

AI1110

Assignment 10

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Outline

1 Question

2 Solution

Papoulis Chapter 9 problem 9.35

Show that if $y(t) = x(t + a) - x(t - a)$ then,

$$R_y(\tau) = 2R_x(\tau) - R_x(\tau + 2a) - R_x(\tau - 2a)$$

$$S_y(\omega) = 4S_x(\omega) \sin^2(a\omega)$$

Solution

The process $y(t) = x(t + a) - x(t - a)$ is the output of a system with input $x(t)$ and system function

$$H(\omega) = e^{ja\omega} + e^{-ja\omega} = 2j \sin(a\omega)$$

From corollary of convolution theorem,

$$S_{yy}(\omega) = S_{xx}(\omega)H(\omega)H^*(\omega) \quad (1)$$

$$\implies S_{yy}(\omega) = S_{xx}(\omega)|H(\omega)|^2 \quad (2)$$

$$\therefore S_{yy}(\omega) = S_{xx}(\omega)(2 \sin^2(a\omega)) \quad (3)$$

$$\implies S_y(\omega) = 4S_x(\omega) \sin^2(a\omega) \quad (4)$$

$$\implies S_y(\omega) = (2 - e^{2ja\omega} - e^{-2ja\omega})S_x(\omega) \quad (5)$$

$$\therefore R_y(\tau) = 2R_x(\tau) - R_x(\tau + 2a) - R_x(\tau - 2a) \quad (6)$$