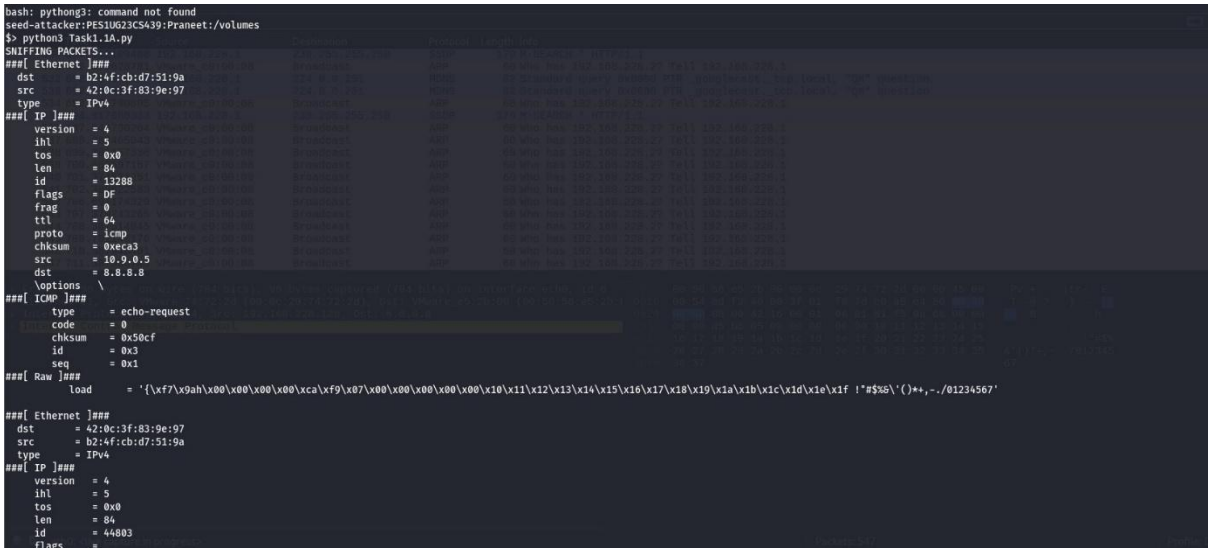
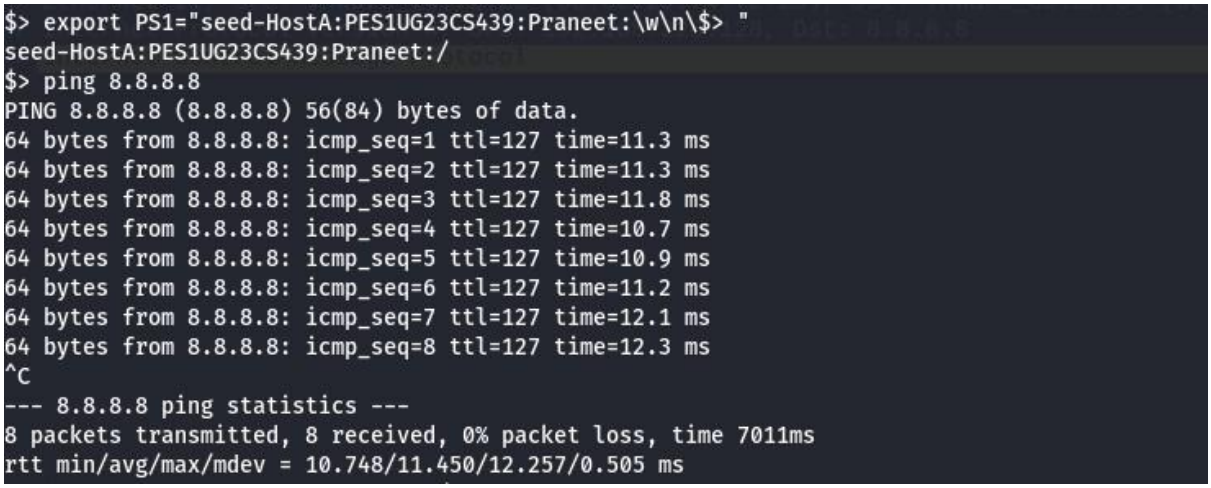
Name: Praneet T.H

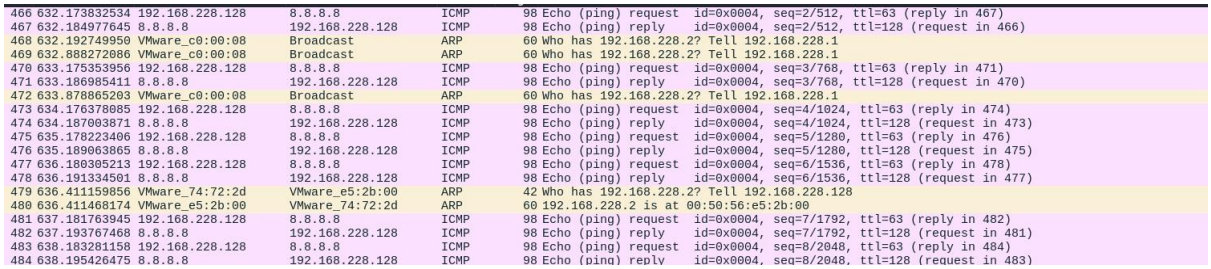
SRN: PES1UG23CS439

Section: H

Task 1.1A: Step 1:







Here a python file is run in the attacker machine which has scapy's sniff function in it which is used to sniff for packets being transmitted over the network. In host A a ping to 8.8.8.8 executed, during this the reply and response of the host to 8.8.8.8 is being

sniffed by the attacker. The wireshark snip shows the ICMP packets being requested and the reply to it. During the sniffing process the entire details of the packet is shown.

Step 2:

```
$> su seed
Password:
seed@kali:/volumes$ export PS1="seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:\w\n\$> "
seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.1A.py
SNIFFING PACKETS...
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "Task1.1A.py", line 6, in <module>
    pkt = sniff(iface = "br-30a89fdaa069",prn=print_pkt)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/sendrecv.py", line 1036, in sniff
    sniffer._run(*args, **kwargs)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/sendrecv.py", line 906, in _run
    sniff_sockets[L2socket(type=ETH_P_ALL, iface=iface,
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/arch/linux.py", line 398, in __init__
    self.ins = socket.socket(socket.AF_PACKET, socket.SOCK_RAW, socket.htons(type))  # noqa: E501
  File "/usr/lib/python3.8/socket.py", line 231, in __init__
    _socket.socket.__init__(self, family, type, proto, fileno)
PermissionError: [Errno 1] Operation not permitted
seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
```

When the program is run as a non-privileged seed user it fails with a *permission denied* error because sending spoofed ICMP packets requires creating raw sockets, which is a privileged operation in Linux. Only the root user or processes can create raw sockets, as they allow crafting arbitrary packets and bypassing the normal network stack. Since seed lacks these privileges, the script cannot execute successfully.

Step 3:

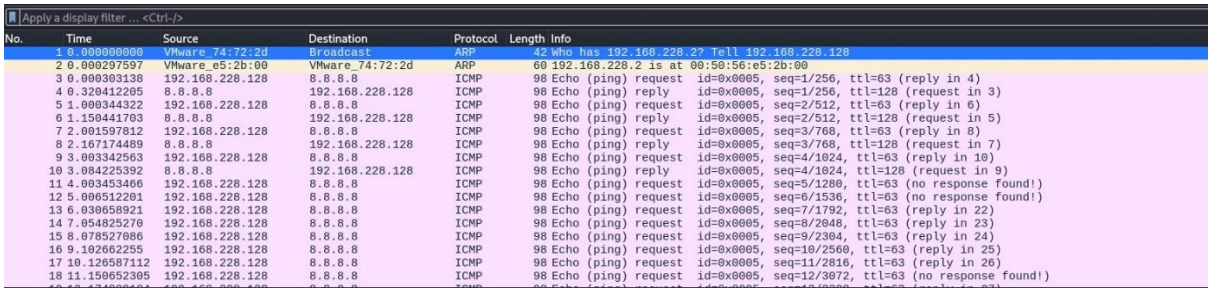
```
$> su root
Password:
root@kali:/volumes# export PS1="seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:\w\n\$> "
seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.1A.py
SNIFFING PACKETS...
```

Task 1.1B :Step 1:

```
seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.1B-ICMP.py
SNIFFING PACKETS...
###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst       = b2:4f:cb:d7:51:9a
  src       = 42:0c:3f:83:9e:97
  type      = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
     version   = 4
     ihl       = 5
     tos       = 0x0
     len       = 84
     id        = 24395
     flags     = DF
     frag      = 0
     ttl       = 64
     proto     = icmp
     chksum    = 0xc140
     src       = 10.9.0.5
     dst       = 8.8.8.8
     \options   \
###[ ICMP ]###
        type      = echo-request
        code      = 0
        chksum    = 0xb3b3
        id        = 0x5
        seq       = 0x1
###[ Raw ]###
           load      = 'g\x01\x9bh\x00\x00\x00\x00x\t\x0b\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#$%&\'()*+,-./01234567'

###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst       = 42:0c:3f:83:9e:97
  src       = b2:4f:cb:d7:51:9a
  type      = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
```

```
$> export PS1="seed-HostA:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:\w\n\$> "
seed-HostA:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/
$> ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=127 time=321 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=127 time=150 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=127 time=166 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=127 time=81.0 ms
^C
--- 8.8.8.8 ping statistics ---
15 packets transmitted, 4 received, 73.3333% packet loss, time 14223ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 81.014/179.370/320.568/87.533 ms
seed-HostA:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/
$>
```



Apply a display filter ... <Ctrl-/>

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000000	VMware_74:72:2d	Broadcast	ARP	42	Who has 192.168.228.2? Tell 192.168.228.128
2	0.000297597	VMware_e5:2b:00	VMware_74:72:2d	ARP	60	192.168.228.2 is at 00:50:56:e5:2b:00
3	0.000303138	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=1/256, ttl=63 (reply in 4)
4	0.320412205	8.8.8.8	192.168.228.128	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0005, seq=1/256, ttl=128 (request in 3)
5	1.000344322	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=2/512, ttl=63 (reply in 6)
6	1.150441703	8.8.8.8	192.168.228.128	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0005, seq=2/512, ttl=128 (request in 5)
7	2.001597812	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=3/768, ttl=63 (reply in 8)
8	2.167174489	8.8.8.8	192.168.228.128	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0005, seq=3/768, ttl=128 (request in 7)
9	3.003342563	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=4/1024, ttl=63 (reply in 10)
10	3.084225392	8.8.8.8	192.168.228.128	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0005, seq=4/1024, ttl=128 (request in 9)
11	4.003453466	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=5/1280, ttl=63 (no response found!)
12	5.006512201	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=6/1536, ttl=63 (no response found!)
13	6.030658921	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=7/1792, ttl=63 (reply in 22)
14	7.054825270	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=8/2048, ttl=63 (reply in 23)
15	8.078527086	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=9/2304, ttl=63 (reply in 24)
16	9.102662255	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=10/2560, ttl=63 (reply in 25)
17	10.126587112	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=11/2816, ttl=63 (reply in 26)
18	11.150652305	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0005, seq=12/3072, ttl=63 (no response found!)

In this task the attacker machine's sniffer script was configured with its active network interface and run while Wireshark was simultaneously capturing traffic on the same interface. The script's filter was set to capture only ICMP packets, so when Host A sent ping requests to 8.8.8.8 both the script and Wireshark detected and displayed the ICMP echo request packets leaving Host A as well as the ICMP echo reply packets coming back from the destination. This confirmed that the sniffer was functioning correctly which filtered only ICMP traffic and that Wireshark's capture matched the packets observed by the Scapy sniffer in real time.

Step 2:

```
^Cseed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.1B-TCP.py
SNIFFING PACKETS...
###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst       = b2:4f:cb:d7:51:9a
  src       = 42:0c:3f:83:9e:97
  type      = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
     version   = 4
     ihl       = 5
     tos       = 0x10
     len       = 60
     id        = 18433
     flags     = DF
     frag      = 0
     ttl       = 64
     proto     = tcp
     chksum    = 0xd88d
     src       = 10.9.0.5
     dst       = 8.8.8.8
     \options   \
###[ TCP ]###
        sport     = 43804
        dport     = telnet
        seq       = 592812825
        ack       = 0
        dataofs   = 10
        reserved  = 0
        flags     = S
        window    = 64240
        chksum    = 0x1a4c
        urgptr    = 0
        options   = [('MSS', 1460), ('SAckOK', b''), ('Timestamp', (3115982397, 0)), ('NOP', None), ('WScale', 7)]

###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst       = b2:4f:cb:d7:51:9a
  src       = 42:0c:3f:83:9e:97
  type      = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
     version   = 4
     ihl       = 5
```

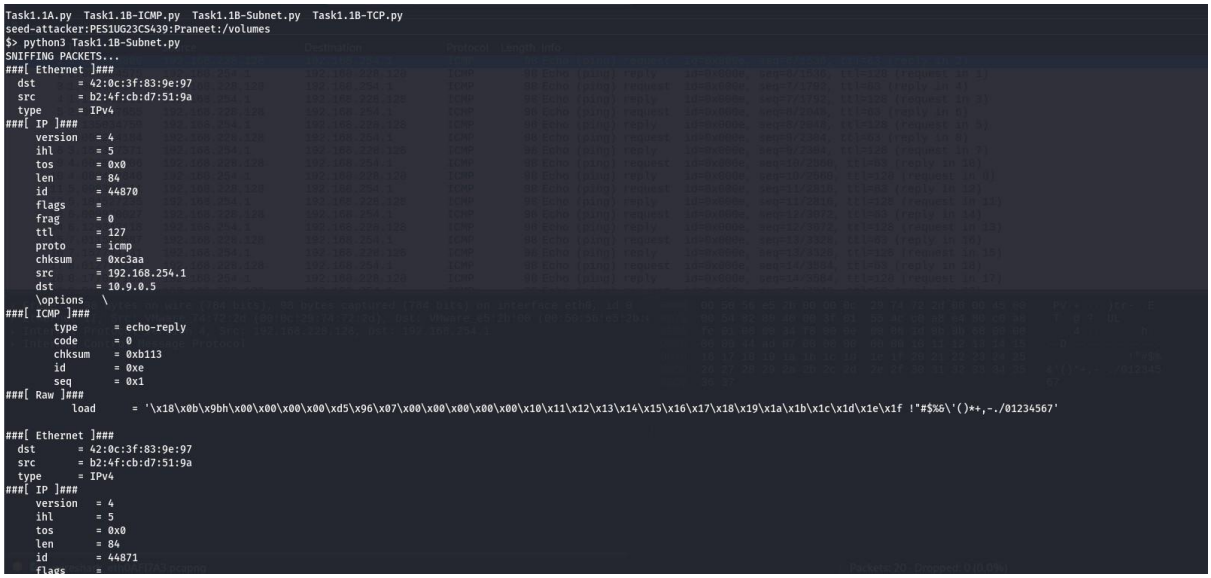
```
$> telnet 8.8.8.8
Trying 8.8.8.8...
telnet: Unable to connect to remote host: Connection refused
seed-HostA:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/
```

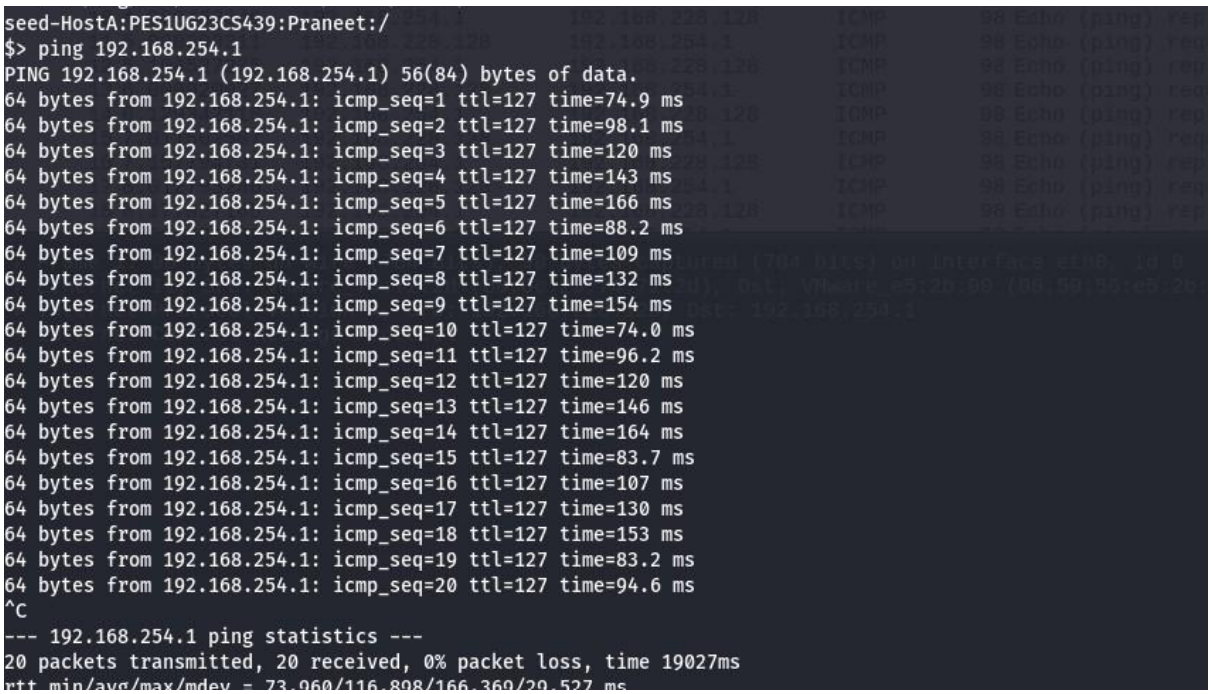
tcp.port==23

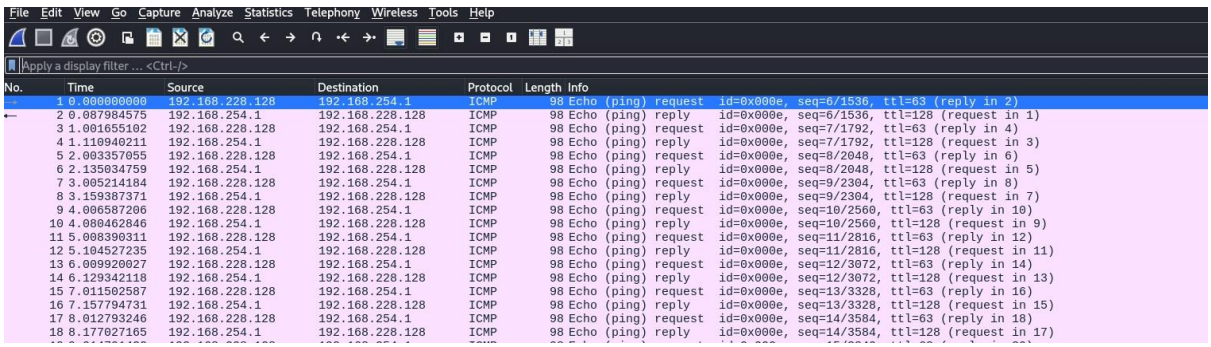
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
62	73.430958812	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	47830 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115935272 TSecr=0 WS=128
63	74.435219558	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 47830 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115936276 TSecr=0 WS=128
64	75.458794801	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 47830 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115937300 TSecr=0 WS=128
65	76.483093367	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 47830 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115938324 TSecr=0 WS=128
66	77.506795558	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 47830 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115939348 TSecr=0 WS=128
67	78.530884607	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 47830 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115940372 TSecr=0 WS=128
70	80.547125317	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 47830 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115942388 TSecr=0 WS=128
71	84.803091059	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 47830 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115946644 TSecr=0 WS=128
72	92.995041875	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 47830 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115954836 TSecr=0 WS=128
73	94.495349667	8.8.8.8	192.168.228.128	TCP	60	23 → 47830 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0
75	120.556381851	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	43804 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115982397 TSecr=0 WS=128
77	121.570788256	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 43804 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115983412 TSecr=0 WS=128
79	122.595002740	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 43804 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115984436 TSecr=0 WS=128
81	123.619141910	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 43804 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115985460 TSecr=0 WS=128
82	124.643015452	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 43804 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115986484 TSecr=0 WS=128
83	125.667189320	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 43804 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115987508 TSecr=0 WS=128
86	127.682873369	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 43804 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115989524 TSecr=0 WS=128
91	131.907005985	192.168.228.128	8.8.8.8	TCP	74	[TCP Retransmission] 43804 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=3115993748 TSecr=0 WS=128

In this task the script on the attacker machine was configured with the correct network interface and set to filter only TCP traffic originating from the specific IP address on port 23 (Telnet). With Wireshark capturing on the same interface, the script was run and host A initiated a Telnet connection to 8.8.8.8. Both the Scapy sniffer and Wireshark captured the TCP packets for this session including the three-way handshake (SYN, SYN-ACK, ACK) and subsequent Telnet data packets. This confirmed that the filter was working also isolating only TCP port 23 traffic and that the packets observed by the Python sniffer were consistent with those displayed in Wireshark.

Step 3:







In this task the script on the attacker machine was configured with the correct network interface and a filter to capture traffic belonging to a chosen subnet (192.168.254.0/24), which was intentionally different from the subnet used by the VM. With Wireshark on the same interface the script was executed and Host A sent ICMP ping requests to

192.168.254.1. The sniffer captured these packets because they matched the specified subnet filter, even though the destination was outside the attacker's active network. Wireshark simultaneously displayed the same ICMP echo request packets (and any replies) confirming that the Python sniffer correctly filtered and displayed only traffic from the targeted subnet.

Task 1.2:

Step 1:

```
  tos       = 0x0
  len       = None
  id        = 1
  flags     =
  frag      = 0
  ttl       = 64
  proto     = icmp
  chksum    = None
  src       = 10.9.0.1
  dst       = 10.9.0.5
  \options   \
###[ ICMP ]###
     type      = echo-request
     code      = 0
     chksum    = None
     id        = 0x0
     seq       = 0x0

seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.2A.py
This is a spoofed ICMP packet
###[ IP ]###
  version   = 4
  ihl       = None
  tos       = 0x0
  len       = None
  id        = 1
  flags     =
  frag      = 0
  ttl       = 64
  proto     = icmp
  chksum    = None
  src       = 10.9.0.5
  dst       = 10.9.0.6
  \options   \
###[ ICMP ]###
     type      = echo-request
     code      = 0
     chksum    = None
     id        = 0x0
     seq       = 0x0
```

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protoco	Length	Info
16	87.169418079	10.9.0.6	10.9.0.5	ICMP	42	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (request in 15)
15	87.169344946	10.9.0.5	10.9.0.6	ICMP	42	Echo (ping) request id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (reply in 16)
10	50.152522725	10.9.0.5	10.9.0.1	ICMP	42	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (request in 9)
9	50.152491968	10.9.0.1	10.9.0.5	ICMP	42	Echo (ping) request id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (reply in 10)
6	10.160516818	10.9.0.5	10.9.0.1	ICMP	42	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (request in 5)
5	10.160488589	10.9.0.1	10.9.0.5	ICMP	42	Echo (ping) request id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (reply in 6)

In this task the script was run on the attacker machine with Wireshark capturing traffic on the same interface specified in the code. The script used Scapy to craft and send a

spoofed ICMP Echo Request packet setting the source IP to a machine within the local network and the destination IP to an active host on the internet. Since the source address was spoofed any kind of ICMP Echo Reply from the destination was sent to the spoofed machine not the attacker. In Wireshark, the crafted ICMP Echo Request appeared exactly as sent by the script showing the falsified source IP and the intended destination. This demonstrated that the attacker could inject forged packets into the network while the replies would never return to them due to the spoofing.

Step 2:

```
seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.2B.py
SENDING SPOOFED ICMP PACKET...
###[ IP ]###
  version   = 4
  ihl       = None
  tos       = 0x0
  len       = None
  id        = 1
  flags     =
  frag      = 0
  ttl       = 64
  proto     = icmp
  chksum    = None
  src       = 10.9.0.11
  dst       = 10.9.0.99
  \options   \
###[ ICMP ]###
     type      = echo-request
     code      = 0
     chksum    = None
     id        = 0x0
     seq       = 0x0
```

```
      2 2.025440050   10.9.0.11          10.9.0.99          ICMP      42 Echo (ping) request  id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (no response found!)
      5 51.432741306  10.9.0.1           10.9.0.5           ICMP      42 Echo (ping) request  id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (reply in 6)
      6 51.432773548  10.9.0.5           10.9.0.1           ICMP      42 Echo (ping) reply    id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (request in 5)
→    11 88.556775692  10.9.0.5           10.9.0.6           ICMP      42 Echo (ping) request  id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (reply in 12)
←    12 88.556807872  10.9.0.6           10.9.0.5           ICMP      42 Echo (ping) reply    id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=64 (request in 11)
```

In this task the script was executed on the attacker machine while Wireshark captured traffic on the same interface defined in the program. The script generated and sent a spoofed ICMP Echo Request packet with an arbitrary non-existent source IP address and a chosen destination IP. In Wireshark the packet appeared with the fake source address and the real destination confirming that the source field had been successfully falsified. Since the source IP did not correspond to an actual reachable machine no ICMP Echo Reply was observed illustrating how spoofing can disguise the true origin of network traffic.

Task 1.3:

```
seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.3.py 8.8.8.8
Traceroute 8.8.8.8
1 hops away:  192.168.228.2
^Cseed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.3.py 8.8.8.8
Traceroute 8.8.8.8
1 hops away:  192.168.228.2
^Cseed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.3.py 15.207.29.113
Traceroute 15.207.29.113
1 hops away:  192.168.228.2
^Cseed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.3.py 10.9.0.5
Traceroute 10.9.0.5
1 hops away:  10.9.0.5
Done 10.9.0.5
```

```
     6 4.153804765   192.168.228.128  8.8.8.8          ICMP   42 Echo (ping) request  id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=1 (no response found!)
     7 4.154151768   192.168.228.2    192.168.228.128  ICMP   70 Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
     8 4.186404573   192.168.228.128  8.8.8.8          ICMP   42 Echo (ping) request  id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=2 (no response found!)
    55 199.345488101 192.168.228.128  15.207.29.113    ICMP   42 Echo (ping) request  id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=1 (no response found!)
    56 199.345703192 192.168.228.2    192.168.228.128  ICMP   70 Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
    57 199.378294025 192.168.228.128  15.207.29.113    ICMP   42 Echo (ping) request  id=0x0000, seq=0/0, ttl=2 (no response found!)
```

In this task the script was run on the attacker machine with Wireshark capturing traffic on the same interface specified in the code. The script implemented a basic traceroute using Scapy by sending ICMP Echo Request packets to the target IP address with an incrementally increasing TTL (Time-To-Live) value. Each time a router along the path decremented the TTL to zero it returned an ICMP Time Exceeded message which allows the script to identify that hop. Wireshark displayed the sequence of ICMP Echo Requests leaving the attacker and the corresponding ICMP Time Exceeded responses from intermediate routers, followed by an ICMP Echo Reply from the destination when reached. This confirmed that the program could estimate the hop count and map the route between the attacker and the required destination.

Task 1.4:

```
seed-attacker:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/volumes
$> python3 Task1.4.py
original packet.........
source IP : 10.9.0.5
Destination IP : 1.2.3.4
spoofed packet........
Source IP: 1.2.3.4
Destination IP: 10.9.0.5
original packet.........
source IP : 10.9.0.5
Destination IP : 1.2.3.4
spoofed packet........
Source IP: 1.2.3.4
Destination IP: 10.9.0.5
original packet.........
source IP : 10.9.0.5
Destination IP : 1.2.3.4
spoofed packet........
Source IP: 1.2.3.4
Destination IP: 10.9.0.5
original packet.........
source IP : 10.9.0.5
Destination IP : 1.2.3.4
spoofed packet........
Source IP: 1.2.3.4
Destination IP: 10.9.0.5
original packet.........
source IP : 10.9.0.5
Destination IP : 1.2.3.4
spoofed packet........
Source IP: 1.2.3.4
Destination IP: 10.9.0.5
original packet.........
source IP : 10.9.0.5
Destination IP : 1.2.3.4
spoofed packet........
Source IP: 1.2.3.4
Destination IP: 10.9.0.5
original packet.........
source IP : 10.9.0.5
Destination IP : 1.2.3.4
```

```
seed-HostA:PES1UG23CS439:Praneet:/
$> ping 1.2.3.4
PING 1.2.3.4 (1.2.3.4) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=48.3 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=15.1 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=18.2 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=16.6 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=14.3 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=17.7 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=26.9 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=17.3 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=15.7 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=19.1 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=11 ttl=64 time=20.6 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=12 ttl=64 time=19.4 ms
^C
--- 1.2.3.4 ping statistics ---
12 packets transmitted, 12 received, 0% packet loss, time 11018ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 14.333/20.763/48.305/8.875 ms
```

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
28	11.037525243	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=12/3072, ttl=64 (request in 27)
27	11.018190035	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=12/3072, ttl=64 (reply in 28)
26	10.037022140	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=11/2816, ttl=64 (request in 25)
25	10.016487631	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=11/2816, ttl=64 (reply in 26)
24	9.034010971	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (request in 23)
23	9.014952732	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (reply in 24)
22	8.028766745	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (request in 21)
21	8.013045405	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (reply in 22)
20	7.028460589	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (request in 19)
19	7.011194326	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (reply in 20)
18	6.036644697	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (request in 17)
17	6.009795761	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (reply in 18)
14	5.025751149	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (request in 13)
13	5.008093042	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (reply in 14)
12	4.020682994	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (request in 11)
11	4.006381816	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 12)
10	3.020840231	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (request in 9)
9	3.004264998	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 10)
8	2.020941829	1.2.3.4	10.9.0.5	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0010, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (request in 7)
7	2.002819509	10.9.0.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0010, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 8)

In this task the script was executed on the attacker machine with Wireshark capturing traffic on the same interface configured in the program. The script passively sniffed ICMP Echo Requests from Host A's machine destined for the non-existent IP address 1.2.3.4. When it detected this packet, it crafted a spoofed ICMP Echo Reply with the

source IP set to 1.2.3.4 and the destination IP set to Host A's machine where it copied the identifier, sequence number and payload from the original request. Wireshark displayed the victim's Echo Request to 1.2.3.4 followed immediately by the attacker's forged Echo Reply even though no real host existed at that address. On the victim's terminal the ping appeared successful which mis leaded it into believing that 1.2.3.4 was alive. This demonstrated how packet spoofing can falsify network reachability results.