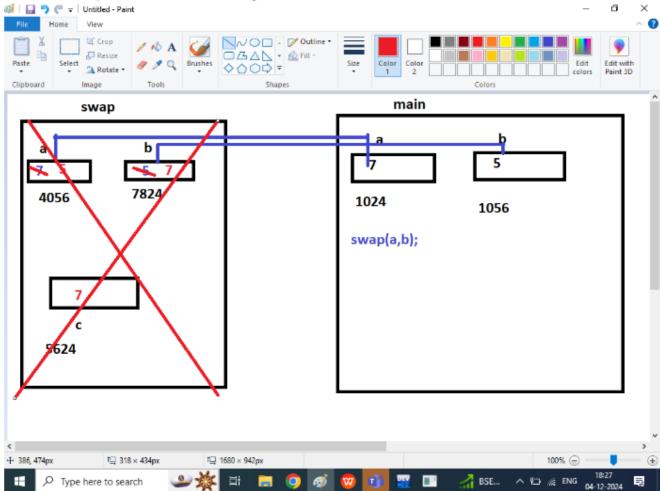
## Q1. Explain Call By Value?



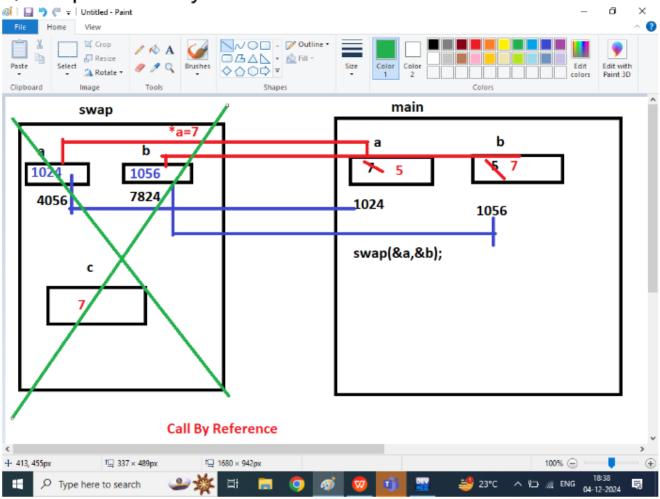
```
//call by value
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

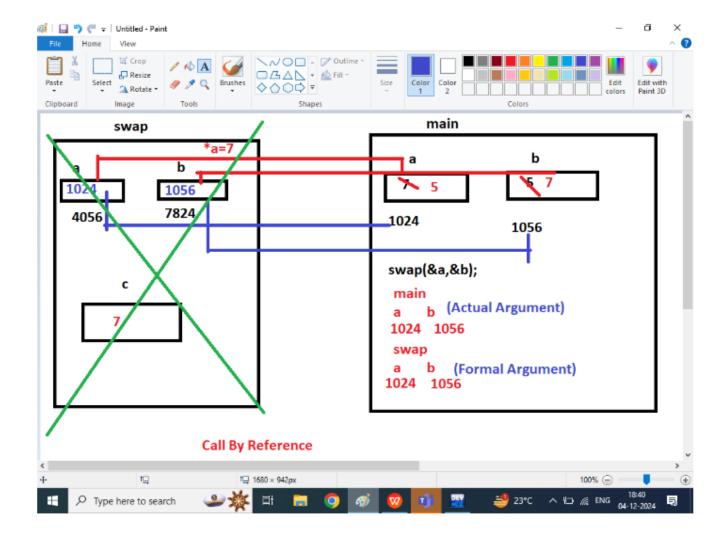
void swap(int,int);
void swap(int a,int b){
int c=a;
a=b;
b=c;
cout<<"\n swapping inside swap function : A= "<<a<" B= "<<b;
}

int main(){
int a,b;
a=7;
b=5;
```

```
cout<<"\n swapping before inside main function : A= "<<a<<" B= "<<b;
swap(a,b);//call by value
cout<<"\n swapping after inside main function : A= "<<a<<" B= "<<b;
return 0;
}
```

Q2. Explain Call By Reference in C++?





In Case of call by reference both actual and formal parameters pointing to the same memory address, Therefore any changes made by formal Parameter will get reflect to acutal parameters

```
//call by reference
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void swap(int *,int *);
void swap(int *a,int *b){
int c=*a;
*a=*b;
//*(1024)=*(1056)
```

```
*b=c:
//*(1056)=7
cout<<"\n swapping inside swap function : A= "<<*a<<" B=
"<<*b;
}
int main(){
int a,b;
a=7:
b=5;
cout<<"\n swapping before inside main function : A=
"<<a<<" B= "<<b;
swap(&a,&b);//call by value
cout<<"\n swapping after inside main function : A= "<<a<<"
B= "<<b:
return 0;
}
//call by reference
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void swap(int *,int *);
void swap(int *a,int *b){
int c=*a:
*a=*b:
//*(1024)=*(1056)
*b=c:
//*(1056)=7
```

```
cout<<"\n swapping inside swap function : A= "<<*a<<" B=
"<<*b:
}
int main(){
int a,b;
a=7;
b=5;
cout<<"\n swapping before inside main function : A=
"<<a<<" B= "<<b;
swap(&a,&b);//call by value
cout<<"\n swapping after inside main function : A= "<<a<<"
B= "<<b;
return 0;
//call by reference
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Demo{
public:
int x;
int y;
int z;
void getData(int *a,int *b){
x=*a:
y=*b;
```

```
int * sum(){
z=x+y;
return &z;
int main(){
int a,b;
a=7;
b=5;
Demo d;
d.getData(&a,&b);
cout<<"Addition: "<<*d.sum();
return 0;
//call by reference
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Demo{
public:
int x;
int y;
int z;
void getData(int *a,int *b){
x=*a;
y=*b;
int sum(){
Z=X+y;
```

```
return z;
}
};
int main(){
int a,b;
a=7;
b=5;
Demo d;
Demo *d1=&d;
d1->getData(&a,&b);
int x=d1->sum();
cout<<"Addition:"<<x;
return 0;
}
```