**To delete a file from remote repository:**

1. First clone the files from remote repository.
2. Now delete the unwanted file/directories from the cloned files.
3. Then, see the status of local repo using git status cmd.
4. Newly deleted files from the repo will appear in red colour “unstaged/deleted files”. We have to add those locally deleted files for staging using git add cmd.
5. Again check for git status, now the deleted files will appear as green (it means, the deleted files are added for staging).
6. Now the commit the staging files with a commit message using git commit –m cmd.
7. Now again check for git status. When everything is well, go for git push.
8. Sometimes, if we delete a file from local repository without cloning the remote repo, pushing will not happen. It is because, the commit cloning number has changed in remote repository.
9. So, before pushing, use git fetch cmd. By using this cmd, the newly created (or modified) committed cloning number will be fetched from remote repository.
10. After fetching, always we need to use git pull cmd before git push cmd.
11. After pulling the information, use git push cmd.
12. Now all our changes like deletion of a file will be reflected on our remote repository.

**Using command Line (git bash):**

1. In cmd line, navigate to your local repository, or simply open your git bash on the local repository.
2. Ensure you are on your working branch (forex: issue1).
3. Use “git rm -r <file name>” command to remove a certain file you like.
4. Commit the changes with a commit message using git commit -m.
5. Now you are ready to push the changes.
6. If pushing is not happening, follow the steps 9 to 11 from the above method. Thus, the deletion is completed.