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10.5.2.14

EE23BTECH11003 - pranav

Question:A spring having with a spring constant $1200 \text{ N}m^{-1}$ is mounted on a horizontal table as shown in Fig.A mass of 3 kg is attached to the free end of the spring. The mass is then pulled sideways to a distance of 2.0 cm and released.

Determine (i) the frequency of oscillations, (ii) maximum acceleration of the mass, and (iii) the maximum speed of the mass

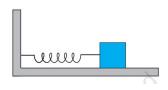


Fig. 1

Solution: at t = 0

Variable	Description	Value
k	spring constant	1200N/m
ω	angular frequency	20rad/s
A	amplitude	0.02m
x(t)	displasment function of the body	$0.02\cos 20t$

TABLE 1: Variables Used

by appling laplase transform

$$X(s) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)e^{-st}dt$$
 (4)

$$\implies X(s) = -A \frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2} \tag{5}$$

$$x'(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt} \tag{6}$$

$$X'(s) = sX(s) - x(0)$$
 (7)

$$\implies X'(s) = -A \frac{\omega^2}{s^2 + \omega^2} \tag{8}$$

$$x''(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt} \tag{9}$$

$$X''(s) = s^{2}X(s) - sx(0) - x'(0)$$
 (10)

$$\implies X''(s) = -A \frac{s\omega^2}{s^2 + \omega^2} \tag{11}$$

by using inverse laplase

$$X'(s) = -A\frac{\omega^2}{s^2 + \omega^2} \tag{12}$$

$$\implies x'(t) = -A\omega\sin\omega t \tag{13}$$

$$X''(s) = -A \frac{s\omega^2}{s^2 + \omega^2} \tag{14}$$

$$\implies x''(t) = -A\omega^2 \cos wt \tag{15}$$

(i) frequency of the oscillation

$$f = \frac{\omega}{2\pi} \tag{16}$$

$$\implies f = \frac{10}{\pi} \tag{17}$$

(iii)maximum speed of mass

$$x'(t) = -A\omega\sin\omega t \tag{18}$$

$$A = A \sin(w(0) + \phi)$$
 (1) $x'(t)_{\text{max}} = A\omega$ (19)

$$\implies \phi = \frac{\pi}{2} \qquad (2) \qquad \implies x'(t)_{\text{max}} = 0.4m/s$$

$$\implies x(t) = A\cos wt$$
 (3)

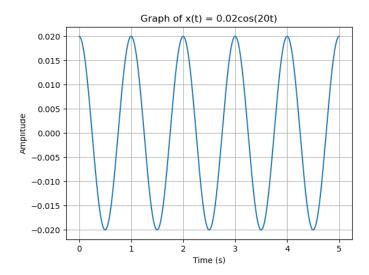


Fig. 2: plot of x(t)

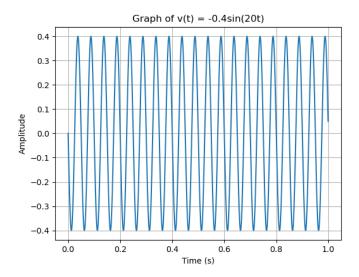


Fig. 3: plot of x'(t)

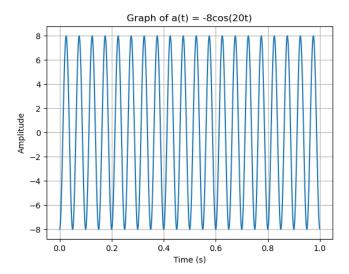


Fig. 4: plot of x''(t)

(ii)maximum accelaration of mass

$$x''(t) = -A\omega^2 \cos wt \tag{21}$$

$$x''(t)_{max} = A\omega^2$$
 (22)
 $x''(t)_{max} = 8m/s^2$ (23)

$$x''(t)_{max} = 8m/s^2 (23)$$