Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE (CS)



NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_MCQ

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 15 Marks Obtained: 13

Section 1: MCQ

1. What will be the output of the following Python code?

multiply = lambda x, y: x * y print(multiply(2, 'Hello'))

Answer

HelloHello

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What will be the output of the following Python code?

def C2F(c): return c * 9/5 + 32 print(C2F(100)) print(C2F(0))

Answer

212.032.0

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. What keyword is used to define a lambda function in Python?

Answer

lambda

4. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
def maximum(x, y):
    if x > y:
        return x
    elif x == y:
        return 'The numbers are equal'
    else:
        return y

print(maximum(2, 3))

Answer
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. How is a lambda function different from a regular named function in Python?

Answer

A lambda function does not have a name, while a regular function does

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What is the output of the code shown? def f1(): global x x+=1print(x) x = 12print("x") Answer 13 Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1 What will be the output of the following code? num1 = 10num2 = -10result = abs(num1) + abs(num2) print(result) Answer 20 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 8. What is the main advantage of using lambda functions in Python? **Answer** They allow you to write shorter code than regular functions Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 9. What will be the output of the following code? num = -5result = abs(num) print(result)

```
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                                                241901018
   Answer
   Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
   10. What will be the output of the following Python code?
   def is_even(number):
      if number % 2 == 0:
        return True
                                                                         241901018
   result = is_even(6)
   print(result)
Answer
    True
    Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
   11. What will be the output of the following code?
    value = 42
   result = abs(value) + len(str(value))
                                                241901018
   print(result)
   Answer
A44
    Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
   12. What is the output of the following code snippet?
   def add(a, b=2):
      return a - b
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                        241901018
                                                241901018
   result = add(3)
   print(result)
Answer
```

```
Marks : 1/1
Status : Correct
    13. What is the output of the following code snippet?
    def my_function(x):
      x += 5
      return x
    a = 10
    result = my_function(a)
    print(a, result)
Answer
    10 15
                                                                     Marks: 1/1
    Status: Correct
    14. What is the output of the following code snippet?
    def fun(x, y=2, z=3):
      return x + y + z
    result = fun(1, z=4)
   print(result)
   Answer
    Status: Correct
                                                                     Marks: 1/1
    15. What is the output of the code shown?
    def f():
    global a
                                                 241901018
    print(a)
   a = "hello"
print(a)
```

a = "world" f() print(a) Answer hellohelloworld Status: Wrong

Marks: 0/1

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_COD_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 50 Marks Obtained : 50

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Imagine you are developing a text analysis tool for a cybersecurity company. Your task is to create a function that analyzes input strings to categorize and count the characters into four categories: uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and special characters. The company needs this tool to process log files and identify potential security threats.

Function Signature: analyze_string(input_string)

Input Format

The input consists of a single string (without space), which may include uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and special characters.

Output Format

The first line contains an integer representing the count of uppercase letters in the format "Uppercase letters: [count]".

The second line contains an integer representing the count of lowercase letters in the format "Lowercase letters: [count]".

The third line contains an integer representing the count of digits in the format "Digits: [count]".

The fourth line contains an integer representing the count of special characters in the format "Special characters: [count]".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: Hello123
Output: Uppercase letters: 1
Lowercase letters: 4
Digits: 3
Special characters: 0
Answer
def analyze_string(input_string);
  import string
  uppercase_count,lowercase_count,digit_count,special_count=0,0,0,0
  for i in input_string:
    if i.isupper():
       uppercase_count+=1
    elif i.islower():
       lowercase_count+=1
    elif i.isdigit():
       digit_count+=1
    else:
       special_count+=1
```

return uppercase_count,lowercase_count,digit_count,special_count

```
input_string = input()
```

```
uppercase_count, lowercase_count, digit_count, special_count =
analyze_string(input_string)

print("Uppercase letters:", uppercase_count)
print("Lowercase letters:", lowercase_count)
print("Digits:", digit_count)
print("Special characters:", special_count)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Imagine you are building a messaging application, and you want to know the length of the messages sent by the users. You need to create a program that calculates the length of a message using the built-in function len().

Input Format

The input consists of a string representing the message.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the length of the entered message.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: hello!! Output: 7

Answer

s=input() print(len(s))

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Implement a program that needs to identify Armstrong numbers.

Armstrong numbers are special numbers that are equal to the sum of their digits, each raised to the power of the number of digits in the number.

Write a function is_armstrong_number(number) that checks if a given number is an Armstrong number or not.

Function Signature: armstrong_number(number)

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a single integer, n, representing the number to be checked.

Output Format

The output should consist of a single line that displays a message indicating whether the input number is an Armstrong number or not.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 153

Output: 153 is an Armstrong number.

Answer

```
def armstrong_number(number):
    length=len(str(number))
    s=0
    original=number
    while number>0:
        d=number%10
        s=s+(d**length)
        number=number//10
    if s==original:
        print(original,"is an Armstrong number.")
    else:
        print(original,"is not an Armstrong number.")
```

number=int(input())
armstrong_number(number)

4. Problem Statement

Sneha is building a more advanced exponential calculator. She wants to implement a program that does the following:

Calculates the result of raising a given base to a specific exponent using Python's built-in pow() function. Displays all intermediate powers from base¹ to base^exponent as a list. Calculates and displays the sum of these intermediate powers.

Help her build this program to automate her calculations.

Input Format

The input consists of line-separated two integer values representing base and exponent.

Output Format

The first line of the output prints the calculated result of raising the base to the exponent.

The second line prints a list of all powers from base^1 to base^exponent.

The third line prints the sum of all these powers.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 2

Output: 8 [2, 4, 8]

Answer

```
import math
b=int(input())
e=int(input())
l=[]
p=math.pow(b,e)
print(int(p))
for i in range(1,e+1):
    l.append(int(math.pow(b,i)))
print(l)
print(int(sum(l)))
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

Problem Statement

Sara is developing a text-processing tool that checks if a given string starts with a specific character or substring. She needs to implement a function that accepts a string and a character (or substring), and returns True if the string starts with the provided character/substring, or False otherwise.

Write a program that uses a lambda function to help Sara perform this check.

Input Format

The first line contains a string `str` representing the main string to be checked.

The second line contains a string `n`, which is the character or substring to check if the main string starts with it.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "True" if the string starts with the given character/substring, otherwise prints "False".

Refer to the sample for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Examly

Output: False

Answer

string=input() n=input() starts_with=lambda string,n:string.startswith(n) print(starts_with(string,n))

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Status: Correct

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Marks: 10/10 24,190,1018

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_CY

Attempt : 2 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 0

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Implement a program for a retail store that needs to find the highest even price in a list of product prices. Your goal is to efficiently determine the maximum even price from a series of product prices. Utilize the max() inbuilt function in the program.

For example, if the prices are 10 15 24 8 37 16, the even prices are 10 24 8 16. So, the maximum even price is 24.

Input Format

The input consists of a series of product prices separated by a space.

The prices should be entered as a space-separated string of numbers.

Output Format

If there are no even prices in the input, the output prints "No even prices were found".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10 15 24 8 37 16

Output: The maximum even price is: 24

Answer

Status: Skipped Marks: 0/10

2. Problem Statement

You are tasked with designing a shipping cost calculator program that calculates the shipping cost for packages based on their weight and destination. The program utilizes different shipping rates for domestic. international, and remote destinations. The rates for each destination type are provided as global constants.

Constant Values:

DOMESTIC_RATE = 5.0

INTERNATIONAL_RATE = 10.0

REMOTE_RATE = 15.0

Function Signature: calculate_shipping(weight, destination)

Formula: shipping cost = weight * destination rate

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a float representing the weight of the package.

The second line consists of a string representing the destinations(Domestic or International or Remote).

Output Format

The program outputs any one of the following:

- 1. If the input is valid and the destination is recognized, the output should consist of a single line stating the calculated shipping cost for the given weight and destination in the format: "Shipping cost to [destination] for a [weight] kg package: \$[calculated cost]" with two decimal places.
- 2. If the input weight is not a positive float, print "Invalid weight. Weight must be greater than 0."
- 3. If the input destination is not one of the valid options, print "Invalid destination."

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5.5 Domestic

Output: Shipping cost to Domestic for a 5.5 kg package: \$27.50

Answer

_

Status: Skipped Marks: 0/10

3. Problem Statement

Imagine you are tasked with developing a function for calculating the total cost of an item after applying a sales tax. The sales tax rate is equal to 0.08 and it is defined as a global variable.

The function should accept the cost of the item as a parameter, calculate the tax amount, and return the total cost.

Additionally, the program should display the item cost, sales tax rate, and total cost to the user.

Function Signature: total_cost(item_cost)

Input Format

The input consists of a single line containing a positive floating-point number representing the cost of the item.

Output Format

The output consists of three lines:

"Item Cost:" followed by the cost of the item formatted to two decimal places.

"Sales Tax Rate:" followed by the sales tax rate in percentage.

"Total Cost:" followed by the calculated total cost after applying the sales tax, formatted to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 50.00

Output: Item Cost: \$50.00 Sales Tax Rate: 8.0% Total Cost: \$54.00

Answer

-

Status: Skipped Marks: 0/10

4. Problem Statement

Create a program for a mathematics competition where participants need to find the smallest positive divisor of a given integer n. Your program

should efficiently determine this divisor using the min() function and display the result.

Input Format

The input consists of a single positive integer n, representing the number for which the smallest positive divisor needs to be found.

Output Format

The output prints the smallest positive divisor of the input integer in the format: "The smallest positive divisor of [n] is: [smallest divisor]".

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 24

Output: The smallest positive divisor of 24 is: 2

Answer

You are using Python min

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/10

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_PAH_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 60 Marks Obtained : 60

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Alice works at a digital marketing company, where she analyzes large datasets. One day, she's tasked with processing customer ID numbers, which are long numeric sequences.

To simplify her task, Alice needs to calculate the digital root of each ID. The digital root is obtained by repeatedly summing the digits of a number until a single digit remains.

Help Alice write a program that reads a customer ID number, calculates its digital root, and prints the result using a loop-based approach.

For example, the sum of the digits of 98675 is 9 + 8 + 6 + 7 + 5 = 35, then 3 + 5 = 8, which is the digital root.

Function prototype: def digital_root(num)

Input Format

The input consists of an integer num.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of digits for a given number until a single digit is obtained.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 451110
Output: 3

Answer

num = int(input())

def digital_root(num):
    s=0
    while num>0:
    d=num%10
    s+=d
    num=num//10
    if s>9:
        return digital_root(s)
    return s

print(digital_root(num))
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Ravi is working on analyzing a set of integers to determine how many of

them are divisible by 3 and how many are divisible by 5. He decides to use lambda functions to filter and count the numbers based on their divisibility.

Write a program that takes a list of integers, calculates how many numbers are divisible by 3, and how many are divisible by 5, and then prints the results.

Additionally, the program should calculate the total sum of all numbers divisible by 3 and divisible by 5 separately.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of integers in the list.

The second line contains n space-separated integers.

Output Format

The first line should print the count of numbers divisible by 3.

The second line should print the count of numbers divisible by 5.

The third line should print the sum of numbers divisible by 3.

The fourth line should print the sum of numbers divisible by 5.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 6

3 5 6 10 15 20

Output: 3

4

24

50

Answer

n=int(input())

```
l=input().split()
L=[int(x) for x in l]
s1=[k for k in L if (lambda x:x%3==0)(k)]
s2=[k for k in L if (lambda a:a%5==0)(k)]
count1=len(s1)
count2=len(s2)
sum1=sum(s1)
sum2=sum(s2)
print(count1)
print(count2)
print(sum1)
print(sum2)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

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Problem Statement

Hussain wants to create a program to calculate a person's BMI (Body Mass Index) based on their weight in kilograms and height in meters. The BMI is a measure of a person's body fat relative to their height.

Your program should take user input for weight and height, calculate the BMI, and display the result.

Function Signature: calculate_bmi(weight, height)

Formula: BMI = Weight/(Height)2

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a positive floating-point number, the person's weight in kilograms.

The second line of input consists of a positive floating-point number, the person's height in meters.

Output Format

The output displays "Your BMI is: [BM] followed by a float value representing the calculated BMI, rounded off two decimal points.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 70.0 1.75

Output: Your BMI is: 22.86

Answer

```
weight = float(input())
height = float(input())

def calculate_bmi(weight,height):
   bmi=(weight/(height**2))
   print(f"Your BMI is:{bmi:.2f}")

calculate_bmi(weight, height)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Create a Python program to monitor temperatures in a greenhouse using two sensors. Calculate and display the absolute temperature difference between the two sensor readings to ensure proper temperature control.

Note: Use the abs() built-in function.

Input Format

The first line consists of a floating-point number, representing the temperature reading from Sensor 1.

The second line consists of a floating-point number, representing the temperature reading from Sensor 2.

Output Format

The output displays the absolute temperature difference between Sensor 1 and Sensor 2, rounded to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 33.2

26.7

Output: Temperature difference: 6.50 °C

Answer

s1=float(input()) s2=float(input()) print(f"Temperature difference:{abs(s1-s2):.2f}°C")

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

5. Problem Statement

Sophia is developing a feature for her online banking application that calculates the total sum of digits in customers' account numbers. This sum is used to generate unique verification codes for secure transactions. She needs a program that takes an account number as input and outputs the sum of its digits.

Help Sophia to complete her task.

Function Specification: def sum_digits(num)

Input Format

The input consists of an integer, representing the customer's account number.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of the digits of the account number.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 123245
Output: 17

Answer

num = int(input())

def sum_digits(num):
    s=0
    while num>0:
        d=num%10
    s+=d
        num=num//10
    return s

sum = sum_digits(num)
print(sum)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

6. Problem Statement

Ella is designing a messaging application that needs to handle long text messages efficiently. To optimize storage and transmission, she plans to implement a text compression feature that replaces consecutive repeated characters with the character followed by its count, while leaving non-repeated characters unchanged.

Help Ella create a recursive function to achieve this compression without altering the original message's meaning.

Function Specification: def compress_string(*args)

Input Format

The input consists of a single line containing the string to be compressed.

Output Format

The output consists of a single line containing the compressed string.

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Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: aaaBBBccc
Output: a3B3c3
Answer
```

```
def compress_string(s):
    res=""
    i=0
    while i<len(s):
        count=1
        while i+1<len(s) and s[i]==s[i+1]:
        count+=1
        i+=1
        if count>1:
        res+=s[i]+str(count)
        else:
        res+=s[i]
        i+=1

    return res
    s=input().strip()
    print(compress_string(s))
```

Marks : 10/10

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Status: Correct

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