

Assignment 2 ICSE class 12 2019

Pranav B (AI21BTECH11023)

QUESTION 7

A 13 m long ladder is leaning against a wall, touching the wall at a certain height from the ground level. The bottom of the ladder is pulled away from the wall, along the ground at the rate of 2 m/s. How fast is the height of the ladder decreasing when the foot of the ladder is 5 m away from the wall?

1 SOLUTION:

The various parameters involved in this question are listed in Table

TABLE 0
VARIABLES USED

Parameter	Variable	Value
length of the rod	s	13
height from ground level to tip of the rod at time t	h(t)	???
distance from wall to foot of the rod at time t	x(t)	???

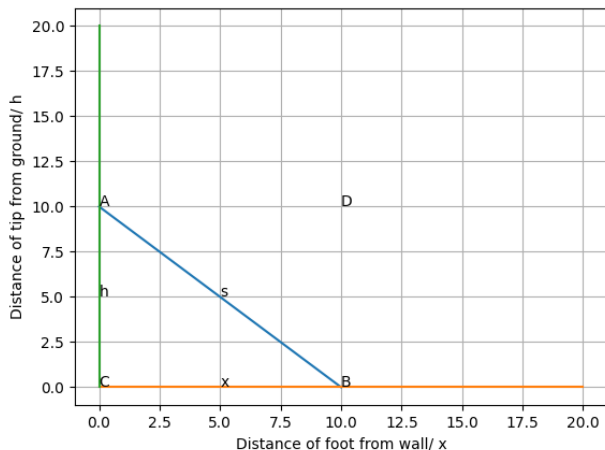


Fig. 0. Figure depicting the ladder: $AB=s$, $BC=x(t)$, $AC=h(t)$

Consider the position vectors,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ h(t) \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.1)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.2)$$

Also at any time t,

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = s \quad (1.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|^2 = s^2 \quad (1.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow x(t)^2 + h(t)^2 = s^2 \quad (1.5)$$

\therefore length of rod is always constant

Consider another position vector, $\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ h(t) \end{pmatrix}$

$$\|\mathbf{D}\| = s \quad (1.6)$$

$$\Rightarrow \|\mathbf{D}\|^2 = s^2 \quad (1.7)$$

Differentiating the equation on both sides with respect to time,

$$\frac{d(\|\mathbf{D}\|^2)}{dt} = \frac{d(s^2)}{dt} \quad (1.8)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\mathbf{D}^\top \frac{d(\mathbf{D})}{dt} = 0 \quad (1.9)$$

$$\frac{d(\mathbf{D})}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{dx}{dt} \\ \frac{dh}{dt} \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.10)$$

$$\Rightarrow x(t) \frac{d(x(t))}{dt} + h(t) \frac{d(h(t))}{dt} = 0 \quad (1.11)$$

Given in question at some $t = t_0$, $x(t)_{t=t_0} = 5m$

From equation (1.5)

$$5^2 + h(t)^2 = 13^2 \quad (1.12)$$

$$\Rightarrow h(t) = 12 \quad (1.13)$$

$$\Rightarrow h(t)_{t=t_0} = 12m \quad (1.14)$$

Also $\frac{d(x(t))}{dt} \bigg|_{t=t_0} = 2m/s$

\therefore From equation (1.11) at $t = t_0$

$$\frac{d(h(t))}{dt} \bigg|_{t=t_0} = -\frac{5}{6}m/s \quad (1.15)$$