## Instagram User Analytics



## Project Description

This project on 'Instagram User Analytics' is to be performed on the 'ig\_clone' database provided. I am supposed to answer the questions about Instagram by running queries on the given database. I then need to provide the answers to those questions and for the purpose of this particular project, show my queries as well.



## Approach



My approach towards this project pretty was straightforward. first imported the database 'ig\_clone' through MySQL workbench. I then ran the queries for all the questions one by one, first in MySQL workbench and once I had the appropriate result, I pasted my commands and the output to this power point presentation which I will eventually convert into a pdf.

### **Tech-Stack Used**



For the purpose of this project, I have used:

MySQL Workbench version 8.0.33 (MySQL Community Server – GPL)



# 1. Rewarding Most Loyal Users: People who have been using the platform for the longest time.

My task: Find the 5 oldest users of the Instagram from the database provided

```
# Find the 5 oldest users of the Instagram from the database provided

84 • SELECT

85 *

86 FROM

87 users

88 ORDER BY created_at

89 LIMIT 0 , 5;
```

```
SELECT

*

FROM

users

ORDER BY created_at

LIMIT 0, 5;
```

	id	username	created_at
•	80	Darby_Herzog	2016-05-06 00:14:21
	67	Emilio_Bernier52	2016-05-06 13:04:30
	63	Elenor88	2016-05-08 01:30:41
	95	Nicole71	2016-05-09 17:30:22
	38	Jordyn.Jacobson2	2016-05-14 07:56:26

#### **Insights**

After running the query and obtaining the result, we infer the names of the first 5 users who joined instagram or in other words, the 5 oldest users of instagram.

# 2. Remind Inactive Users to Start Posting: By sending them promotional emails to post their 1st photo.

My Task: Find the users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram

```
# Find the users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram

SELECT

FROM

SELECT

WHERE

Id NOT IN (SELECT

user_id

FROM

photos);
```

```
SELECT
 *
FROM
 users
WHERE
 id NOT IN (SELECT
     user_id
   FROM
     photos);
```

	90	Esmeralda.Mraz57	2017-03-03 11:52:27
	91	Bethany20	2016-06-03 23:31:53
_	NULL	NULL	NULL

	id	username	created_at
•	5	Aniya_Hackett	2016-12-07 01:04:39
	7	Kasandra_Homenick	2016-12-12 06:50:08
	14	Jadyn81	2017-02-06 23:29:16
	21	Rocio33	2017-01-23 11:51:15
	24	Maxwell.Halvorson	2017-04-18 02:32:44
	25	Tierra.Trantow	2016-10-03 12:49:21
	34	Pearl7	2016-07-08 21:42:01
	36	Ollie_Ledner37	2016-08-04 15:42:20
	41	Mckenna 17	2016-07-17 17:25:45
	45	David.Osinski47	2017-02-05 21:23:37
	49	Morgan.Kassulke	2016-10-30 12:42:31
	53	Linnea59	2017-02-07 07:49:34
	54	Duane60	2016-12-21 04:43:38
	57	Julien_Schmidt	2017-02-02 23:12:48
	66	Mike.Auer39	2016-07-01 17:36:15
	68	Franco_Keebler64	2016-11-13 20:09:27
	71	Nia_Haag	2016-05-14 15:38:50
	74	Hulda.Macejkovic	2017-01-25 17:17:28
	75	Leslie67	2016-09-21 05:14:01
	76	Janelle.Nikolaus81	2016-07-21 09:26:09
	80	Darby_Herzog	2016-05-06 00:14:21
	81	Esther.Zulauf61	2017-01-14 17:02:34
	83	Bartholome.Bernhard	2016-11-06 02:31:23
	89	Jessyca_West	2016-09-14 23:47:05

#### **Insights**

After running the query and obtaining the result, we get the data of the users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram.

3. Declaring Contest Winner: The team started a contest and the user who gets the most likes on a single photo will win the contest now they wish to declare the winner.

My Task: Identify the winner of the contest and provide their details to the team

```
SELECT
  photos.user id,
  users.username,
 photo_id,
 COUNT(*) AS max likes
FROM
 likes
   JOIN
 users
   JOIN
  photos ON users.id = photos.user_id
   AND photos.id = likes.photo_id
GROUP BY likes.photo_id
ORDER BY max_likes DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
105
        SELECT
            photos.user_id,
106
107
            users.username,
            photo_id,
108
            COUNT(*) AS max_likes
109
110
        FROM
            likes
111
112
                 JOIN
113
            users
114
                 JOIN
115
             photos ON users.id = photos.user_id
116
                AND photos.id = likes.photo_id
        GROUP BY likes.photo_id
117
        ORDER BY max_likes DESC
118
        LIMIT 1;
119
```

	user_id	username	photo_id	max_likes
•	52	Zack_Kemmer93	145	48

#### **Insights**

After running the query and obtaining the result, we get the details of the winner of the contest.

4. Hashtag Researching: A partner brand wants to know, which hashtags to use in the post to reach the most people on the platform. My Task: Identify and suggest the top 5 most commonly used hashtags on the platform.

```
121 •
        SELECT
            id, tag name, COUNT(tag id) AS no of times tag used
122
123
        FROM
124
            photo tags
125
                JOIN
            tags ON tags.id = photo_tags.tag_id
126
        GROUP BY tags.id
127
        ORDER BY no of times tag used DESC
128
129
        LIMIT 5;
```

```
SELECT
 id, tag_name, COUNT(tag_id) AS
no_of_times_tag_used
FROM
 photo_tags
   JOIN
 tags ON tags.id = photo_tags.tag_id
GROUP BY tags.id
ORDER BY no_of_times_tag_used DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

	id	tag_name	no_of_times_tag_used
<b></b>	21	smile	59
	20	beach	42
	17	party	39
	13	fun	38
	18	concert	24

#### **Insights**

After running the query and obtaining the result, we get the list of top 5 most commonly used hashtags.

5. Launch AD Campaign: The team wants to know, which day would be the best day to launch ADs. My Task: What day of the week do most users register on? Provide insights on when to schedule an ad campaign.

```
134 •
        SELECT
            COUNT(id) AS no of users registered,
135
            DAYNAME(created at) AS best day for AD campaign
136
137
        FROM
138
             users
        GROUP BY best day for AD campaign
139
        ORDER BY COUNT(id) DESC
140
141
        LIMIT 1;
```

```
ELECT
 COUNT(id) AS
no_of_users_registered,
 DAYNAME(created_at) AS
best day for AD campaign
FROM
 users
GROUP BY best_day_for_AD_campaign
ORDER BY COUNT(id) DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

	no_of_users_registered	best_day_for_AD_campaign
•	16	Thursday

#### **Insights**

After running the query and obtaining the result, we get the best day (when the most users register) to launch an AD campaign.



1. User Engagement: Are users still as active and post on Instagram or they are making fewer posts

My Task: Provide how many times does average user posts on Instagram. Also, provide the total number of photos on Instagram/total number of users

```
COUNT(DISTINCT (users.id)) AS total_no_of_users,

COUNT(photos.id) AS total_no_of_photos,

COUNT(photos.id) / COUNT(DISTINCT (users.id)) AS avg_posts_per_user

FROM

users

LEFT JOIN

photos ON photos.user_id = users.id;
```

```
QUERY
SELECT
 COUNT(DISTINCT (users.id)) AS
total_no_of_users,
 COUNT(photos.id) AS
total_no_of_photos,
 COUNT(photos.id) /
COUNT(DISTINCT (users.id)) AS
avg posts per user
FROM
 users
```

photos ON photos.user\_id = users.id;

LEFT JOIN

	total_no_of_users	total_no_of_photos	avg_posts_per_user
•	100	257	2,5700

#### **Insights**

After running the query and obtaining the result, we infer that the average user has posted 2-3 times on Instagram.

2. Bots & Fake Accounts: The investors want to know if the platform is crowded with fake and dummy accounts My Task: Provide data on users (bots) who have liked every single photo on the site (since any normal user would not be able to do this).

```
158
        SELECT
            user_id AS bot_id
159
160
        FROM
161
            likes
162
        GROUP BY user_id
        HAVING COUNT(user_id) = (SELECT
163
                COUNT(id)
164
165
            FROM
                photos);
166
```

```
QUERY
SELECT
 user id AS bot id
FROM
 likes
GROUP BY user id
HAVING COUNT(user_id) = (SELECT
   COUNT(id)
 FROM
   photos);
```

	bot_id
•	5
	14
	21
	24
	36
	41
	54
	57
	66
	71
	75
	76
	91

#### **Insights**

After running the query and obtaining the result, we get the ids of all the bots (not real users)



### Result

Through this project, I have successfully brushed up on my MySQL skills and am very confident in writing queries and deriving the outputs, as well as importing databases and finding solutions to problems on my own.