# AI & NN Unit 2

### **Resolution for Theorem Proving:**

#### Statement to Prove (Goal):

If a user downloads a file from an untrusted source and the file is malicious, then the system is compromised.

We want to prove:

 $\forall x (UntrustedSource(x) \land Malicious(x) \rightarrow Compromised(x))$ 

Given Knowledge Base (in predicate logic):

- 1. UntrustedSource(file1)
- 2. Malicious(file1)
- 3.  $\forall x \text{ (UntrustedSource(x) } \land \text{ Malicious(x)} \rightarrow \text{Compromised(x))}$

#### **Step 1: Convert to Clause Form (CNF)**

Given Rule in CNF:

 $\forall x \ (\neg UntrustedSource(x) \lor \neg Malicious(x) \lor Compromised(x))$ 

Facts as unit clauses:

- UntrustedSource(file1)
- Malicious(file1)

## **Step 2: Negation of the Statement to Prove**

We assume the **negation** of what we want to prove:

"file1 is not compromised"

So, we add:

¬Compromised(file1)

# **Step 3: Apply Resolution**

Use resolution to derive a contradiction:

Clause 1:

**UntrustedSource(file1)** 

Clause 2:

Malicious(file1)

### Clause 3 (General Rule Instantiated for file1):

¬UntrustedSource(file1) ∨ ¬Malicious(file1) ∨ Compromised(file1)

Clause 4 (Negated conclusion):

¬Compromised(file1)

### **Resolution Steps:**

- Resolve Clause 3 and Clause 4, you will get the following:
  ¬UntrustedSource(file1) ∨ ¬Malicious(file1)
  (Because Compromised(file1) and ¬Compromised(file1)
  cancel)
- Now resolve with Clause 1, you will get the following:
   ¬Malicious(file1)
- Now resolve with Clause 2, , you will get the following:

  □ (Empty clause contradiction)

We derived a contradiction, so the negation of the statement is false. Hence, the **original statement is proven true**:

"If a file is from an untrusted source and malicious, then the system will be compromised."