

Status Finished Started Tuesday, 24 December 2024, 8:59 AM Completed Tuesday, 24 December 2024, 9:20 AM **Duration** 21 mins 32 secs

Question 1 Correct

Marked out of

Flag question

1.00

You are given a two-dimensional 3*3 array starting from A [0][0]. You should add the alternate elements of the array and print its sum. It should print two different numbers the first being sum of A 0 0, A 0 2, A 1 1, A 2 0, A 2 2 and A 0 1, A 1 0, A 1 2, A 2 1.

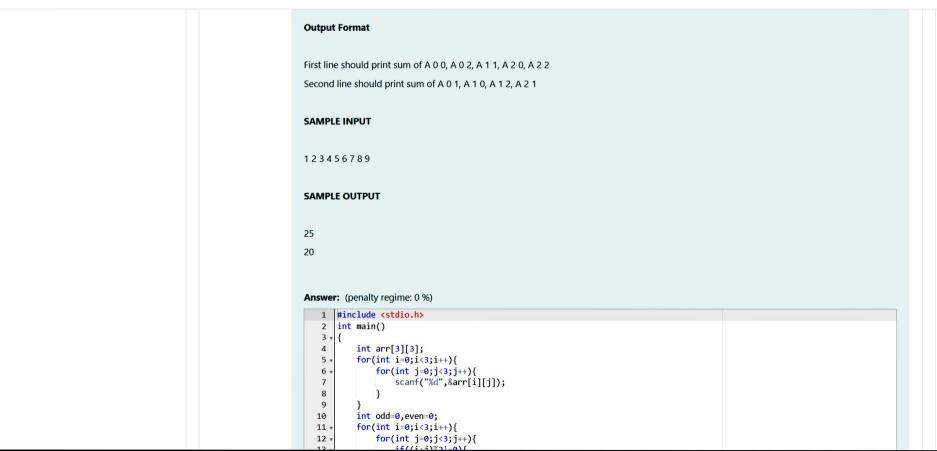
Input Format

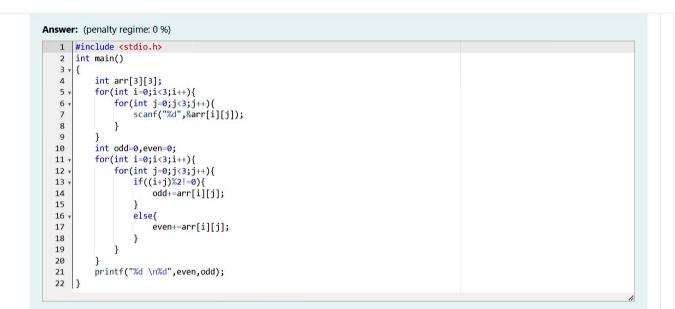
First and only line contains the value of array separated by single space.

A00	A01	A02
4	6	9
A10	A11	A12
2	5	8
A 2 0	A 2 1	A 2 2
1	3	7

Output Format

First line should print sum of A O O A O O A 1 1 A 2 O A 2 2



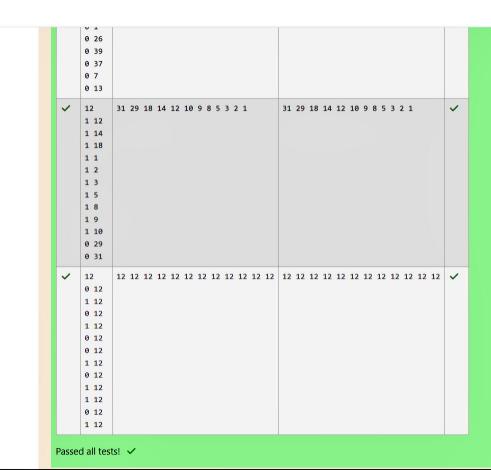


	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	25	25	~
		20	20	
~	21 422 423 443 586 645 657 846 904	2591	2591	~
		2356	2356	

Question 2 Correct Marked out of 5.00 Flag question	Microsoft has come to hire interns from your college. N students got shortlisted out of which few were males and a few females. All the students have been assigned talent levels. Smaller the talent level, lesser is your chance to be selected. Microsoft wants to create the result list where it wants the candidates sorted according to their talent levels, but there is a catch. This time Microsoft wants to hire female candidates first and then male candidates.
	The task is to create a list where first all-female candidates are sorted in a descending order and then male candidates are sorted in a descending order.
	Input Format
	The first line contains an integer N denoting the number of students. Next, N lines contain two space-separated integers, ai and bi.
	The first integer, ai will be either 1(for a male candidate) or 0(for female candidate).
	The second integer, bi will be the candidate's talent level.
	Constraints
	1 <= N <= 10 ⁵
	0 <= ai <= 1
	$1 <= bi <= 10^9$
	Output Format

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
   1 #include <stdio.h>
    2 v struct data{
          int gen;
          int tal;
    5
    6 v int main(){
          int n;
           scanf("%d",&n);
    9
           struct data a[n];
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
  10
  11
               scanf("%d %d",&a[i].gen,&a[i].tal);
  12
  13 •
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
  14
               for(int j=0;j<n-1;j++){
  15 v
                   if(a[j].tal<a[j+1].tal){</pre>
  16
                       struct data temp=a[j];
  17
                       a[j]=a[j+1];
  18
                       a[j+1]=temp;
  19
  20
  21
  22 •
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
  23 •
               if(a[i].gen==0){
                   printf("%d ",a[i].tal);
  24
  25
  26
  27 •
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
  28 •
               if(a[i].gen==1){
  29
                   printf("%d ",a[i].tal);
  30
  31
  32 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5 0 3 1 6 0 2 0 7 1 15	7 3 2 15 6	7 3 2 15 6	~
~	6 Ø 1 Ø 26 Ø 39 Ø 37 Ø 7 Ø 13	39 37 26 13 7 1	39 37 26 13 7 1	~
~	12 1 12 1 14 1 18 1 1 1 2 1 3 1 5 1 8 1 9 1 10 0 29 0 31	31 29 18 14 12 10 9 8 5 3 2 1	31 29 18 14 12 10 9 8 5 3 2 1	>
~	12 0 12 1 12 0 12	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	~

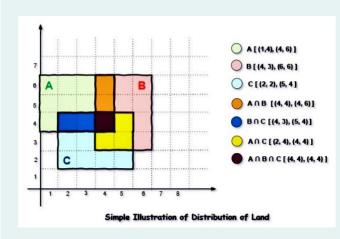


Question 3 Correct Marked out of 1.00 F Flag question	Shyam Lal, a wealthy landlord from the state of Rajasthan, being an old to live rest of his life with that money. No other farmer is rich enough to plots of different sizes with different cost per unit area. So, he sold these partitions that could be overlapping. When the farmers came to know al him. So, he decided to return all the money to the farmers of that land v conflict. All the portion of conflicted land will be taken back by the land! To decide the total compensation, he has to calculate the total amount of purchased from him. Suppose, Shyam Lal has a total land area of 1000 of square area which can be represented on the co-ordinate axis. Now find Shyam Lal to accomplish this task.
	purchased from him. Suppose, Shyam Lal has a total land area of 1000 x square area which can be represented on the co-ordinate axis. Now find Shyam Lal to accomplish this task.
	The first line of the input contains an integer N , denoting the total numbers separated integers (X1, Y1) , (X2, Y2) to represent a rectangular piece of
	(X1, Y1) and (X2, Y2) are the locations of first and last square block on
	Output Format:
	Print the total amount he has to return to farmers to solve the conflict.
	Constraints:

rich enough to buy all his land so he decided to partition the land into rectangular So, he sold these plots to the farmers but made a mistake. Being illiterate, he made came to know about it, they ran to him for compensation of extra money they paid to ers of that land which was overlapping with other farmer's land to settle down the ack by the landlord. e total amount of money to return back to farmers with the same cost they had d area of 1000 x 1000 equal square blocks where each block is equivalent to a unit e axis. Now find the total amount of money, he has to return to the farmers. Help g the total number of land pieces he had distributed. Next **N** line contains the **5** space angular piece of land, and cost per unit area C. quare block on the diagonal of the rectangular region.

, being an old fellow and tired of doing hard work, decided to sell all his farmland and





For given sample input (see given graph for reference), compensation money for different farmers is as follows:

Farmer with land area A: $C_1 = 5 * 1 = 5$

Farmer with land area B: $C_2 = 6 * 2 = 12$

Farmer with land area C: $C_3 = 6 * 3 = 18$

Total Compensation Money = $C_1 + C_2 + C_3 = 5 + 12 + 18 = 35$

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
 3 ▼
       int i,j,n,x1,x2,y1,y2,t=0;
 4
       long long total=0;
 6
       int arr[1001][1001]={0};
        scanf("%d",&n);
        while(n--){
 8
            scanf("%d %d %d %d %d",&x1,&y1,&x2,&y2,&t);
            for(int i=x1;i<=x2;i++){
10
11 .
                for(j=y1;j<=y2;j++){
12 •
                    if(arr[i][j]==0){
                       arr[i][j]+=t;
13
14
15
                    else if(arr[i][j]>0){
                        arr[i][j]=(-1)*(arr[i][j]+t);
16
17
18 •
                    else if(arr[i][j]<0){
19
                       arr[i][j]-=t;
20
21
22
23
24
        for(i=1;i<1001;i++){
            for(j=1;j<1001;j++){
25 1
26
                if(arr[i][j]<0){
27
                    total+=arr[i][j];
28
29
30
       printf("%lld\n",(-1)*total);
31
32
       return 0;
33 }
```

∠4 ▼

IOL(T=T!I<TAMT!T++){

