## Lab 7

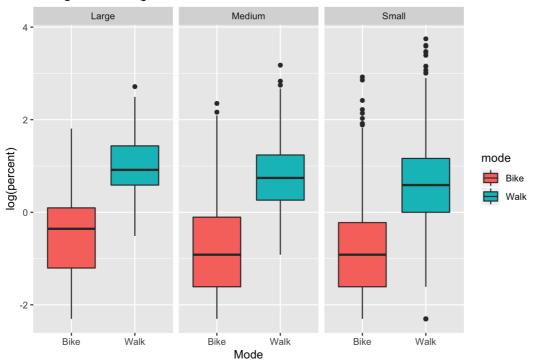
## Pranav Bhagat

library (tidyverse)

## 11/10/2019

```
## - Attaching packages -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     tidyv
erse 1.2.1 -
## ✓ ggplot2 3.2.1 ✓ purrr 0.3.2
## / tibble 2.1.3 / dplyr 0.8.3
## / tidyr 1.0.0 / stringr 1.4.0
## / readr 1.3.1
                                                  ✓ forcats 0.4.0
## - Conflicts -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     tidyverse_c
onflicts() --
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## * dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
commute mode <- readr::read csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rfordatascience/tidytuesday/master/data/2</pre>
019/2019-11-05/commute.csv")
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
## city = col character(),
## state = col character(),
## city size = col character(),
## mode = col_character(),
## n = col_double(),
        percent = col_double(),
##
##
         moe = col_double(),
          state abb = col character(),
##
##
          state_region = col_character()
## )
commute mode %>% head()
## # A tibble: 6 x 9
## city state city_size mode n percent moe state_abb state_region
## <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr< <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> &chr< <chr> <chr> &chr> <chr> <chr> &chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> &chr< <chr> &chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> &chr< <chr> &chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> &chr< <chr> &chr
## 3 Addiso... Illin... Small Bike 43
                                                                                                           0.2 0.3 IL
                                                                                                                                                           North Centr...
## 4 Adelan... Calif... Small Bike
                                                                                           0
                                                                                                          0 0.5 CA
                                                                                                                                                            West
## 5 Adrian... Michi... Small Bike 121 1.5 1 MI
                                                                                                                                                           North Centr ...
## 6 Agawam... Massa... Small Bike 0 0 0.2 MA
                                                                                                                                                            Northeast
\texttt{ggplot}(\texttt{commute\_mode}, \ \texttt{aes}(\texttt{x} = \texttt{as.factor}(\texttt{mode}), \ \texttt{y} = \texttt{log}(\texttt{percent}), \ \texttt{fill} = \texttt{mode})) + \\
   geom boxplot()+
   facet grid(~city size)+
    ggtitle("Biking vs. Walking in Cities")+
    xlab("Mode")
## Warning: Removed 207 rows containing non-finite values (stat boxplot).
```

Biking vs. Walking in Cities



Most people walk in cities as compared to biking in them. A possible reason for this is that since cities are more congested, many people walk more. Biking is also common for bigger cities to get around faster and more efficiently as compared to walking, as seen by the increasing median as the city size increases. But not everyone will bike, explaining the greater medians for biking as city size increases, displaying a positive relationship between city size and walking/biking rates.