

## Lab-4 Iterative deepening Search and A\*

→ Iterative deepening Search:

function ids (root, goal):

Stack = []

for limit in range (1, height (tree)):

Stack.append (root)

visited = []

if while Stack:

if top = Stack [-1]

if top.left is not None and

top.left not in visited:

Stack.append (top.left)

visited.append (top.left)

if len (Stack) > limit:

Stack.pop ()

~~elif top.right~~ continue

elif top.right is not None and

top.right not in visited

Stack.append (top.right)

visited.append (top.right)

if len (Stack) > limit:

Stack.pop ()

continue

Stack.pop ()

return

### Utility Code:

class Node:

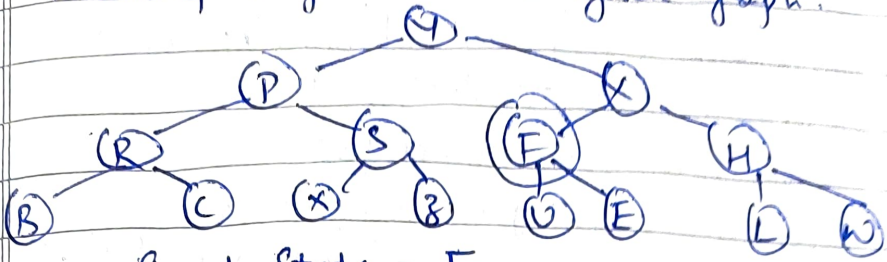
def \_\_init\_\_ (self, <sup>left =</sup> ~~right~~ None, <sup>data =</sup> ~~right~~ None):

self.left = left

self.right = right

self.<sup>data</sup>data = data

Running algorithm on given graph:



Goal State = F

Limit = 0

Explored = Y (In order)

Limit = 1

Explored = Y P X (In order)

Limit = 2

Explored = Y P R S X F H (In order)

Goal State found, therefore ends.

→ A\* algorithm on 8-puzzle problem:

Taking  $g(x)$  as Manhattan Distance

$h(x)$  as No. of misplaced tiles

- Manhattan distance: =

def getMD(board, endgoal):

for i in range(9):

old = get\_index(i, board)

end = get\_index(i, end)

total\_MD = 0

for i in range(9):

old = get\_index(i, board)

end = get\_index(i, end)

total\_md += (end[abs(end[0]) - old[0]])

+ abs(end[1] - old[1])

return total\_MD

- No. of misplaced tiles:

def misplaced(board, new\_end):

~~for i~~ total = 0

for i in range(3)

for j in range(3):

if board[i][j] != ~~board~~ end(i)[j]:

total += 1

return total

Using A\* with the following start and end states:

Initial:      1    2    3       $f(x) = f(x) + g(x)$   
                  8    0    4       $g(x) = g(x) + b$   
                  7    6    5       $f(x) =$

Goal:          2    8    1     $2+1+1+2+1+$   
                  0    4    3       $1+0$   
                  7    6    5

First Move:

Possible states:

①      1    0    3       $f(x) = 10$   
          8    2    4       $g(x) = 6$   
          7    6    5       $h(x) = 16$

②      1    2    3       $f(x) = 11$   
          8    6    4       $g(x) = 7$   
          7    0    5       $h(x) = 14$

~~Solved~~  
~~15/10/24~~  
~~15~~

③      1    2    3       $f(x) = 6$   
          0    8    4       $g(x) = 5$   
          7    6    5       $h(x) = 11$

④

1	2	3
8	4	0
7	6	5

$$f(x) = 8$$

$$g(x) = 5$$

$$h(x) = 13$$

Choosing ③

Possible moves:

①

0	2	3
1	8	4
7	6	5

$$f(x) = 8$$

$$g(x) = 6$$

$$h(x) = 14$$

②

1	2	3
7	8	4
0	6	5

$$f(x) = 8$$

$$g(x) = 7$$

$$h(x) = 15$$

None better, therefore choosing ④ from previous state

Possible moves:

①

1	2	0
8	4	3
7	6	5

$$f(x) = 8$$

$$g(x) = 4$$

$$h(x) = 12$$

Better ~~②~~ therefore choosing said state

Possible moves:

①

1	0	2
8	4	3
7	6	5

$$f(x) = 8$$

$$g(x) = 4$$

$$h(x) = 12$$

~~Choosing above state~~ !

Utility function:

~~get = t def get-index (to board):~~

~~for i in range(3)~~

~~for j in range(3):~~

~~if board[i][j] == el:~~

~~return [i, j]~~

*Journal 15/10/2024*