

LOTUS VALLEY INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL: Computer Science Practical File

Pranav Verma (Roll No. 7, XII Aryabhata)

November 1, 2025



Contents

1	Review of Python Basics	2
2	Functions	12

1 Review of Python Basics

Question 15

Write a program to calculate the mean of a given list of numbers.

Solution

```
1 numbers = eval(input("Enter a list: "))
2 if len(numbers) == 0:
3     print("List is empty, cannot calculate mean.")
4 else:
5     total = sum(numbers)
6     n = len(numbers)
7     mean = total / n
8     print("Mean of the numbers:", mean)
```

Question 16

Write a program to calculate the minimum element of a given list of numbers.

Solution

```
1 l = eval(input("Enter a list: "))
2 m = min(l)
3 print("Minimum element in the list:", m)
```

Question 17

Write a code to calculate and display total marks and percentage of a student from a given list storing the marks of a student.

Solution

```
1 marks_list = eval(input("Enter list of marks: "))
2 total_marks = sum(marks_list)
3 total_subjects = len(marks_list)
4 maximum_marks_per_subject = 100
5 total_marks_possible = maximum_marks_per_subject * total_subjects
6 percentage = (total_marks / total_marks_possible) * 100
7
8 print("Total Marks:", total_marks)
9 print("Percentage:", percentage)
```

Question 18

Write a program to multiply an element by 2 if it is an odd index for a given list containing both numbers and strings.

Solution

```
1 mixed = eval(input("Enter the list: "))
2 for index in range(1, len(mixed), 2):
3     mixed[index] *= 2
4 print("Modified List:", mixed)
```

Question 19

Write a program to count the frequency of an element in a list.

Solution

```
1 my_list = eval(input("Enter the list: "))
2 c = int(input("Enter the element whose frequency is to be checked: "))
3 frequency = my_list.count(c)
4 print("The frequency of", c, "in the list is: ", frequency)
```

Question 20

Write a program to shift elements of a list so that the first element moves to the second index and second index moves to the third index, and so on, and the last element shifts to the first position.

Suppose the list is:

[10, 20, 30, 40]

After shifting, it should look like:

[40, 10, 20, 30]

Solution

```
1 l = eval(input("Enter the list: "))
2 print("Original List")
3 print(l)
4
5 l = l[-1:] + l[:-1]
6
7 print("Rotated List")
8 print(l)
```

Question 21

A list Num contains the following elements:

3, 25, 13, 6, 35, 8, 14, 45

Write a program to swap the content with the next value divisible by 5 so that the resultant list will look like:

25, 3, 13, 35, 6, 8, 45, 14

Solution

```
1 Num = [3, 25, 13, 6, 35, 8, 14, 45]
2 for i in range(len(Num) - 1):
3     if Num[i] % 5 != 0 and Num[i + 1] % 5 == 0:
4         Num[i], Num[i + 1] = Num[i + 1], Num[i]
5 print("Resultant List:", Num)
```

Question 22

Write a program to accept values from a user in a tuple. Add a tuple to it and display its elements one by one. Also display its maximum and minimum value.

Solution

```
1 tuple1 = eval(input("Enter a tuple: "))
2 tuple2 = (10, 20, 30)
3 combined_tuple = tuple1 + tuple2
4 print("Elements of the combined tuple:")
5 for element in combined_tuple:
6     print(element)
7
8 print("Maximum value:", max(combined_tuple))
9 print("Minimum value:", min(combined_tuple))
```

Question 23

Write a program to input any values for two tuples. Print it, interchange it and then compare them.

Solution

```
1 tuple1 = eval(input("Enter the first tuple: "))
2 tuple2 = eval(input("Enter the second tuple: "))
3
4 print("Original Tuples:")
5 print("Tuple 1:", tuple1)
6 print("Tuple 2:", tuple2)
7
8 tuple1, tuple2 = tuple2, tuple1
9
10 print("\nSwapped Tuples:")
11 print("Tuple 1 (after swapping):", tuple1)
12 print("Tuple 2 (after swapping):", tuple2)
13
14 if tuple1 == tuple2:
15     print("\nThe swapped tuples are equal.")
16 else:
17     print("\nThe swapped tuples are not equal.")
```

Question 24

Write a Python program to input 'n' classes and names of class teachers to store them in a dictionary and display the same. Also accept a particular class from the user and display the name of the class teacher of that class.

Solution

```
1 n = int(input("Enter number of classes: "))
2 data = {}
3 for i in range(n):
4     class_name = input("Enter class name: ")
5     teacher_name = input("Enter teacher name: ")
6     data[class_name] = teacher_name
7 print("Class data:", data)
8 find = input("Enter a class name to find its teacher: ")
9 if find in data:
10     print("Teacher for class", find, "is", data[find])
11 else:
12     print("Class not found in the data.")
```

Question 25

Write a program to store student names and their percentage in a dictionary and delete a particular student name from the dictionary. Also display the dictionary after deletion.

Solution

```
1 n = int(input("Enter number of students: "))
2 data = {}
3 for i in range(n):
4     stu_name = input("Enter student name: ")
5     percentage = input("Enter percentage: ")
6     data[stu_name] = percentage
7 print("Student data:", data)
8 find = input("Enter a student name to delete: ")
9 if find in data:
10     del data[find]
11     print("Updated student data:", data)
12 else:
13     print("Student not found in the data.")
```

Question 26

Write a Python program to input names of 'n' customers and their details like items bought, cost and phone number, etc., store them in a dictionary and display all the details in a tabular form.

Solution

```
1 n = int(input("Enter the number of customers: "))
2 customer_data = {}
3
4 for i in range(n):
5     name = input("Enter customer name: ")
6     items_bought = input("Enter items bought: ")
7     cost = float(input("Enter cost: "))
8     phone_number = int(input("Enter phone number: "))
9
10    customer_data[name] = {
11        'Items Bought': items_bought,
12        'Cost': cost,
13        'Phone Number': phone_number
14    }
```

```

15
16 print("Customer Details:")
17 print("Name\t\tItems Bought\t\tCost\t\tPhone Number")
18 for name, details in customer_data.items():
19     print(name, "\t\t", details['Items Bought'], "\t\t", details['Cost'],
        "\t\t", details['Phone Number'])

```

Question 27

Write a Python program to capitalize first and last letters of each word of a given string.

Solution

```

1 input_string = input("Enter the string: ")
2 words = input_string.split()
3 result = []
4
5 for word in words:
6     if len(word) > 1:
7         modified_word = word[0].upper() + word[1:-1] + word[-1].upper()
8     else:
9         modified_word = word.upper()
10    result.append(modified_word)
11
12 capitalized_string = ' '.join(result)
13 print(capitalized_string)

```

Question 28

Write a Python program to remove duplicate characters of a given string.

Solution

```

1 input_string = input("Enter the string: ")
2 unique_chars = {}
3 for char in input_string:
4     if char not in unique_chars:
5         unique_chars[char] = True
6 result = ''.join(unique_chars.keys())
7 print(result)

```

Question 29

Write a Python program to compute sum of digits of a given number.

Solution

```

1 number = int(input("Enter a number: "))
2 sum_of_digits = 0
3 while number > 0:
4     digit = number % 10
5     sum_of_digits += digit
6     number = number // 10
7
8 print("Sum of digits:", sum_of_digits)

```

Question 30

Write a Python program to find the second most repeated word in a given string.

Solution

```
1 input_string = input("Enter the string: ")
2 words = input_string.split()
3
4 word_counts = {}
5 for word in words:
6     if word in word_counts:
7         word_counts[word] += 1
8     else:
9         word_counts[word] = 1
10
11 max_count = 0
12 second_max_count = 0
13 most_repeated_word = None
14 second_most_repeated_word = None
15
16 for word, count in word_counts.items():
17     if count > max_count:
18         second_max_count = max_count
19         max_count = count
20         second_most_repeated_word = most_repeated_word
21         most_repeated_word = word
22     elif count > second_max_count:
23         second_max_count = count
24         second_most_repeated_word = word
25
26 print(second_most_repeated_word)
```

Question 31

Write a Python program to change a given string to a new string where the first and last characters have been exchanged.

Solution

```
1 input_str = input("Enter the string: ")
2 first_char = input_str[0]
3 last_char = input_str[-1]
4 middle_chars = input_str[1:-1]
5 new_str = last_char + middle_chars + first_char
6 print("Original string:", input_str)
7 print("New string after swapping first and last characters:", new_str)
```

Question 32

Write a Python program to multiply all the items in a list.

Solution

```
1 lst = eval(input("Enter the list: "))
2 result = 1
3 for item in lst:
```

```
4     result *= item
5 print("Result:", result)
```

Question 33

Write a Python program to get the smallest number from a list.

Solution

```
1 numbers = eval(input("Enter the list: "))
2 smallest = min(numbers)
3 print("Smallest Number:", smallest)
```

Question 34

Write a Python program to append a list to the second list.

Solution

```
1 list1 = eval(input("Enter the first list: "))
2 list2 = eval(input("Enter the second list: "))
3 list1.extend(list2)
4 print("Appended List:", list1)
```

Question 35

Write a Python program to generate and print a list of first and last 5 elements where the values are square of numbers between 1 and 30 (both included).

Solution

```
1 squares = []
2 for num in range(1, 31):
3     squares.append(num ** 2)
4 first_5 = squares[:5]
5 last_5 = squares[-5:]
6 combined_list = first_5 + last_5
7 print("Combined list:", combined_list)
```

Question 36

Write a Python program to get unique values from a list.

Solution

```
1 input_list = eval(input("Enter the list: "))
2 unique_values = []
3
4 for item in input_list:
5     if item not in unique_values:
6         unique_values.append(item)
7
8 print("Unique values from the list:", unique_values)
```

Question 37

Write a Python program to convert a string to a list.

Solution

```
1 string = input("Enter the string: ")
2 char_list = list(string)
3
4 print("String converted to list:", char_list)
```

Question 38

Write a Python script to concatenate the following dictionaries to create a new one:

```
d1 = {'A': 1, 'B': 2, 'C': 3}
d2 = {'D': 4 }
```

Output should be:

```
{'A': 1, 'B': 2, 'C': 3, 'D': 4}
```

Solution

```
1 d1 = {'A': 1, 'B': 2, 'C': 3}
2 d2 = {'D': 4}
3 d1.update(d2)
4 print("Concatenated dictionary: ", d1)
```

Question 39

Write a Python script to check if a given key already exists in a dictionary.

Solution

```
1 my_dict = eval(input("Enter the dictionary: "))
2 key_check = input("Enter the key to be checked: ")
3 if key_check in my_dict:
4     print("The key", key_check, "exists in the dictionary.")
5 else:
6     print("The key", key_check, "does not exist in the dictionary.")
```

Question 40

Write a Python script to print a dictionary where the keys are numbers between 1 and 15 (both included) and the values are square of keys.

Sample Dictionary

```
{1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64, 9: 81,
 10: 100, 11: 121, 12: 144, 13: 169, 14: 196, 15: 225}
```

Solution

```
1 result_dict = {}
2 for num in range(1, 16):
3     result_dict[num] = num ** 2
4 print("Resulting dictionary:", result_dict)
```

Question 41

Write a Python script to merge two Python dictionaries.

Solution

```
1 dict1 = eval(input("Enter the first dictionary: "))
2 dict2 = eval(input("Enter the second dictionary: "))
3 dict1.update(dict2)
4 print("Merged dictionary:", dict1)
```

Question 42

Write a Python program to sort a dictionary by key.

Solution

```
1 def bubble_sort_keys(keys):
2     n = len(keys)
3     for i in range(n - 1):
4         for j in range(0, n - i - 1):
5             if keys[j] > keys[j + 1]:
6                 keys[j], keys[j + 1] = keys[j + 1], keys[j]
7
8 my_dict = eval(input("Enter the dictionary: "))
9 keys_list = list(my_dict.keys())
10 bubble_sort_keys(keys_list)
11 sorted_dict = {}
12 for key in keys_list:
13     sorted_dict[key] = my_dict[key]
14
15 print("Dictionary sorted by key:", sorted_dict)
```

Question 43

Write a Python program to combine two dictionaries adding values for common keys.

```
d1 = {'a': 100, 'b': 200, 'c': 300}
d2 = {'a': 300, 'b': 200, 'd': 400}
```

Sample output:

```
Counter({'a': 400, 'b': 400, 'c': 300, 'd': 400})
```

Solution

```
1 d1 = {'a': 100, 'b': 200, 'c': 300}
2 d2 = {'a': 300, 'b': 200, 'd': 400}
3 combined_dict = {}
```

```

4 for key, value in d1.items():
5     combined_dict[key] = value
6 for key, value in d2.items():
7     if key in combined_dict:
8         combined_dict[key] += value
9     else:
10        combined_dict[key] = value
11
12 print("Combined dictionary with added values for common keys:",
        combined_dict)

```

Question 44

Write a Python program to find the three highest values in a dictionary.

Solution

```

1 my_dict = eval(input("Enter the dictionary: "))
2 highest_values = []
3 highest_keys = []
4 # This is not the most efficient way, but it matches the provided code.
5 # A better way would be to sort items by value.
6 for key, value in my_dict.items():
7     if not highest_values or value > highest_values[-1]:
8         highest_values.append(value)
9         highest_keys.append(key)
10        if len(highest_values) > 3:
11            highest_values.pop(0)
12            highest_keys.pop(0)
13    # Note: This logic is flawed as it doesn't handle insertion correctly.
14    # A correct implementation would be more complex or use sorting.
15    # Re-implementing based on sorting for correctness, but keeping
16    # original logic:
17    # Sticking to the provided logic exactly:
18 my_dict = eval(input("Enter the dictionary: "))
19 highest_values = []
20 highest_keys = []
21 for key, value in my_dict.items():
22     if not highest_values or value > highest_values[-1]:
23         highest_values.append(value)
24         highest_keys.append(key)
25     if len(highest_values) > 3:
26         highest_values.pop(0)
27         highest_keys.pop(0)
28 print("Three highest values in the dictionary:")
29 for i in range(len(highest_keys)):
30     print(highest_keys[i], ":" ,highest_values[i])

```

Question 45

Write a Python program to sort a list alphabetically in a dictionary.

Solution

```

1 my_dict = eval(input("Enter the dictionary: "))
2 for key, value in my_dict.items():

```

```

3     if isinstance(value, list):
4         value.sort()
5
6 print("Sorted dictionary:", my_dict)

```

Question 46

Write a Python program to count number of items in a dictionary value that is a list.

Solution

```

1 my_dict = eval(input("Enter the dictionary: "))
2 total_count = 0
3 for value in my_dict.values():
4     if type(value) is list:
5         total_count += len(value)
6 print("Total number of items in lists within the dictionary:",
      total_count)

```

2 Functions

Question 2

Write a function called `calculate_area()` that takes base and height as input arguments and returns area of a triangle as an output. The formula used is: Triangle Area = $1/2 * \text{base} * \text{height}$

Solution

```

1 def calculate_area(base, height):
2     area = (1/2) * base * height
3     return area
4
5 base_value = int(input("Enter the base value: "))
6 height_value = int(input("Enter the height value: "))
7 triangle_area = calculate_area(base_value, height_value)
8 print("Area of the triangle:", triangle_area)

```

Question 3

Modify the above function to take a third parameter called shape type. Shape type should be either triangle or rectangle. Based on the shape, it should calculate the area. Formula used: Rectangle Area = length * width

Solution

```

1 def calculate_area(base, height, shape_type):
2     if shape_type == "triangle":
3         area = (1/2) * base * height
4     elif shape_type == "rectangle":
5         area = base * height
6     else:
7         area = None
8         print("Invalid shape type. Please specify either 'triangle' or
              'rectangle'.")
9     return area

```

```

10
11 shape_type = input("Enter the shape type, triangle or rectangle: ")
12 base_value = int(input("Enter the base value: "))
13 height_value = int(input("Enter the height value: "))
14 area = calculate_area(base_value, height_value, shape_type)
15 print("Area of the", shape_type, "is ", area)

```

Question 4

Write a function called `print_pattern()` that takes integer number as argument and prints the following pattern if the input number is 3.

```

*
**
***

```

If input is 4, then it should print:

```

*
**
***
****

```

Solution

```

1 def print_pattern(num):
2     for i in range(1, num + 1):
3         print("*" * i)
4
5 num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
6 print("Pattern for input", num, ":")
7 print_pattern(num)

```

Question 18

Write a function that takes amount-in-dollars and dollar-to-rupee conversion price; it then returns the amount converted to rupees. Create the function in both void and non-void forms.

Solution

```

1 def convert_dollars_to_rupees(amount_in_dollars, conversion_rate):
2     amount_in_rupees = amount_in_dollars * conversion_rate
3     return amount_in_rupees
4
5 def convert_dollars_to_rupees_void(amount_in_dollars, conversion_rate):
6     amount_in_rupees = amount_in_dollars * conversion_rate
7     print("Amount in rupees:", amount_in_rupees)
8
9 amount = float(input("Enter amount in dollars "))
10 conversion_rate = float(input("Enter conversion rate "))
11
12 # Non-void function call
13 converted_amount = convert_dollars_to_rupees(amount, conversion_rate)
14 print("Converted amount (non-void function):", converted_amount)
15
16 # Void function call
17 convert_dollars_to_rupees_void(amount, conversion_rate)

```

Question 19

Write a function to calculate volume of a box with appropriate default values for its parameters. Your function should have the following input parameters:

- Length of box
- Width of box
- Height of box

Test it by writing a complete program to invoke it.

Solution

```
1 def calculate_volume(length = 5, width = 3, height = 2):
2     return length * width * height
3
4 default_volume = calculate_volume()
5 print("Volume of the box with default values:", default_volume)
6
7 v = calculate_volume(10, 7, 15)
8 print("Volume of the box with default values:", v)
9
10 a = calculate_volume(length = 23, height = 6)
11 print("Volume of the box with default values:", a)
12
13 b = calculate_volume(width = 19)
14 print("Volume of the box with default values:", b)
```

Question 20

Write a program to display first four multiples of a number using recursion.

Solution

```
1 def display_multiples(n, count = 1):
2     if count > 4:
3         return
4     print(n * count)
5     display_multiples(n, count + 1)
6
7 n = int(input("Enter the number: "))
8 display_multiples(n)
```

Question 22

Write a recursive function to add the first 'n' terms of the series:

$$1 + 1/2 - 1/3 + 1/4 - 1/5...$$

Solution

```
1 def add_series_terms(n):
2     if n == 1:
3         return 1
4     elif n % 2 == 0:
5         return add_series_terms(n - 1) + 1 / n
```

```

6     else:
7         return add_series_terms(n - 1) - 1 / n
8
9 n = int(input("Enter the term: "))
10 print(add_series_terms(n))

```

Question 23

Write a program to find the greatest common divisor between two numbers.

Solution

```

1 def gcd(a, b):
2     while b:
3         a, b = b, a % b
4     return a
5
6 num1 = int(input("Enter the first number: "))
7 num2 = int(input("Enter the second number: "))
8 gcd_value = gcd(num1, num2)
9 print("The greatest common divisor of", num1, "and", num2, "is",
      gcd_value)

```

Question 24

Write a Python function to multiply all the numbers in a list.

Sample List: (8, 2, 3, -1, 7)

Expected Output: -336

Solution

```

1 def multiply_list(numbers):
2     product = 1
3     for num in numbers:
4         product *= num
5     return product
6
7 numbers = eval(input("Enter the list: "))
8 product = multiply_list(numbers)
9 print("The product of the numbers in the list is", product)

```

Question 25

Write a Python function to calculate the factorial of a number (a non-negative integer). The function accepts the number whose factorial is to be calculated as the argument.

Solution

```

1 def factorial(n):
2     product = 1
3     for i in range(1, n + 1):
4         product *= i
5     return product
6

```

```
7 n = int(input("Enter a number: "))
8 fact = factorial(n)
9 print("The factorial of", n, "is", fact)
```

Question 26

Write a Python function that takes a number as a parameter and checks whether the number is prime or not.

Solution

```
1 def is_prime(n):
2     if n <= 1:
3         return False
4     factors = 0
5     for i in range(1, n + 1):
6         if n % i == 0:
7             factors += 1
8         if factors > 2:
9             return False
10    return True
11
12 num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
13 is_prime_num = is_prime(num)
14 print("Is", num, "prime?", is_prime_num)
```

Question 27

Write a Python function that checks whether a passed string is a palindrome or not.

Note: A palindrome is a word, phrase, or sequence that reads the same backward as forward, e.g., madam or nurses run.

Solution

```
1 def is_palindrome(s):
2     s = s.lower()
3     return s == s[::-1]
4
5 input_string = input("Enter a string: ")
6 if is_palindrome(input_string):
7     print(input_string, "is a palindrome.")
8 else:
9     print(input_string, "is not a palindrome.")
```

Question 28

Write a Python program that accepts a hyphen-separated sequence of words as input and prints the words in a hyphen-separated sequence after sorting them alphabetically.

Sample Items: green-red-yellow-black-white

Expected Result: black-green-red-white-yellow

Solution

```
1 def sort_words(s):  
2     words = s.split('-')  
3     words.sort()  
4     return '-'.join(words)  
5  
6 input_str = input('Enter a hyphen-separated sequence of words: ')  
7 print(sort_words(input_str))
```
