

Dangling pointer (Use after free) A dangling pointer is a pointer that no longer points to a valid memory. This usually happens when the memory has been freed, but the address is kept inside the pointer.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    //Allocate some memory on the heap
    int* ptr = malloc(sizeof(int));
    if(ptr == NULL)
    {
        return 0;
    }
    //Use the memory
    *ptr = 5;
    printf("%d\n", *ptr);
    free(ptr);
    //ptr is a dangling pointer now
    //The below code exhibits undefined behavior
    *ptr = 7; //Use after free
    printf("%d\n", *ptr);
}
```

Double free errors occur when `free()` is called more than once with the same memory address as an argument.

Mitigations... After freeing a chunk, set the pointer to `NULL` to ensure the pointer cannot be freed again.

```
free(ptr);
ptr=NULL;
```