

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_week 1_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 30
Marks Obtained : 30

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Rani is studying polynomials in her class. She has learned about polynomial multiplication and is eager to try it out on her own. However, she finds the process of manually multiplying polynomials quite tedious. To make her task easier, she decides to write a program to multiply two polynomials represented as linked lists.

Help Rani by designing a program that takes two polynomials as input and outputs their product polynomial. Each polynomial is represented by a linked list of terms, where each term has a coefficient and an exponent. The terms are entered in descending order of exponents.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer n , representing the number of terms

in the first polynomial.

The following n lines of input consist of two integers each: the coefficient and the exponent of the term in the first polynomial.

The next line of input consists of an integer m , representing the number of terms in the second polynomial.

The following m lines of input consist of two integers each: the coefficient and the exponent of the term in the second polynomial.

Output Format

The first line of output prints the first polynomial.

The second line of output prints the second polynomial.

The third line of output prints the resulting polynomial after multiplying the given polynomials.

The polynomials should be displayed in the format, where each term is represented as ax^b , where a is the coefficient and b is the exponent.

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 2

2 3

3 2

2

3 2

2 1

Output: $2x^3 + 3x^2$

$3x^2 + 2x$

$6x^5 + 13x^4 + 6x^3$

Answer

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
typedef struct poly{
```

```

    int cof;
    int exp;
    struct poly* next;
}node;
node* newnode(int cof, int exp){
    node* temp=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
    temp->cof=cof;
    temp->exp=exp;
    temp->next=NULL;
    return temp;
}
void insert(node** head,int cof,int exp){
    if(cof==0) return;
    node* temp=*head;
    node*prev=NULL;
    while(temp!=NULL&&temp->exp>exp){
        prev=temp;
        temp=temp->next;
    }
    if(temp!=NULL&&temp->exp==exp){
        temp->cof+=cof;
        if(temp->cof==0){
            if(prev==NULL){
                *head=temp->next;
            }else{
                prev->next=temp->next;
            }
            free(temp);
        }
        return;
    }
    node*newterm=newnode(cof,exp);
    if(prev==NULL){
        newterm->next=*head;
        *head=newterm;
    }else{
        newterm->next=prev->next;
        prev->next=newterm;
    }
}
void printpoly(node*head){
    if(head==NULL){

```

```

    printf("0\n");
    return;
}
int first=1;
while(head!=NULL){
    if(!first){
        if(head->cof>0)
            printf("+");
        else
            printf("-");
    }else if(head->cof<0){
        printf("-");
    }
    printf("%d",abs(head->cof));
    if(head->exp!=0){
        printf("x");
        if(head->exp!=1)
            printf("^%d",head->exp);
    }
    first=0;
    head=head->next;}
printf("\n");
}
node*multiply(node*poly1,node*poly2){
    node*result=NULL;
    for(node*p1=poly1;p1!=NULL;p1=p1->next){
        for(node*p2=poly2;p2!=NULL;p2=p2->next){
            int cof=p1->cof*p2->cof;
            int exp=p1->exp+p2->exp;
            insert(&result,cof,exp);
        }
    }
    return result;
}
void freelist(node*head){
    node* temp;
    while(head!=NULL){
        temp=head;
        head=head->next;
        free(temp);
    }
}

```

```

int main(){
    int n,m,cof,exp;
    node* poly1=NULL;
    node* poly2=NULL;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        scanf("%d %d",&cof,&exp);
        insert(&poly1,cof,exp);
    }
    scanf("%d",&m);
    for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
        scanf("%d %d",&cof,&exp);
        insert(&poly2,cof,exp);
    }
    printpoly(poly1);
    printpoly(poly2);
    node*result=multiply(poly1,poly2);
    printpoly(result);
    freelist(poly1);
    freelist(poly2);
    freelist(result);
    return 0;
}

```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

John is working on a math processing application, and his task is to simplify polynomials entered by users. The polynomial is represented as a linked list, where each node contains two properties:

Coefficient of the term.

Exponent of the term.

John's goal is to combine all the terms that have the same exponent, effectively simplifying the polynomial.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer representing the number of terms in

the polynomial.

The next n lines of input consist of two integers, representing the coefficient and exponent of the polynomial in each line separated by space.

Output Format

The first line of output prints the original polynomial in the format ' $cx^e + cx^e + \dots$ ' (where c is the coefficient and e is the exponent of each term).

The second line of output displays the simplified polynomial in the same format as the original polynomial.

If the polynomial is 0, then only '0' will be printed.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 3

5 2

3 1

6 2

Output: Original polynomial: $5x^2 + 3x^1 + 6x^2$

Simplified polynomial: $11x^2 + 3x^1$

Answer

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
{
    int c;
    int e;
    struct node *next;
};
void insert(struct node** head,int c,int e){
    struct node *nn=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    nn->c=c;
    nn->e=e;
    nn->next=NULL;
    if (*head==NULL){
```

```

    *head=nn;
    return;
}
struct node *temp=*head;
while(temp->next)
    temp=temp->next;
temp->next=nn;
}
void printpoly(struct node* head){
    if(!head){
        printf("0x^0x\n");
        return;
    }
    struct node* temp=head;
    while(temp){
        printf("%dx^%d",temp->c,temp->e);
        if(temp->next)printf("+");
        temp=temp->next;
    }
    printf("\n");
}
struct node* simplifypoly(struct node *head){
    if (!head) return NULL;
    struct node* ptr1=head,*ptr2,*prev;
    if(!(ptr1&&ptr1->next))
        return head;
    while(ptr1&&ptr1->next){
        prev=ptr1;
        ptr2=ptr1->next;
        while(ptr2){
            if(ptr1->e==ptr2->e){
                ptr1->c+=ptr2->c;
                prev->next=ptr2->next;
                free(ptr2);
                ptr2=prev->next;
            }else{
                prev=ptr2;
                ptr2=ptr2->next;
            }
        }
        ptr1=ptr1->next;
    }
}

```

```

struct node* d=NULL,*curr=head,*prevnode=NULL;
while(curr){
    if(curr->c==0){
        if(prevnode)prevnode->next=curr->next;
        else d=curr->next;
        free(curr);
        curr=(prevnode)?prevnode->next:d;
    }else{
        prevnode=curr;
        curr=curr->next;
    }
}
return d?d:head;
}
int main(){
    int c,e,n;
    struct node* poly=NULL;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        scanf("%d %d",&c,&e);
        insert(&poly,c,e);
    }
    printf("Original polynomial: ");
    printpoly(poly);
    poly=simplifypoly(poly);
    printf("simplified Polynomial: ");
    printpoly(poly);
    return 0;
}

```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Hasini is studying polynomials in her class. Her teacher has introduced a new concept of two polynomials using linked lists.

The teacher provides Hasini with a program that takes two polynomials as input, represented as linked lists, and then displays them together. The polynomials are simplified and should be displayed in the format ax^b ,

where a is the coefficient and b is the exponent.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer n , representing the number of terms in the first polynomial.

The following n lines of input consist of two integers each: the coefficient and the exponent of the term in the first polynomial.

The next line of input consists of an integer m , representing the number of terms in the second polynomial.

The following m lines of input consist of two integers each: the coefficient and the exponent of the term in the second polynomial.

Output Format

The first line of output prints the first polynomial.

The second line of output prints the second polynomial.

The polynomials should be displayed in the format ax^b , where a is the coefficient and b is the exponent.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 3

1 2

2 1

3 0

3

2 2

1 1

4 0

Output: $1x^2 + 2x + 3$

$2x^2 + 1x + 4$

Answer

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct poly{
    int cof;
    int exp;
    struct poly* next;
}node;
node* newnode(int cof, int exp){
    node* temp=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
    temp->cof=cof;
    temp->exp=exp;
    temp->next=NULL;
    return temp;
}
void insert(node** head,int cof,int exp){
    if(cof==0) return;
    node* temp=*head;
    node*prev=NULL;
    while(temp!=NULL&&temp->exp>exp){
        prev=temp;
        temp=temp->next;
    }
    if(temp!=NULL&&temp->exp==exp){
        temp->cof+=cof;
        if(temp->cof==0){
            if(prev==NULL){
                *head=temp->next;
            }else{
                prev->next=temp->next;
            }
            free(temp);
        }
        return;
    }
    node*newterm=newnode(cof,exp);
    if(prev==NULL){
        newterm->next=*head;
        *head=newterm;
    }else{
        newterm->next=prev->next;
        prev->next=newterm;
    }
}

```

```

}
void printpoly(node*head){
    if(head==NULL){
        printf("0\n");
        return;
    }
    int first=1;
    while(head!=NULL){
        if(!first){
            printf(" %c ",(head->cof>0)?'+':'-');
        }else if(head->cof<0){
            printf("-");
        }
        printf("%d",abs(head->cof));
        if(head->exp!=0){
            printf("x");
            if(head->exp!=1)
                printf("^%d",head->exp);
        }
        first=0;
        head=head->next;}
    printf("\n");
}

void freelist(node*head){
    node* temp;
    while(head!=NULL){
        temp=head;
        head=head->next;
        free(temp);
    }
}

int main(){
    int n,m,cof,exp;
    node* poly1=NULL;
    node* poly2=NULL;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        scanf("%d %d",&cof,&exp);
        insert(&poly1,cof,exp);
    }
    scanf("%d",&m);
    for(int i=0;i<m;i++){

```

```
scanf("%d %d",&cof,&exp);  
insert(&poly2,cof,exp);  
}  
printpoly(poly1);  
printpoly(poly2);  
freelist(poly1);  
freelist(poly2);  
return 0;  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10