

```
SELECT last_name, salary, job_id, department_id, hire_date  
FROM employees  
ORDER BY hire_date;
```

Example:2

```
SELECT last_name, salary, job_id, department_id, hire_date  
FROM employees  
ORDER BY hire_date DESC;
```

Example:3

Sorting by column alias

```
SELECT last_name, salary * 12 annsal, job_id, department_id, hire_date  
FROM employees  
ORDER BY annsal;
```

Example:4

Sorting by Multiple columns

```
SELECT last_name, salary, job_id, department_id, hire_date  
FROM employees  
ORDER BY department_id, salary DESC;
```

Find the Solution for the following:

1. Create a query to display the last name and salary of employees earning more than 12000.

*Select last\_name, salary from employee where salary > 12000;*

- ✓ 2. Create a query to display the employee last name and department number for employee number 176.

*Select last\_name, dept\_number from employee where emp\_number = 176;*

3. Create a query to display the last name and salary of employees whose salary is not in the range of 5000 and 12000. (hints: not between )

*Select last\_name, salary from employee where salary not between 5000 and 12000;*

4. Display the employee last name, job ID, and start date of employees hired between February 20,1998 and May 1,1998.order the query in ascending order by start date.(hints: between)

*Select last\_name, job\_id, hire\_date from employee where hire\_date between # 20/02/1998 # and # 01/05/1998 order by hire\_date;*

5. Display the last name and department number of all employees in departments 20 and 50 in alphabetical order by name.(hints: in, orderby)

Select last\_name, department\_id from employee where department\_id between 20 and 50 order by last\_name;

6. Display the last name and salary of all employees who earn between 5000 and 12000 and are in departments 20 and 50 in alphabetical order by name. Label the columns EMPLOYEE, MONTHLY SALARY respectively.(hints: between, in)

Select last\_name as "Employee", Salary as "monthly salary" from employee where salary between 5000 and 12000 and department\_id in(20,50)  
Order by last\_name DESC;

7. Display the last name and hire date of every employee who was hired in 1994.(hints: like)

Select last\_name, hire\_date from employee where hire\_date like '%. 1994';

8. Display the last name and job title of all employees who do not have a manager.(hints: is null)

Select last\_name, job\_title from employee where manager\_id is NULL;

9. Display the last name, salary, and commission for all employees who earn commissions. Sort data in descending order of salary and commissions.(hints: is not null,orderby)

Select last\_name, salary, commission\_pct from employee where commission\_pct is NOT NULL ORDER BY salary and commission\_pct DESC;

10. Display the last name of all employees where the third letter of the name is a.(hints:like)

Select last\_name from employee where last\_name like '\_%a%';

11. Display the last name of all employees who have an a and an e in their last name.(hints:  
like) *select last\_name from employee where last\_name like  
'%a%' AND last\_name like '%e%';*
12. Display the last name and job and salary for all employees whose job is sales representative or stock clerk and whose salary is not equal to 2500 ,3500 or 7000.(hints:in,not in)  
*Select last\_name, job\_title, salary from employee where job\_title  
IN ('sales', 'representative', 'stock clerk') AND salary NOT IN (2500, 3500,  
7000);*
13. Display the last name, salary, and commission for all employees whose commission amount is 20%. (hints:use predicate logic)
- Select last\_name, salary, commission\_pct from employees  
where commission\_pct = 0.20;*

Evaluation Procedure	Marks awarded
Query(5)	5
Execution (5)	5
Viva(5)	5
Total (15)	15
Faculty Signature	<i>TB</i>