Q1. Explain generic method in C++ Programming?

Ans:

C++ Templates, Templates are the foundation of generic programming. Which involves writing code in a way that is independent of any particular type.

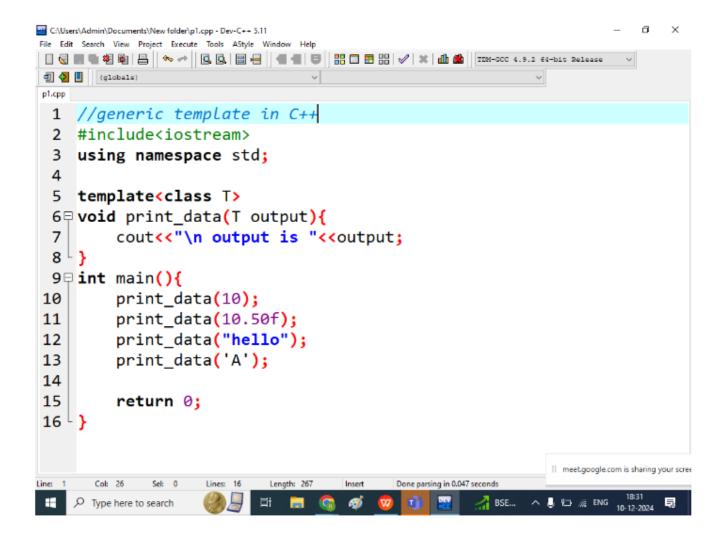
A template is a blue print or formula for creating a generic classes or functions

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

void print_data(int x){
cout<<"\n int type value print : "<<x;
}
void print_data(float x){
cout<<"\n float type value print : "<<x;
}
void print_data(string x){</pre>
```

```
cout<<"\n string type value print : "<<x;
}
void print_data(char x){
cout<<"\n char type value print : "<<x;
}
int main(){
print_data(10);
print_data(10.0f);
print_data("hello");
print_data('A');</pre>
```

return 0;



Q2. Write a c++ program to compare two different type values using template(generic function)

Example: Without generic and template //generic template in C++ #include<iostream> using namespace std;

template<class T>

```
int compare(int n1,int n2);
int compare(int n1,int n2){
return n1>n2?n1:n2;
}
float compare(float n1,float n2){
return n1>n2?n1:n2;
string compare(string n1,string n2){
return n1>n2?n1:n2;
char compare(char n1,char n2){
return n1>n2?n1:n2;
int main(){
int i1,i2;
i1=10;
i2=20;
cout<<"\n Largest Number in integer:
"<<compare(i1,i2);
float f1,f2;
f1=1.0f;
f2=1.1f;
cout<<"\n Largest Number in float:
"<<compare(f1,f2);
```

```
string s1,s2;
s1="HELLO";
s2="hello";
cout<<"\n Largest String: "<<compare(s1,s2);
char c1='D';
char c2='d';
cout<<"\n Largest Characcter:
"<<compare(c1,c2);
return 0;
//generic template in C++
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
template<class T>
class Test{
public:
T obj;
//Member Data
Test(Tx){
obj=x;
void showData(){
cout<<" Object is: "<<obj;
}
```

```
int main(){
Test<int> t1(10);
t1.showData();
Test<float> t2(10.5f);
t2.showData();
return 0;
}
```