

Ex.No.: 6	
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## RESTRICTING AND SORTING DATA

After the completion of this exercise, the students will be able to do the following:

- Limit the rows retrieved by the queries
- Sort the rows retrieved by the queries
- 

### Limits the Rows selected

- Using WHERE clause
- Alias cannot be used in WHERE clause

### Syntax

SELECT-----

FROM-----

WHERE condition;

### Example:

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, job_id, department_id FROM employees WHERE
department_id=90;
```

### Character strings and Dates

Character strings and date values are enclosed in single quotation marks.

Character values are case sensitive and date values are format sensitive.

### Example:

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, job_id, department_id FROM employees
WHERE last_name='WHALEN';
```

### Comparison Conditions

All relational operators can be used. (=, >, >=, <, <=, <>, !=)

### Example:

```
SELECT last_name, salary
```

```
FROM employees  
WHERE salary<=3000;
```

### Other comparison conditions

Operator	Meaning
BETWEEN ...AND...	Between two values
IN	Match any of a list of values
LIKE	Match a character pattern
IS NULL	Is a null values

#### Example:1

```
SELECT last_name, salary  
FROM employees  
WHERE salary BETWEEN 2500 AND 3500;
```

#### Example:2

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, salary , manager_id  
FROM employees  
WHERE manager_id IN (101, 100,201);
```

#### Example:3

- Use the LIKE condition to perform wildcard searches of valid string values.
- Two symbols can be used to construct the search string
- % denotes zero or more characters
- \_ denotes one character

```
SELECT first_name, salary  
FROM employees  
WHERE first_name LIKE '%s';
```

#### Example:4

```
SELECT last_name, salary  
FROM employees  
WHERE last_name LIKE '_o%';
```

### Example:5

**ESCAPE option**-To have an exact match for the actual % and \_ characters  
To search for the string that contain 'SA\_'

```
SELECT employee_id, first_name, salary, job_id  
FROM employees  
WHERE job_id LIKE '%sa\_%'ESCAPE'\';
```

### Test for NULL

- Using IS NULL operator

### Example:

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, salary, manager_id  
FROM employees  
WHERE manager_id IS NULL;
```

### Logical Conditions

All logical operators can be used.( AND,OR,NOT)

### Example:1

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, salary, job_id  
FROM employees  
WHERE salary>=10000  
AND job_id LIKE '%MAN%';
```

### Example:2

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, salary, job_id  
FROM employees  
WHERE salary>=10000  
OR job_id LIKE '%MAN%';
```

### Example:3

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, salary, job_id  
FROM employees  
WHERE job_id NOT IN ('it_prog', st_clerk', sa_rep');
```

### Rules of Precedence

Order Evaluated	Operator
1	Arithmetic

2	Concatenation
3	Comparison
4	IS [NOT] NULL, LIKE, [NOT] IN
5	[NOT] BETWEEN
6	Logical NOT
7	Logical AND
8	Logical OR

### Example:1

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, salary , job_id
FROM employees
WHERE job_id = 'sa_rep'
OR job_id='ad_pres'
AND salary>15000;
```

### Example:2

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, salary , job_id
FROM employees
WHERE (job_id = 'sa_rep'
OR job_id='ad_pres')
AND salary>15000;
```

### Sorting the rows

Using ORDER BY Clause

**ASC**-Ascending Order,Default

**DESC**-Descending order

### Example:1

```
SELECT last_name, salary , job_id,department_id,hire_date
FROM employees
ORDER BY hire_date;
```

### Example:2

```
SELECT last_name, salary , job_id,department_id,hire_date
FROM employees
ORDER BY hire_date DESC;
```

### Example:3

#### Sorting by column alias

```
SELECT last_name, salary*12 annsal , job_id,department_id,hire_date  
FROM employees  
ORDER BY annsal;
```

Example:4

Sorting by Multiple columns

```
SELECT last_name, salary , job_id,department_id,hire_date  
FROM employees  
ORDER BY department_id, salary DESC;
```

Find the Solution for the following:

1. Create a query to display the last name and salary of employees earning more than 12000.

```
SELECT Last_name, salary  
FROM Employees  
WHERE Salary > 12000 ;
```

2. Create a query to display the employee last name and department number for employee number 176.

```
SELECT last_name, DepartmentId  
FROM Employees  
WHERE Employee_Id = 176 ;
```

3. Create a query to display the last name and salary of employees whose salary is not in the range of 5000 and 12000. (hints: not between )

```
SELECT Last_Name, Salary  
FROM Employees  
WHERE Salary NOT BETWEEN 5000 AND 12000 ;
```

4. Display the employee last name, job ID, and start date of employees hired between February 20,1998 and May 1,1998.order the query in ascending order by start date.(hints: between)

```
SELECT last_name, Job_Id, HireDate  
FROM Employees  
WHERE HireDate BETWEEN TO_DATE ('20-FEB-1998',  
'DD-MON-YYYY') AND TO_DATE ('01-MAY-1998', 'DD-MM-YYYY')  
ORDER BY HireDate ASC;
```

5. Display the last name and department number of all employees in departments 20 and 50 in alphabetical order by name.(hints: in, orderby)

```
SELECT Last-Name, Department-Id  
FROM Employees  
WHERE Department-Id IN (20, 50)  
ORDER BY Last-Name ASC;
```

6. Display the last name and salary of all employees who earn between 5000 and 12000 and are in departments 20 and 50 in alphabetical order by name. Label the columns EMPLOYEE, MONTHLY SALARY respectively.(hints: between, in)

```
SELECT Last-Name AS EMPLOYEE, Salary AS 'MONTHLY  
SALARY' FROM EMPLOYEES  
WHERE Salary BETWEEN 5000 AND 12000 AND  
Department-Id IN (20, 50)  
ORDER BY Last-Name ASC;
```

7. Display the last name and hire date of every employee who was hired in 1994.(hints: like)

```
SELECT Last-Name, HireDate  
FROM Employees  
WHERE TO-CHAR(HIREDATE, 'YYYY') = '1994';
```

8. Display the last name and job title of all employees who do not have a manager.(hints: is null)

```
SELECT Last-Name, Job-Id  
FROM Employees  
WHERE Manager-Id IS NULL;
```

9. Display the last name, salary, and commission for all employees who earn commissions. Sort data in descending order of salary and commissions.(hints: is not null, order by)

```
SELECT Last_Name, Salary, Commission_Pct  
FROM Employees  
WHERE Commission IS NOT NULL  
ORDER BY SALARY DESC, commission DESC;
```

10. Display the last name of all employees where the third letter of the name is *a*.(hints: like)

```
SELECT Last_Name  
FROM Employee  
WHERE SUBSTR(Last_Name, 3, 1) = 'a';
```

11. Display the last name of all employees who have an *a* and an *e* in their last name.(hints: like)

```
SELECT Last_Name  
FROM Employees  
WHERE Last_Name LIKE "%a%" AND Last_Name LIKE "%e%";
```

12. Display the last name and job and salary for all employees whose job is sales representative or stock clerk and whose salary is not equal to 2500, 3500 or 7000.(hints: in, not in)

```
SELECT Last_Name, Job_Id, Salary FROM EMPLOYEES WHERE  
Job_Id IN ('ST_CLERK', 'SA_REP') AND SALARY NOT IN  
(2500, 3500, 7000);
```

Evaluation Procedure	Marks awarded
Query(5)	
Execution (5)	
Viva(5)	
Total (15)	
Faculty Signature	

RESULT:

Thus all the above SQL statements were executed.