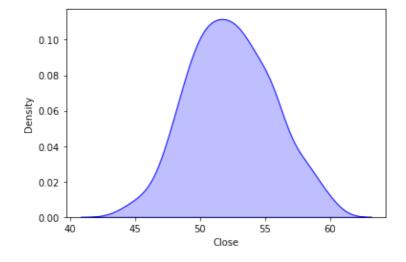
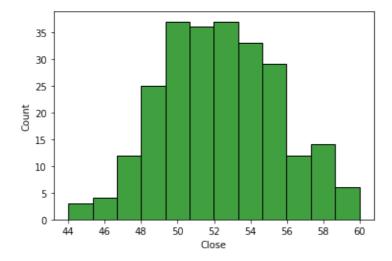
```
import numpy as np
In [1]:
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
In [2]: data=pd.read_excel("WalMartStock.xlsx")
In [3]:
        data.head()
Out[3]:
                 Date Close Difference
         0 2001-02-05 53.84
                                 NaN
         1 2001-02-06 53.20
                                -0.64
         2 2001-02-07 54.66
                                 1.46
           2001-02-08 52.30
                                -2.36
           2001-02-09 50.40
                                -1.90
In [4]:
        data.shape
Out[4]: (248, 3)
In [5]: data.dtypes
Out[5]: Date
                       datetime64[ns]
        Close
                               float64
        Difference
                               float64
        dtype: object
In [6]: sns.kdeplot(data["Close"],color='blue',fill='true')
```

Out[6]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Close', ylabel='Density'>



```
In [9]: sns.histplot(data["Close"],color='green',fill='true',edgecolor='black')
```

Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Close', ylabel='Count'>

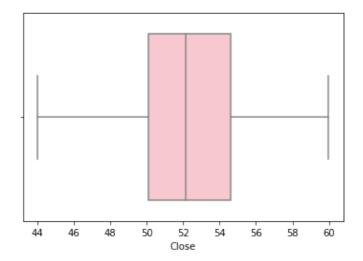


In [15]: | sns.boxplot(data["Close"],color='pink')

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

Out[15]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Close'>



In [13]: #Observation:" Data does not follow normal distribution and this cleared by boxplo

```
In [14]: #how to make this data normal =sampling
```

In [31]: sample_size=40 #sample size of 20 points
total_samples=10000 #total samples

In [32]: | sample=np.random.choice(data["Close"],(total_samples,sample_size))

In [33]: sample.shape

Out[33]: (10000, 40)

In [34]: sample_mean=np.mean(sample,axis=1)# axis=1 indicates mean along column

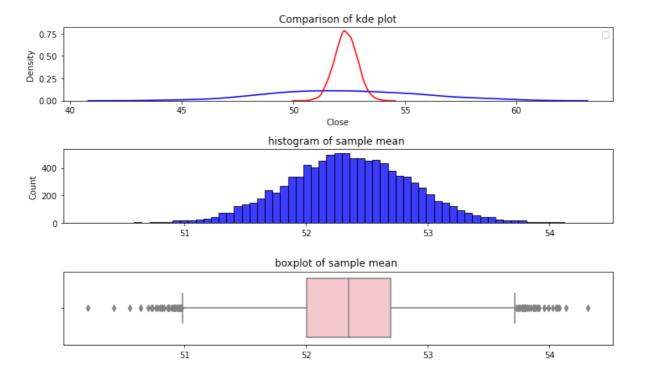
```
In [35]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
   plt.subplot(3,1,1)# 1st fig means 3 by 1 matrix grid
   sns.kdeplot(data["Close"],color='blue')#original data kde plot
   sns.kdeplot(sample_mean,color='red')
   plt.title("Comparison of kde plot")
   plt.legend()

   plt.subplot(3,1,2) # in 3 by 1 matrix grid
   sns.histplot(sample_mean,color='blue',edgecolor='black')
   plt.title("histogram of sample mean ")

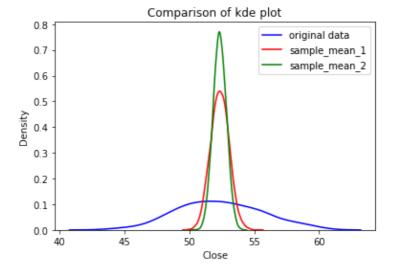
   plt.subplot(3,1,3)
   sns.boxplot(sample_mean,color='pink')
   plt.title("boxplot of sample mean ")
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
```

No artists with labels found to put in legend. Note that artists whose label start with an underscore are ignored when legend() is called with no argument. C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(



```
In [40]: sample_1=np.random.choice(data["Close"],(10000,20)) # total samples 10000 and sam
    sample_2=np.random.choice(data["Close"],(10000,40)) # total samples 10000 and samp
    mean_1=np.mean(sample_1,axis=1)
    mean_2=np.mean(sample_2,axis=1)
    sns.kdeplot(data["Close"],color='blue',label="original data")#original data kde pl
    sns.kdeplot(mean_1,color='red',label="sample_mean_1")
    sns.kdeplot(mean_2,color='green',label="sample_mean_2")
    plt.title("Comparison of kde plot")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```



In []: