Cornell Notes	Unit 7 Industrial and Economic Development Patterns and Processes	Name:
	Chapter 19: Measuring Human Development	Class/Period:
		Date:

19.1 How Is Development Measured?

Questions:	Economic Indicators (human development, core countries, periphery countries, and semi-periphery countries)
	Development in the general sense is the process of change in the nature and activities of the economy of a region or country and subseqvent increases in the prosperity.
	Income (Gross Domestic Product, Gross National Product, Gross National Income, Use the chart at the top of page 522-list the top 5 countries, scanning the chart, are most of the countries core, periphery, or semi-periphery?)
	GDP and GNP are ways of measuring economic growth within a country. Formal and inform sectors are things. Informal is like government and stuff anf formal is another thing that relates to sectors.
	Economic Structure (As countries develop what sector do most of the population work in, formal sector, money collected by the formal sector is used how, informal sector, negatives of the informal sector, % of informal sector in core vs periphery countries)
	In addition to classifying economic sectors, the structure of an economy can also be broken into two categories: the formal sector and the informal sector. The formal sector includes businesses, enterprises, and other economic activities that have government supervision, monitoring, and protection, and are taxed.