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Assignment 1

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables

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Question 7) A 13 m long ladder is leaning against a wall, touching the wall at a certain height from the ground level. The bottom of the ladder is pulled away from the wall, along the ground at the rate of $2 \ m/s$. How fast is the height of the ladder decreasing when the foot of the ladder is 5 m away from the wall?

Solution. The various parameters involved in this question are listed in Table

TABLE I VARIABLES USED

| Parameter | Variable | value |
|--|----------|-------|
| length of the rod | l | 13 m |
| height from ground level to tip of rod | h | ??? |
| distance from the wall to foot of rod | x | ??? |

From Pythagoras Theorem, we can say that at any point of time

$$h^2 + x^2 = l^2 (1)$$

in this equation 1 is always constant

: length of rod never changes

Now differentiating the equation on both sides with respect to time gives us

$$\frac{d(h^2 + x^2)}{dt} = \frac{d(l^2)}{dt} \tag{2}$$

$$\implies 2h\frac{dh}{dt} + 2x\frac{dx}{dt} = 0 \tag{3}$$

$$\implies h\frac{dh}{dt} = -x\frac{dx}{dt} \tag{4}$$

Given, at some time $t=t_0$ $\frac{dx}{dt}=2$ m/s and x=5m From Pythagoras Theorem , at time t_0

$$5^2 + h^2 = 13^2 \tag{5}$$

 $\therefore h = 12m$

Now from equation (4) substituting $h, x, \frac{dx}{dt}$, we get

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = -\frac{5}{6}m/s$$

The negative sign indicates that h is decreasing, \therefore the height of the ladder is decreasing at a rate of $\frac{5}{6}m/s$